# U.S. Census Bureau News 

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# THIRD QUARTER 2012 DATA FROM THE QUARTERLY FINANCIAL REPORT: U.S. MANUFACTURING, MINING, WHOLESALE TRADE, AND SELECTED SERVICE INDUSTRIES 

## After-Tax Profits and Sales, Third Quarter 2012 - Seasonally Adjusted

## Manufacturing Corporations

U.S. manufacturing corporations’ seasonally adjusted after-tax profits in the third quarter of 2012 totaled $\$ 132.5$ billion, down $\$ 13.6( \pm 0.3)$ billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 146.1$ billion recorded in the second quarter of 2012, and down $\$ 14.8( \pm 1.2)$ billion from the after-tax profits of \$147.3 billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011.

Seasonally adjusted sales for the quarter totaled $\$ 1,643.5$ billion, down $\$ 5.9( \pm 2.9)$ billion from the $\$ 1,649.4$ billion recorded in the second quarter of 2012, but not statistically different from the $\$ 1,641.6$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011.

Seasonally adjusted after-tax profits per dollar of sales were 8.1 cents for the quarter, compared with 8.9 cents for the second quarter of 2012, and 9.0 cents for the third quarter of 2011.

## Nondurable Goods Manufacturers

Nondurable goods manufacturers’ seasonally adjusted after-tax profits in the third quarter of 2012 totaled $\$ 71.0$ billion, down $\$ 7.8$ ( $\pm 0.2$ ) billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 78.8$ billion recorded in the second quarter of 2012 , and down $\$ 5.6$ ( $\pm 0.5$ ) billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 76.6$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011.

Seasonally adjusted sales for the quarter totaled $\$ 876.7$ billion, up $\$ 3.1( \pm 2.7)$ billion from the $\$ 873.6$ billion recorded in the second quarter of 2012, but down $\$ 25.0( \pm 8.6)$ billion from the $\$ 901.7$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011.

Seasonally adjusted after-tax profits per dollar of sales were 8.1 cents for the quarter, compared with 9.0 cents for the second quarter of 2012, and 8.5 cents for the third quarter of 2011.

## Durable Goods Manufacturers

Durable goods manufacturers’ seasonally adjusted after-tax profits in the third quarter of 2012 totaled $\$ 61.5$ billion, down $\$ 5.8$ ( $\pm 0.4$ ) billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 67.3$ billion recorded in the second quarter of 2012 , and down $\$ 9.2$ ( $\pm 0.9$ ) billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 70.7$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011.

Seasonally adjusted sales for the quarter totaled $\$ 766.8$ billion, down $\$ 9.0( \pm 1.8)$ billion from the $\$ 775.8$ billion recorded in the second quarter of 2012, but up $\$ 26.9$ ( $\pm 9.6$ ) billion from the $\$ 739.9$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011.

Seasonally adjusted after-tax profits per dollar of sales were 8.0 cents for the quarter, compared with 8.7 cents for the second quarter of 2012, and 9.6 cents for the third quarter of 2011.

## Manufacturing Corporations' Quarterly After-Tax Profits, 2008-2012—Seasonally Adjusted

In third quarter 2012, seasonally-adjusted after-tax profits of U.S. manufacturing corporations declined for the second consecutive quarter.


## After-Tax Profits and Sales, Third Quarter 2012 - Not Seasonally Adjusted

## Manufacturing Corporations

U.S. manufacturing corporations’ third quarter 2012 unadjusted after-tax profits totaled $\$ 134.9$ billion, down $\$ 15.6$ ( $\pm 1.2$ ) billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 150.5$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011, and down $\$ 24.0$ ( $\pm 0.3$ ) billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 158.9$ billion recorded in the second quarter of 2012.

Unadjusted sales for the third quarter of 2012 totaled $\$ 1,652.5$ billion, not statistically different from the $\$ 1,650.6$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011, but down $\$ 40.0( \pm 2.9)$ billion from second quarter 2012 sales of $\$ 1,692.4$ billion.
After-tax profits per dollar of sales were 8.2 cents for the quarter, compared with 9.1 cents for the third quarter of 2011, and 9.4 cents for the second quarter of 2012.

