# Gröbner Base Based Cryptanalysis of SHA-1 

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## Wang's attack, nonlinear code and Gröbner basis



- Wang's attack can be considered as decoding problem of nonlinear code.


## Wang's attack

Outline of the attack.

- Find differential paths - characteristics (difference for subtractions modular $2^{32}$ )
- Determine certain sufficient conditions
- For randomly chosen M, apply the message modification techniques
- However, not all information is published
- How to find such differential path (disturbance vector)?
- Candidates are too many
- How to determine sufficient conditions?
- What is multi-message modification?
- Details are unpublished


## Many details are not public!!

1. How to find the differentials?
2. How to determine sufficient conditions on $a_{i}$ ?
3. What are the details of message modification technique?
=>
We have clarified 2 and 3, and partially 1

## Our Contribution:

- Developing the searching method for 'good' message differentials
- Developing the method to determine sufficient conditions
- Developing new multi-message modification technique
- Proposal of a novel message modification technique employing the Gröbner base based method


## Wang's attack and nonlinear codeIPA

- Wang's attack is decoding a nonlinear code $\left\{a_{i}, m_{i}\right\}$ in GF(2) ${ }^{32 \times 80 \times 2}$.
- Satisfying sufficient conditions
- Satisfying nonlinear relations between $a$ and $m$

$$
m_{i}=\left(m_{i-3} \oplus m_{i-8} \oplus m_{i-14} \oplus m_{i-16}\right) \lll 1
$$

for $i=16, \cdots, 79$, where $x \lll n$ denotes $n$-bit left rotation of $x$. Using expanded messages, for $i=$ $1,2, \cdots, 80$,

$$
\begin{aligned}
a_{i} & =\left(a_{i-1} \lll 5\right)+f_{i}\left(b_{i-1}, c_{i-1}, d_{i-1}\right)+e_{i-1}+m_{i-1}+k_{i} \\
b_{i} & =a_{i-1} \\
c_{i} & =b_{i-1} \lll 30 \\
d_{i} & =c_{i-1} \\
e_{i} & =d_{i-1}
\end{aligned}
$$

where initial chaining value $I V=\left(a_{0}, b_{0}, c_{0}, d_{0}, e_{0}\right)$ is $\quad(0 x 67452301,0 x e f c d a b 89,0 x 98 b a d c f e, 0 x 10325476$, $0 x c 3 d 2 e 1 f 0)$.

## How to decode nonlinear code?

- A general method
- Gröbner bases based algorithm
- Difficult to calculate Gröbner basis directly:
- System of equations is very complex
- How to decode?
- Employ Gröbner base based method
- Employ techniques of error correcting code
- Note: Nonlinear relations between a and $m$ can be linearly approximated


