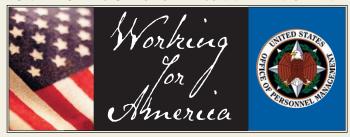


United States Office of Personnel Management

HUMAN RESOURCES LINE OF BUSINESS

BUSINESS REFERENCE MODEL VERSION 2

UNITED STATES OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT



Disclaimer: These Target Business Processes are issued solely for the purpose of describing, from end-to-end the various steps in human resource processes. The depictions in this document are in no way to be construed as an official interpretation of statutory or regulatory requirements administered by the Office of Personnel Management.

Human Resources Line of Business (HR LOB) Foreword to the Business Reference Model (BRM) version 2

In December 2004, the Office of Personnel Management published the Human Resources Line of Business (HR LOB) Business Reference Model (BRM), an end-to-end depiction of Human Resources (HR) business processes across the Federal government. The BRM is of one five Federal Enterprise Architecture (FEA) interlinked models and complies with FEA guidelines published by the Office of Management and Budget. Since its publication, the BRM has become the seminal document in Federal HR, and it continues to be used on a widespread basis across the government as the framework for the Federal HR community to manage ongoing and new initiatives.

In the autumn of 2005, forty-seven HR SMEs representing fourteen agencies participated in four days of work session to review the BRM version 1 and agree on revisions. BRM version 2 is the result of this highly successful multi-agency effort.

The revisions are summarized below:

- Renamed the HR life cycle phase "Strategize and Plan" to "Strategize, Organize and Plan"
- Transitioned from nine to ten sub-functions by dividing the sub-function "*Employee Development and Performance Management*" into two sub-functions
 - "Human Resources Development"
 - "Performance Management"
- Moved the "Organization and Position Management" sub-function into the "Strategize, Organize and Plan" HCM life cycle phase
- Re-sequenced sub-functions
- Consolidated three "Compensation Management" processes "Adopt Non-discretionary Compensation Programs," "Adopt Alternative Compensation Programs" and "Adopt Discretionary Compensation Programs" into one process "Adopt Compensation Programs"
- Refined activity definitions, inputs and outputs in the BRM dictionary

It is envisioned that with continued use and because of changes in the Federal workplace, the BRM will continue to evolve over time. The HR LOB program will facilitate collaborative cross-agency review on an annual basis to ensure the BRM continues to accurately depict the end-to-end Federal HR business processes.

Table of Contents

Introduction	1
Verification and Validation Workshop Results	2
Evolution of the Business Reference Model's Target Business Processes	6
Appendix A	10
Appendix B	70
Appendix C	137

Introduction

Enterprise architectures provide a basis for understanding commonalties across business entities and an opportunity for collaboration and sharing. The Federal Enterprise Architecture (FEA) defines the concept of enterprise architecture specific to the U.S. Federal government. It prescribes the structure, content and manner in which the architectures will be constructed. The FEA explains that architecture is a tool that enables the Federal government to identify opportunities to leverage resources and alleviate redundancy or to highlight where agency overlap limits the value of resource investments. The FEA will facilitate horizontal (cross-Federal) and vertical (Federal, State and Local Governments) integration of resources and establish the "line of sight" contribution of resources to mission and program performance.

The Business Reference Model (BRM) serves as the foundation for the FEA. By describing the Federal government around common business areas instead of a stove-piped, agency-by-agency view, the BRM promotes agency collaboration.

The Business Reference Model is one of five interlinked models of the Federal Enterprise Architecture. The other four models are:

- Performance Reference Model Standardized framework to measure the performance of major investments and their contribution to program performance.
- Data Reference Model Depiction of the data and information that support program and business line of operations.
- Service Component Reference Model Business and performance driven functional framework that classifies service components with respect to how they support business and / or performance objectives.
- Technology Reference Model Component-driven, technical framework used to identify the standards, specifications and technologies that support and enable the delivery of service components and capabilities.

The five models collectively provide a comprehensive view of how a Federal enterprise's business mission is supported or enabled by processes, information, organization and underlying information systems and technologies. The Business Reference Model defines the business processes that agencies perform to achieve their missions.

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) launched the Human Resource Line of Business (HR LOB) effort in April 2004 to build an inter-agency enterprise architecture, in compliance with the FEA, for the human resources business function. The Office of Personnel Management (OPM) was chosen to be the managing partner and 22 agencies collaborated in the effort.

The vision of the HR LOB is to provide "Government-wide, modern, cost effective, standardized and interoperable Human Resource solutions providing common core functionality to support the strategic management of Human Capital and addressing

duplicative and redundant HR systems and processes across the Federal government." To realize this vision, the HR LOB seeks to achieve the following goals and objectives:

GOALS	OBJECTIVES		
Improved Management Improve the government wide strategic management of human capital	 Faster decision making More informed policy making More effective workforce management Improved resource alignment with agency missions 		
Operational Efficiencies Achieve or increase operational efficiencies in the acquisition, development, implementation and operation of human resources management systems	 Improved servicing ratio/ response times Reduced cycle times Improved automated reporting 		
Cost Savings / Avoidance Achieve or increase cost savings/avoidance from HR solution activities	 Reduced duplicative software / hardware / operations / labor resources Increased competitive environment 		
Improved Customer Service Improve customer services	 Increased accessibility to client and value Improved communication and responsiveness Enhanced quality Enhanced timeliness Enhanced accuracy Enhanced consistency 		

Verification and Validation Workshop Results

The 22-agency Target Architecture Work group successfully produced, over a ten-week period in April through July 2004, eight deliverables including the baseline Business Reference Model deliverable. A series of workshops took place from September through December 2004 to validate the HR LOB baseline BRM process through extensive crossagency collaboration. Workshop participants:

- validated the process diagrams in detail
- devolved the sub-functions and documented processes and activities
- documented the inter-relationships between processes, sub-functions and other lines of business
- validated process definitions, inputs and outputs
- produced an end-to-end view of the HR LOB processes using the HR Life Cycle as a framework
- identified current agency process-enabling technology

In October and November, 2005, a total of 47 participants representing 14 agencies met to re-validate the HR LOB Business Reference Model. This BRM version 2 work group:

reviewed process diagrams and dictionaries for completeness and correctness

- gave consideration to recommendations received prior to the workshop
- considered the business process implications of topics that surfaced during the end-to-end walkthrough conducted December 6, 2004:
 - Senior Executive Service
 - HR as strategic partner
 - Workforce shaping

The result of the BRM version 2 re-validation workshop is an end-to-end process view of Human Resources for the Executive Branch of the U.S. Federal government. A total of 45 processes collectively form this end-to-end view. The processes are organized by subfunction in accordance with OMB's Target Architecture Requirements. The subfunctions, in turn, are organized by Human Resources Life Cycle Phase.

The ten sub-functions that were identified and organized by HR life cycle phase are depicted in Figure 1.

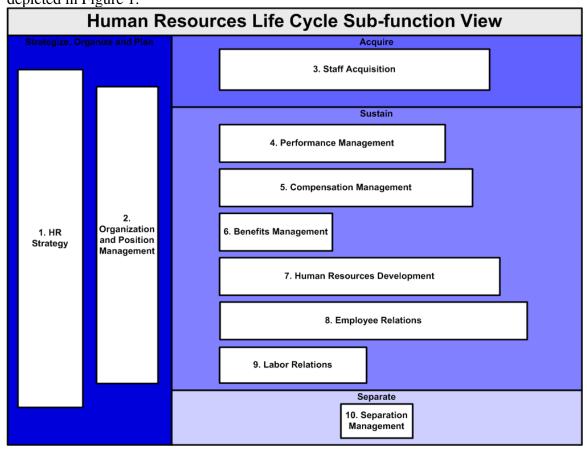


Figure 1: HR Line of Business BRM Sub-function View

The BRM Sub-functions are defined below:

- 1. HR Strategy develops effective human capital management strategies to ensure federal organizations are able to recruit, select, develop, train, and manage a high-quality, productive workforce in accordance with merit system principles. This subfunction includes: conducting both internal and external environmental scans; developing human resources and human capital strategies and plans; establishing human resources policy and practices; managing current and future workforce competencies; developing workforce plans; developing succession plans; managing the human resources budget; providing human resources and human capital consultative support; and measuring and improving human resources performance.
- **2. Organization and Position Management** designs, develops, and implements organizational and position structures that create a high-performance, competency-driven framework that both advances the agency mission and serves agency human capital needs.
- **3. Staff Acquisition** establishes procedures for recruiting and selecting high-quality, productive employees with the right skills and competencies, in accordance with merit system principles. This sub-function includes: developing a staffing strategy and plan; establishing an applicant evaluation approach; announcing the vacancy, sourcing and evaluating candidates against the competency requirements for the position; initiating pre-employment activities; and hiring employees.
- 4. Performance Management designs, develops, and implements a comprehensive performance management approach to ensure agency employees are demonstrating competencies required of their work assignments. Design, develop and implement a comprehensive performance management strategy that enables managers to make distinctions in performance and links individual performance to agency goal and mission accomplishment. This sub-function also includes managing employee performance at the individual level and evaluating the overall effectiveness of the agency's employee development approach.
- 5. Compensation Management designs, develops, and implements compensation programs that attract, retain and fairly compensate agency employees. In addition, designs, develops, and implements pay for performance compensation programs to recognize and reward high performance, with both base pay increases and performance bonus payments. This sub-function includes: developing and implementing compensation programs; administering bonus and monetary awards programs; administering pay changes; managing time, attendance, leave and pay; and managing payroll.
- **6. Benefits Management** designs, develops, and implements benefit programs that attract, retain and support current and former agency employees. This sub-function includes: establishing and communicating benefits programs; processing benefits actions; and interacting as necessary with third party benefits providers.
- 7. Human Resources Development designs, develops, and implements a comprehensive employee development approach to ensure that agency employees have the right competencies and skills for current and future work assignments. This sub-function includes conducting employee development needs assessments; designing employee development programs; administering and delivering employee

- development programs; and evaluating the overall effectiveness of the agency's employee development approach.
- **8. Employee Relations** designs, develops, and implements programs that strive to maintain an effective employer-employee relationship that balance the agency's needs against its employees' rights. This sub-function includes: addressing employee misconduct; addressing employee performance problems; managing administrative grievances; providing employee accommodation; administering employees assistance programs; participating in administrative third party proceedings; and determining candidate and applicant suitability.
- **9. Labor Relations** manages the relationship between the agency and its unions and bargaining units. This includes negotiating and administering labor contracts and collective bargaining agreements; managing negotiated grievances; and participating in negotiated third party proceedings.
- **10. Separation Management** conducts efficient and effective employee separation programs that assist employees in transitioning to non-Federal employment; facilitates the removal of unproductive, non-performing employees; and assists employees in transitioning to retirement.

Each sub-function was decomposed into its component processes. There are a total of 45 processes in the end-to-end Human Resources process view. These are depicted in Figure 2.

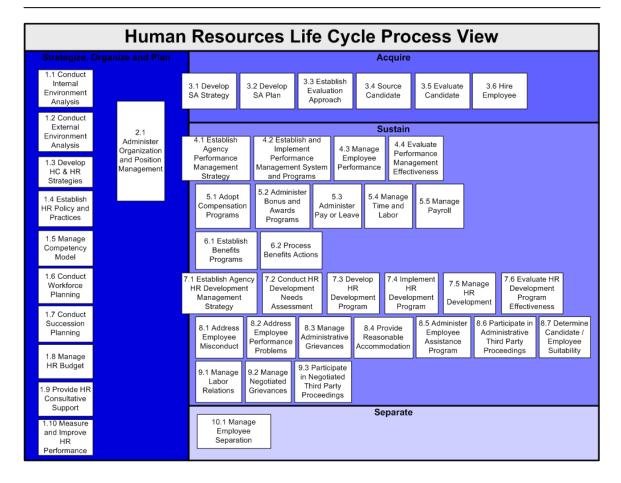


Figure 2: Human Resources Line of Business BRM End-to-End Process View

The detail underlying this view is contained in Appendices A through C.

Appendix A contains the diagrams for each of the 45 processes. Each diagram details the activities, roles, major inputs (information exchanges) required by the activity and major outputs (information exchanges or business outcomes) of the activity.

Appendix B contains the process dictionary. The dictionary defines each activity, organized by process, along with a more comprehensive listing of inputs and outputs for each activity. Roles are also noted against activities in the dictionary.

Appendix C provides a list of agencies and participants who collaborated in the BRM version 1 and version 2 work sessions.