## Nondurable Goods Manufacturers

Nondurable goods manufacturers’ third quarter 2012 unadjusted after-tax profits totaled $\$ 73.7$ billion, down $\$ 6.0$ ( $\pm 0.5$ ) billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 79.7$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011. At the industry level, year-over-year results were mostly down. Industries reporting decreases were petroleum and coal products, down $\$ 5.2$ billion; pharmaceuticals and medicines, down $\$ 3.1$ billion; basic chemicals, resins, and synthetics, down $\$ 2.0$ billion; all other chemicals, down $\$ 1.3$ billion; plastics and rubber products, down $\$ 0.5$ billion; and paper, down $\$ 0.3$ billion. Industries reporting increases included food, up $\$ 4.5$ billion; beverage and tobacco products, up $\$ 1.3$ billion; printing and related support activities, up $\$ 0.3$ billion; and apparel and leather products, up $\$ 0.2$ billion.

Third quarter 2012 after-tax profits, at $\$ 73.7$ billion, were down $\$ 10.1$ ( $\pm 0.2$ ) billion from second quarter 2012 after-tax profits of $\$ 83.8$ billion. At the industry level, quarter-over-quarter results were mixed. Industries reporting decreases were petroleum and coal products, down $\$ 6.7$ billion; all other chemicals, down $\$ 2.6$ billion; basic chemicals, resins, and synthetics, down $\$ 2.4$ billion; plastics and rubber products, down $\$ 1.3$ billion; and pharmaceuticals and medicines, down $\$ 0.5$ billion. Industries reporting increases were food, up $\$ 1.2$ billion; beverage and tobacco products, up $\$ 1.0$ billion; apparel and leather products, up $\$ 0.5$ billion; paper, up $\$ 0.3$ billion; textile mills and textile products mills, up $\$ 0.1$ billion; and printing and related support activities, up $\$ 0.1$ billion.

Unadjusted sales for the third quarter of 2012 totaled $\$ 881.9$ billion, down $\$ 25.2$ ( $\pm 8.6$ ) billion from the $\$ 907.2$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011, and down $\$ 15.6$ ( $\pm 2.7$ ) billion from second quarter 2012 sales of $\$ 897.5$ billion.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales were 8.4 cents for the quarter, compared with 8.8 cents for the third quarter of 2011, and 9.3 cents for the second quarter of 2012.

## Durable Goods Manufacturers

Durable goods manufacturers' third quarter 2012 unadjusted after-tax profits totaled $\$ 61.2$ billion, down $\$ 9.6$ ( $\pm 0.9$ ) billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 70.8$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011. At the industry level, year-over-year results were mixed. Industries reporting decreases were computer and peripheral equipment, down $\$ 9.5$ billion; motor vehicles and parts, down $\$ 2.9$ billion; nonferrous metals, down $\$ 0.8$ billion; aerospace products and parts, down $\$ 0.5$ billion; miscellaneous manufacturing, down $\$ 0.5$ billion; and furniture and related products, down $\$ 0.4$ billion. Industries reporting increases included communications equipment, up $\$ 1.4$ billion; machinery, up $\$ 1.4$ billion; all other electronic products, up $\$ 0.5$ billion; wood products, up $\$ 0.5$ billion; iron, steel, and ferroalloys, up $\$ 0.2$ billion; electrical equipment, appliances, and components, up $\$ 0.2$ billion; nonmetallic mineral products, up $\$ 0.2$ billion; and foundries, up $\$ 0.1$ billion.

Third quarter 2012 after-tax profits, at $\$ 61.2$ billion, were down $\$ 13.9( \pm 0.4)$ billion from second quarter 2012 after-tax profits of $\$ 75.1$ billion. At the industry level, quarter-over-quarter results were mostly down. Industries reporting decreases included computer and peripheral equipment, down $\$ 11.6$ billion; motor vehicles and parts, down $\$ 3.6$ billion; fabricated metal products, down $\$ 1.0$ billion; machinery, down $\$ 1.0$ billion; aerospace products and parts, down $\$ 0.5$ billion; nonferrous metals, down $\$ 0.3$ billion; electrical equipment, appliances, and components, down $\$ 0.2$ billion; iron, steel, and ferroalloys, down $\$ 0.2$ billion; and foundries, down $\$ 0.1$ billion. Industries reporting increases included miscellaneous manufacturing, up $\$ 3.4$ billion; communications equipment, up $\$ 0.7$ billion; nonmetallic mineral products, up $\$ 0.4$ billion; and wood products, up $\$ 0.1$ billion.

