Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	<u>NIST Glossary of</u> <u>Key Information</u> <u>Security Terms</u>	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	<u>CNSSI 4009</u> <u>National IA</u> <u>Glossary</u>	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Accountability	The property that ensures that the actions of an entity may be traced uniquely to the entity.	ISO/IEC 7498- 2	Being able to associate actors with	Pertains to the ability to record and track, with attribution of responsibility, the actions of users (whether humans or processes) while they are interacting with the software. This tracking must be possible both during and after the recorded interactions. [FIBS PUB 200, Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information Systems]			Process of tracing IS activities to a responsible source.		The property that ensures that the actions of an entity may be traced uniquely to the entity [ISO/IEC 7498-2].
Adware	Software whose primary function is generating revenue by advertising targeted at the user of the computer on which the software resides.	McAfee	Any program that produces advertising while it executes. Many adware applications also track user information.	Any program that displays advertising.					

				I	T	NASA Software	T	T	1
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	Assurance STD 2201-93	CNSSI 4009	IEEE Sw	International
						<u>/Goddard</u>			Standards
<b>T</b>	Ductoring d Definition	Defenses	Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information		National IA	Engineering Terms	
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	<u>Guide (DHS)</u>	Security Terms	<u>Glossary</u>	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
Anomaly	Anything observed in the documentation or operation of software that deviates from expectations based on previously verified software products or reference documents.	IEEE 610.12- 1990						Anything observed in the documentation o operation of software that deviates from expectations based on previously verified software products or reference documents.	
Anomaly	documents.	1990						uocuments.	
Anonymity	Involves concealing one's identity, activities, attributes, relationships, and possibly existence.	DHS	Anonymity can involve concealing one's identity, activities, attributes, relationships, and possibly existence.						
Asset	stakeholder (e.g. organization	Modified ISO/IEC13335- 2:2004	Anything of value to a stakeholder, particularly to its owner or attacker, but also to society or to the entity about whom data may relate. Secure software developers must identify assets and their protection needs.		A major application, general support system, high impact program, physical plant, mission critical system, or a logically related group of systems. Source: SP 800-26				Anything that has value to the organization [ISO/IEC 13335- 2:2004]

Assurance- One of the five "Security Goals." Involves support for our	Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	National IA	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Grounds for confidence that anISO/IEC	Assurance	entity meets its security	15408-1: 2005-			the five "Security Goals." Involves support for our confidence that the other four security goals (integrity, availability, confidentiality, and accountability) have been adequately met by a specific implementation. Source: SP 800-	regardless of the organization conducting the activities, that demonstrate the conformance of a product or process to a	confidence that the security features, practices, procedures, and architecture of an IS accurately mediates and enforces the		confidence that an entity meets its security objectives. ISO/IEC 15408-1:

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	National IA	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
ar cla sc	reasoned, auditable rgument created to support laims that the defined oftware intensive system will ave grounds for confidence to	Maintainability (R&M) Assurance Guidance Part 3 R&M Case,	A reasoned, auditable argument created to support the contention that the defined software intensive system will satisfy software security requirements and objectives. UK Ministry of Defence Standard 000-42 [Ministry of Defence 2003b, section 4.1] Sometimes called an "assurance argument;" in this report the term "assurance argument;" in this report the term "assurance argument" or just "argument" is used for the arguments that connect the evidence to the assurance conclusions.						

						NASA Software			
						Assurance STD			
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	2201-93	CNSSI 4009	IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard		Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	(DHS)	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	Glossary	Glossary	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
				<u> </u>					
									The provision of
									assurance of the
									claimed identity of
									an entity. In case of
									user authentication,
									users are identified
									either by knowledge
									(e.g., password), by
									possession (e.g.,
									token) or by a
									personal
							Security measure		characteristic
							designed to		(biometrics). Strong
							establish the		authentication is
							validity of a		either based on
							transmission,		strong mechanisms
					Verifying the identity	r	message, or		(e.g., biometrics) or
					of a user, process,		originator, or a		makes use of at
					or device, often as a		means of verifying		least two of these
					prerequisite to		an individual's		factors (so-called
					allowing access to		authorization to		multi-factor
			A mechanism that		resources in an		receive specific		authentication).ISO/I
	The verification of identity of an		firmly establishes		information system.		categories of		EC 18028-4: 2005-
Authentication	,	Redwine	identity.		Source: SP 800-53		information.		04-01
	Scripts or programs for trying								
	to obtain complete								
Autorooter	administrative privileges.								

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)		NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	National IA	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Availability	The property of being accessible and usable upon demand with acceptable response times by an authorized entity.	ISO/IEC 13335-1:2004		SDLC - Software must continue to operate correctly and be accessible to its intended users{ FIPS Pub 200, Minimum Security Requirement for Federal Information	Ensuring timely and reliable access to and use of information. Source: SP 800-53. A loss of availability is the disruption of access to or use of information or an information system. [44 U.S.C., SEC. 3542]		Timely, reliable access to data and information services for		The property of being accessible and usable upon demand by an authorized entity. [ISO/IEC 13335- 1:2004]

						NASA Software			
			0			Assurance STD			International
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	<u>2201-93</u>		IEEE Sw	
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard		Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	<u>Glossary</u>	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
				Is malicious code					
				that has the specific					
				objective of enabling					
				the attacker (or the					
				web service that acts					
				as a proxy service					
				on the attacker's					
				behalf) to bypass the					
				targeted web					
				service's (and/or its					
				hosťs)					
				authentication					
				mechanisms to gain					
				access to sensitive					
				data or resources,					
				without being					
				detected;					
				Undocumented			Hidden software or		
			Provides remote	command or			hardware		
			access to a system	features that allow			mechanism used		
	Surreptitious mechanism used		through a back door	knowledgeable			to circumvent		
	to circumvent security controls		or open port.	perpetrators to			security controls.		
	and provide access.		Synonymous with	access the web			Synonymous with		
Backdoor		CNSSI 4009	trap door.	service host.			trap door.		
									Attack on a
									cryptosystem that
									employs an
									exhaustive search of
	Attacking a system through								a set of keys,
Brute Force		CAS, Sam							passwords or other
		Redwine							data.
Attack	actions.	Redwine							uala.

						NASA Software			
			0			Assurance STD			Internetional
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	<u>2201-93</u>		IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard		Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	<u>Glossary</u>	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
					A condition at an				
					interface under				
					which more input				
					can be placed into a				
					buffer or data				
					holding area than				
					the capacity				
					allocated,				
			One of the most	Buffer overflows	overwriting other				
			common	result when a	information.				
			vulnerabilities in	program doesn't do	Attackers exploit				
			software [Viega and	bounds checking,	such a condition to				
	An action where more input		McGraw 2002].	and the input is	crash a system or to	)			
	can be placed into a buffer or		Occurs when a	accepted by the	insert specially				
	data holding area than the		program reads or	program and	crafted code that				
	capacity allocated.		writes outside the	overflows the stack	allows them to gain				
	Synonymous with buffer		bounds of a storage	buffer that receives	control of the				
Buffer Overflow		Modified NIST	buffer.	it.	system.				
Buffer Overrun	See buffer overflow.				,				
							COTS software is		
							widely available		
							and developed with		
							general		
							commercial		
							applications in		
						COTS software	mind. Such		
						refers to	software typically		
						purchased	has little or no U.S.		
	Software or hardware					software such as	Government		
	products, which are ready-					operating	funding or		
Commercial Off	made and available for sale to					systems, or	influence.		
the Shelf (COTS)		CAS				application.	NSTISSP 11		
		070		l	1				