Evolution of the Business Reference Model's Target Business Processes

The end-to-end process approach was taken for a number of important reasons. Because it depicts the HR activities business practitioners perform on a regular basis to produce business results, practitioners understand and identify with this view and are more readily drawn into the process validation and verification experience. The result is a more accurate view of the HR process.

The end-to-end process approach provides a better foundation for future HR LOB efforts. It provides the detailed business activities that will be the basis for updating the Concept of Operations and provides the structure for operational placement decisions (e.g., retain at agency or move to shared service center). Some activities will continue to be performed by agencies; other activities will be performed in the future by shared service providers; and some activities will be performed jointly by agencies and shared service providers. Additionally, the activities in this end-to-end process offer a tangible basis for identifying provider requirements: the specification of technology, process, role and service level expectations of the service providers.

BRM version 2 represents the latest iteration of government-wide HR process views. In the past 42 months, eight different views have been published as the BRM has evolved. The following outline summarizes this process evolution.

Business Reference Model version 2.0 (2002) Six Sub-functions

Did not explicitly include HR Strategy

Office of Personnel Management with Department of Homeland Security (2003)

Fifteen Sub-functions

- Began to recognize additional areas (largely at the transaction level); many seemed to be activities
- Began to break out transaction processing and "management" areas resulting in additional areas

HR Line of Business Task Force (April 2004)

Twenty-seven Sub-functions

- Recognized the Employee Life Cycle
- Identified additional transaction and "management" areas; many seemed to be activities
- Began to see some mixing between business capabilities and applications services capabilities

GOTS Response (May 2004)

Nineteen Sub-functions

Recognized the Organization Life Cycle

- Segmented into "core" (common) and "non-core" areas
- Deferred some of the earlier areas
- Began to "roll-up" / cluster related areas

Common Solutions & Target Architecture Working Group (May 2004) Twenty-eight Sub-functions

- Examined previous iterations and compared them against different perspectives
- Many seemed to be at the activity level but still needed to be analyzed and vetted
- Factored in findings from CS&TA working group sessions
- Validated, and in some cases added areas based on SME interviews
- Performed document review and analysis
- Applied EA standards and iterated
- Evaluated and identified a set of areas that align with the common solution work

Common Solutions & Target Architecture Working Group (June 2004) Ten Sub-functions

- Recognized logical groupings of seemingly related areas
- The 28 emerged as "activities" under the larger groupings with one "Execute Expense Reimbursement" proposed to be removed because it is believed to execute a Financial Management sub-function as opposed to an HR subfunction; however, HR and FM activities do interface to complete the end-to-end process
- The larger groupings became the ten HR LOB sub-functions

Verification and Validation Work Sessions (December 2004) Nine Sub-functions

- Evolved the previous result into an end-to-end process view
- Validated activities, inputs, outputs and roles
- Detail 'rolled up' to nine sub-functions rather than ten

BRM version 2 Work Sessions (October - November 2005) Ten Sub-functions

- Walked through the BRM to identify revisions and expansions to the BRM, considering recommendations that were received prior to the work session
- Agreed to divide the sub-function Employee Development and Performance into two separate sub-functions:
 - Human Resources Development
 - Performance Management

Office of Personnel Management Human Resources Line of Business Business Reference Model version 2

Increased the number of sub-functions from nine to ten

A fundamental tenet of process design is that processes get better with exposure and use. This is not meant to imply they are wrong; they merely get better over time.

The HR Line of Business Target Business Processes were widely disseminated and used throughout the past twelve months. The changes that are being published in this version are a result of this use. Thus, the version that is being published in this document is a more accurate, more complete and more coherent view of Human Resources from a process perspective than the previous incarnation. Although we can expect this evolution to slow down in coming years, we can expect it to evolve and improve even further over time, as it gets even more exposure and use.

Appendix A Process Diagrams

This Appendix contains the entire set of process diagrams for the HR Line of Business. Collectively, these diagrams provide an end-to-end view of the Human Resources discipline in the Executive Branch of the Federal Government, from a process perspective.

The processes have been developed to the architectural / planning level of detail, not to an operational / procedural level of detail. The Business Reference Model deliverable is just one of a number of inter-related Federal Enterprise Architecture components that provide a level of detail that is useful for planning and conceiving the HR LOB. The process models will be taken to greater levels of detail over time, as the new line of business is defined in more detail and detailed design takes place.

There are three types of diagrams in this Appendix.

The **Sub-function View** shows the ten HR LOB sub-functions organized by HR Life Cycle Phase. This view depicts the framework used to organize processes.

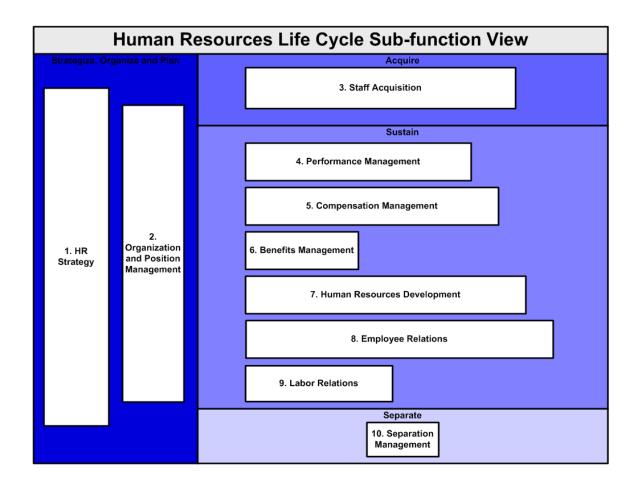
The **End-to-End Process View** shows the 45 HR LOB processes. The placement of each process on the diagram corresponds to the placement of the sub-function in which the process resides. The processes are also organized by Human Resources Life Cycle Phase. Processes are numbered 'X.Y' where X is the number of its corresponding subfunction and Y provides a relative process sequence within the sub-function.

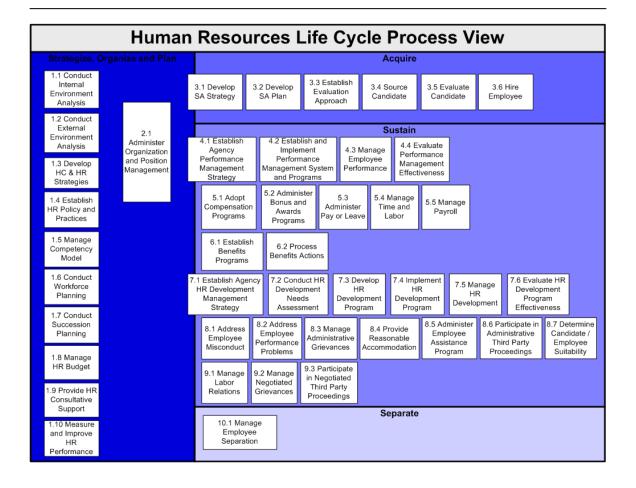
An **Activity Flow Diagram** has been developed for each process. It shows the sequence of activities that take place to produce business results. Activities represent clear, discrete actions that still allow for generality sensitive to agency variations. Activities are not mandatory: some activities may be performed only in some instances and some agencies may not perform specific activities at all. The following diagramming conventions were used:

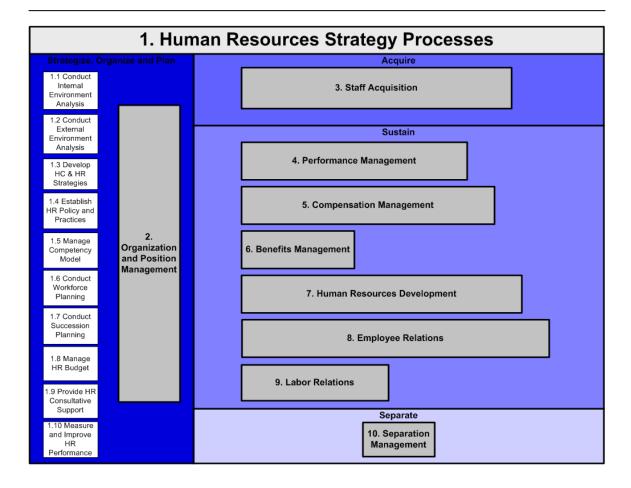
- Activities are numbered according to their relative sequence within the process.
- Some activities are grouped within a dotted-line box. This is meant to convey these activities may be performed in any sequence and / or they are iterative.
- Roles appear on the left side of the diagram and define horizontal 'lanes' across the diagram. Activities have been placed in the lanes to show the role(s) that performs each activity.
- The activities that span lanes are performed by more than one role. In some cases, both roles collaborate to perform the activity. In some cases, one role <u>or</u> the other role performs the activity. In some cases, one role <u>and / or</u> the other role perform the activity.
- Major inputs and outputs are identified along the right side of the Activity Flow Diagram. The inputs in the diagrams are a subset of all inputs and outputs. For a

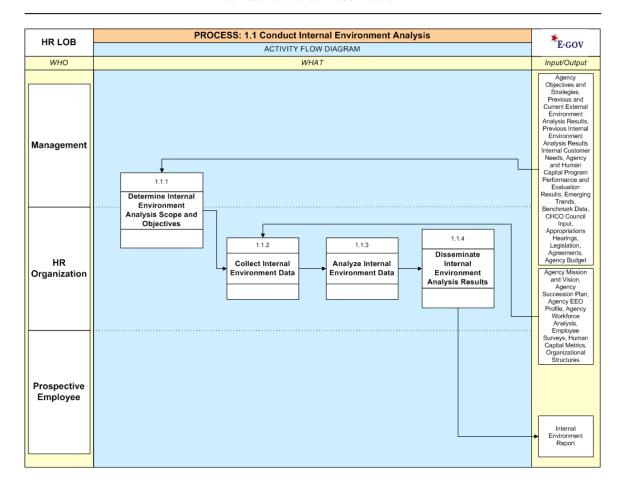
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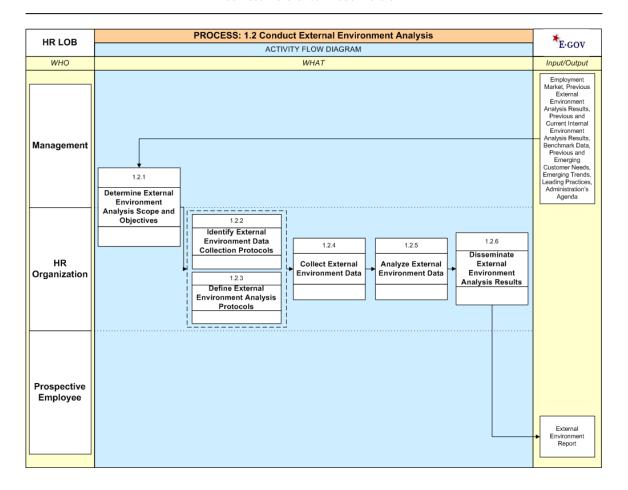
complete list of inputs and outputs for each activity please refer to the Process Dictionary in Appendix B. Inputs are the information required by the activity and outputs are the information or business outcome produced by the activity.