Unadjusted sales for the third quarter of 2012 totaled $\$ 770.5$ billion, up $\$ 27.1$ ( $\pm 9.6$ ) billion from the $\$ 743.4$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011, but down $\$ 24.4$ ( $\pm 1.8$ ) billion from second quarter 2012 sales of $\$ 794.9$ billion.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales were 8.0 cents for the quarter, compared with 9.5 cents for the third quarter of 2011, and 9.5 cents for the second quarter of 2012.

## Mining Corporations

Third quarter 2012 unadjusted after-tax profits for mining corporations with assets of $\$ 50$ million and over totaled $\$ 1.1$ billion, down $\$ 15.3$ ( $\pm 0.1$ ) billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 16.4$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011, and down $\$ 5.9( \pm 0.1)$ billion from after-tax profits of $\$ 6.9$ billion recorded in second quarter 2012.

Unadjusted sales for the third quarter of 2012 totaled $\$ 75.9$ billion, up $\$ 7.7$ ( $\pm 1.3$ ) billion from the $\$ 68.2$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011, and up $\$ 3.8$ ( $\pm 0.5$ ) billion from second quarter 2012 sales of $\$ 72.1$ billion.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales were 1.4 cents for the quarter, compared with 24.0 cents for the third quarter of 2011, and 9.6 cents for the second quarter of 2012.

## Wholesale Trade Corporations

Third quarter 2012 unadjusted after-tax profits for wholesale trade corporations with assets of $\$ 50$ million and over totaled $\$ 9.6$ billion, not statistically different from the after-tax profits of $\$ 9.3$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011, but down $\$ 1.5$ ( $\pm 0.1$ ) billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 11.1$ billion recorded in second quarter 2012 .

Unadjusted sales for the third quarter of 2012 totaled $\$ 553.2$ billion, up $\$ 21.8$ ( $\pm 7.3$ ) billion from the $\$ 531.5$ billion recorded in third quarter 2011, but not statistically different from second quarter 2012 sales of $\$ 554.3$ billion.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales were 1.7 cents for the quarter, not statistically different from the 1.8 cents recorded in the third quarter of 2011, and 2.0 cents for the second quarter of 2012.

## Durable Goods Wholesalers

Durable goods wholesalers' third quarter 2012 unadjusted after-tax profits for corporations with assets of $\$ 50$ million and over totaled $\$ 5.3$ billion, down $\$ 0.6( \pm 0.3)$ billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 5.9$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011, and down $\$ 0.9$ ( $\pm 0.1$ ) billion from second quarter 2012 after-tax profits of $\$ 6.3$ billion.

Unadjusted sales for the third quarter of 2012 totaled $\$ 249.6$ billion, up $\$ 15.3$ ( $\pm 10.1$ ) billion from the $\$ 234.4$ billion recorded in third quarter 2011, but not statistically different from second quarter 2012 sales of $\$ 245.9$ billion.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales were 2.1 cents for the quarter, compared with 2.5 cents for the third quarter of 2011, and 2.5 cents for the second quarter of 2012.

## Nondurable Goods Wholesalers

Nondurable goods wholesalers' third quarter 2012 unadjusted after-tax profits for corporations with assets of \$50 million and over totaled $\$ 4.3$ billion, up $\$ 0.8$ ( $\pm 0.1$ ) billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 3.5$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011, but down $\$ 0.6$ ( $\pm 0.0$ ) billion from second quarter 2012 after-tax profits of $\$ 4.8$ billion.

Unadjusted sales for the third quarter of 2012 at $\$ 303.6$ billion, were not statistically different from the $\$ 297.1$ billion recorded in third quarter 2011, but down $\$ 4.8$ ( $\pm 2.7$ ) billion from second quarter 2012 sales of $\$ 308.4$ billion.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales were 1.4 cents for the quarter, compared with 1.2 cents for the third quarter of 2011, and 1.6 cents for the second quarter of 2012.

## Information Corporations

Third quarter 2012 unadjusted after-tax profits for information corporations with assets of $\$ 50$ million and over totaled $\$ 25.0$ billion, down $\$ 1.6$ ( $\pm 0.2$ ) billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 26.7$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011 . At the industry level, year-over-year results were mixed. Industries reporting decreases were telecommunications, down $\$ 5.9$ billion; and publishing industries, except internet, down $\$ 0.9$ billion. Industries reporting increases included broadcasting, except internet, up $\$ 3.5$ billion; and all other information, up $\$ 1.7$ billion.