						NASA Software			
			Coouro Coffigero	Coourity in the		Assurance STD	CNEEL 4000	IEEE Sw	International
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of Key Information	<u>2201-93</u> /Goddard	CNSSI 4009 National IA		Standards
Толина	Droformed Definition	Deference	Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle				Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	Glossary	<u>Glossary</u>	510 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
					"Preserving				
					authorized				
					restrictions on				
					information access				
					and disclosure,				
				Software itself,	including means for				
				rather than the data	protecting personal				<b>T</b> 1
				it accesses (or	privacy and				The property that
				enables access to),	proprietary				information is not
				must be hidden or	information" [44		Assurance that		made available or
				obscured. [FIPS	U.S.C., Sec. 3542]		information is not		disclosed to
	The property that information is			Publication 200,	A loss of		disclosed to		unauthorized
	not made available or			Minimum Security	confidentiality is the		unauthorized		individuals, entities,
	disclosed to unauthorized	100 / 50	authorized	Requirements for	unauthorized		individuals,		or processes.
	· · ·	ISO/IEC		Federal Information	disclosure of		processes, or		[ISO/IEC 13335-
Confidentiality	processes.	13335-1:2004		Systems}	information.		devices.		1:2004]
			Controllability is a						
			measure of how						
			difficult it is to						
			provide inputs to the						
			system to drive its						
			execution. How						
		Modified	difficult it is to cause						
		Secure	,	How difficult it is to					
		Software	given state or	cause a system to					
	to provide inputs to a system to		-	be in a given state or					
Controllability	drive its execution.	Guide	states	sequence of states					

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	CNSSI 4009 National IA Glossary	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Correctness	<ol> <li>The degree to which software is free from faults in its specification, design, and implementation.</li> <li>The degree to which software, documentation, or other items meet specified requirements.</li> <li>The degree to which software, documentation, or other items meet user needs and expectations, whether specified or not.</li> </ol>	IEEE 610.12- 1990						<ul> <li>(1) The degree to which software is free from faults in its specification, design, and implementation.</li> <li>(2) The degree to which software, documentation, or other items meet specified requirements.</li> <li>(3) The degree to which software, documentation, or other items meet user needs and expectations, whether specified or not.</li> </ul>	For specified security requirements, the representation of a product or system that shows the implementation of the requirement is correct. ISO/IEC 1st WD 21827: 2006-02- 07
Covert Channels	Unintended and/or unauthorized communications path that can be used to transfer information in a manner that violates an IS security policy.	CNSSI 4009	Covert channels are "abnormal" means of communication using such means as timing of overt messages, locations in messages not normally used (e.g. unused bits in packet headers), or (unavailability of resources to convey	contain no function other than those explicitly specified", or "any unspecified function present in the application must be completely isolated and contained so that it cannot be			Unintended and/or unauthorized communications path that can be used to transfer information in a manner that violates an IS security policy. See overt channel and exploitable channel.		

						NASA Software Assurance STD			
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	2201-93	CNSSI 4009	IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard	National IA	Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	Glossary	Glossary	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
				Safety-critical					
				software is high-				Software whose	
	Software whose failure could			consequence				failure could have an	
	have an impact on security,			software in which a				impact on safety, or	
	safety, or could cause large			failure could result in				could cause large	
	financial or social loss. See	IEEE Std 1012		the loss of human				financial or social	
Critical Software	high-consequence software.	1986		life.				loss.	
							An action or series		
							of actions that (1)		
							prevents access to		
					The prevention of		a software system		
					authorized access		by its		
					to resources or the		intended/authorize		Prevention of
					delaying of time-		d users; (2) causes		authorized access to
					critical operations.		the delay of its		a system resource
					(Time-critical may		time-critical		or the delaying of
	Prevention of authorized				be milliseconds or it		operations; or (3)		system operations
	access to a system resource or				may be hours,		prevents any part		and functions.
Denial of Service	the delaying of system	ISO/IEC FDIS			depending on the		of the system from		ISO/IEC FDIS 18028
(DoS)	operations and functions.	18028-1			service provided.)		functioning		1

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						NASA Software			
			o o "	<b>o</b>		Assurance STD			Internetional
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	<u>2201-93</u>		IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard		Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	<u>Glossary</u>	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
			A qualitative						
			"umbrella" term.						
			Integrating concept						
			that encompasses						
			the following						
			attributes - reliability						
			(continuity of correct						
			service); safety						
			(absence of						
			catastrophic						
			consequences on						
		Avizienis,	the user(s) and the						
		Algirdas, Jean-							
		Claude Laprie,							
			(ability to undergo						
		and Carl	modifications and						
		Landwehr,	repairs); integrity						
		"Basic	(absence of						
			improper system						
			alterations);						
			availability						
		and Secure	(readiness for						
		Computing,"	service). When						
	Integrating concept that	IEEE	addressing security,						
	encompasses the following		an additional						
	attributes - reliability, safety,	on	attribute has great						
	maintainability, integrity,	Dependable	prominence -						
	availability. When addressing	and Secure	confidentiality, i.e.						
	security, additional attributes		the absence of						
	have great prominence -		unauthorized						
	confidentiality and	pp. 11-33, Jan.							
Dependability	accountability.		information.						
Dependability		Ivial. 2004.		l	1			1	

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Assurance Guide	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	CNSSI 4009 National IA Glossary	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Dictionary Attack	list of words from a natural language dictionary.	ISO/IEC FDIS 11770-4: 2006- 01-09		An attacker may either manually or programmatically attempt common passwords to gain entry into a system or multiple systems.					Attack on a cryptosystem that employs a search of a given list of passwords NOTE A dictionary attack on a password- based system can use a stored list of specific password values or a stored list of words from a natural language dictionary.
Directory Traversal Attack	An HTTP exploit that may allow attackers access to restricted directories and execute commands outside of the web server's root directory, sometimes called a dot dot attack.	Matt Bishop		Occurs when an attacker tries to access restricted files a web service uses.					

						NASA Software			
						Assurance STD			
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	2201-93	CNSSI 4009	IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard	National IA	Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	(DHS)		Security Terms	Glossary	Glossary	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
Term		Reference		The concept of an	<u>Security reinis</u>	<u>01033ary</u>	<u>Olossary</u>	510 010.12-1330	organization (150)
				emergent property					
				originates from					
				complexity theory,					
				and is elaborated in					
				the Technical					
				Cooperation					
				Programmed Joint					
				Systems and					
				Analysis Group					
				Technical Panel 4					
				(JSA-TP4) report					
				entitled Systems					
				Engineering for					
				Defence					
				Modernisation (see					
				Appendix B).					
				However, as Fabio					
				Boschetti et al					
				observe in "Defining					
				and Detecting					
				Emergence in					
				Complex Networks"					
				(see Appendix B),					
	A property that can appear			"no standard					
	when a number of entities			definition of					
	operate in an environment,			emergence is					
Emergent	forming more complex			currently available in					
Properties	behaviors as a collective.	DHS		the literature."					
Fropencies		010							

						NIACA Coffuers			1
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Assurance Guide	Security in the Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	National IA	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Error	The difference between a computed, observed, or measured value or condition and the true, specified, or theoretically correct value or condition.	IEEE 610.12- 1990						The difference between a computed, observed, or measured value or condition and the true, specified, or theoretically correct value or condition.	
Event	An occurrence of some specific data, situation, or activity.	ISO/IEC TR 15947							An occurrence of some specific data, situation, or activity.
Exploratory Testing	Simultaneous learning, test design, and test execution; that is, the tests are not defined in advance in an established test plan, but are dynamically designed, executed, and modified.	Abran 2004	Simultaneous learning, test design, and test execution; that is, the tests are not defined in advance in an established test plan, but are dynamically designed, executed, and modified. [SWEBOK Guide (p. 5-5]						
Fail Safe	Pertaining to a system or component that automatically places itself in a safe operating mode in the event of a failure. See also fault secure and fault tolerance.	IEEE 610.12- 1990	S	oftware Assurance CI	SK - Definitions Matrix		protection of the system or component from compromise when a hardware or software failure is	Pertaining to a system or component that automatically places itself in a safe operating mode in the event of a failure. See also fault secure, fault tolerance	

						NASA Software			
						Assurance STD			
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	2201-93	CNSSI 4009	IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard	National IA	Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	(DHS)	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	Glossary	Glossary	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
Failure	The inability of a system or component to perform its required functions within specified performance requirements.	IEEE 610.12- 1990						The inability of a system or component to perform its required functions within specified performance requirements.	
		Avizienis, Algirdas, Jean- Claude Laprie, Brian Randell, and Carl Landwehr, "Basic Concepts and Taxonomy of Dependable and Secure Computing," IEEE Transactions on Dependable and Secure Computing,							
	The adjudged or hypothesized	vol. 1, no. 1, pp. 11-33, Jan.						A defect in a hardware device or	
Fault	cause of an error.	Mar. 2004.						component.	

