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Sent: Wednesday, October 17, 2001 10:55 AM

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Subject: Comments on CRA Regulations

TheBack of the Yards Business Association believes that the Community ReinvestmentAct (CRA) has been instrumental in increasing lending and investing to ourmembers' communities and many others around the country. The regulatory changesto CRA during 1995 strengthened the law by emphasizing a bank's performance inproviding services and in making loans and investments. The results of thepositive changes to the CRA regulation in 1995 have been significant.

TheBack of the Yards community, located on Chicago's Southwest Side, has alwaysbeen a port-of-entry for immigrants working to realize the American dream. During the 1960's and '70's our communitysuffered greatly due to disinvestments. However, thanks in part to CRA, our community has experienced renewedcommercial, industrial, and housing development. We strongly encourage retaining CRA regulations as they have been to continue this investment that is vital to the rebirth of our community.

As a member of the Chicago Association of Neighborhood Development Organizations(CANDO), and from our extensive experience, we offer the following recommendations to improve CRA:

- 1) **Small business data** must include information on the race, gender, and specific revenue size of the borrower and the specificcensus tract location of the business. Small business renewals are important, but should be separated from neworiginations.
- 2) The current **definitionof "community development"** is too broad. Business development activities should meet the following criteria to beconsidered as "community development":
- affected firms are women- or minority-owned or smallbusinesses located in low- or moderate-income areas; and
- the activity of the firm is not deleterious to thecommunity (e.g., payday loan stores, liquor stores).
- 3) TheCRA procedures for **delineatingassessment areas** need to be changed if CRA is to adequately capture theactivities of banks in the rapidly evolving financial marketplace. CRA regulations must specify that a bank's CRA exam will include communities inwhich a significant portion of a bank's loans are made. Out-of-state smallbusiness lenders are creaming loan applicants, without being examined on theirfailure to address business financing needs in low- and moderate-income areasof Chicago.
- 4) Back of the Yards BusinessAssociation opposes the elimination of the **investmenttest** since low- and moderate-income communities continue to experience ashortage of equity investments for small business and other pressing economicdevelopment needs. The investment testhas been instrumental in the growth of <i style='mso-bidi-font-style:normal'>CommunityDevelopment Financial Institutions [CDFIs], including CANDO's <istyle='mso-bidi-font-style:normal'>Self Employment Loan Fund. Grants from banks have provided criticaloperating support for our organization.

 Exams should distinguish between different types ofinvestment activity, between lower- and higher-risk investments, and betweenhigher-return and lower-return investments. Investments in mortgage- andasset-backed securities should be reviewed for predatory or illegal lending practices, and banks involved in such practices should be downgraded.
- 5) CRA exams must rigorously and carefully evaluate **subprime lending**. CRA examsmust be conducted concurrently with fair lending and safety and soundness examsto ensure that lending is conducted in a non-discriminatory and non-abusive manner that is safe for the institution as well as the borrower. Lenders should be encouraged to make as many prime loans as possible since prime loans are more affordable for minority and low- and moderate-income borrowers. Significant research concludes that too many creditworthy borrowers are receiving over-priced and discriminatory subprime loans. CRA exams must provide an incentive to increase prime lending. Lenders that make both prime and subprime loans should not pass their CRA exams unless they pass the prime part of their exams.
- 6) The **service test** must be enhanced by data disclosure regarding thenumber of checking and savings accounts by income and minority level of bankcustomer and census tract. Payday lending is abusive and must not count on CRAexams. The service test must award the most points to banks that provide a highnumber of affordable services to residents of low- and moderate-incomecommunities.
- 7) The emphasis on quantitative criteria must remain inCRA exams. If the bank's "qualitative"

or "innovative"programs produce a significant number of loans, investments, and services, thebank will perform well on the quantitative criteria. Banks must not receive aninordinate amount of credit for an "innovative" program or practicethat does not produce much in terms of volume.

- 8) The CRA regulation now allows banks tochoose whether the lending, investing, or service **activities of their affiliates** will be considered on CRA exams. Westrongly urge the regulatory agencies to mandate that all lending and bankingactivities of non-depository affiliates must be included on CRA exams.
- 9) **Lowand high satisfactory ratings** should be used for overall ratings as well asratings for the lending, investment, and service test of the large bank exam. Banks should be required to submit improvement plans subject to a publiccomment period, if they have ratings of low satisfactory or below. Currently, banks are only required to submit improvement plans to their public file ifthey fail CRA exams.

Updatingthe CRA regulation must produce CRA exams that are rigorous, performance-based,more consistent, and that are able to better capture the lending, investmentand service activity of rapidly changing banks. These recommendations will lead to enhanced enforcement of CRA.

This review of the CRA regulations is so vital that we urge the regulatoryagencies to hold hearings around the country when they propose specific changesto the CRA regulation. It is vital that the federal banking agencies hear the diverse voices of America's communities as they consider a regulation that ensures that community credit needs are being met.

We also support the detailed comment letter of the <i style='mso-bidi-font-style:normal'>National Community Reinvestment Coalition and urge you to accepttheir recommendations.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

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