Third quarter 2012 after-tax profits, at $\$ 25.0$ billion, were down $\$ 1.7$ ( $\pm 0.1$ ) billion from second quarter 2012 after-tax profits of $\$ 26.7$ billion. At the industry level, quarter-over-quarter results were mixed. One industry reported a decrease, telecommunications, down $\$ 6.8$ billion. Industries reporting increases were publishing industries, except internet, up $\$ 2.0$ billion; broadcasting, except internet, up $\$ 1.4$ billion; all other information, up $\$ 1.3$ billion; and motion picture and sound recording industries, up $\$ 0.4$ billion.
Unadjusted sales for the third quarter of 2012 totaled $\$ 242.9$ billion, up $\$ 8.5$ ( $\pm 0.6$ ) billion from the $\$ 234.4$ billion recorded in third quarter 2011, but not statistically different from second quarter 2012 sales of $\$ 243.6$ billion.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales were 10.3 cents for the quarter, compared with 11.4 cents for the third quarter of 2011, and 11.0 cents for the second quarter of 2012.

## Professional and Technical Services Corporations (except Legal Services)

Third quarter 2012 unadjusted after-tax profits for professional and technical services corporations (except legal services) with assets of $\$ 50$ million and over totaled $\$ 6.3$ billion, up $\$ 2.1$ ( $\pm 0.1$ ) billion from the after-tax profits of $\$ 4.2$ billion recorded in the third quarter of 2011. At the industry level, year-over-year results were mixed. Industries reporting increases were computer systems design and related services, up $\$ 2.9$ billion; and all other professional and technical services, up $\$ 0.3$ billion. Industries reporting decreases were scientific research and development services, down $\$ 0.6$ billion; and management and technical consulting services, down $\$ 0.5$ billion.

Third quarter 2012 after-tax profits, at $\$ 6.3$ billion, were down $\$ 0.3( \pm 0.1)$ billion from second quarter 2012 after-tax profits of $\$ 6.6$ billion. At the industry level, quarter-over-quarter results were mixed. One industry reported a decrease, all other professional and technical services, down $\$ 1.7$ billion. Industries reporting increases were management and technical consulting services, up $\$ 1.2$ billion; and scientific research and development services, up $\$ 0.2$ billion.
Unadjusted sales for the third quarter of 2012 totaled $\$ 107.6$ billion, up $\$ 4.3( \pm 3.4)$ billion from the $\$ 103.3$ billion recorded in third quarter 2011, but down $\$ 2.0$ ( $\pm 0.9$ ) billion from second quarter 2012 sales of $\$ 109.6$ billion.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales were 5.9 cents for the quarter, compared with 4.1 cents for the third quarter of 2011, and 6.0 cents for the second quarter of 2012.

## ACCESS TO QFR DATA

This press release can be viewed today in portable document format (.pdf) at our QFR internet website http://www.census.gov/econ/qfr/index.html. Data in the release are drawn from a more comprehensive data set published in the Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, Trade, and Selected Service Industries - Third Quarter 2012 (QFR/12-Q3). This quarterly publication is available for downloading at our QFR internet website. The quarterly publication includes summary statements of income and retained earnings, balance sheets, and related financial and operating ratios for manufacturing, mining, trade, and selected service industries. Data presented are classified by industry and asset size.

## RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

Estimates of change presented in this press release are calculated using unrounded data. The calculated difference is then rounded to the nearest unit of measure. Due to this rounding, differences may not add to the totals. The same applies to the calculated confidence intervals. A difference of $\$ 0.0$ billion indicates the difference is less than $\$ 0.05$ billion. A confidence interval of $\pm 0.0$ billion indicates a confidence interval with width of less then $\pm 0.05$ billion on each side of the estimated value.

Data in this press release are based on quarterly financial reports from approximately 11,000 U.S. corporations. The data are estimated from a sample survey and are subject to sampling and nonsampling errors.

Sampling error occurs because only a subset of the entire population is measured. Estimates of sampling error can be computed based on the sample and used to construct confidence intervals around the estimates. Statements of change appearing in this report include 90 percent confidence intervals. Thus, a statement in the report such as "up $\$ 2.5( \pm 0.2)$ billion" estimates the interval ( $+\$ 2.3$ billion to $+\$ 2.7$ billion) within which the actual value is likely to fall in 90 percent of samples of the same size and design, drawn from the same population. If the range of estimated change contains zero ( 0 ), then it is uncertain whether there is an increase or decrease; that is, the change is not statistically different from zero (0). For any comparison cited in the text without a confidence interval, the change is statistically significant at the 90 percent confidence level.