						NASA Software			1
						Assurance STD			
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	2201-93	CNSSI 4009	IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard		Engineering Terms	Standards
Torm	Preferred Definition	Deference		Guide (DHS)					
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>		Security Terms	Glossary	Glossary	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
								The ability of a	
								-	
								system or component	
	The ability of a system or							to continue normal	
	component to continue normal							operation despite the	
	operation despite the presence							presence of hardware	
	of hardware or software faults.	1990						or software faults.	
	Occurs when the attacker								
	attempts to access the web			• • • • • •					
	server directly instead of			Attempt to detect					
	following links to gain access to			web services that					
	restricted parts in the Web			are not explicitly					
<b>Browsing Attack</b>	server directory.			publicized					
							Software		
							development		
							strategy that		
	Software development strategy						formally proves the		
	that formally proves the						system's design		
Development	system's design specifications.	CNSSI 4009					specifications.		
			"Refers to						
			mathematically						
			rigorous techniques	Formal methods					
				apply mathematical			Mathematically		
			specification, design				argument which		
			and verification of	precise mechanisms			verifies that the		
	Mathematical argument which		software and	for reasoning to the			system satisfied a		
	verifies that the system		hardware	design, production,			mathematically		
	satisfied mathematically	CAS, Sam	systems'[Langley	and evaluation of			described security		
Formal Methods	described properties.	Redwine	2005]	software.			policy.		

Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary		IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
The complete and convincing mathematical argument that presents the full logical justification for each proof step and for the truth of the theorem or set of theorems to be proved.	CNSSI 4009					The complete and convincing mathematical argument that presents the full logical justification for each proof step and for the truth of the theorem or set of theorems to be proved.		
The process of using formal proofs to demonstrate the consistency between the formal requirements specification or formal security policy of a system and its formal design specification (design verification) or between its formal design specification and its high-level implementation						to demonstrate the consistency between the formal requirements specification or formal security policy of a system and its formal design specification (design verification) or between its formal design specification and its high-level implementation		
	CNSSI 4009					verification).		
	The complete and convincing mathematical argument that presents the full logical justification for each proof step and for the truth of the theorem or set of theorems to be proved. The process of using formal proofs to demonstrate the consistency between the formal requirements specification or formal security policy of a system and its formal design specification (design verification) or between its formal design specification and its high-level implementation	The complete and convincing mathematical argument that presents the full logical justification for each proof step and for the truth of the theorem or set of theorems to be proved. CNSSI 4009 The process of using formal proofs to demonstrate the consistency between the formal requirements specification or formal security policy of a system and its formal design specification (design verification) or between its formal design specification and its high-level implementation	Preferred Definition         Reference         Assurance Guide (DHS)           The complete and convincing mathematical argument that presents the full logical justification for each proof step and for the truth of the theorem or set of theorems to be proved.         CNSSI 4009           The process of using formal proofs to demonstrate the consistency between the formal requirements specification or formal security policy of a system and its formal design specification (design verification) or between its formal design specification and its high-level implementation         Image: Constant of the security policy of a system and its formal design specification	Preferred Definition         Reference         Assurance Guide (DHS)         Software Lifecycle. Guide (DHS).           The complete and convincing mathematical argument that presents the full logical justification for each proof step and for the truth of the theorem or set of theorems to be proved.         CNSSI 4009         Image: CNSSI 4	Preferred Definition         Reference         Assurance Guide (DHS)         Software Lifecycle. Guide (DHS).         Key Information Security Terms           The complete and convincing mathematical argument that presents the full logical justification for each proof step and for the truth of the theorem or set of theorems to be proved.         Image: CNSSI 4009         Image: CNSSI 4009	Preferred Definition         Reference         Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)         Security in the Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)         NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms         Assurance STD (201-93, Goddard, Glossary           The complete and convincing mathematical argument that presents the full logical justification for each proof step and for the theorem or set of theorems to be proved.         Image: Character Software CNSSI 4009         Image: Character Software Software Lifecycle Character Software Character Software Character Software Software Lifecycle Character Software Software Lifecycle Character Software Software Lifecycle Character Software Software Lifecycle Character Software Software Lifecycle Character Software Software Lifecycle Character Software Character Software Character Software Character Software Software Software Software Software Character Software Character Software Software Character Software Software Software Character Software Softw	Preferred Definition         Reference         Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)         Security in the Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)         NIST Glossary of Key Information Becurity Terms         CNSS1 4009 National IA Glossary           The complete and convincing mathematical argument that presents the full logical justification for each proof step and for the truth of the theorem or set of theorems to be proved.         The process of using formal prodes         CNSS1 4009         The process of using formal proofs to demonstrate the consistency between the formal security policy of a system and design specification for get or formal proofs to demonstrate the consistency between the formal design specification (design verification) or between its formal design specification its formal design specification its formal design specification and tis high-level implementation         The process of using formal proofs to demonstrate the consistency between the formal security policy of a system and design specification its formal design specification (design verification) or between its formal design specification (design specification and its high-level implementation         The process of using formal proofs to demonstrate the consistency between the formal design specification (design specification its formal design specification (design specification (design specification its formal design specification (design specification (design specification (design specification (design specification (design specification (mplementation)         The process of using formal specification or formal security policy of a system and its high-level implementation         The process of using formal specification or formal security policy of a system	Preferred Definition         Reference         Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)         Security in the Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)         NIST Glossary (Soddard, Glossary)         CNSSI 4009 Releasery, Glossary         IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990           The complete and convincing mathematical argument that presents the full logical justification for each proof step and for the truth of the theorem or set of theorems to be proved.         CNSSI 4009         The complete and convincing mathematical argument that presents the full logical justification for each proof step and for the truth of the theorem or set of theorems to be proved.         CNSSI 4009         The process of using formal requirements specification or formal security policy of a system and its formal security policy of a system and its formal design specification (design specification and its high-level implementation         Image: Stop Stop and or the stop and and its formal design specification and its high-level implementation

						NASA Software			
						Assurance STD			
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	<u>2201-93</u>		IEEE Sw	International
		_	Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard		Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	<u>Guide (DHS)</u>	Security Terms	<u>Glossary</u>	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
	A term applied to a wide range of applications on a computer to track or report (or both) information as personal as passwords or as general as how often visitors use an organization's website. Applications that fall into this category include joke								
Grayware	applications and key loggers.								
	Software and hardware products that are developed by the technical staff of the government agency for which it is created or by an external entity, but with funding and specification from the agency. Because agencies can directly control all aspects of GOTS products, these are generally preferred for government					typically developed by the technical staff of the government	that contain domestic and/or		
	preferred for government					agency for which	international		
the Shelf (GOTS)	purposes.	CAS				it is created.	restrictions.		

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	<u>NIST Glossary of</u> Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	Engineering Terms	International Standards Organization (ISO)
High- Consequence Software	See critical software.			High-consequence software systems are those in which a failure could result in serious harm to a human being in the form of loss of life, physical injury or damage to health, loss of political freedom, loss of financial well-being, or disastrous damage to the human's environment.				
llities	Aspects or non-functional requirements. They are so- named because most of them end in "-ility." A subset of them (Reliability, Availability, Serviceability, Usability, and Installability) are together referred to as RASUI.							