## Control sequence

## - Control sequence represents Gröbner base

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Control } \\ \text { sequence } \\ s_{i} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Control } \\ \text { bit } \\ b_{i} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Controlled relation $r_{i}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $s_{120}$ | $a_{16,31}$ | $m_{15,31}=1$ |
| $s_{119}$ | $a_{16,29}$ | $m_{15,29}=0$ |
| $s_{118}$ | $a_{16,28}$ | $\begin{aligned} & m_{15,28}+m_{10,28}+m_{8,29}+m_{7,29}+m_{4,28} \\ & +m_{2,28}=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| $s_{117}$ | $a_{16,27}$ | $\begin{aligned} & m_{15,27}+m_{14,25}+m_{12,28}+m_{12,26}+m_{10,28}+m_{9,27} \\ & +m_{9,25}+m_{8,29}+m_{8,28}+m_{7,28}+m_{7,27}+m_{6,26} \\ & +m_{5,28}+m_{4,26}+m_{3,25}+m_{2,28}+m_{1,25}+m_{0,28}=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| $s_{116}$ | $a_{16,26}$ | $\begin{aligned} & m_{15,26}+m_{10,28}+m_{10,26}+m_{8,28}+m_{8,27}+m_{7,27} \\ & +m_{6,29}+m_{5,27}+m_{4,26}+m_{2,27}+m_{2,26}+m_{0,27}=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| $s_{115}$ | $a_{16,25}$ | $\begin{aligned} & m_{15,25}+m_{11,28}+m_{10,27}+m_{10,25}+m_{9,28}+m_{8,27} \\ & +m_{8,26}+m_{7,26}+m_{6,29}+m_{6,28}+m_{5,26}+m_{4,25} \\ & +m_{3,28}+m_{2,28}+m_{2,26}+m_{2,25}+m_{1,28}+m_{0,28} \\ & +m_{0,26}=0 \end{aligned}$ |
| $s_{114}$ | $a_{16,24}$ | $\begin{aligned} & m_{15,24}+m_{12,28}+m_{11,27}+m_{10,26}+m_{10,24}+m_{9,28} \\ & +m_{9,27}+m_{8,29}+m_{8,26}+m_{8,25}+m_{7,25}+m_{6,29} \\ & +m_{6,28}+m_{6,27}+m_{5,25}+m_{4,28}+m_{4,24}+m_{3,28} \\ & +m_{3,27}+m_{2,27}+m_{2,25}+m_{2,24}+m_{1,28}+m_{1,27} \\ & +m_{0,27}+m_{0,25}=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| $s_{113}$ | $a_{16,23}$ | $\begin{aligned} & m_{15,23}+m_{12,28}+m_{12,27}+m_{11,26}+m_{10,25} \\ & +m_{10,23}+m_{9,27}+m_{9,26}+m_{8,28}+m_{8,25}+m_{8,24} \\ & +m_{7,29}+m_{7,24}+m_{6,28}+m_{6,27}+m_{6,26}+m_{5,24} \\ & +m_{4,27}+m_{4,23}+m_{3,27}+m_{3,26}+m_{2,26}+m_{2,24} \\ & +m_{2,23}+m_{1,27}+m_{1,26}+m_{0,26}+m_{0,24}=1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $s_{112}$ | $a_{16,22}$ | $m_{15,22}+m_{14,25}+m_{12,28}+m_{12,27}+m_{11,25}$ |

## Neutral bit

- Introduced by Biham and Chen
- Some bits do not affect relations
- Increase the probability of collision


## Semi-neutral bit

- We introduce new notion 'Semi-neutral bit'
- Change of some bits can easily be adjusted in a few steps of control sequence
- Which means that noise on semi-neutral bits can be easily decoded


## Sufficient conditions and new message modification techniques

| chaining variable | 31-24 23-16 15-8 8 - 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $a_{0}$ | 01100111010001010010001100000001 |
| $a_{1}$ | 101V--vV Y------- -------- -1-a10aa |
| $a_{2}$ | 01100vVv ------0- ----a--- 1-w00010 |
| $a_{3}$ | 0010--Vv -10---1a ------0-0aX1a0W0 |
| $a_{4}$ | 11010vv- -01----- 01aaa--- 0W10-100 |
| $a_{5}$ | 10w01aV- -1-01-aa --00100-0w--01W1 |
| $a_{6}$ | 11W-0110-a-1001-01100010 1-a111W1 |
| $a_{7}$ | w1x-1110 a1a1111--101-001 1---0-10 |
| $a_{8}$ | h0Xvvv10 0000000a a001a1-- 100X0-1h |
| $a_{9}$ | 00XVrr-V 1100010000000000 101-1-1y |
| $a_{10}$ | 0w1-rv-v 1111101111100000 00hW0-1h |
| $a_{11}$ | 1w0--V-V -------1 01111110 11x---0Y |
| $a_{12}$ | 0w1-rV-V -------- -------- -1XVa |
| $a_{13}$ | 1w0--vv- -rr----- -------- -1-qq01y |
| $a_{14}$ | 1rhhvvVh hh------ qNNNNNqN N1hhh1hh |
| $a_{15}$ | OrwhhhVh hhhh---N qNNqqNqN NNhh0hh0 |
| $a_{16}$ | W1whhhhh hhqNqNqN NNqNNqqq qWWhahhh |
| $a_{17}$ | -0------ ---------------- ----100- |
| $a_{18}$ | 1-1----- -------- -------- -----00- |
|  |  |