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a survey, including response errors, nonresponse, and coverage errors. Although no direct measures of nonsampling error are available, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of the collection, processing, and tabulation of the data in an effort to minimize their influence. The quarterly publication, Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, Trade, and Selected Service Industries - Third Quarter 2012 (QFR/12-Q3), includes more detailed explanations of nonsampling and sampling error, and additional measures of sampling variability.

## DATA QUALITY INDICATORS

The QFR produces two indicators of data quality: the Unit Response Rate (URR) and the Total Quantity Response Rate (TQRR). The URR is defined as the percentage of sampled units (unweighted) that responded to the current quarter's survey. In determining the URR, a unit is classified as a respondent if it provided adequate information for key QFR data items. The TQRR is defined as the weighted estimated total of a key QFR data item that is either reported by a survey unit or acquired from some other information source (such as a publically available quarterly or annual report) and that is determined to be equivalent in quality to reported data. The TQRR is calculated for the QFR data items Net sales, Depreciation, Income before income taxes, and Total assets.

| Total Quantity Response Rates and Unit Response Rates ${ }^{1,2}$ <br> For Corporations in NAICS Manufacturing, Mining, Wholesale Trade, Information, and Professional and Technical Services (except Legal Services), By Sector |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Quantity Response Rate |  |  |  | Unit <br> Response Rate |
| Industry | Net sales | Depreciation | Income before income taxes | Total assets |  |
|  | (percent) |  |  |  | (percent) |
| All manufacturing . | 87.2 | 88.2 | 91.2 | 90.8 | 66.9 |
| All mining ......... | 94.2 | 92.9 | 94.1 | 95.5 | 79.6 |
| All wholesale trade | 86.0 | 82.8 | 85.5 | 84.0 | 72.9 |
| All information ................................................................................... | 96.2 | 98.0 | 97.3 | 96.6 | 78.8 |
| All professional and technical services (except legal services) .................................. | 82.0 | 87.6 | 89.4 | 89.1 | 66.1 |

${ }^{1}$ For more information, see the Introduction, Survey Methodology section, in the Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, Trade, and Selected Service Industries.
${ }^{2}$ Imputation Rate $=100 \%-$ TQRR.

| Manufacturing, Mining, Wholesale Trade and Selected Service Industries <br> Schedule of Release Dates for Calendar Year 2013 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fourth Quarter 2012 | March 25, 2013 |
| First Quarter 2013 | June 10, 2013 |
| Second Quarter 2013 | September 9, 2013 |
| Third Quarter 2013 | December 9, 2013 |

Table 1. U.S. Manufacturing Corporations - Selected Financial Data

${ }^{1}$ For information on adjustment for seasonal variation, see the Introduction, Survey Methodology section, in the Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, Trade, and Selected Service Industries, or at the QFR internet website http://www.census.gov/econ/qfr/collection.html.
${ }^{2}$ Revised.

Table 2. U.S. Manufacturing Corporations - Seasonally Adjusted Sales and Net Income After-Tax ${ }^{1}$