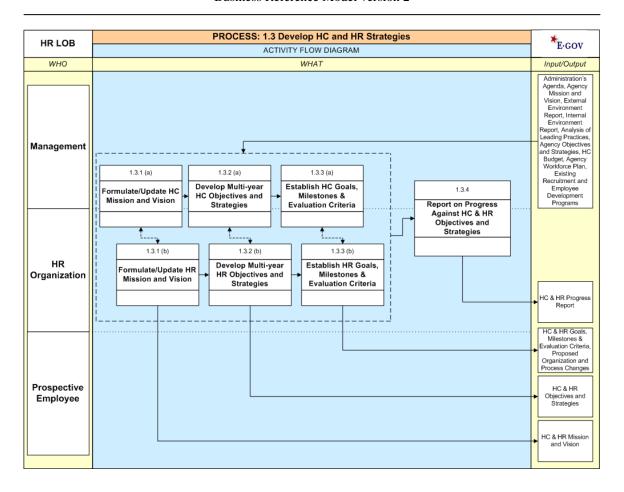


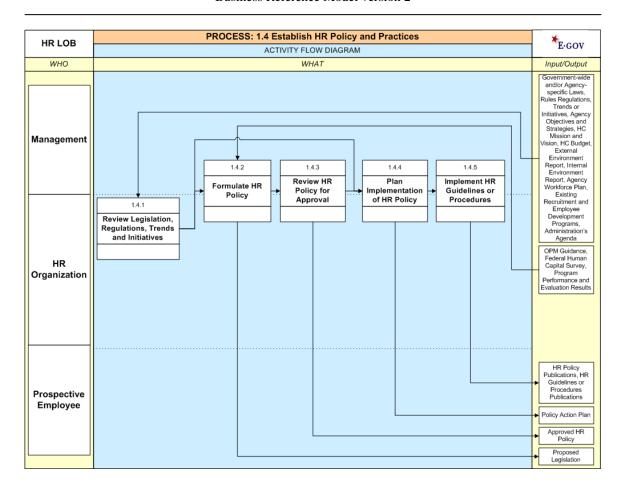


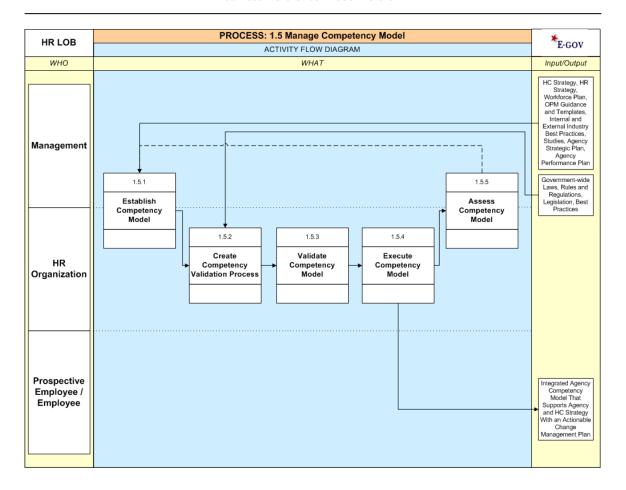


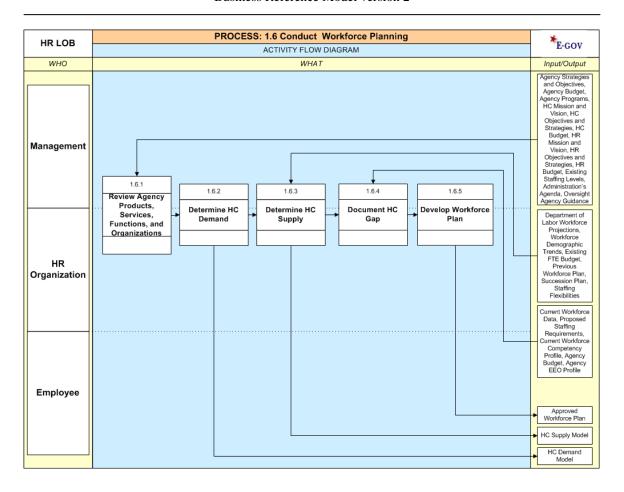


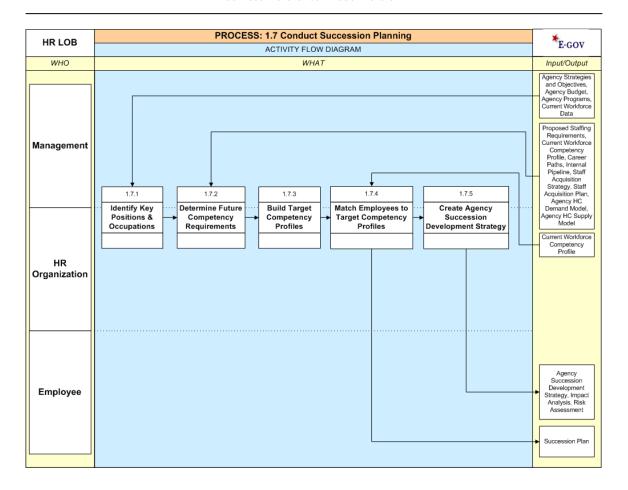


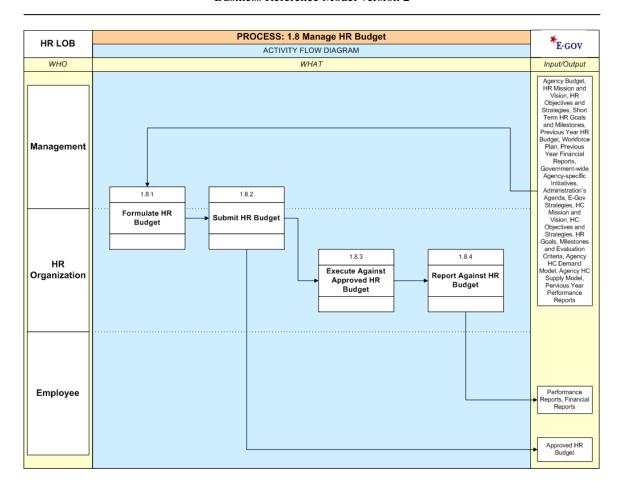


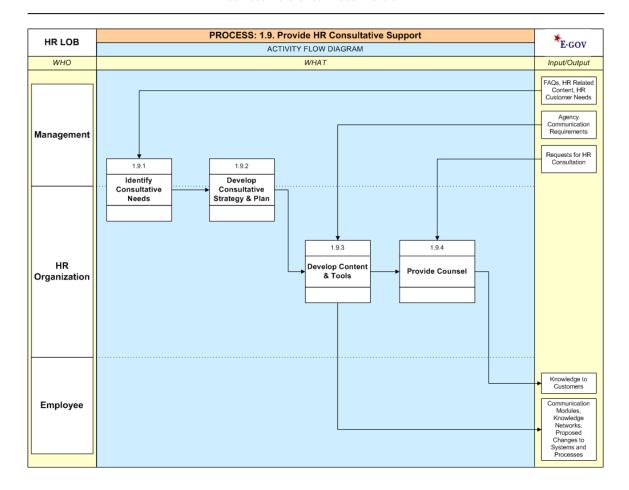


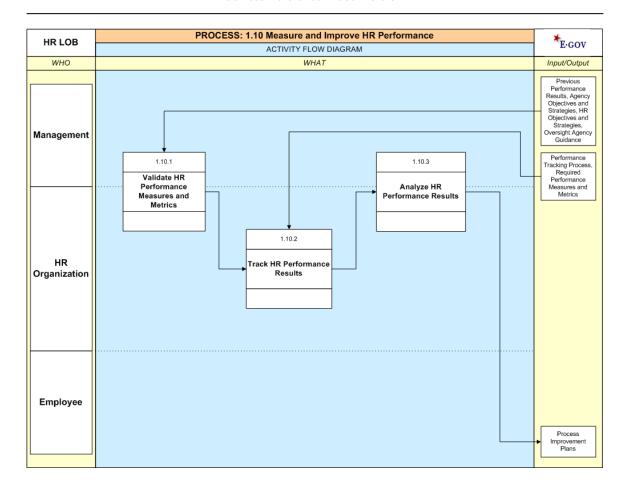


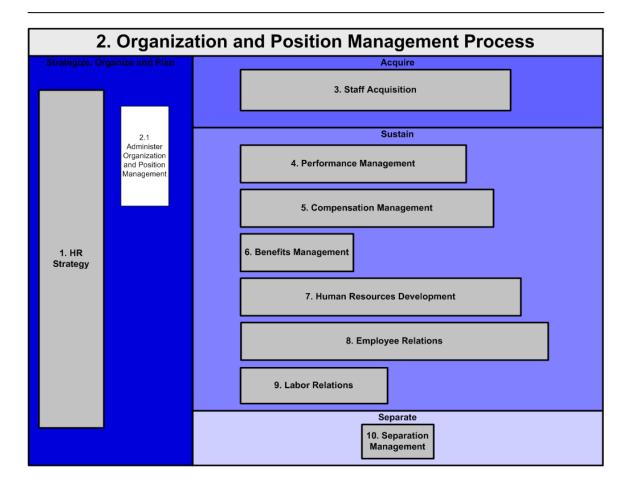


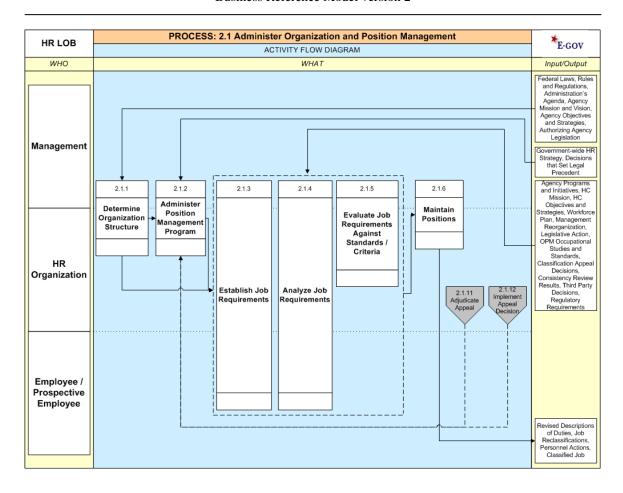


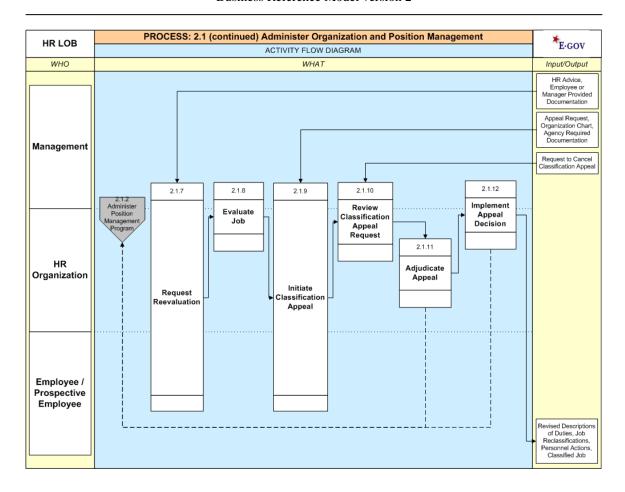


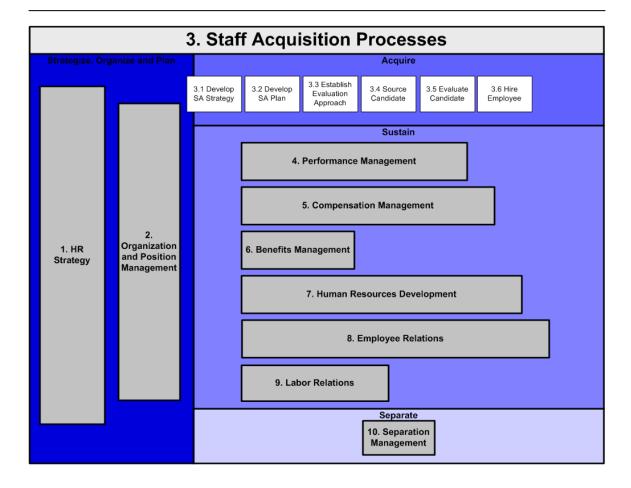


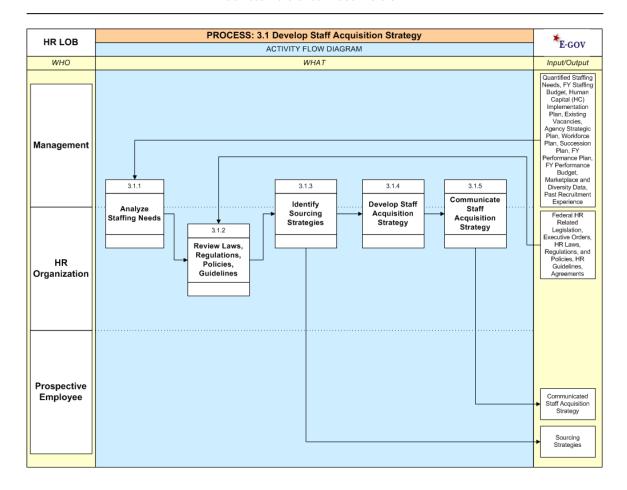


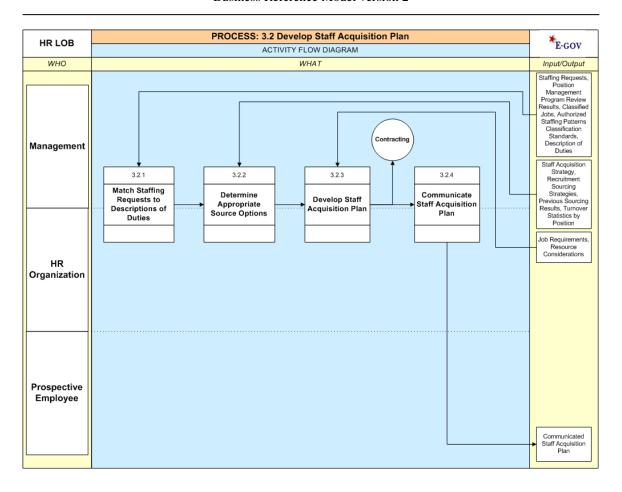


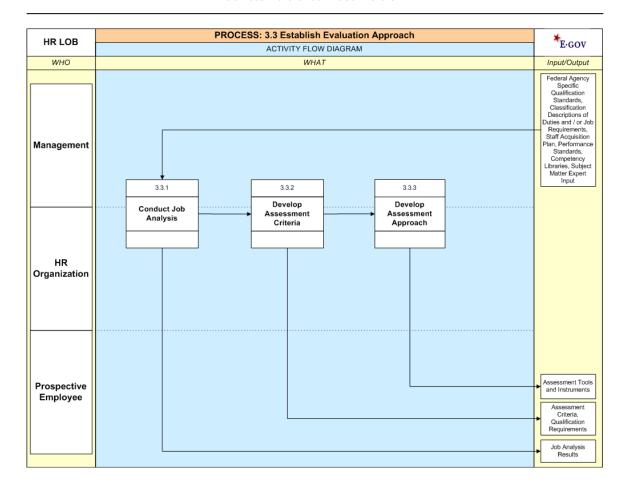


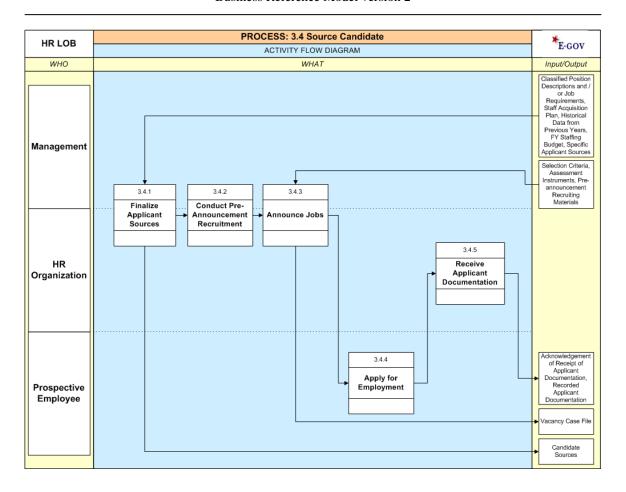


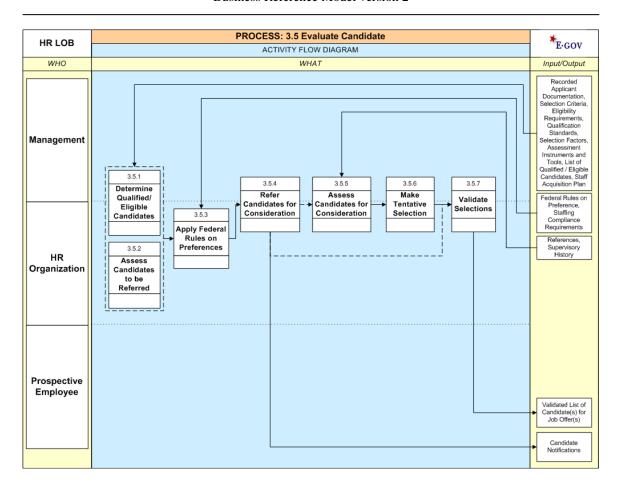


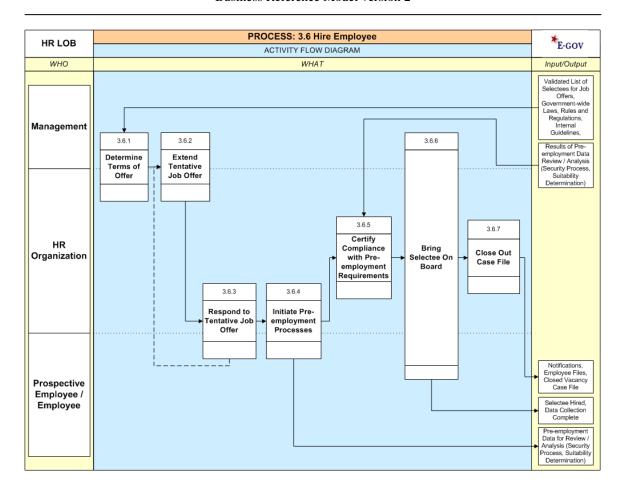


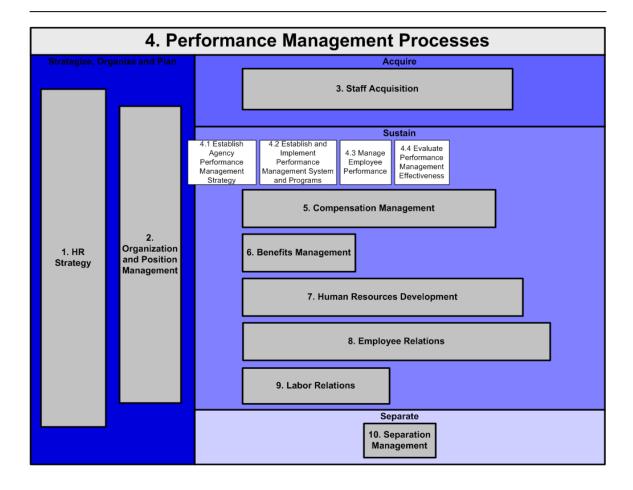


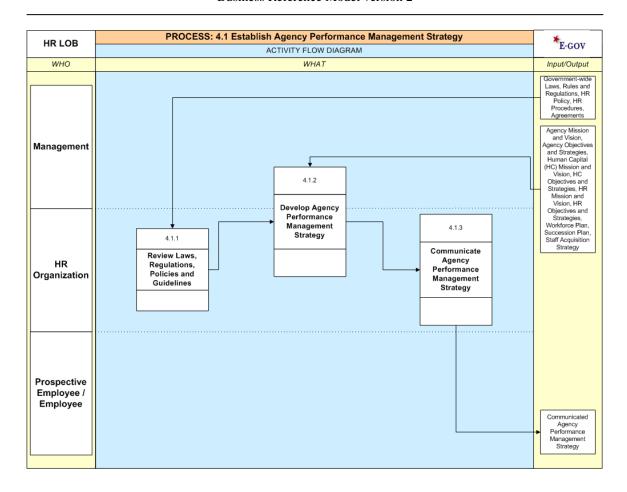


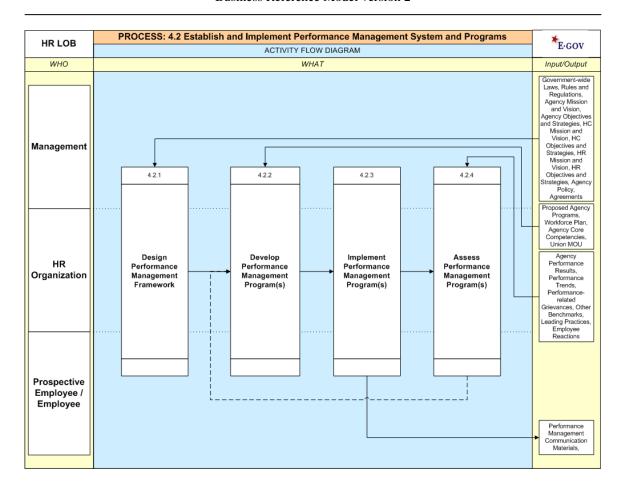


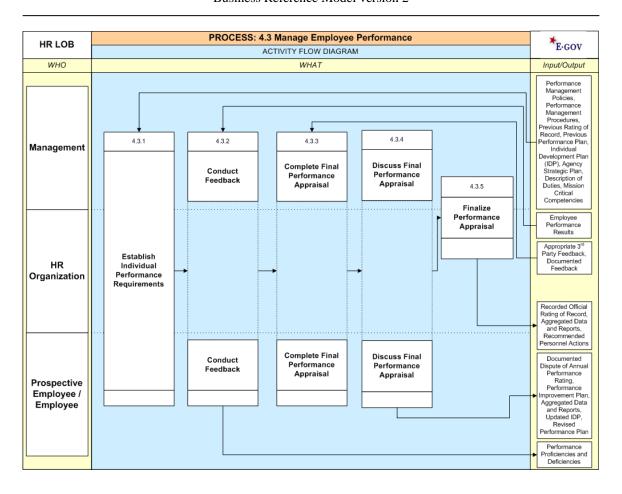


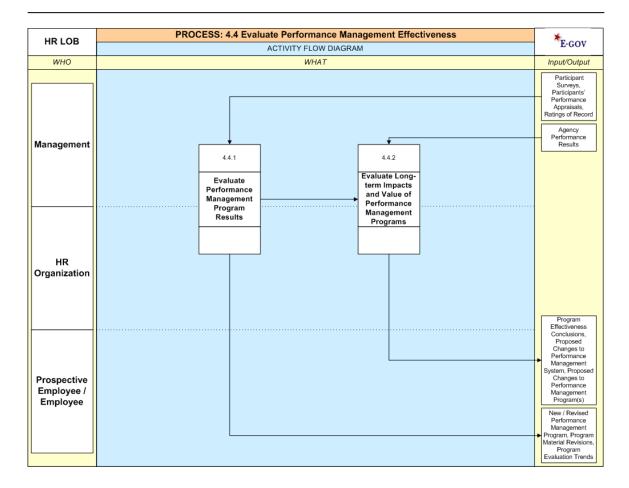


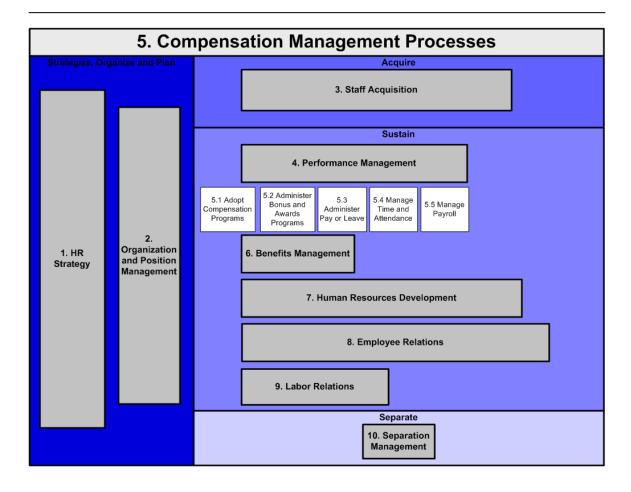


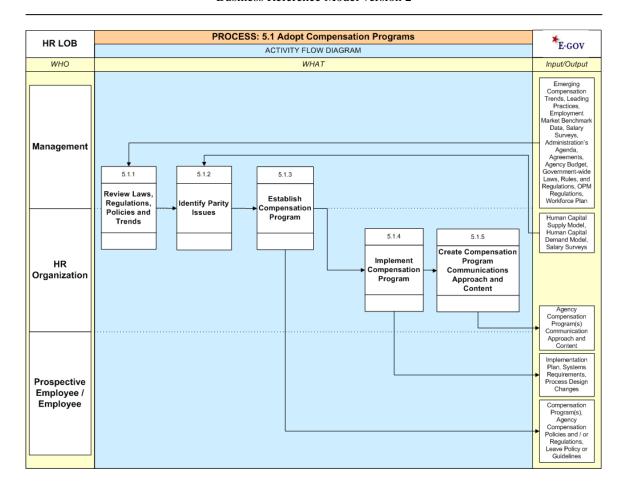


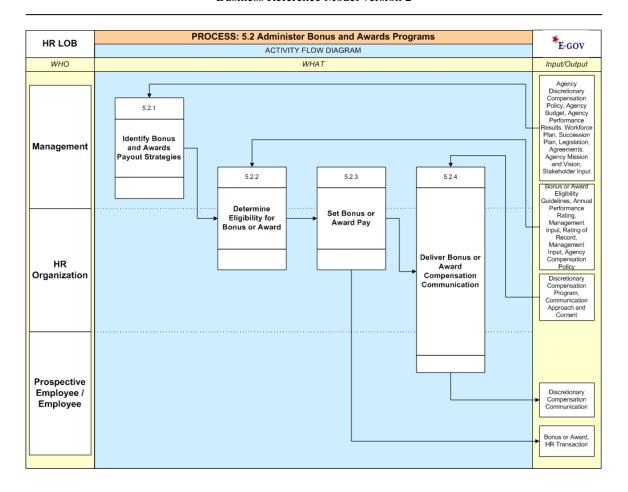


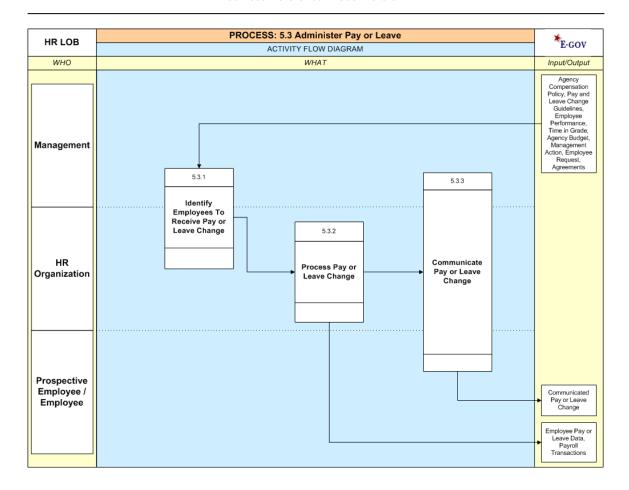


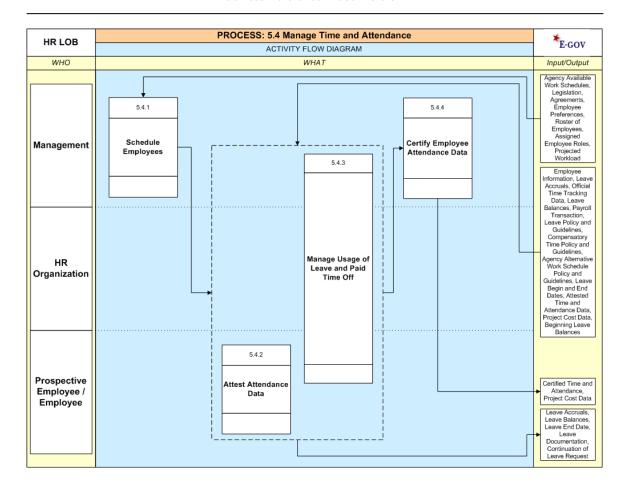


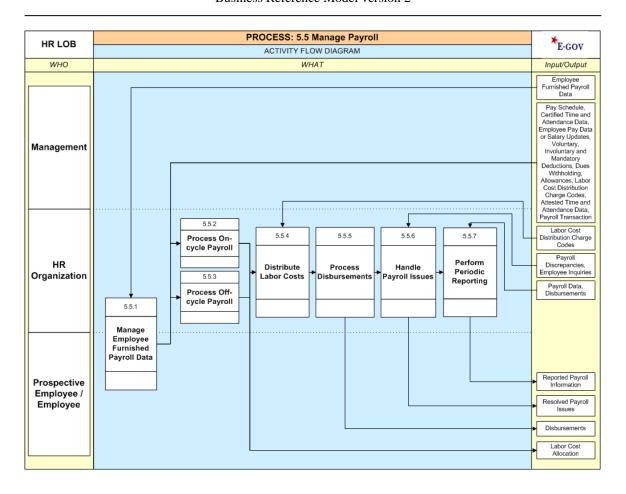


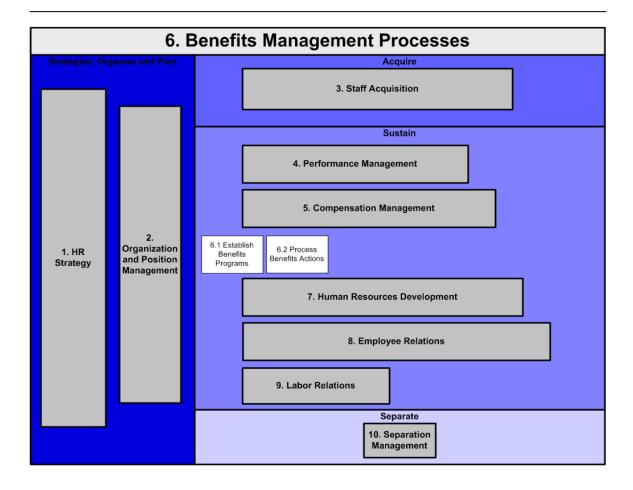


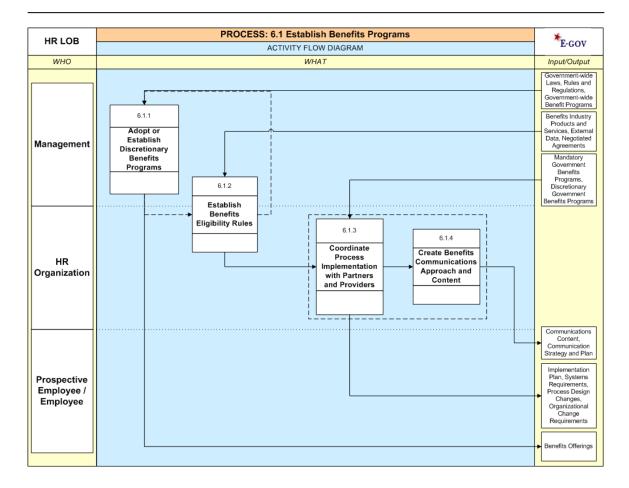


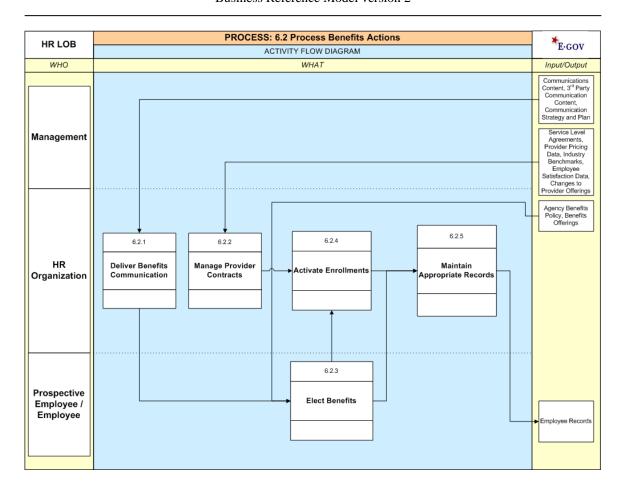


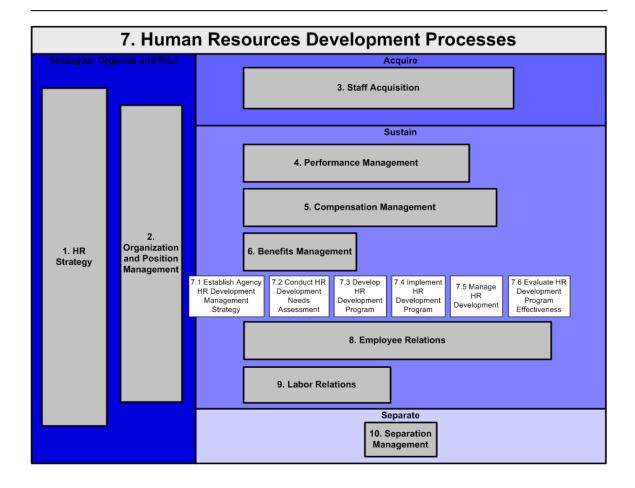


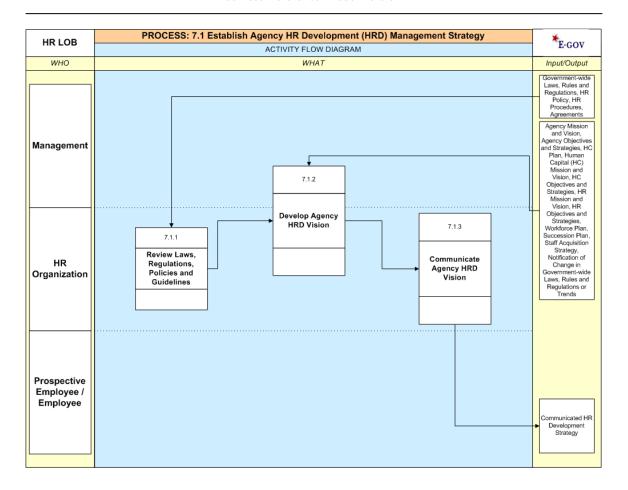


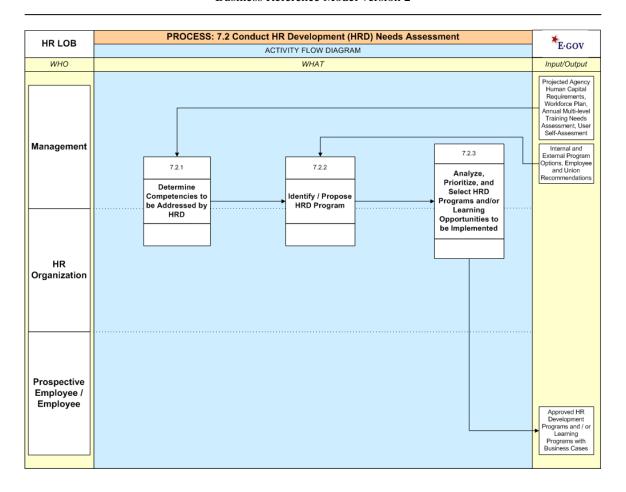


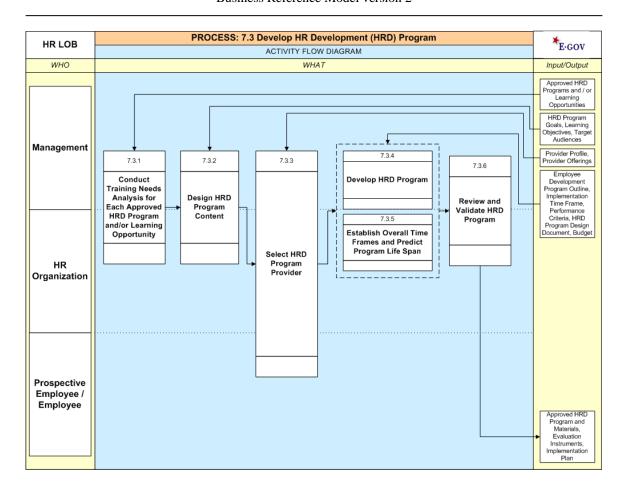


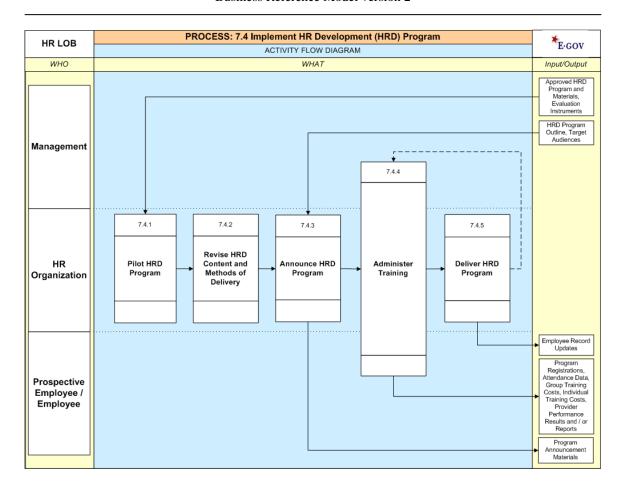


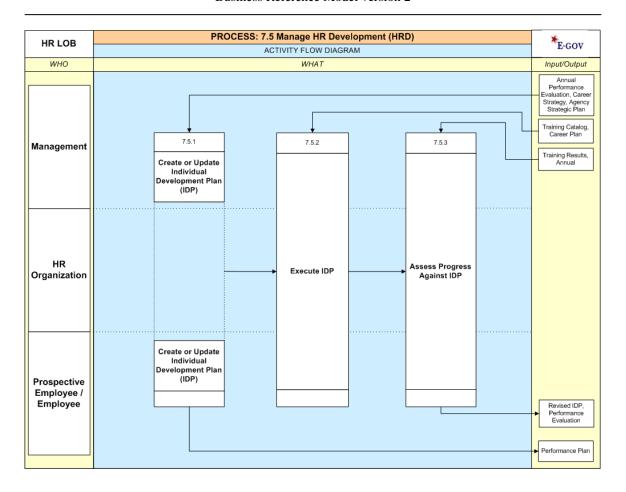


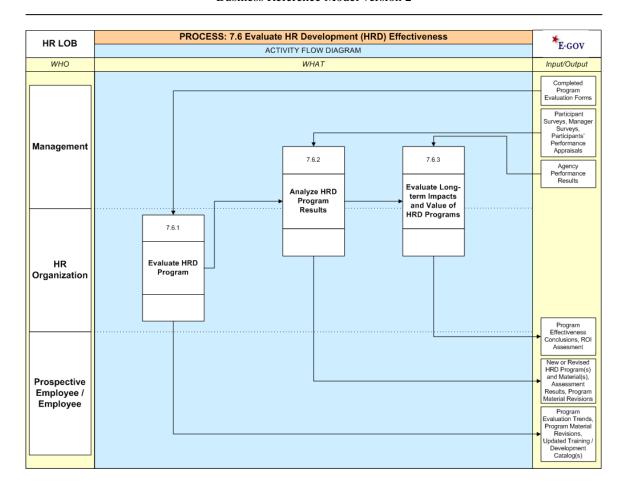


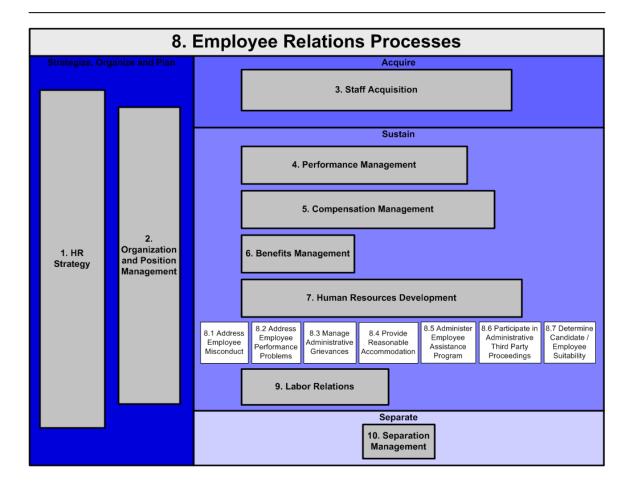


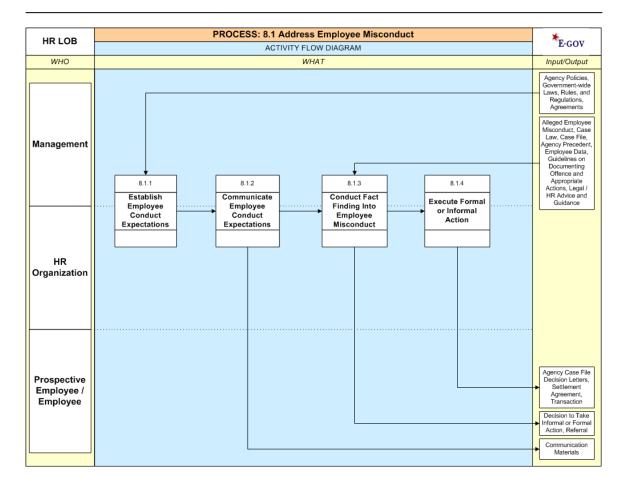


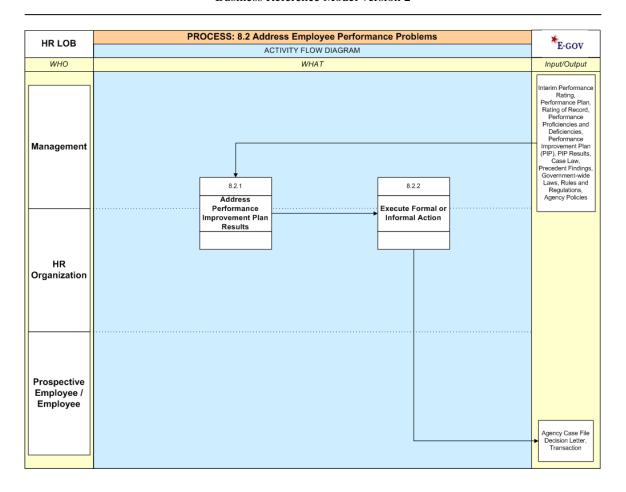


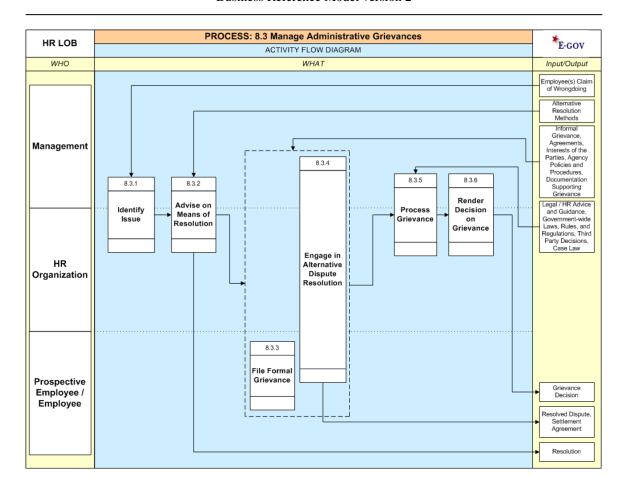


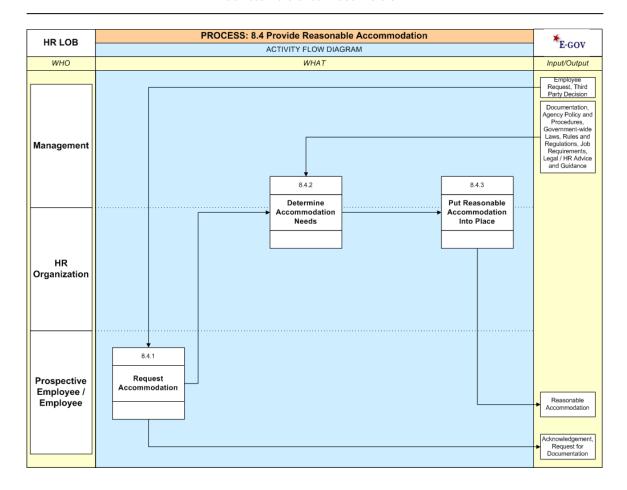


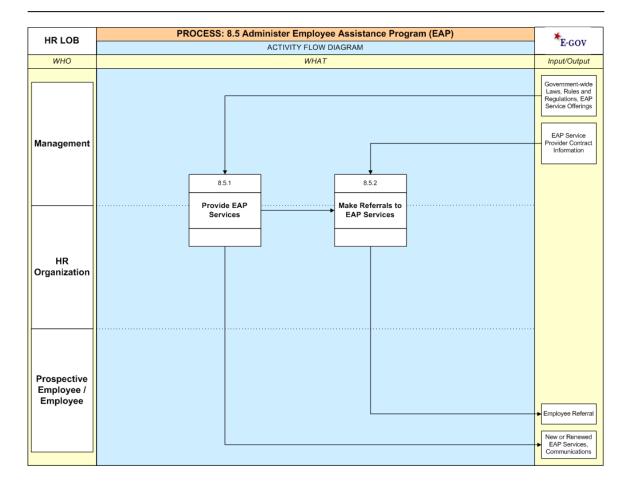


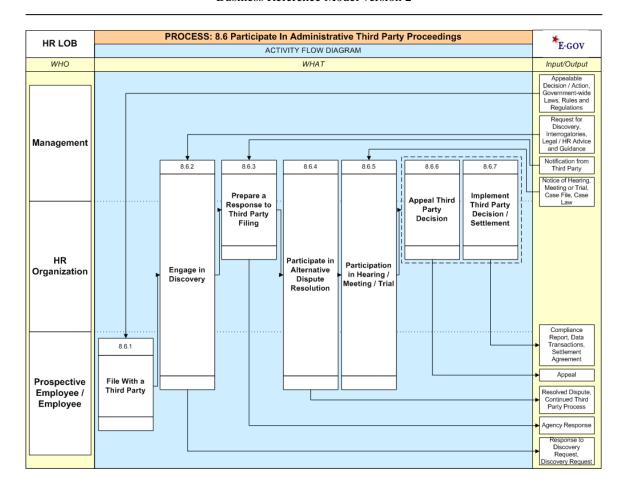


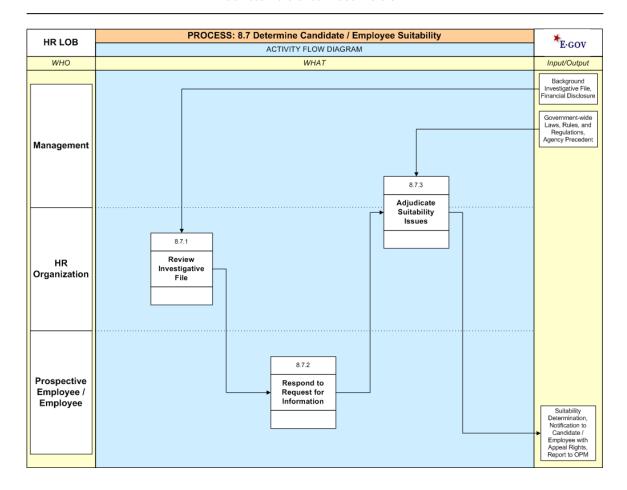


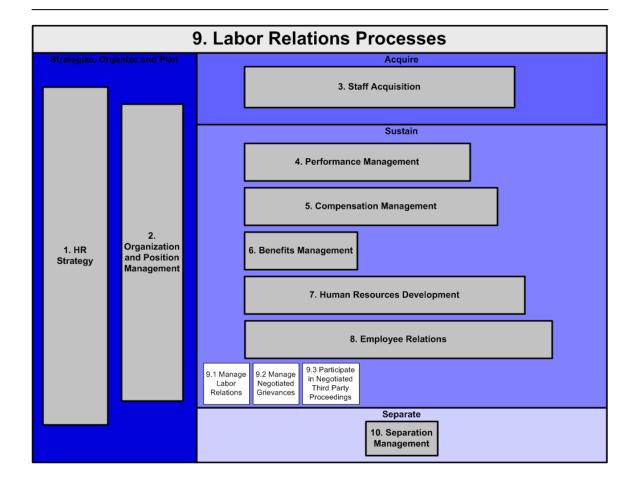


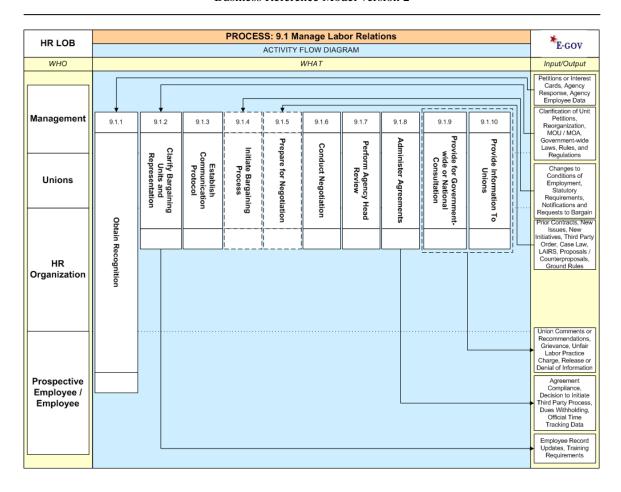


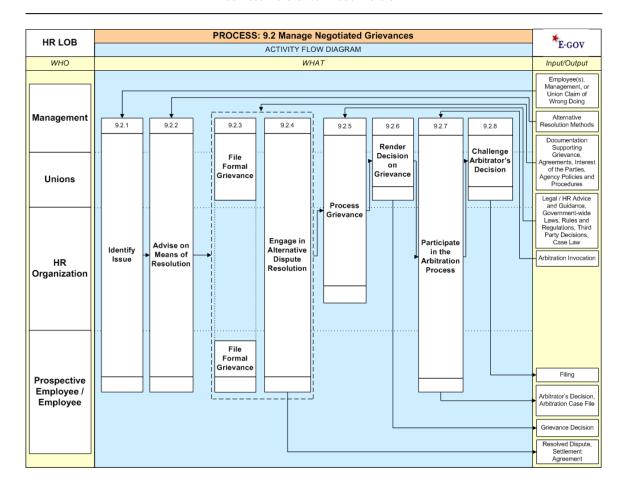


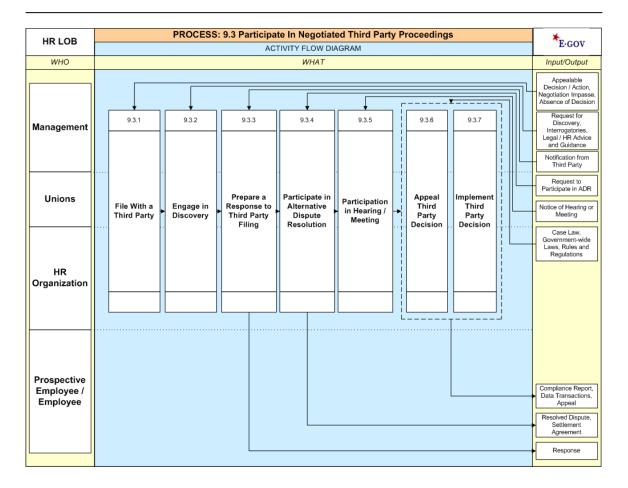


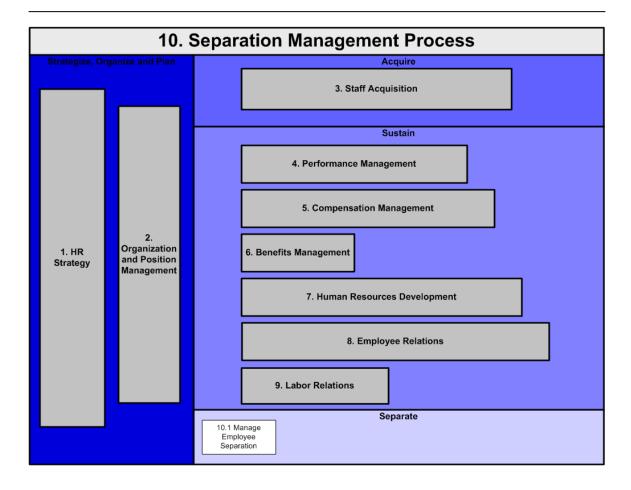


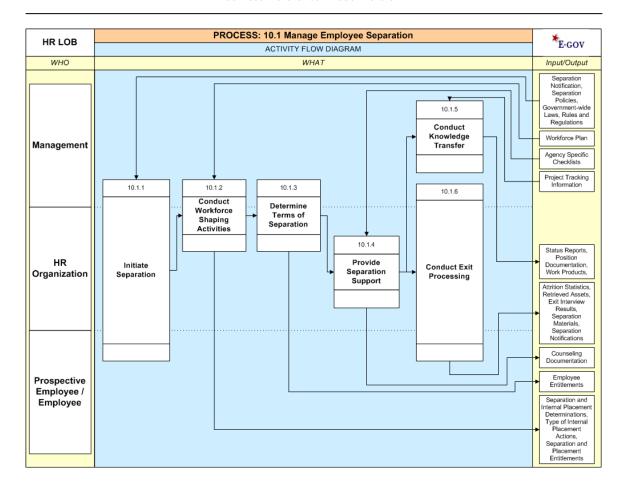












Appendix B Process Dictionary

This Appendix contains definitions of all activities, organized by sub-function, by process and by the numeric sequence in which they appear on the activity flow diagrams.

Activity descriptions appear in a matrix format with three columns. In the first column, the activity numeric identifier appears. In the second column, the activity name and the role(s) that perform the activity appear. The third column contains inputs, the narrative definition of the activity and outputs. Inputs are information that supports the activity to produce the business results of the activity. Outputs are information or business outcomes produced by the activity. The lists of inputs and outputs are "superset" lists; all inputs and outputs may not apply to every instance an activity is carried out.