1, 0, a: Wang's sufficient conditions
w : adjust $\mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{i}+1, \mathrm{j}}$ so that $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{i}, \mathrm{j}}=0$
W: adjust $\mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{i}+1, \mathrm{j}}$ so that $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{i}, \mathrm{j}}=1$
v : adjust $\mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{i}, \mathrm{j}-5}$ so that $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{i}, \mathrm{j}}=0$
V : adjust $\mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{i}, \mathrm{j}-5}$ so that $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{i}, \mathrm{j}}=1$
N : semi-neutral bit

Proposal of the method to determine sufficient
conditions and new message modification technique using Gröbner basis

## New collision example of 58-step SHA-1

$M=0 x$
1ead6636 319fe59e 4ea7ddcb c7961642 0ad9523a f98f28db Oad135d0 e4d62aec 6c2da52c 3c7160b6 06ec74b2 b02d545e bdd9e466 $3 f 156319$ 4f497592 dd1506f93
$M^{\prime}=0 x$
ead6636 519fe5ac 2ea7dd88 e7961602 ead95278 998f28d9 8ad135d1 e4d62acc 6c2da52f 7c7160e4 46ec74f2 502d540c 1dd9e466 bf156359 $6 f 497593$ fd150699

- Note that the proposed method is the first fully-published method that can cryptanalyze 58-round SHA-1


## Cryptanalysis of 58-round SHA-1

- We can achieve all message conditions and 8 chaining value conditions in $17-23$ round (success probability is 0.5)
- 29 conditions remained
- > exhaustive search (2 $2^{29}$ message modification)
- Constant is practical?
- Utilization of Groebner base based method
- $2^{29}$ message modification -> $2^{8}$ message modification (symbolic computation)
- However, complexity is exactly same
- $2^{29}$ SHA-1 -> $2^{29}$ SHA-1
- Complexity can be reduced employing a suitable technique of error correcting code and Groebner basis?


## Using Groebner base based method (Algorithm 3)

| chaining <br> variable | $31-24$ | $23-16$ | $15-8$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |$\quad 8-0$

Problem to determine semi-neutral bits denoted as ' N ' is equivalent to calculating Groebner basis from algebraic equations on variable denoted as ' $q$ ' or ' N '

Calculation of Groebner basis

# A message differential of full SHA-1 slightly different from Wang's (first iteration) 

|  | $\Delta^{ \pm}{ }_{m}$ | $\Delta^{+} m$ | $\Delta^{-}{ }_{m}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $i=0$ | $a 0000003$ | 00000001 | $a 0000002$ |
| $i=1$ | 20000030 | 20000020 | 00000010 |
| $i=2$ | 60000000 | 60000000 | 00000000 |
| $i=3$ | $e 000002 a$ | 40000000 | $a 000002 a$ |
| $i=4$ | 20000043 | 20000042 | 00000001 |
| $i=5$ | $b 0000040$ | $a 0000000$ | 10000040 |
| $i=6$ | $d 0000053$ | $d 0000042$ | 00000011 |
| $i=7$ | $d 0000022$ | $d 0000000$ | 00000022 |
| $i=8$ | 20000000 | 00000000 | 20000000 |
| $i=9$ | 60000032 | 20000030 | 40000002 |
| $i=10$ | 60000043 | 60000041 | 00000002 |
| $i=11$ | 20000040 | 00000000 | 20000040 |
| $i=12$ | $e 0000042$ | $c 0000000$ | 20000042 |
| $i=13$ | 60000002 | 00000002 | 60000000 |
| $i=14$ | 80000001 | 00000001 | 80000000 |
| $i=15$ | 00000020 | 00000020 | 00000000 |
| $i=16$ | 00000003 | 00000002 | 00000001 |
| $i=17$ | 40000052 | 00000002 | 40000050 |
| $i=18$ | 40000040 | 00000000 | 40000040 |
| $i=19$ | $e 0000052$ | 00000002 | $e 0000050$ |
| $i=20$ | $a 0000000$ | 00000000 | $a 0000000$ |
| $i=21$ | 80000040 | 80000000 | 00000040 |
| $i=22$ | 20000001 | 00000001 | 20000000 |


