## U.S. Census Bureau News

U.S. Department of Commerce • Washington, D.C. 20233



CB09-FFSE.01 March 24, 2009 PDF version

\*Special Edition\*

# Indianapolis Motor Speedway 100th Anniversary

Needing a test facility for Indianapolis' burgeoning automobile industry, Carl Fisher and three other investors purchased 325 acres in 1909. They built a 2.5-mile racetrack and dubbed it Indianapolis Motor Speedway. "The Brickyard" — a nickname coming



about later that year when 3.2 million bricks were used to pave the track — is the world's largest sports venue with the ability to accommodate

about 400,000 spectators. One hundred years after the first of more than 300 races at the speedway, it remains home of the world-famous Indianapolis 500, as well as NASCAR's Brickyard 400, and some motorcycle and Formula One events. The 93rd Indy 500 on May 24, 2009, is being billed as the first race

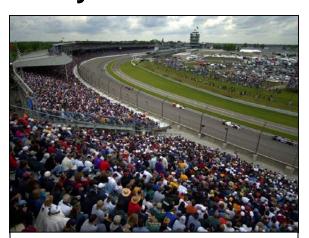


Photo courtesy of Indianapolis Motor Speedway About 400,000 spectators are expected at this year's Indy 500 at Indianapolis Motor Speedway, the 100<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the track's creation.

in the track's "Centennial Era" of 2009-2011. To commemorate this automotive milestone, the Census Bureau has compiled a collection of facts and figures relating to our nation, Indiana and Indianapolis during the past 100 years.

## **How Times Have Changed**

## **National Population**

**1909:** 90 million **2009:** 306 million

Source: National population estimates

<a href="http://www.census.gov/popest/archives/1990s/popclockest.txt">http://www.census.gov/popest/archives/1990s/popclockest.txt</a>

USCENSUSBUREAU

Helping You Make Informed Decisions

## **Global Population**

**1909:** 1.7 billion **2009:** 6.8 billion

Source: International database <a href="http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/idb/worldpop.html/">http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/idb/worldpop.html/</a>

## Median Age of the U.S.

## **Population**

**1909:** 24.1

**2009:** 36.8 (projected)

Source: Median Age of the Population:

1820 to 2000

<a href="http://www.census.gov/population/cen2000/phc-t9/tab07.txt">http://www.census.gov/population/cen2000/phc-t9/tab07.txt</a> and American FactFinder <a href="http://www.census.gov/">http://www.census.gov/population/cen2000/phc-t9/tab07.txt</a> and American FactFinder <a href="http://www.census.gov/">http://www.census.gov/</a>

## **Average Price of a New Home**

**1909:** \$2,650

**2009:** \$258,000 (as of March 2009)

Source: New residential sales <a href="http://www.census.gov/const/">http://www.census.gov/const/</a>

newressales.xls>



Photo courtesy of Indianapolis Motor Speedway The original tar and crushed rock surface proved to be too dangerous, so the track was covered with 3.2 million paving bricks in the fall of 1909.

#### Price of a New Car

**1909:** \$1,280 **2009:** \$28.715

Source: National Automotive Dealers Association <a href="http://www.nada.org">http://www.nada.org</a>

### Price of a Gallon of Gas

**1909:** 6 cents (regular leaded)

**2009:** \$2.31 (regular unleaded as of May 18) Source: Energy Information Administration

<a href="http://www.eia.doe.gov/oil\_gas/petroleum/data\_publications/wrgp/mogas\_home\_page.html">http://www.eia.doe.gov/oil\_gas/petroleum/data\_publications/wrgp/mogas\_home\_page.html</a>

## **Median Age of First Marriage**

1909: Men, 25.1; women, 21.6

**2009:** Men, 27.4; women, 25.6 (as of 2008)

Source: Current Population Survey

<a href="http://www.census.gov/population/socdemo/hh-fam/ms2.xls">http://www.census.gov/population/socdemo/hh-fam/ms2.xls</a>

## **Most Popular Baby Names**

1909: John and Mary

**2009:** Jacob and Emma (as of 2008) Source: Social Security Administration

<a href="http://www.ssa.gov/OACT/babynames/index.html">http://www.ssa.gov/OACT/babynames/index.html</a>

## **Indianapolis**

## 233,650

The population of Indianapolis from the 1910 Census, making it the nation's 22nd largest city at that time.

Source: Population of the 100 Largest

Urban Places: 1910

<a href="http://www.census.gov/population/www/documentation/twps0027/tab14.txt">http://www.census.gov/population/www/documentation/twps0027/tab14.txt</a>

## 795,458

The July 1, 2007, estimated population of Indianapolis, making it the nation's 14th largest city. The 2009 Indy 500 raceday attendance at Indianapolis Motor

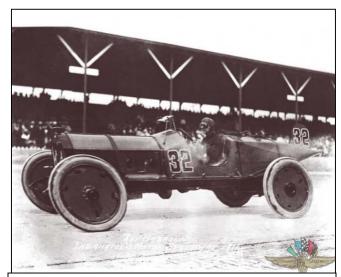


Photo courtesy of Indianapolis Motor Speedway Ray Harroun wins the first Indy 500 in 1911.