Roles are also defined in the Process Dictionary

1. Human Resources Strategy

Sub-function Definition: Develop effective human capital management strategies to ensure federal organizations are able to recruit, select, develop, train and manage a high quality, productive workforce in accordance with merit system principles. This sub-function includes: conducting both internal and external environment scans; developing human resources and human capital strategies and plans; establishing human resources policy and practices; managing current and future workforce competencies; developing workforce plans; developing succession plans; managing the human resources budget; providing human resources and human capital consultative support; and measuring and improving human resources performance.

Process	1.1 Conduct Interna	al Environment Analysis
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
1.1.1	Determine Internal Environment Analysis Scope and Objectives Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Agency Objectives and Strategies, Previous and Current External Environment Analysis Results, Previous Internal Environment Analysis Results, Internal Customer Needs, Agency and Human Capital Program Performance and Evaluation Results, Emerging Trends, Benchmark Data, CHCO Council Input, Appropriations Hearings, Legislation, Agreements, Agency Budget Establish what agency information will be useful to the Human Capital strategic planning process as a prerequisite to Human Resources strategic planning. "Environment" in this context is an entity within the agency that can provide information for HC planning.
1.1.2	Collect Internal Environment Data Role: HR Organization	Outputs: Internal Environment Analysis Scope and Objectives Inputs: Internal Environment Analysis Scope and Objectives, Agency Mission and Vision, Agency Objectives and Strategies, Agency Budget, Agency Succession Plan, Agency EEO Profile, Agency Workforce Analysis, Employee Surveys, Human Capital Metrics, Organization Structures Gathering agency data that will be relevant to the Human Capital strategic planning process. Outputs: Cataloged Internal Environment Data
1.1.3	Analyze Internal Environment Data Role: HR Organization	Inputs: Cataloged Internal Environment Data, Internal Environment Scope and Objectives Analyze agency data to produce findings that will be relevant for Human Capital strategic planning. Outputs: Internal Environment Findings

Process	1.1 Conduct Internal Environment Analysis	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
1.1.4	Disseminate Internal	<i>Inputs</i> : Internal Environment Findings
	Environment Analysis	
	Results	Provide internal environment findings to those people who will be
		involved in the HR strategic planning process and to others who
	Role:	have a more general interest in Human Capital strategy.
	HR Organization	
		Outputs: Internal Environment Report

Process	1.2 Conduct Extern	al Environment Analysis
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