| Industry group and year | Sales |  |  |  | After-tax profits |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 |
|  | (million dollars) |  |  |  | (million dollars) |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 1,112,725 | 1,090,127 | 1,057,507 | 1,035,142 | 1,745 | 12,025 | 9,512 | 12,764 |
| 2002 | 1,022,244 | 1,046,172 | 1,063,634 | 1,083,448 | 26,829 | 34,351 | 39,381 | 39,482 |
| 2003 | 1,099,287 | 1,070,416 | 1,104,394 | 1,119,687 | 60,448 | 46,495 | 51,037 | 78,770 |
| 2004. | 1,179,618 | 1,218,214 | 1,245,510 | 1,289,402 | 77,896 | 83,867 | 87,218 | 98,820 |
| 2005 | 1,295,915 | 1,318,292 | 1,377,609 | 1,418,258 | 92,915 | 96,370 | 104,588 | 107,112 |
| 2006 | 1,438,885 | 1,448,859 | 1,459,941 | 1,434,539 | 123,173 | 112,818 | 121,292 | 112,792 |
| 2007 | 1,447,855 | 1,488,120 | 1,531,707 | 1,591,966 | 121,000 | 127,028 | 74,088 | 120,657 |
| 2008 | 1,612,787 | 1,680,632 | 1,672,627 | 1,405,433 | 121,137 | 99,701 | 117,856 | $(72,072)$ |
| 2009 | 1,231,887 | 1,221,739 | 1,298,427 | 1,359,046 | 37,555 | 49,466 | 93,005 | 107,054 |
| 2010 | 1,387,757 | 1,423,981 | 1,455,426 | 1,488,953 | 111,588 | 105,643 | 123,416 | 137,703 |
| 2011 | 1,574,641 | 1,614,448 | 1,641,626 | 1,654,757 | 146,767 | 151,688 | 147,323 | 148,502 |
| 2012 | 1,692,385 | 1,649,367 | 1,643,503 |  | 147,841 | 146,094 | 132,512 |  |
| All nondurable manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 505,918 | 504,722 | 488,147 | 475,081 | 30,676 | 32,579 | 26,373 | 22,514 |
| 2002 | 461,553 | 477,636 | 496,726 | 519,462 | 25,925 | 27,618 | 29,907 | 34,947 |
| 2003 | 538,706 | 512,294 | 532,607 | 530,271 | 43,129 | 32,729 | 28,534 | 44,283 |
| 2004. | 569,510 | 590,139 | 604,527 | 632,167 | 40,814 | 45,789 | 50,170 | 54,564 |
| 2005 | 634,938 | 643,773 | 691,839 | 709,740 | 55,626 | 56,407 | 61,652 | 66,423 |
| 2006 | 715,744 | 720,080 | 729,499 | 707,331 | 68,409 | 70,469 | 72,033 | 66,515 |
| 2007 | 709,531 | 747,175 | 764,446 | 823,148 | 70,060 | 73,014 | 67,309 | 73,041 |
| 2008 | 848,574 | 920,346 | 916,015 | 716,519 | 73,062 | 75,364 | 83,707 | $(8,926)$ |
| 2009 | 629,148 | 644,483 | 687,179 | 722,426 | 44,616 | 53,382 | 61,723 | 72,245 |
| 2010 | 743,130 | 752,380 | 761,943 | 791,473 | 63,055 | 47,484 | 63,540 | 71,608 |
| 2011 | 858,826 | 899,755 | 901,713 | 896,814 | 78,274 | 84,003 | 76,628 | 71,189 |
| 2012 | 914,287 | 873,603 | 876,738 |  | 76,843 | 78,826 | 71,008 |  |
| All durable manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 606,807 | 585,405 | 569,360 | 560,061 | $(28,931)$ | $(20,554)$ | $(16,861)$ | $(9,750)$ |
| 2002 | 560,691 | 568,536 | 566,908 | 563,986 | 904 | 6,733 | 9,474 | 4,535 |
| 2003 | 560,581 | 558,122 | 571,787 | 589,416 | 17,319 | 13,766 | 22,503 | 34,487 |
| 2004. | 610,108 | 628,075 | 640,983 | 657,235 | 37,082 | 38,078 | 37,048 | 44,256 |
| 2005 | 660,977 | 674,519 | 685,770 | 708,518 | 37,289 | 39,963 | 42,936 | 40,689 |
| 2006 | 723,141 | 728,779 | 730,442 | 727,208 | 54,764 | 42,349 | 49,259 | 46,277 |
| 2007 | 738,324 | 740,945 | 767,261 | 768,818 | 50,940 | 54,014 | 6,779 | 47,616 |
| 2008 | 764,213 | 760,286 | 756,612 | 688,914 | 48,075 | 24,337 | 34,149 | $(63,146)$ |
| 2009 | 602,739 | 577,256 | 611,248 | 636,620 | $(7,061)$ | $(3,916)$ | 31,282 | 34,809 |
| 2010 | 644,627 | 671,601 | 693,483 | 697,480 | 48,533 | 58,159 | 59,876 | 66,095 |
| 2011 | 715,815 | 714,693 | 739,913 | 757,943 | 68,493 | 67,685 | 70,695 | 77,313 |
| 2012 | 778,098 | 775,764 | 766,765 |  | 70,998 | 67,268 | 61,504 |  |