Speedway is expected to approach 400,000. If the speedway itself were a city, its population would be among the nation's top 50 on that day.

Source: Population Finder <a href="http://www.census.gov">http://www.census.gov</a>>

#### 12.4%

Percentage of Indianapolis' population in 2000 that was 65 and older. In 2007 in Indiana, 12.5 percent of the population was 65 and older, and in the nation, it was also 12.5 percent. Source: Census 2000 and 2007 American Community Survey <a href="http://www.census.gov">http://www.census.gov</a>

#### 22.1 minutes

The mean travel time to work for Indianapolis. The national mean commute time was 25.3 minutes.

Source: 2007 American Community Survey at American FactFinder <a href="http://www.census.gov">http://www.census.gov</a>

## Indiana

## 6,376,792

The July 1, 2008, estimated population of Indiana, up from 2,700,876 at the time of the 1910 Census.

Source: Population Finder <a href="http://www.census.gov">http://www.census.gov</a>>

#### 22.1%

Percentage of Indiana's population age 25 and over in 2007 that had at least a bachelor's degree, which is lower than the national percentage of 27.5.

Source: 2007 American Community Survey at American FactFinder <a href="http://www.census.gov">http://www.census.gov</a>

#### \$47,488

Median household income in Indiana in 2007, which is below the national figure of \$50,740. Source: 2007 American Community Survey at American FactFinder <a href="http://www.census.gov">http://www.census.gov</a>>

## 557,359

The number of workers employed in manufacturing in 2006 in Indiana, the most of any industry group. That same year there were 23,469 retail trade establishments, the most number of businesses in any industry group in the state.

Source: County Business Patterns: 2006 <a href="http://censtats.census.gov/cgi-bin/cbpnaic/cbpsect.pl">http://censtats.census.gov/cgi-bin/cbpnaic/cbpsect.pl</a>

## **Auto Racing**

#### 4.7 million

Number of adults who attended an auto racing event one or more times a month in 2007.

Source: 2009 Statistical Abstract, Table 1206

<a href="http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/tables/09s1206.xls">http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/tables/09s1206.xls</a>

## **Automobiles**

#### 743

Number of U.S. companies involved in automobile manufacturing in 1909, employing more than 85,000 people. These employees earned an average of \$680 per year. In 2007, motor vehicle manufacturing employed about 223,000 and these employees earned an average of \$29.23 an hour.

Source: 1912 Statistical Abstract, Table 132

<a href="http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/statab1901-1950.htm">http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/statab1901-1950.htm</a>

2009 Statistical Abstract, Table 612

<a href="http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/tables/09s0612.xls">http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/tables/09s0612.xls</a>

#### 11,260,000

Number of motor vehicles produced in the United States in 2006, with 4,367,000 of them being passenger cars (39 percent). In 1909, Ford produced 17,771 vehicles (all of them Model T's), followed by Buick at 14,606. Also in 1909, there were nearly a dozen automobile manufacturers based in Indianapolis and another 30 in the rest of Indiana.

Source: Bureau of Transportation Statistics

<a href="http://www.bts.gov/publications/national\_transportation\_statistics/html/table\_01\_15.html">http://www.bts.gov/publications/national\_transportation\_statistics/html/table\_01\_15.html</a>

### 244,166,000

Number of registered motor vehicles across the country in 2006. A little more than 135 million, or about 55 percent, of them were cars. In 1909, there were 312,000 registered motor vehicles — 98 percent of them cars.

Source: 2009 Statistical Abstract <a href="http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/tables/09s1056.xls">http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/tables/09s1056.xls</a> U.S. Federal Highway Administration

<a href="http://www.allcountries.org/uscensus/1027\_motor\_vehicle\_registrations.html">http://www.allcountries.org/uscensus/1027\_motor\_vehicle\_registrations.html</a>

#### 52,172

Number of automobile dealers across the country in 2006, with nearly 1.3 million employees and an annual payroll of more than \$55 billion.

Source: County Business Patterns: 2006 <a href="http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/cbpview.html">http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/cbpview.html</a>

## **RVs**

### \$13.5 billion

The projected amount spent on recreational vehicles in 2007. Thousands of spectators across the country attend motorsports events in their RVs.

Source: 2009 Statistical Abstract, Table 1210

<a href="http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/tables/09s1210.xls">http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/tables/09s1210.xls</a>

Special Editions of the U.S. Census Bureau's *Facts for Features* are issued to provide background information for lesser-known observances, anniversaries of historic events and other timely topics in the news.

**Editor's note:** The preceding data were collected from a variety of sources and may be subject to sampling variability and other sources of error. Facts for Features are customarily released about two months before an observance in order to accommodate magazine production timelines. Questions or comments should be directed to the Census Bureau's Public Information Office: telephone: 301-763-3030; fax: 301-763-3762; or e-mail: <pi@census.gov>.