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Assurance Guide	<u>Security in the</u> Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary		Engineering Terms	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Information Assurance	Protection and defense of information and information systems by ensuring their availability, integrity, authentication, confidentiality, and non-repudiation. These measures include providing for restoration of information systems by incorporating protection, detection, and reaction capabilities.	CNSSI 4009	A catch all term for all that is done to assure security of information. The level of assurance or justifiable confidence one has in that security.		Measures that protect and defend information and information systems by ensuring their availability, integrity, authentication, confidentiality, and non-repudiation. Source: CNSSI- 4009		Measures that protect and defend information and information systems by ensuring their availability, integrity, authentication, confidentiality, and non-repudiation. These measures include providing for restoration of information systems by incorporating protection, detection, and reaction capabilities.		

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	National IA	 International Standards Organization (ISO)
	The functions of developing IA operational, system and technical architecture for the purpose of specifying and		An abstract description (used among others by the U.S. Department of Defense (DoD)) of a combination of information assurance (IA) solutions for a system or set of systems that assigns and portrays IA roles, identifies behavior among a set of information technology assets, and prescribes rules for interaction and interconnection to ensure security and taking advantage of supporting IA				Activity that aggregates the functions of developing IA operational, system and technical architecture for the purpose of specifying and implementing new or modified IA capabilities within the IT	
	implementing new or modified		infrastructures. [DoD				environment. [DoD	
	IA capabilities within the IT		Instruction 8500.0,				Directive 8100.1,	
		CNSSI 4009	Enclosure 2].				19. Sept 2002]	

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	National IA	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
	Ensuring that the organization has a planned and documented assurance case and security architecture as well as tangible policies, processes, and methodologies that establish operational		Infrastructure assurance involves processes that apply, coordinate, and sustain Operational Assurance, Analysis, and Response Management. Infrastructure assurance ensures that the organization has a planned and documented assurance case and security architecture as well as tangible policies, processes, and methodologies that establish operational assurance, analysis,						
	assurance, analysis, and		and response						
		СВК	management.						

						NASA Software			
						Assurance STD			
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	2201-93	CNSSI 4009	IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard	National IA	Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	(DHS)	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	Glossary	Glossary	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
Term		Reference				<u>0103501 y</u>	<u>0103501 y</u>	010 010.12-1330	
							Quality of an IS		
							reflecting the		
							logical		
							completeness of		
							the hardware and		
							software		
							implementing the		
							protection		
					"Guarding against		mechanisms; and		
					improper		the consistency of		
					information		the data structures		The property of
					modification or		and occurrence of		safeguarding the
					destruction, and		the stored data.		accuracy and
				SDLC - Software	includes ensuring		Note that, in a		completeness of
				must not be able to	information non-		formal security		assets. [ISO/IEC
				be corrupted or	repudiation and		mode, integrity is		13335-1:2004]
				intentionally	authenticity" [44		interpreted more	The degree to which	Property that data
				subverted by	U.S.C., Sec. 3542]		narrowly to mean	a system or	has not been altered
				authorized or	A loss of integrity is		protection against	component prevents	or destroyed in an
				unauthorized actors	the unauthorized		unauthorized	unauthorized access	unauthorized
	Property that data has not been	ISO/IEC		during the Software's			modification or	to, or modification of,	manner.[ISO/IEC
	altered or destroyed in an		Absence of improper		destruction of		destruction of	computer programs	18028-2: 2006-02-
Integrity	unauthorized manner.			execution.	information.		information.	or data.	01]
intoginty		02 01	eyetenn alteratione.	Objective of an					
				integrity attack is to					
				exploit the targeted					
				application or					
				services to make					
	Attack whose objective is to			unauthorized					
	exploit the targeted application			changes to					
	or services to make			information					
	unauthorized changes to	Security in the		accessed/handled by	/				
	information accessed/handled	Lifecycle		the					
	by the application/service.	Guide		application/service					

				1		NIACA Cofficients	1		
						NASA Software			
			October October	O a subtra in the s		Assurance STD	01001 4000	IEEE Sw	International
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	<u>2201-93</u>			
_			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard		Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	<u>Glossary</u>	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
	The actions, arguments and								
	evidence that provides a basis								
Justifiable	for justified reduction in								
Confidence	uncertainty.		Level of confidence.						
							Principle requiring		
							that each subject		
							be granted the		
							most restrictive set		
							of privileges		
							needed for the		
							performance of		
	Principle requiring that each						that subject's		
	subject be granted the most						authorized tasks.		
	restrictive set of privileges						Application of this		
	needed for the performance of						principle limits the		
	that subject's authorized tasks.						damage that can		
	Application of this principle						result from		
	limits the damage that can						accident, error, or		
	result from accident, error, or						unauthorized use		
	unauthorized use of a						of a component or		
Least Privilege		CNSSI 4009					system.		

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	National IA	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Logic Bomb	Malicious software that will adversely affect systems under certain conditions such as at a certain time or upon receipt of a certain packet.	СВК	Weakens or destroys systems under certain conditions such as at a certain time or	Malicious code that is left dormant until the web service reaches a certain state, at which point the malicious code is executed; Malicious logic inserted into a deployed web service in order to perform an unwanted action when a specific criterion is met. (e.g., at a particular time, or when a rigging action is performed.			Resident computer program triggering an unauthorized act when particular states of an IS are realized.		
Maintainability	The ease with which a software system or component can be modified to correct faults, improve performance or other attributes, or adapt to a changed environment.		Ability to undergo modifications and repairs					The ease with which a software system or component can be modified to correct faults, improve performance or other attributes, or adapt to a changed environment.	

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	Security in the Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)	<u>NIST Glossary of</u> Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	CNSSI 4009 National IA Glossary	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Malicious Software	Software or firmware intended to perform an unauthorized process that will have adverse impact on the confidentiality, integrity, availability or accountability of an information system.	CAS, Sam Redwine			Software or firmware intended to perform an unauthorized process that will have adverse impact on the confidentiality, integrity or availability of an information system. A virus, worm, Trojan horse or other code-based entity that affects a host. [SP 800-53 & CNSSI 4009]		<i>Malicious Code</i> - Software or firmware intended to perform an unauthorized process that will have adverse impact on the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of an IS		
Malware	See Malicious Software		Malicious software such as viruses.		A program that is inserted into a system, usually covertly, with the intent of compromising the confidentiality, integrity or availability of an information system of the victim's data, applications, or operating systems or of otherwise annoying or disrupting the victim. [SP-800-53]				Malicious software, such as a virus or a trojan horse, designed specifically to damage or disrupt a system.ISO/IEC FDIS 18028-1: 2006- 03-31

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference		<u>Security in the</u> Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	<u>CNSSI 4009</u> National IA <u>Glossary</u>	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Mathematically Rigorous	rigorous deductions in that	Langley, Formal Methods, 2005.	The specifications used in formal methods are well- formed statements in a mathematical logic that the formal verification s are rigorous deductions in that logic."						
Model Checking	<b>u</b>	CAS, Sam Redwine							
Modified Off the Shelf (MOTS)	A MOTS (either modified or modifiable off-the-shelf, depending on the context) whose code has been	NASA				Typically a COTS product whose source code can be modified.			