|  | $\Delta^{ \pm}{ }_{a}$ | $\Delta^{+}{ }_{a}$ | $\Delta^{-}{ }_{a}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $i=0$ | 00000000 | 00000000 | 00000000 |
| $i=1$ | $e 0000001$ | $a 0000000$ | 40000001 |
| $i=2$ | 20000004 | 20000000 | 00000004 |
| $i=3$ | $c 07 f f f 84$ | $803 f f f 84$ | 40400000 |
| $i=4$ | $800030 e 2$ | $800010 a 0$ | 00002042 |
| $i=5$ | $084080 b 0$ | 08008020 | 00400090 |
| $i=6$ | $80003 a 00$ | $00001 a 00$ | 80002000 |
| $i=7$ | $0 f f f 8001$ | 08000001 | $07 f f 8000$ |
| $i=8$ | 00000008 | 00000008 | 00000000 |
| $i=9$ | 80000101 | 80000100 | 00000001 |
| $i=10$ | 00000002 | 00000002 | 00000000 |
| $i=11$ | 00000100 | 00000000 | 00000100 |
| $i=12$ | 00000002 | 00000002 | 00000000 |
| $i=13$ | 00000000 | 00000000 | 00000000 |
| $i=14$ | 00000000 | 00000000 | 00000000 |
| $i=15$ | 00000001 | 00000001 | 00000000 |
| $i=16$ | 00000000 | 00000000 | 00000000 |
| $i=17$ | 80000002 | 80000002 | 00000000 |
| $i=18$ | 00000002 | 00000002 | 00000000 |
| $i=19$ | 80000002 | 80000002 | 00000000 |
| $i=20$ | 00000000 | 00000000 | 00000000 |
| $i=21$ | 00000002 | 00000002 | 00000000 |
| $i=22$ | 00000000 | 00000000 | 00000000 |

# Sufficient conditions for the full SHA-1 (first iteration) 

| message <br> variable | 31-24 23-16 15-8 8 - 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $m_{0}$ | 1-1----- -------- -------- ------10 |
| $m_{1}$ | --0----- -------- -------- --01- |
| $m_{2}$ | -00----- ---------------- |
| $m_{3}$ | 101----- -------- -------- --1-1-1- |
| $m_{4}$ | --0----- -------- --------- -0----01 |
| $m_{5}$ | 0-01---- ---------------- - |
| $m_{6}$ | 00-0---- -------- -------- -0-1--01 |
| $m_{7}$ | 00-0---- -------- ---------1---1- |
| $m_{8}$ | --1----- |
| $m_{9}$ | -10----- -------- ----------00--1- |
| $m_{10}$ | -00----- -------- ---------0----10 |
| $m_{11}$ | --1----- -------- --------- - |
| $m_{12}$ | 001----- -------- -------- -1----1- |
| $m_{13}$ | -11----- -------- -------- ------0- |
| $m_{14}$ | 1------- -------- -------- -------0 |
| $m_{15}$ | -------- -------- -------- --0---- |
| $m_{16}$ | -- ------01 |
| $m_{17}$ | -1------ -------- -------- -1-1--0- |
| $m_{18}$ | -1------- --------- --------- - |
| $m_{19}$ | 111----- -------- -------- -1-1--0- |
| $m 20$ | 1-1----- -------- -------- |
| $m_{21}$ | 0------- --------- -------- -1 |
| $m_{22}$ | --1----- -------- -------- -------0 |
| $m_{23}$ | --1----- -------- --------- -11- |