1.2.1	Determine External Environment Analysis Scope and Objectives Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Employment Market, Previous External Environment Analysis Results, Previous and Current Internal Environment Analysis Results, Benchmark Data, Previous and Emerging Customer Needs, Emerging Trends, Leading Practices, Administration's Agenda Establish the overall purpose of doing external environment analysis as a prerequisite to Human Capital strategic planning.
		"Environment" in this context is an entity outside of the agency that can provide information for HC planning. Using this as a basis, boundaries are drawn around the external research that is to be performed by determining what information in the agency's external environment can provide relevant insight to the HC strategic planning process.
		Outputs: External Environment Analysis Scope and Objectives
1.2.2	Identify External Environment Data	Inputs: External Environment Analysis Scope and Objectives
	Collection Protocols	Select sources (e.g., OMB, Unions, Congress) and collection approaches that will be used to gather the data external to the agency
	Role:	to be used for Human Capital strategic planning.
	HR Organization	
		Outputs: External Environment Analysis Protocols
1.2.3	Define External Environment Analysis Protocols	Inputs: External Environment Analysis Scope and Objectives Select analysis practices and techniques that will be applied to
	Role: HR Organization	external environment data to produce information and insight useful for Human Capital strategic planning (e.g., surveys, interviews, trend analysis).
		Outputs: External Environment Analysis Methods, External Environment Analysis Plan
1.2.4	Collect External Environment Data	Inputs: External Environment Analysis Protocols, External Environment Analysis Methods, External Environment Analysis Plan
	Role: HR Organization	Gather data - using predefined data collection protocols - that will help provide perspective on strategies, trends, issues, events and other insight that will be relevant to the Human Capital strategic planning process.
		Outputs: Cataloged External Environment Data
1.2.5	Analyze External Environment Data	Inputs: Cataloged External Environment Data
		Analyze data - using predefined data analysis protocols - that will
	Role: HR Organization	help provide perspective on strategies, trends, issues, events and other insight that will be useful to Human Capital strategic planning.
		<u>Outputs</u> : External Environment Findings

Process	1.2 Conduct External Environment Analysis	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
1.2.6	Disseminate External	Inputs: External Environment Findings
	Environment Analysis	
	Results	Provide external environment findings to those people who will be
		involved in the Human Capital strategic planning process and to
	Role:	others who have a more general interest in Human Capital strategy.
	HR Organization	
		Outputs: External Environment Report

Process	1.3 Develop HC and I	HR Strategies
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