[^0]Table 3. U.S. Manufacturing, Mining, Wholesale Trade, and Selected Service Industries Not Seasonally Adjusted Sales and Profits

|  | Sales |  |  | Operating profits ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | After-tax profits |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3 \mathrm{Q} \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 2Q } \\ 2012^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3 Q \\ 2011^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3 Q \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2 \mathrm{Q} \\ 2012^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 3Q } \\ 2011^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3 Q \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 2Q } \\ 2012^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3 \mathrm{Q} \\ 2011^{2} \end{gathered}$ |
|  | (million dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing ${ }^{3}$ | 1,652,455 | 1,692,432 | 1,650,561 | 130,676 | 140,392 | 132,609 | 134,919 | 158,923 | 150,494 |
| All nondurable manufacturing. | 881,911 | 897,534 | 907,154 | 70,310 | 72,190 | 75,711 | 73,695 | 83,800 | 79,692 |
| Food | 162,646 | 158,717 | 157,669 | 11,786 | 10,403 | 9,703 | 7,770 | 6,559 | 3,305 |
| Beverage and tobacco products | 45,204 | 45,328 | 44,378 | 9,685 | 9,243 | 9,370 | 9,920 | 8,872 | 8,579 |
| Textile mills and textile product mills | 9,652 | 9,793 | 9,877 | 645 | 545 | 443 | 521 | 394 | 386 |
| Apparel and leather products | 23,603 | 22,151 | 24,017 | 2,259 | 1,904 | 2,253 | 2,301 | 1,803 | 2,114 |
| Paper | 32,388 | 32,118 | 33,623 | 2,624 | 2,077 | 2,365 | 1,682 | 1,362 | 2,023 |
| Printing and related support activities | 16,931 | 16,722 | 16,481 | 1,368 | 1,359 | 1,251 | 1,199 | 1,080 | 923 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 339,132 | 342,687 | 361,134 | 14,025 | 12,121 | 17,198 | 22,794 | 29,490 | 27,972 |
| Chemicals | 205,280 | 221,197 | 212,781 | 23,916 | 30,188 | 30,087 | 25,736 | 31,212 | 32,146 |
| Basic chemicals, resins, and synthetics ${ }^{4}$ | 67,274 | 73,703 | 72,576 | 4,738 | 6,284 | 5,090 | 3,360 | 5,743 | 5,386 |
| Pharmaceuticals and medicines ${ }^{4}$ | 82,312 | 84,767 | 84,402 | 12,621 | 15,215 | 17,640 | 15,991 | 16,448 | 19,086 |
| All other chemicals ${ }^{4}$ | 55,693 | 62,727 | 55,803 | 6,556 | 8,689 | 7,357 | 6,385 | 9,022 | 7,675 |
| Plastics and rubber products | 47,074 | 48,821 | 47,192 | 4,002 | 4,350 | 3,042 | 1,772 | 3,027 | 2,243 |
| All durable manufacturing | 770,545 | 794,897 | 743,407 | 60,365 | 68,201 | 56,898 | 61,224 | 75,123 | 70,802 |
| Wood products | 18,374 | 18,297 | 16,476 | 986 | 1,298 | 823 | 848 | 706 | 379 |
| Nonmetallic mineral products | 28,397 | 27,292 | 27,783 | 2,466 | 2,065 | 2,201 | 2,250 | 1,830 | 2,099 |
| Primary metals | 58,890 | 63,413 | 63,616 | 3,738 | 4,859 | 4,341 | 3,179 | 3,791 | 3,582 |
| Iron, steel, and ferroalloys ${ }^{4}$ | 31,237 | 34,564 | 33,226 | 1,487 | 2,402 | 1,661 | 945 | 1,099 | 713 |
| Nonferrous metals ${ }^{4}$.. | 22,268 | 23,040 | 25,170 | 1,550 | 1,589 | 2,054 | 1,674 | 1,992 | 2,426 |
| Foundries ${ }^{4}$ | 5,385 | 5,808 | 5,220 | 701 | 869 | 626 | 559 | 700 | 444 |
| Fabricated metal products | 75,122 | 77,350 | 71,714 | 6,996 | 8,054 | 6,780 | 6,075 | 7,080 | 5,823 |
| Machinery | 108,967 | 112,223 | 102,481 | 10,344 | 11,690 | 8,822 | 10,307 | 11,275 | 8,874 |
| Computer and electronic products | 147,764 | 149,538 | 150,038 | 13,661 | 14,840 | 11,692 | 15,617 | 26,291 | 23,142 |
| Computer and peripheral equipment ${ }^{4}$ | 47,946 | 48,793 | 46,157 | 5,933 | 6,409 | 4,296 | 1,431 | 12,992 | 10,903 |
| Communications equipment ${ }^{4}$.. | 30,828 | 31,020 | 33,143 | 3,459 | 3,891 | 1,248 | 4,865 | 4,185 | 3,429 |