						NASA Software			
						Assurance STD			
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	2201-93	CNSSI 4009	IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard		Engineering Terms	Standards
<b>T</b>	Droferne d Definitien								
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	<u>Guide (DHS)</u>	Security Terms	<u>Glossary</u>	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
Multiple Independent Levels of Security (MILS)			Bottom separation layer providing information flow and data isolation facilities so higher layers can define and enforce policies themselves [Vanfleet 2005]						
Non-Repudiation		ISO/IEC	Actors being unable to effectively deny (repudiate) an action.	Pertains to the ability to prevent users (humans and processes) from disproving or denying responsibility for actions they performed while interacting with the software. (FIPS 200 Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information Systems.	Assurance that the sender of information is provided with proof of delivery and the recipient is provided with proof of the sender's identity, so neither can later deny having processed the information. Source: CNSSI-4009		Assurance that sender of data is provided with proof of delivery and the recipient is provided with proof of the sender's identity, so neither can later deny having processed the data.		The ability to prove an action or event has taken place, so that this event or action cannot be repudiated later [ISO/IEC 13888-1; ISO IS 7498-2]

						NASA Software			
						Assurance STD			
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	2201-93	CNSSI 4009	IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard	National IA	Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	(DHS)	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	Glossary	Glossary	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
			Observability is a						
			measure of how						
			difficult it is to						
	The degree to which you can		capture and						
	observe what happened		determine whether						
		Redwine, CAS	the test results are						
Observability	system.	2006	correct.						
			This includes COTS						
			(Commercial off the						
			Shelf Software) and						
			other OTS (Off the						
			Shelf Software). This						
			may also include (for						
			governments) GOTS						
			(Government off the						
			Shelf Software and						
			NDI (Non-						
			developmental			Ready-made			
			Items) [Also see			software used "as	-		
			FAR Subpart 2.1 for			is" within a			
			a US federal			system. Includes			
	Existing software that is		government			COTS and MOTS			
OTS (Off the	potentially available. Includes	Redwine, CAS	definition of			(Modified Off-the-			
Shelf)	COTS, MOTS, and GOTS.	2006	commercial items].			Shelf) and GOTS.			

						NIACA Cofficients			т
						NASA Software			
						Assurance STD			Internetion of
			Secure Software		NIST Glossary of	<u>2201-93</u>		IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard		Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	<u>Glossary</u>	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
			Outsourcing implies						
			that the work is						
			being done within						
			the acquirer's						
			organization and a						
			subsequent decision						
			is made to contract						
			out the work to an						
	The delegation of operations or		outside organization.						
	jobs from internal production		[FAR 2005, PART						
	within a business to an external								
Outsourcing	entity.		Research]						
<b>J</b>	,								
				Where testers target					
			Attack testing that	individual binary					
			involves having	components or the					
			persons try to break				Security testing in		
				whole to determine			which evaluators		
			to violate specified	whether intra or			attempt to		
			or expected security				circumvent the		
			usually by imitating	vulnerabilities can be			security features of		
			techniques used by	exploited to			a system based on		
				compromise that			their understanding		
	Socurity testing in which			•			of the system		
Penetration	Security testing in which		attackers. [Whitaker	or its environmental					
			2004][Flickenger				design and		
Testing	security properties of a system.	2006	2003]	resources.			implementation.		
	A mothod of radiracting								
	A method of redirecting								
Dharmina	Internet traffic to a fake web								
Pharming	site through domain spoofing.	McAfee							

						NASA Software Assurance STD			
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	2201-93	CNSSI 4009	IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard	National IA	Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	Glossary	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
	Tricking individuals into		A method of tricking people into giving up their personal information.		Tricking individuals into disclosing sensitive personal				
	disclosing sensitive personal		Deceptive emails		information through				
	information through the use of		requesting entry of		deceptive computer-				
	e-mails that appear to originate	NUOT	information on fake		based means.				
Phishing	from a trusted source.	NIST	web pages.		Source: SP 800-83				
Plausible Deniability			whether an attack was on purpose and conducted by who seems to be behind	When malicious developers who purposely plant defects in software can always claim that the defects were simple errors.					
	The degree that a correct prediction of a system's outcome can be made.	Redwine, CAS 2006	A measure of how difficult it is to determine what a test's outcome	Means that the functionality, properties, attributes, and behaviors of the software will always be demonstrated in that software when it executes under anticipated operating conditions.					

		Г Г				NASA Software			1
			Coours Cofficients			Assurance STD		IEEE Sw	International
			Secure Software	Security in the Software Lifecycle	NIST Glossary of Key Information	<u>2201-93</u> /Goddard			Standards
<b>T</b>	Destanced Definition	Defenses	Assurance Guide					Engineering Terms	
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	<u>Guide (DHS)</u>	Security Terms	<u>Glossary</u>	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
				The cofficience where					
				The software, when					
				executed, performs					
				its functions in the					
				manner in which					
				they are intended to					
				be performed, and					
Predictable				does not perform					
	5	Redwine, CAS		any unintended					
Execution	predictability.	2006		functions.					
									Right of individuals
									to control or
									influence what
	The right of individuals to								information related
	control or influence what								to them may be
	information related to them	100 1150							collected and stored
	-	ISO/IEC							and by whom and to
	and by whom and to whom that								whom that
		02-01							information may be
		Definition 2-							disclosed. ISO/IEC
		Redwine, CAS							18028-2: 2006-02-
Privacy	attention of others.	2006.							01
							Common Criteria		
							specification that		An implementation-
							represents an		independent set of
							implementation-		security
							independent set of		requirements for a
							security		category of IT
	An implementation-						requirements for a		products or systems
	independent set of security						category of Target		that meet specific
Ducto at a r	requirements for a category of						of Evaluations that		consumer needs
Protection		ISO/IEC					meets specific		(adapted from
Profile	meet specific consumer needs.	15408-1					consumer needs.		ISO/IEC 15408-1)

	Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	<u>CNSSI 4009</u> <u>National IA</u> <u>Glossary</u>	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
The ability of a system or       is often defined       as the extent to         which a program       component to       can be expected         perform its required       to perform         functions under       intended         functions under       functions with         a specified period of       required precision         time; "the capability       over a given         of a computer, or       performing its         information or       The probability of a system or         telecommunications       a given system         system, to perform       performing its         consistently and       mission       The ability of a         precisely according       adequately for a       system or component to to perform its         to its specifications       specified period       mission         The ability of a system or       Continuity of correct       and design		for IT functionality that - 1) controls all access, 2) cannot be by-passed, 3) is tamper- proof, and 4) provides confidence that the other three		trusted access or interface point that mediates access to objects within a system. [Bishop	isolation of processes and data stored at different mandatory access levels, and strongly constrains accesses and interactions among those	engineering term for IT functionality that - 1) controls all access, 2) cannot be by-passed, 3) is tamper-resistant, and 4) provides confidence that the other three items are true. Source:		abstract machine that enforces Target of Evaluation (TOE) access control		
required functions under stated the distributions of do so with high conditions for a specified IEEE 610.12- inputs and or the confidence. [IEEE conditions. [NASA] conditions. [NASA] conditions [NASA] conditions [NASA] conditions for a specified period of ISO/IEC 13335		component to perform its required functions under stated conditions for a specified		service. Depends on the distributions of inputs and or the	system or component to perform its required functions under stated conditions for a specified period of time; "the capability of a computer, or information or telecommunications system, to perform consistently and precisely according to its specifications and design requirements, and to do so with high confidence. [IEEE		is often defined as the extent to which a program can be expected to perform intended functions with required precision over a given period of time. The probability of a given system performing its mission adequately for a specified period of time under the expected operating conditions. [NASA		system or component to perform its required functions under stated conditions for a specified period of	The property of consistent intended behavior and results. ISO/IEC 13335-1: 2004-11-15 34

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	Security in the Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary		IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Residual Risk	The risk remaining after risk treatment.	ISO/IEC 13335-1			The remaining, potential risk after all IT security measures are applied. There is a residual risk associated with each threat. [SP 800-33]		Portion of risk remaining after security measures have been applied.		The risk remaining after risk treatment.ISO/IEC 13335-1: 2004-11- 15
Risk	The potential that a given threat will exploit vulnerabilities of an asset or group of assets and thereby cause harm to the organization. It is measured in terms of a combination of the probability of an event and its consequence [ISO/IEC 13335- 1:2005]. Combination of the probability of an event and its consequence. [ISO/IEC Guide 73:2002]				The level of impact on agency operations (including mission, functions, image, or reputation), agency assets, or individuals resulting from the operation of an information system given the potential impact of a threat and the likelihood of that threat occurring.	Combined effect of the likelihood of an unfavorable			The potential that a given threat will exploit vulnerabilities of an asset or group of assets and thereby cause harm to the organization. It is measured in terms of a combination of the probability of an event and its consequence [ISO/IEC 13335- 1:2005].