| chaining <br> variable | 31-24 23-16 15-8 8 - 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $a_{0}$ | 01100111010001010010001100000001 |
| $a_{1}$ | 010----0 -0-01-0- 10-0-10- ---a0101 |
| $a_{2}$ | -100---1 0aa10a1a 01a1a011 1--a11a1 |
| $a_{3}$ | 01011--- -1000000 00000000 01--a0a1 |
| $a_{4}$ | 0-101--a ---10000 00101000 010---10 |
| $a_{5}$ | 0-0101-1 -1-11110 00111-00 10010100 |
| $a_{6}$ | 1-0a1a0a a0a1aaa- --10010- --01-0-- |
| ${ }^{a_{7}}$ | --0-0111 11111111 111-010-0-0-0110 |
| $a_{8}$ | -10---01 11110000 010-111- 1---000- |
| $a_{9}$ | 00----11 11111111 111----0 ----1-01 |
| $a_{10}$ | -11----- -------- -----a-- -1--1-0- |
| $a_{11}$ | 100----- --------- -------1 -1--0--- |
| $a_{12}$ | ------ -------- -------- -1----0- |
| $a_{13}$ | 0-------- --------- -------- -1---0-- |
| $a_{14}$ | 1------- -------- -------- -----1 |
| $a_{15}$ | -- --------- ----0--0 |
| $a_{16}$ | -1------ -------- -------- ----1-A- |
| $a_{17}$ | 00------ --------- -------- ---0-0- |
| $a_{18}$ | 1-1------ --------- -------- ----a-0- |
| $a_{19}$ | 0-b----- -------- -------- ------0- |
| $a_{20}$ | --0------ --------- -------- ----a- |
| $a_{21}$ | -b------ --------- --------- ------0- |
| $a_{22}$ | aa-- |
| $a_{23}$ | ---- -------- ------00 |

## Control sequence of full SHA-1 (first iteration)

| ctrl. seq. | control bits | controlled relation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{s} 168$ | $a_{15,8}$ | $a_{30,2}+a_{29,2}=1$ |
| $s 167$ | $\alpha_{16,6}$ | $a_{26,2}+a_{25,2}=1$ |
| ${ }^{s} 166$ | $a_{15,7}$ | $a_{25,3}+a_{24,3}=0$ |
| $s_{165}$ | $a_{13,7}$ | $a_{24,3}+a_{23,3}=0$ |
| ${ }^{s} 164$ | $\alpha_{13,9}$ | $a_{23,0}=0$ |
| ${ }^{s} 163$ | $a_{16,10}$ | $a_{22,3}+a_{21,3}=0$ |
| ${ }^{s} 162$ | $a_{16,11}$ | $a_{21,29}+a_{20,31}=0$ |
| $s_{161}$ | $\alpha_{16,8}$ | $a_{21,1}=0$ |
| ${ }^{s} 160$ | $a_{16,9}$ | $a_{20,29}=0$ |
| ${ }^{s} 159$ | $a_{15,10}$ | $a_{20,3}+a_{19,3}=0$ |
| $s 158$ | $a_{15,11}$ | $a_{19,31}=0$ |
| ${ }^{s} 157$ | $\alpha_{15,9}$ | $a_{19,29}+a_{18,31}=0$ |
| ${ }^{s} 156$ | $\alpha_{14,8}$ | $a_{19,1}=0$ |
| ${ }^{s} 155$ | $a_{14,11}$ | $a_{18,31}=1$ |
| ${ }^{s} 154$ | $a_{15,14}$ | $a_{18,29}=1$ |
| $s 153$ | $\alpha_{13,8}$ | $a_{18,1}=0$ |
| ${ }^{s} 152$ | $a_{13,11}$ | $a_{17,31}=0$ |
| $s_{151}$ | $a_{13,10}$ | $a_{17,30}=0$ |
| $s_{150}$ | $a_{13,13}$ | $a_{17,1}=0$ |
| $s 149$ | $a_{16,31}$ | $m_{15,31}=0$ |
| ${ }^{s} 148$ | $a_{16,29}$ | $m_{15,29}=1$ |
| ${ }^{s} 147$ | $a_{16,28}$ | $m_{15,28}+m_{10,28}+m_{4,28}+m_{2,28}=0$ |
| ${ }^{s} 146$ | $a_{16,27}$ | $m_{15,27}+m_{10,27}+m_{8,28}+m_{4,27}+m_{2,28}+m_{2,27}+m_{0,28}=1$ |
| ${ }^{s} 145$ | $a_{16,26}$ | $\begin{aligned} & m_{15,26}+m_{10,28}+m_{10,26}+m_{8,28}+m_{8,27}+m_{7,27}+m_{5,27}+m_{4,26}+m_{2,27}+m_{2,26}+ \\ & m_{0,27}=0 \end{aligned}$ |
| ${ }^{s} 144$ | $a_{16,25}$ | $m_{15,25}+m_{11,28}+m_{10,27}+m_{10,25}+m_{9,28}+m_{8,27}+m_{8,26}+m_{7,26}+m_{5,26}+$ $m_{4,25}+m_{3,28}+m_{2,28}+m_{2,26}+m_{2,25}+m_{1,28}+m_{0,28}+m_{0,26}=0$ |
| ${ }^{s} 143$ | ${ }^{1} 16,24$ | $\begin{aligned} & m_{15,24}+m_{12,28}+m_{11,27}+m_{10,26}+m_{10,24}+m_{9,28}+m_{9,27}+m_{8,26}+m_{8,25}+ \\ & m_{7,25}+m_{6,27}+m_{5,25}+m_{4,28}+m_{4,24}+m_{3,28}+m_{3,27}+m_{2,27}+m_{2,25}+m_{2,24}+ \\ & m_{1,28}+m_{1,27}+m_{0,27}+m_{0,25}=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| ${ }^{s} 142$ | $a_{16,23}$ | $m_{15,23}+m_{12,28}+m_{12,27}+m_{11,26}+m_{10,25}+m_{10,23}+m_{9,27}+m_{9,26}+m_{8,28}+$ $m_{8,25}+m_{8,24}+m_{7,24}+m_{7,0}+m_{6,27}+m_{6,26}+m_{5,24}+m_{4,27}+m_{4,23}+m_{3,27}+$ $m_{296}+m_{9} 96+m_{9} 94+m_{9} 92+m_{120}+m_{197}+m_{196}+m_{1}+m_{0} 96+m_{0} 94=0$ |