1.3.1(a)	Formulate / Update HC Mission and Vision	<u>Inputs</u> : Administration's Agenda, Agency Mission and Vision, External Environment Report, Internal Environment Report, Analysis of Leading Practices
	Role: Management HR Organization	Establish / update the short- and long-term views of what the concept and practice of Human Capital Management means to the agency. This provides philosophical and / or ideological guidance on how management of human capital helps achieve the agency's mission and vision.
1.3.1(b)	Formulate / Update HR Mission and Vision Role: HR Organization	Outputs: HC Mission and Vision Inputs: Administration's Agenda, Agency Mission and Vision, External Environment Report, Internal Environment Report, Analysis of Leading Practices, HC Mission and Vision Establish / update the short- and long-term views of what the concept and practice of Human Resources means to the agency. This provides philosophical and / or ideological guidance on how Human Resources management helps achieve the agency's mission and vision.
		Outputs: HR Mission and Vision
1.3.2(a)	Develop Multi-year HC Objectives and Strategies Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Agency Objectives and Strategies, HC Mission and Vision, HC Budget, External Environment Report, Internal Environment Report, Agency Workforce Plan, Existing Recruitment and Employee Development Programs Establish Human Capital objectives and strategies that integrate HR activities with the achievement of the agency mission and vision in a global environment.
122(1)	De de Militar III	Outputs: HC Objectives and Strategies
1.3.2(b)	Develop Multi-year HR Objectives and Strategies Role: HR Organization	Inputs: Agency Objectives and Strategies, HC Mission and Vision, HC Budget, External Environment Report, Internal Environment Report, Agency Workforce Plan, Existing Recruitment and Employee Development Programs, HC Objectives and Strategies, HR Mission and Vision Establish Human Resources objectives and strategies that integrate HR activities with the achievement of the agency mission and vision in a global environment and in the context of the multi-year HC objectives and strategies.
		Outputs: HR Objectives and Strategies

Process	1.3 Develop HC and I	HR Strategies
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
1.3.3(a)	Establish HC Goals, Milestones and	Inputs: HC Objectives and Strategies, HR Budget
	Evaluation Criteria	Develop annual plans that identify accountable officials and provide tangible goals, milestones and evaluation criteria that will
	Role:	show the HC organization's progress toward its long-term
	Management	objectives and strategies. The annual planning cycle corresponds
	HR Organization	to the Federal government's fiscal year.
		Outputs: HC Goals, Milestones and Evaluation Criteria
1.3.3(b)	Establish HR Goals, Milestones and	Inputs: HR Objectives and Strategies, HR Budget
	Evaluation Criteria	Develop annual plans that provide tangible goals, milestones and
	Evaluation Criteria	evaluation criteria that will show the HR organization's progress