| All other electronic products ${ }^{4} \ldots \ldots . \ldots \ldots . . . . .$. | 68,990 | 69,725 | 70,738 | 4,270 | 4,541 | 6,148 | 9,322 | 9,114 | 8,810 |
| Electrical equipment, appliances, and components | 45,724 | 46,472 | 43,777 | 3,459 | 3,772 | 2,881 | 5,196 | 5,353 | 5,016 |
| Transportation equipment ......................... | 232,881 | 245,982 | 214,571 | 13,684 | 16,463 | 14,622 | 12,369 | 16,743 | 15,676 |
| Motor vehicles and parts ${ }^{4}$. | 150,026 | 161,886 | 135,429 | 5,877 | 7,599 | 5,549 | 5,977 | 9,575 | 8,921 |
| Aerospace products and parts ${ }^{4} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. | 66,595 | 67,391 | 64,446 | 6,084 | 6,859 | 7,306 | 5,190 | 5,713 | 5,716 |
| Furniture and related products ................... | 15,841 | 15,063 | 14,975 | 980 | 883 | 957 | 665 | 715 | 1,015 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ....................... | 38,585 | 39,267 | 37,977 | 4,051 | 4,278 | 3,777 | 4,717 | 1,338 | 5,196 |
| All mining ${ }^{3}$ | 75,915 | 72,069 | 68,216 | 11,668 | 9,292 | 16,943 | 1,070 | 6,936 | 16,400 |
| All wholesale trade ${ }^{3}$. | 553,244 | 554,263 | 531,469 | 14,859 | 15,467 | 13,714 | 9,568 | 11,076 | 9,347 |
| Wholesale trade, durable goods | 249,648 | 245,850 | 234,381 | 7,497 | 8,356 | 7,719 | 5,305 | 6,250 | 5,856 |
| Wholesale trade, nondurable goods ................ | 303,596 | 308,413 | 297,088 | 7,362 | 7,110 | 5,995 | 4,263 | 4,826 | 3,491 |
| All information ${ }^{3}$. | 242,939 | 243,551 | 234,436 | 40,342 | 44,321 | 39,962 | 25,041 | 26,710 | 26,681 |
| Publishing industries, except internet............... | 46,771 | 49,318 | 47,605 | 8,919 | 11,281 | 9,552 | 10,797 | 8,764 | 11,682 |
| Motion picture and sound recording industries.... | 10,986 | 10,568 | 11,025 | 1,982 | 1,474 | 1,973 | 861 | 491 | 880 |
| Broadcasting, except internet...................... | 27,877 | 28,078 | 27,386 | 6,304 | 6,667 | 5,627 | 6,671 | 5,299 | 3,174 |
| Telecommunications. | 132,973 | 131,200 | 128,636 | 20,362 | 22,205 | 19,661 | 1,112 | 7,902 | 6,999 |
| All other information. | 24,332 | 24,387 | 19,785 | 2,775 | 2,694 | 3,149 | 5,601 | 4,255 | 3,946 |
| All professional and technical services ${ }^{3,5} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 107,559 | 109,569 | 103,302 | 7,452 | 8,372 | 7,450 | 6,347 | 6,614 | 4,221 |
| Computer systems design and related services.... | 39,334 | 39,180 | 38,041 | 3,858 | 3,719 | 3,466 | 5,142 | 5,103 | 2,283 |
| Management and technical consulting services.... | 17,173 | 17,816 | 16,474 | 968 | 617 | 1,058 | 525 | (683) | 977 |
| Scientific research and development services..... | 9,443 | 10,038 | 10,099 | (506) | (506) | 192 | (843) | $(1,037)$ | (277) |
| All other professional and technical services.... | 41,609 | 42,535 | 38,689 | 3,132 | 4,542 | 2,734 | 1,523 | 3,230 | 1,237 |

[^1]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ For information on adjustment for seasonal variation, see the Introduction, Survey Methodology section, in the Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, Trade, and Selected Service Industries, or at the QFR internet website http://www.census.gov/econ/qfr/collection.html.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Operating profits are profits before nonoperating income, expense items, and income taxes.
    ${ }^{2}$ Revised.
    ${ }^{3}$ Manufacturing data are the quarterly results of companies within that division with total assets of $\$ 250$ thousand and over at the time of sample selection; whereas, data for mining, wholesale trade, information, and professional and technical services corporations (except legal services), represent the quarterly results of companies with total assets of $\$ 50$ million and over at the time of sample selection.
    ${ }^{4}$ Included in major industry above.
    ${ }^{5}$ Except legal services.