## Advanced sufficient conditions and semi-neutral bits of full-round SHA-1

| message variable | 31-24 23-16 15-8 8 - 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $m_{0}$ | 1-1----- -------- -------- ------10 |
| $m_{1}$ | L-0----- -------- --------- --01---- |
| $m_{2}$ | L00----- ---------------- -------L |
| $m_{3}$ | 101----- -------- -------- --1-1-1L |
| $m_{4}$ | LL0----- -------- --------- -0----01 |
| $m_{5}$ | 0L01---- -------- -------- -1-----L |
| $m_{6}$ | 00L0---- -------- -------- -0-1--01 |
| $m_{7}$ | 00-0---- -------- -------- --1L--1- |
| $m_{8}$ | L-1----- -------- -------- ----L--L |
| $m_{9}$ | L10----- -------- -------- --00-L1L |
| $m_{10}$ | L00----- -------- -------- -0LLLL10 |
| $m_{11}$ | LL1----- -------- -------- -1LLLLLL |
| $m_{12}$ | 001----- -------- -------- -1LLL-1L |
| $m_{13}$ | L11LLLLL LLLLLLLL L-L----- --LLLLOL |
| $m_{14}$ | 1LLLLLLL LLLLLLLL L-LL---- --LLLLL0 |
| $m_{15}$ | LLLLLLLL LLLLLLLL LL-L---- L-OLLLLL |
| $m_{16}$ | -----01 |
| $m_{17}$ | -1------ -------- -------- -1-1--0- |
| $m_{18}$ | -1------ -------- --------- -1------ |
| $m_{19}$ | 111----- -------- -------- -1-1--0- |
| $m_{20}$ | 1-1----- -------- -------- |
| $m_{21}$ | 0------- -------- -------- -1------ |
| $m_{22}$ | --1----- -------- -------- -------0 |
| $m_{23}$ | --1----- -------- -------- -11----- |
| $m っ \wedge$ | 1------- -------- -------- |