						NASA Software			
						Assurance STD			
			Coours Cotturars					IEEE Sw	International
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	<u>2201-93</u>			
_			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard		Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	<u>Guide (DHS)</u>	Security Terms	<u>Glossary</u>	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
					The process of				
					managing risks to				
					agency operations				
					(including mission,				
					functions, image, or				
					reputation), agency				
					assets, or				
					individuals resulting				
					from the operation				
					of an information				
					systems. It includes				
					risk assessment;				
					cost-benefit				
					analysis; the				
					selection,				
					,				
					implementation, and assessment of				
			Risk management is						A process that
			5		security controls;				
			the process of		and the formal				includes four
			planning, assessing		authorization to				activities: risk
			risk, mitigating risks,		operate the system.				assessment, risk
			monitoring risk	identifying,	The process		Process of		acceptance, risk
	A process that includes four		mitigation activities,	0,		Process of	identifying and		treatment, and risk
	activities: risk assessment, risk		and adjusting the	Ŭ		assessing	applying		communication.
	acceptance, risk treatment,		risk mitigation	<b>U</b>		potential risks and			Includes all of the
	and risk communication.		activities, as	0 0/		reducing those	commensurate		activities that an
	Includes all of the activities that		appropriate, based			risks within	with the value of		organization carries
	an organization carries out in		on the results of the	may affect the		budget, schedule,	the assets		out in order to
Risk	order to manage and control	ISO/IEC	monitoring activity.	security of the	regulations. [SP 800	and other	protected based on		manage and control
Management	risk.	27001	[NIST SP 800-30]	software.	53]	constraints.	a risk assessment.		risk.

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	CNSSI 4009 National IA Glossary	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Robustness	The degree to which a component or system can function correctly in the presence of invalid inputs or stressful environmental conditions, including inputs or conditions that are intentionally and maliciously created.	IEEE Std 610.12-1990						The degree to which a component or system can function correctly in the presence of invalid inputs or stressful environmental conditions, including inputs or conditions that are intentionally and maliciously created [IEEE Std 610.12-1990]	
Rootkit	A set of tools designed to conceal an attacker and offer a backdoor after the attacker has compromised the machine. [Hoglund 2004].								

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	Security in the Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	<u>CNSSI 4009</u> <u>National IA</u> Glossary	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
						concerned with			
						the possibility of			
						catastrophic			
						failure of systems			
						in such a way as to compromise			
						the safety of			
						people or			
						property, or result			
						in mission failure.			
						Software safety is			
						definable only in			
						the system			
						context. Software			
						has no inherent			
						dangers;			
						however, systems			
						controlled or			
						monitored by			
						software do fail, and some failures			
						of some systems			
						will have safety			
						impacts. To the			
						extent that			
						system failures			
						can be caused or			
			Absence of			fail to be			
			catastrophic			prevented by			
	Absence of catastrophic		consequences on			software, there is			
	consequences on the user(s)		the user(s) and the			a need for an			
Safety	and the environment.	DHS	environment.			activity called			

			Course Coffeense	O a constitución de c		NASA Software Assurance STD		IEEE Sw	International
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	<u>2201-93</u>	CNSSI 4009 National IA		Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Assurance Guide (DHS)	Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)	Key Information Security Terms	<u>/Goddard</u> Glossary	Glossary	Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
Term	A hacker who only uses	Reference			Security Terms	Glossaly	Glossaly	310 010.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
	software created by others								
	without knowing what they are								
	or how they work, for the								
	purpose of compromising								
	computer accounts and files,		Novice hackers;						
	and for launching attacks on		technically						
Script Kiddie	whole computer systems.		unsophicated.						
	Malicious or undesirable								
Scumware	software.								
	Software that realizing- with justifiably high confidence but not guaranteeing absolutely – a substantial set of explicit	Producing Secure Software: Towards Secure Software. vols. I and II. Washington, D.C.: National Cyber Security	"Highly secure software realizing – with justifiably high confidence but not guaranteeing absolutely – a substantial set of explicit security properties and functionality including all those required for its intended usage."	For software to be secure it must avoid defects in its implementation that introduce vulnerabilities regardless of whether the majority of development involves either from- scratch coding or integration/assembly of acquired or reused software					

Tama	Desfame d Definition	Deferment	Secure Software Assurance Guide	Security in the Software Lifecycle	NIST Glossary of Key Information	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard		IEEE Sw Engineering Terms	International Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	<u>Glossary</u>	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
Secure Software Project Management	Systematic, disciplined, and quantified" application of management activity that ensures the software being developed conforms to security policies and meets security requirements.	Abran 2004	The "systematic, disciplined, and quantified" application of management activity to include the "planning, coordinating, measuring, monitoring, controlling, and reporting" that ensures the software being developed conforms to security policies and meets security requirements [Abran 2004]						

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>Secure Software</u> <u>Assurance Guide</u> (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	 IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
	All aspects related to defining, achieving, and maintaining confidentiality, integrity, availability, non-repudiation,		and maintaining confidentiality, integrity, availability,	security is only achievable only when all known				All aspects related to defining, achieving, and maintaining confidentiality, integrity, availability, non-repudiation, accountability, authenticity, and reliability. [ISO/IEC
Security	accountability and authenticity.			predictably correct.				13335-1]

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	CNSSI 4009 National IA Glossary	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Security Accreditation	The security related official management decision given to authorize operation of a system.		The official management decision given to authorize operation of an information system and to explicitly accept the risk to an organization's (and by implication interconnecting organizations') operations (including mission, functions, image, or reputation), assets, or individuals based on the implementation of an agreed-upon set of security controls. [DoD Instruction 8500.2, Enclosure 2].		The official management decision given by a senior agency official to authorize operation of an information system and to explicitly accept the risk to agency operations (including mission, functions, image, or reputation), agency assets, or individuals, based on the implementation of an agreed-upon set of security controls. Source: 800-37.				
Security Architecture	Computer security model referring to the underlying computer architectures, protection mechanisms, distributed computing environment security issues, and formal models that provide the framework for information systems security policy.		<u>ک</u> ].						

			Secure Software Assurance Guide	<u>Security in the</u> Software Lifecycle	NIST Glossary of Key Information	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard	<u>CNSSI 4009</u> National IA	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms	International Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	(DHS)	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	Glossary	Glossary	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
					The				
			Means the		characterization of				
			characterization of		information or an				
			information or an		information system				
			information system		based on an				
			based on an		assessment of the				
			assessment of the		potential impact that				
			potential impact that		a loss of				
	The characterization of		a loss of		confidentiality,				
	information or an information		confidentiality,		integrity, or				
	system based on an		integrity, or		availability of such				
	assessment of the potential		availability of such		information or				
	impact that a loss of		information or		information system				
	confidentiality, integrity, or		information system		would have on				
	availability of such information		would have on		organizational				
	or information system would		organizational		operations,				
	have on organizational		operations,		organizational				
	operations, organizational		organizational		assets, or				
Security	assets, or individuals. Source:		assets, or		individuals. Source:				
Category	SP 800-37.	NIST	individuals.		SP 800-37.				