	Role:	toward its long-term objectives and strategies. The annual
	HR Organization	planning cycle corresponds to the Federal government's fiscal year.
		Outputs: HR Goals, Milestones and Evaluation Criteria, Proposed
		Organization and / or Process Changes
1.3.4	Report on Progress	Inputs: HC Objectives and Strategies, HC Goals, Milestones and
	Against HC and HR	Evaluation Criteria, HR Objectives and Strategies, HR Goals,
	Objectives and Strategies	Milestones and Evaluation Criteria
	Role:	Create and disseminate information about HC and HR goals and
	Management	milestones achieved. If warranted, this information may be used
	HR Organization	to adjust short-term HC and HR goals and milestones.
		Outputs: HC and HR Progress Report

Process	1.4 Establish HR Poli	cv and Practices
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
1.4.1	Review Legislation, Regulations, Trends and Initiatives Role: HR Organization	Inputs: Government-wide and / or Agency-specific Laws, Rules, Regulations, Trends or Initiatives, Agency Objectives and Strategies, HC Mission and Vision, HC Budget, External Environment Report, Internal Environment Report, Agency Workforce Plan, Existing Recruitment and Employee Development Programs, Administration's Agenda Monitor on a continual basis events or trends that could trigger the development of new HR policy or the revision of existing HR policy. Outputs: Notification of Change in Government-wide Laws,
1.4.2	Formulate HR Policy Role: Management HR Organization	Rules, Regulations, Trends or Initiatives Inputs: Notification of Change in Government-wide Laws, Rules, Regulations, Trends or Initiatives, OPM Guidance, Federal Human Capital Survey, Program Performance and Evaluation Results Draft new HR policy or policy revisions in response to newly enacted legislation, regulations, agency strategic direction, OPM guidance, HR trends, initiatives or insight gained from employee surveys.
		Outputs: Proposed HR Policy, Proposed Legislation
1.4.3	Review HR Policy for Approval Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Proposed HR Policy Deliver proposed policy to the parties who have a role in the review and approval process. These parties may be internal to the agency (e.g., Agency Director, employee interest groups) and / or external to the agency (e.g., legislative sub-committee, OPM, OMB, unions). Outputs: Approved HR Policy
1.4.4	Plan Implementation of HR Policy Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Approved HR Policy Collaborate with stakeholders to develop and institutionalize a policy action plan. Outputs: Policy Action Plan
1.4.5	Implement HR Guidelines or Procedures Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Approved HR Policy, Policy Action Plan Develop, communicate and institutionalize new HR guidelines or procedures that reflect new or revised policy. Disseminate and execute new HR policy via a variety of means including publications, training and outreach. Outputs: HR Policy Publications, HR Guidelines or Procedures Publications