| chaining variable | 31-24 23-16 15-8 8-0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $a_{0}$ | 01100111010001010010001100000001 |
| $a_{1}$ | 010-FrF0 y0-01-0- 10-0-10- F-Fa0101 |
| $a_{2}$ | F100-Vv1 Oaa10a1a 01a1a011 1-wa11a1 |
| $a_{3}$ | 01011VFV -1000000 00000000 01FFa0a1 |
| $a_{4}$ | 0w101v-a y--10000 00101000 010XWF10 |
| $a_{5}$ | 0w0101y1 V1-11110 00111-00 10010100 |
| $a_{6}$ | 1w0a1a0a a0a1aaa- --10010F -W01F0Fh |
| $a_{7}$ | ww0w0111 11111111 111-010F 0w0W0110 |
| $a_{8}$ | w10wvv01 11110000 010-111F 1-Wh000F |
| $a_{9}$ | 00WV--11 11111111 111----0 ---F1F01 |
| $a_{10}$ | W11x-Vvv -------- -----a-- -1ww1h0w |
| $a_{11}$ | 100V---- -------- -------1 -1hh0hWw |
| $a_{12}$ | wwWF-v-- -------- -------- -1hhhh0h |
| $a_{13}$ | 0wW--V-- -F-F-F-- FNqNqqqq q1hhh0WW |
| $a_{14}$ | 1WWhhhhh hhhhhhhh hNhNqNNq NNhhh1wh |
| $a_{15}$ | WWwhhhhh hhhhhhhh hqhhqqqq qNwh0hh0 |
| $a_{16}$ | w1Whhhhh hhhhhhhh hhNhqqqq hqwh 1 hah |
| $a_{17}$ | 00------ -------- -------- ----0-0- |
| $a_{18}$ | 1-1----- ------------------- - - $0-$ |
| $a_{19}$ | 0-b----- --------- -------- ------0- |
| $a_{20}$ | --0----- -------- |
| $a_{21}$ | --b----- -------- -------- ------0- |
| $a_{22}$ | a |
| $a_{23}$ | ------00 |
|  | -c------ -------- |

# Cryptanalysis of full-round SHA-1 (first iteration) 

- We can achieve all message conditions and all chaining variable conditions in 17-26 round
- 64 conditions remained
- > exhaustive search (264 message modification)
- Constant is practical?
- Utilization of Groebner base based method
- $2^{64}$ message modification -> $2^{51}$ message modification (symbolic computation)
- However, total complexity is still same
- Complexity can be reduced employing a suitable technique of error correcting code and Groebner basis?

Example which satisfies sufficient conditions until 28-th round
$M=0 x$
aa740c82 9f91e819 84c3e50f a898306b 1e5b4111 1867d96b 0616ea95 014a2f32 7ae92980 d5e4d6c6 9d49d0ba 3b8087d3 32717277 edcec899 dc537498 63bca615

- The above M satisfies all message conditions of 0-80 rounds and all chaining variable conditions of 0-28 rounds


## Gröbner cryptanalysis of SHA-1

- Gröbner base based cryptanalysis (simplification of Wang's attack) of SHA-1 can be easily implemented by everyone
- Everyone can evaluate the complexity accurately
- Everyone can easily evaluate the immunity of SHA-2 against Gröbner base based attack (or Wang's attack)
- Everyone can propose new algorithms immune to our attack (or Wang's attack)


## (Near) Future Work

- Find the collision of full-round SHA-1
- Use Gröbner base based cryptanalysis
- As an improvement of Wang's attack
- Community of symbolic computation has so many good techniques
- Wang (probably) does not use such techniques e.g. iterative decoding, list decoding, Sudan algorithm, Groebner basis based method


## Question:

## Who and when will find the collision of full-round SHA-1?

- My (only personal, not public) conjecture
- Someone in the crypto community or the community of symbolic computation
- In a few years, not in 10 years as NIST considers


## Future work: Application to SHA-2

- Finding good sufficient conditions - Difficult to find?
- Hint: Sufficient conditions do not need to be linear relations on $\left\{m_{i j}\right\}$ or $\left\{a_{i j}\right\}$
- Once good sufficient conditions are determined, problems are degenerated into symbolic computation