						NASA Software			
						Assurance STD			
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	2201-93	CNSSI 4009	IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard		Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	(DHS)	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	Glossary	Glossary	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
			(0110)			Clobbaly			organization (100)
			"Security						
			certification" may						
			apply to a software						
			system as in the						
			case of the Common						
			Criteria or FIPS-140						
			or may mean a comprehensive						
			assessment of the						
			management,						
	"O		operational and						
	"Security certification" may		technical security						
	apply to a software system as		controls in an						
	in the case of the Common		information system,						
	Criteria or FIPS-140 or may		made in support of						
	mean a comprehensive		security						
	assessment of the		accreditation, to						
	management, operational and		determine the extent						
	technical security controls in an		to which the controls						
	information system, made in		are implemented						
	support of security		correctly, operating						
	accreditation, to determine the		as intended, and						
	extent to which the controls are		producing the						
	implemented correctly,		desired outcome						
	operating as intended, and		with respect to						
	producing the desired outcome		meeting the security						
	with respect to meeting the		requirements for the						
	security requirements for the		system [NIST						
Security	system [NIST Special		Special Publication						
Certification	Publication 800-37].	NIST 800-37	800-37].						

			Secure Software Assurance Guide	<u>Security in the</u> Software Lifecycle	NIST Glossary of Key Information	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard		IEEE Sw Engineering Terms	International Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	Glossary	Glossary	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
Security Goals	The five security goals are confidentiality, availability, integrity, accountability, and assurance. [SP 800-27A]	NIST			The five security goals are confidentiality, availability, integrity, accountability, and assurance. [SP 800- 27A]				
Security					-				
Relevant									
Service Level	Contract that defines the technical support or business performance objectives including measures for performance and consequences for failure the provider of a service can provide its clients. ISO/IEC FDIS 18043: 2006-03-14.	ISO/IEC FDIS 18043: 2006- 03-14.	Service Level Agreements (SLAs) are suggestive of a method for expressing and contractually agreeing to specific measures of performance [Gaines & Michael 2005]						Contract that defines the technical support or business performance objectives including measures for performance and consequences for failure the provider of a service can provide its clients. ISO/IEC FDIS 18043: 2006-03-14.

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>Secure Software</u> <u>Assurance Guide</u> <u>(DHS)</u>	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	National IA	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Sniffer	A sniffer is a software tool for auditing and identifying network traffic packets.	CNSSI 4009		Act of monitoring network traffic exchanged between web services to capture sensitive plaintext data such as unencrypted passwords and security configuration information transmitted in SOAP, UDDI (Universal Description, Discovery, and Integration), WSDL, and other such messages.			A sniffer is a software tool for auditing and identifying network traffic packets.		

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						NASA Software			
						Assurance STD			
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	<u>2201-93</u>		IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information Security Terms	/Goddard	National IA	Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	Glossary	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
			"acquisition" means						
			the acquiring of						
			software						
			development						
			services or software						
			products whether by						
			contract or by other						
			means, e.g.,						
			downloading open						
			source software						
			from the Internet.						
			For the U.S. Federal						
			government, also						
			see the FAR Subpart						
			2.101(b)(2) definition						
			of acquisition. In						
			addition, for						
			purposes of this						
			document,						
			"acquisition" applies						
			to functions across						
			the entire acquisition						
			framework and the						
			software						
			development life						
			cycle, including						
	To obtain software		development,						
	development services or		integration, testing,						
	software products whether by		operations,						
	contract or by other means		maintenance and						
Software	(e.g., downloading open source		disposition, as well						
Acquisition	software from the internet, etc.)		as the						
лецизноп	solume in the internet, etc.)								

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	National IA	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Software Architecture	A design that assigns and portrays roles and behavior among all IT assets.	Modified Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)_	related roles and behaviors must be	Should include countermeasures to compensate for vulnerabilities or inadequate assurance in individual components or intercomponent interfaces.					
Software Assurance	ModifyCNSSI 4009- The level of confidence that software is free of vulnerabilities, either intentionally or unintentionally designed or inserted during software development and/or the entire software lifecycle.	CNSSI 4009	Refers to the assurance of any property or functionality of software.			The planned and systematic set of activities that ensures that software processes and products conform to requirements, standards, and procedures.	Level of confidence that software is free from vulnerabilities, either intentionally designed into the software or accidentally inserted at anytime during its lifecycle, and that the software functions in the intended manner.		
Software Intensive System	n								

Term Software Pedigree	Preferred Definition Background/lineage of the software being acquired.	Reference Secure Software Assurance Guide(DHS).	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS) Background/lineage of the software being acquired.	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	<u>CNSSI 4009</u> <u>National IA</u> <u>Glossary</u>	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Software Security Controls	The management, operational, and technical controls (i.e., safeguards or countermeasures) prescribed for an information system to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the system and its information. [NIST SP 800-53]	CNSSI 4009	The management, operational, and technical controls (i.e., safeguards or countermeasures) prescribed for a software information system to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the system and its information.		The management, operational, and technical controls (i.e., safeguards or countermeasures) prescribed for an information system to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the system and its information.		The management, operational, and technical controls (i.e., safeguards or countermeasures) prescribed for an information system to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the system and its information. [NIST SP 800-53]		
Spamming	Sending of bulk unsolicited messages which on receipt cause adverse effects on the availability of information system resources.	ISO/IEC FDIS 18028-1: 2006 03-31	Unsolicited bulk e- mail. Recipient who clink links to spam messages my put themselves at risk for spyware, viruses, and other malware.						

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	CNSSI 4009 National IA Glossary	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
	Programs that observe and report on users; any technology that aids in gathering information about a person or organization without their knowledge.		Any technology that aids in gathering information about a person or organization without their knowledge. Spyware is placed on a computer to secretly gather information about the user and relay it to advertisers or other interested parties.	Monitors selected system activities and reports them to a remote entity.					

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	CNSSI 4009 National IA Glossary	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Standards	An agreement among any number of organizations that defines certain characteristics, specification, or parameters related to a particular aspect of computer technology.	Dictionary of Electrical and Electronic	Standards are usually more specific statements of behavior intended to implement a policy or policies. An agreement among any number of organizations that defines certain characteristics, specification, or parameters related to a particular aspect of computer technology. [IEEE Std 100-1996, The IEEE Standard Dictionary of Electrical and Electronic Terms, 6th edition]						

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>Secure Software</u> <u>Assurance Guide</u> (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	National IA	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Subversion	Changing (process or) product so as to provide a means to compromise security;	Anderson, E. A., C. E. Irvine, and R. R. Schell. "Subversion as a threat in information warfare." Journal of Information Warfare, 3:51 - - 64, 2004.	Changing (process or) product so as to provide a means to compromise security; used to describe subversion of people (e.g. developers), subversion of machines or network nodes, subversion of software, and of other things. Substainment involves processes that continue to assure that software	When software is vulnerable to compromise.					
Sustainment			satisfies its intended purpose after initial deployment and during operations.						
	Chance of loss that is predictable under relatively stable circumstances. (fire, wind, or flood produce losses, that in the aggregate, over time can be accurately predicted despite short-term fluctuations.	Society							
System Level Profile (synonym)			S	oftware Assurance CE	K - Definitions Matrix				52

			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93	CNSSI 4009_	IEEE Sw	International
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Assurance Guide (DHS)	Software Lifecycle Guide (DHS)	Key Information Security Terms	<u>/Goddard</u> Glossary		Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	Standards Organization (ISO)
Term	Freienea Demitton	Reference			Security Terms	Glossaly	Glossaly	310 010.12-1990	organization (130)
Target of Evaluation	documentation that is the	ISO/IEC 15408-1: 2005- 10-01							An IT product or system and its associated guidance documentation that is the subject of an evaluation.ISO/IEC 15408-1: 2005-10- 01
Technical									
Specification									
	Propose to CNSSI 4009- Testing is an activity performed for evaluating product quality, and for improving it, by identifying defects and problems. The verification of behavior of a program on a finite set of test cases, suitably selected from the usually infinite executions domain, against the expected behavior. Five types of testing. Penetration, Interoperability, Acceptance, Vulnerability, and		Testing is an activity performed for evaluating product quality, and for improving it, by identifying defects and problems. Software testing consists of the dynamic verification of the behavior of a program on a finite set of test cases, suitably selected from the usually infinite executions domain, against the expected behavior.	To verify that the software does not manifest any unexpected behaviors in		Process of exercising or evaluating software by manual or automated means to demonstrate that it satisfies specified requirements or to identify differences between expected and actual			
Testing	Functionality.	Abran 2004	[Abran 2004]	execution.		results.			

			Secure Software Assurance Guide	<u>Security in the</u> Software Lifecycle	NIST Glossary of Key Information	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard		IEEE Sw Engineering Terms	International Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	Glossary	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
					Any circumstance or event with the potential to adversely impact agency operations (including mission, functions, image, or reputation), organizational assets, or individuals through an information system via unauthorized access, destruction, disclosure, modification of information, and/or denial of service. Also, the potential for a threat-source		Any circumstance or event with the potential to adversely impact an IS through unauthorized access, destruction,		A potential cause of
	A potential equal of an insident				to successfully		disclosure,		an incident that may
	A potential cause of an incident that may result in harm to a	13335-1: 2004-			exploit a particular information system		modification of data, and/or denial		result in harm to a
Threat		13335-1. 2004- 11-15			vulnerability.		of service.		system or or organization.

									1
						NASA Software			
						Assurance STD			
				Security in the	NIST Glossary of	<u>2201-93</u>		IEEE Sw	International
			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard	National IA	Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	Glossary	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
	Threat modeling is the analysis, assessment and review of audit trails and other information collected for the purpose of searching out system events that may constitute violations of system security.	CNSSI 4009	analysis through the term threat modeling, which gives coverage to vulnerability analysis which covers both	description and graphical depiction of significant threats to the software system/application being modeled. [Frank Swiderski and Window Snyder of			Threat modeling is the analysis, assessment and review of audit trails and other information collected for the purpose of searching out system events that may constitute violations of system security.		
					Either: 1) intent and method targeted at the intentional exploitation of a vulnerability; or 2)a situation and method that may accidentally trigger				
Threat Source					a vulnerability.				

						NASA Software			
			0			Assurance STD		IEEE Sw	International
			Secure Software	Security in the	NIST Glossary of	<u>2201-93</u>			
_			Assurance Guide	Software Lifecycle	Key Information	/Goddard		Engineering Terms	Standards
Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>(DHS)</u>	Guide (DHS)	Security Terms	<u>Glossary</u>	<u>Glossary</u>	STD 610.12-1990	Organization (ISO)
	Hidden software or hardware								
	mechanism used to circumvent								
	security controls. Synonymous								
Trapdoor	with backdoor.								
							Trojan horses are		
				Malicious program			programs that		
				that appears to do	Trojan horses are		contain hidden		
				something non-	self-replicating		code allowing the		
				malicious while	programs that seem		unauthorized		
				launching a separate	to have a useful		collection,		
				background process	purpose, but in		falsification, or		
			Provides remote	to perform malicious	reality has a		destruction of		Malicious program
	Malicious program that	ISO/IEC FDIS	access to a system	functions under the	different, malicious		information. Also		that masquerades
	masquerades as a benign	18043: 2006-	through a back door	privileges of a valid	purpose. Source:		see malicious		as a benign
Trojan Horse			or open port.	service.	NIST 800-61.		code.		application.
									A relationship
									between two
									elements, a set of
									activities and a
									security policy in
									which element x
									trusts element y if
									and only if x has
									confidence that y will
	A relationship between two								behave in a well
	elements, a set of activities and								defined way (with
	a security policy in which								respect to the
	element x trusts element y if								activities) that does
	and only if x has confidence		Accepting the risk						not violate the given
	that y will behave in a well		that an entity which						security
			can harm you, will						-
									policy.ISO/IEC 13888-1: 2004-06-
Truch	the activities) that does not		not do so. Bishop						
Trust	violate the given security policy.	06-01	2003						01

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	CNSSI 4009 National IA Glossary	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Trustworthiness		Bishop 2003	"An entity is trustworthy if there is sufficient credible evidence leading one to believe that the system will meet a set of give requirements." [Bishop 2003]	The software can be trusted to contain no exploitable vulnerabilities or subversive logic,	The attribute of a person or organization that provides confidence to others of the qualifications, capabilities, and reliability of that entity to perform specific tasks and fulfill assigned responsibilities. Source: SP 800-79.				
Unsystematic Risk	Chance of loss that is predictable in the aggregate because it results from difficult forces to predict. (recession, unemployment, war-related events, etc.)	Risk and Insurance Management Society Magazine							
Virus	Self-replicating, malicious code that attaches itself to an application program or other executable system component and leaves no obvious signs of its presence.	CNSSI 4009	A program or programming code that replicated by being copied or initiating its copying. A virus attaches itself to and becomes part of another executable program: delivery mechanism for malicious code or for denial of service attack.	programs, modifies them, then propagates when the	A self-replicating program that runs and spreads by modifying other programs or files. Source: 800-61.		Self-replicating, malicious code that attaches itself to an application program or other executable system component and leaves no obvious signs of its presence.		

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Secure Software Assurance Guide (DHS)	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	<u>CNSSI 4009</u> <u>National IA</u> <u>Glossary</u>	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Vulnerability	A weakness in an asset or group of assets. An asset's weakness could allow it to be exploited and harmed by one or more threats. [ISO/IEC 13335-1: 2004-11-15]	13335-1: 2004-	A weakness in software exploitable by an attacker.	Weakness in an information system, system security procedures, internal controls, or implementation that could be exploited; a characteristic of a critical infrastructure's design, implementation, or operation of that renders it susceptible to destruction or incapacitation by a threat"—when that definition is applied to software. [CNSS 4009, White House CIAO] A knowledgeable	Weakness in an information system, system security procedures, internal controls, or implementation that cold be exploited or triggered by a threat source. Source: SP 800-53.		Weakness in an IS, system security procedures, internal controls, or implementation that could be exploited.		A <i>vulnerability</i> is a weakness in an asset or group of assets. An asset's weakness could allow it to be exploited and harme d by one or more threats. ISO/IEC 13335-1: 2004-11- 15
WSDL Scan	See Directory Traversal Attack			attacker may be able to locate web services that have been removed from the pre-generated WSDL and subsequently access them.					

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Assurance Guide	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> Guide (DHS)	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	National IA	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Watermarking	[Process to] embed information into software in a manner that makes it hard to remove by an adversary without damaging	Martin, "A Survey of Anti- Tamper Technologies," Crosstalk – The Journal of Defense Software Engineering,	[Process to] embed information into software in a manner that makes it hard to						
Weakness									

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	Assurance Guide	<u>Security in the</u> <u>Software Lifecycle</u> <u>Guide (DHS)</u>	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary		IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
	A computer program that can run independently, can propagate a complete working version of itself onto other hosts on a network, and may consume computer resources		Service attack that effectively shuts	Malicious that	A self-replicating, self-propagating, self contained program that uses networking mechanisms to spread itself.		See Malicious Code- Software or firmware intended to perform an unauthorized process that will have adverse impact on the confidentiality, integrity, or		
Worm	destructively.	SANS	users.	contained.	Source: SP 800-61.		availability of an IS.		

Term	Preferred Definition	Reference	<u>Secure Software</u> <u>Assurance Guide</u> (DHS)	Software Lifecycle	NIST Glossary of Key Information Security Terms	NASA Software Assurance STD 2201-93 /Goddard Glossary	National IA	IEEE Sw Engineering Terms STD 610.12-1990	International Standards Organization (ISO)
Wrappers			libraries by intercepting calls to the legacy code and enhancing the characteristics of the legacy software	encapsulating and isolating high-risk acquired or reused software so as to prevent if from negatively affecting the security of the application in which					