Process	1.5 Manage Compe	1.5 Manage Competency Model	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition	
1.5.1	Establish Competency Model	Inputs: HC Strategy, HR Strategy, Workforce Plan, OPM Guidance and Templates, Internal and External Industry Best Practices, Proposed Revision for Competency Model, Studies, Agency	
	Role:	Strategic Plan, Agency Performance Plan	
	Management		
	HR Organization	Identify and develop competency model to encompass cross	
		functional and technical skills.	
		Outputs: Competency Model by Occupation	
1.5.2	Create Competency	Inputs: OPM Guidance and Templates, Government-wide Laws,	
	Validation Process	Rules and Regulations, Legislation, Best Practices	
	Role: HR Organization	Identify specific repeatable, measurable and defensible tests.	
	TIK Organization	Outputs: Defensible Validation Methodology	
1.5.3	Validate Competency	Inputs: Competency Model, Best Practices.	
	Model		
		Verify and accept model for each occupation.	
	Role:		
	HR Organization	Outputs: Validated Competency Model per Occupation or	
		Modification per Occupation	
1.5.4	Execute Competency Model	Inputs: Validated Competency Model	
		Share, integrate and institute competency model and change	
	Role:	management practices throughout organization for each occupation.	
	HR Organization	Share with other federal organizations with same occupations.	
		Outputs: Integrated Agency Competency Model, Change Management Plan.	
1.5.5	Assess Competency	Inputs: Integrated Agency Competency Model, Feedback from	
	Model	Practitioners, Industry Changes	
	Role:	Evaluate appropriateness and applicability of competency model	
	Management	components per occupation. Propose changes for validation and	
	HR Organization	acceptance.	
		Outputs: Proposed Revisions for Competency Model	

Process	1.6 Conduct Workfor	ce Planning
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
1.6.1	Review Agency Products, Services, Functions and Organizations Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Agency Strategies and Objectives, Agency Budget, Agency Programs, HC Mission and Vision, HC Objectives and Strategies, HC Budget, HR Mission and Vision, HR Objectives and Strategies, HR Budget, Existing Staffing Levels, Administration's Agenda, Oversight Agency Guidance Gather and synthesize information necessary to predict agency demand for human capital over time.
1.6.2	Determine HC Demand	<u>Outputs</u> : Agency Human Capital Demand Predictive Information <u>Inputs</u> : Agency Human Capital Demand Predictive Information
	Role: Management HR Organization	Determine the composition of the workforce required to strategically position the agency to realize its mission and vision, meet its objectives and strategies and provide high quality products and services to the customers it serves.
1.6.3	Determine HC Supply Role: Management HR Organization	Outputs: Agency HC Demand Model Inputs: Department of Labor Workforce Projections, Workforce Demographic Trends, Existing FTE Budget, Previous Workforce Plan, Succession Plan, Staffing Flexibilities, Attrition Data, Retirement Projections Conduct analysis to forecast the availability of human capital over time given internal agency sources, other Federal government sources and sources external to the Federal government. Outputs: Agency HC Supply Model
1.6.4	Document HC Gap Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Agency HC Demand Model, Agency HC Supply Model, Current Workforce Data, Proposed Staffing Requirements, Current Workforce Competency Profile, Agency Budget, Agency EEO Profile Compare existing FTE staffing levels and corresponding inventory of workforce competencies, skill sets, knowledge, abilities, demographics and educational backgrounds to future needs to predict workforce skill deficits and surpluses over time. Outputs: Projected Agency HC Requirements
1.6.5	Develop Workforce Plan Role: Management HR Organization	 Inputs: Projected Agency HC Requirements, Agency HC Demand Model, Agency HC Supply Model Translate projected agency HC requirements into a formal plan for achieving staffing levels over time to successfully meet agency program needs. Outputs: Approved Workforce Plan

Process	1.7 Conduct Succession	on Planning
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
1.7.1	Identify Key Positions and Occupations	Inputs: Agency Strategies and Objectives, Agency Budget, Agency Programs, Current Workforce Data
	Role: Management HR Organization	Identify key positions and occupations to be included in the succession plan. This succession planning scope is typically contained within an agency; however, succession opportunities across Agencies may also be identified.
		Outputs: Succession Planning Scope
1.7.2	Determine Future Competency Requirements Role: Management	Inputs: Succession Planning Scope, Proposed Staffing Requirements, Current Workforce Competency Profile, Career Paths, Internal Pipeline, Staff Acquisition Strategy, Staff Acquisition Plan, Agency HC Demand Model, Agency HC Supply Model
	HR Organization	Determine the overall inventory of competencies the agency will need for the key positions and occupations in the succession planning scope.
		Outputs: Future Competency Requirements
1.7.3	Build Target Competency Profiles Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Future Competency Requirements Align or correlate competencies into groupings to build competency profiles (e.g., technical program management, design engineering, position classification) for succession planning purposes.
		Outputs: Target Competency Profiles
1.7.4	Match Employees to Target Competency Profiles Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Current Workforce Competency Profile, Target Competency Profiles, Current Workforce Data Identify employees whose competencies match one or more competency profiles or who have strong potential for a match. Assign high level or relative time frames to when competencies will be needed and when designated employees should be equipped with the competencies.
155	G t A	Outputs: Succession Plan
1.7.5	Create Agency Succession Development Strategy Role: Management	<i>Inputs</i> : Succession Plan Establish a strategy for developing and / or recruiting employees to ensure future competencies exist when key positions are vacated.
	HR Organization	<u>Outputs</u> : Agency Succession Development Strategy, Impact Analysis, Risk Assessment

Process	1.8 Manage HR Budg	et
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
1.8.1	Formulate HR Budget Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Agency Budget, HR Mission and Vision, HR Objectives and Strategies, Short Term HR Goals and Milestones, Previous Year HR Budget, Workforce Plan, Previous Year Financial Reports, Government-wide and Agency-specific Initiatives, Administration's Agenda, E-Gov Strategies, HC Mission and Vision, HC Objectives and Strategies, HR Goals, Milestones and Evaluation Criteria, Agency HC Demand Model, Agency HC Supply Model, Previous Year Performance Reports Perform planning as part of the Federal government's budget planning cycle. Request funds for HR operations and HR programs based on program needs and to meet FY HR goals and milestones. Reformulate the HR budget against actual appropriations.
1.8.2	Submit HR Budget	Outputs: Proposed HR Budget Inputs: Proposed HR Budget
1.0.2	Role: Management HR Organization	Submit a draft budget to those individuals who have a role in the review and approval process. A budget may be iteratively refined until approvers endorse it.
1.8.3	Execute Against	Outputs: Approved HR Budget Inputs: Approved HR Budget
	Approved HR Budget Role: HR Organization	Monitor and control the actual expenditures over time with the objective of constraining spending to approved budget amounts. <u>Outputs</u> : Reporting Period Spending Results
1.8.4	Report Against HR Budget	<i>Inputs</i> : Approved HR Budget, Reporting Period Spending Results
	Role: HR Organization	Create and disseminate information on a recurring basis about actual spending and financial performance results compared to budgeted funds. Outputs: Financial Reports, Performance Reports

Process	1.9 Provide HR Consultative Support	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
1.9.1	Identify Consultative Needs	Inputs: Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs), HR Related Content, Agency HR Consultative Requirements, HR Customer Needs
	Role: Management	Identify and validate overall agency HR consultation requirements.
	HR Organization	Outputs: Agency HR Consultative Requirements
1.9.2	Develop Consultative Strategy and Plan	Inputs: Agency HR Consultative Requirements
	Role: Management	Develop and validate an overall HR consultative and partnering strategy and plan.
	HR Organization	Outputs: HR Consultative Strategy, HR Consultative Plan, HR Partnering Strategy
1.9.3	Develop Content & Tools	Inputs: Agency Communication Requirements, HR Consultative Strategy, HR Consultative Plan, HR Partnering Strategy
	Role: HR Organization	Develop content and tools to market and support the delivery of consultative services.
		Outputs: Communication Modules (e.g., E-mails, Newsletters, Intranet and Internet Articles, Meeting Agendas and Materials, etc.), Knowledge Networks, Proposed Changes to Systems and / or Processes
1.9.4	Provide Counsel	Inputs: HR Partnering Strategy, Requests for HR Consultation
	Role: HR Organization	Establish and cultivate partnerships between Human Resources experts and agency employees and line managers resulting in proactive information sharing that enables an HR organization to better serve the mission of the agency. Outputs: Knowledge to Customers

Process	1.10 Measure and Improve HR Performance	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
1.10.1	Validate HR Performance	<u>Inputs</u> : Previous Performance Results, Agency Objectives and
	Measures and Metrics	Strategies, HR Objectives and Strategies, Oversight Agency
		Guidance, HR Budget
	Role:	
	Management	Ensure that HR performance measures and metrics are available
	HR Organization	and appropriate to evaluate mission alignment, compliance,
		efficiency and effectiveness.
		Outputs: New or Validated Performance Measures and Metrics
1.10.2	Track HR Performance	Inputs: Performance Tracking Process, New or Validated
	Results	Performance Measures and Metrics, Required Performance
		Measures and Metrics
	Role:	
	HR Organization	Collect, analyze and report performance data on a recurring basis.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Performance Results
1.10.3	Analyze HR Performance	<i>Inputs</i> : Performance Results
	Results	
		Examine performance data over time to identify successful
	Role:	practices and process improvement opportunities.
	Management	
	HR Organization	Outputs: Process Improvement Plans

2. Organization and Position Management

Sub-function Definition: Design, develop and implement organization and position structures that create a high-performance, competency-driven framework that both advances the agency mission and serves agency human capital needs.

Process	2.1 Administer Organiz	ation and Position Management
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
2.1.1	Determine Organization Structure Role:	Inputs: Federal Laws, Rules and Regulations, Administration's Agenda, Agency Mission and Vision, Agency Objectives and Strategies, Authorizing Agency Legislation
	Management HR Organization	Design an efficient and effective organization that incorporates the needs of the agency, provides for effective management of human capital and reflects mission requirements. Outputs: Organization Chart, Agency Mission and Vision, Organizational Codes, Published Legal Notice (Federal Register)
2.1.2	Administer Position Management Program Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Federal Laws, Rules and Regulations, Administration's Agenda, Agency Mission and Vision, Agency Objectives and Strategies, Government-wide Human Resources Strategy, Decisions that Set Legal Precedent, Organization Chart, Organization Codes Develop, implement and manage the agency's position management program. Procedures are developed or refined and responsibilities are assigned. A periodic review of business processes is performed in light of changing environmental factors, such as technological advancements or changes to agency mission. Appeal decisions and trends are also periodically reviewed to detect position management program issues. Outputs: Position Management Program, Position Management Program Review Results, Staffing Patterns

Process	2.1 Administer Organiz	ation and Position Management
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
2.1.3	Establish Job Requirements Role: Management HR Organization Employee	Inputs: Agency Programs and Initiatives, Human Capital Mission, Agency Mission and Vision, Human Capital Objectives and Strategies, Workforce Plan, Management Reorganization, Legislative Action, OPM Occupational Studies and Standards, Classification Appeal Decisions, Consistency Review Results, Third Party Decisions, Regulatory Requirements
		Identify the agency workforce job requirements necessary to achieve the mission of the agency. Outputs: Job Requirements, Inventory of Existing Agency
		Jobs, Agency Budgeted FTEs, Unmet Requirements, Career Tracks
2.1.4	Analyze Job Requirements	<u>Inputs</u> : Job Requirements, Regulatory Requirements
	Role: Management HR Organization Employee	Identify tasks to be performed and the competencies¹ and qualifications needed to perform the tasks. This may be accomplished through: ■ Interviews with employees, managers/supervisors, subject matter experts and interest groups ■ Review of same or like positions ■ Benchmarking Develop descriptions of duties to document these tasks. Outputs: Descriptions of Duties, Qualification Requirements
2.1.5	Evaluate Job Requirements	Inputs: Description of Duties, Qualification Requirements,
	Against Standards / Criteria	Classification Standards and Criteria
	Role: Management HR Organization	Associate a job to a job classification using standards and other criteria. This evaluation authorizes payment of Federal funds for the job.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Classified Job or Functional Statement

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¹ OPM defines competency as "A measurable pattern of knowledge, skills, abilities, behaviors, and other characteristics that an individual needs to perform work roles or occupational functions successfully." Reference *Delegated Examining Operations Handbook*, 2002.

Process	2.1 Administer Organiz	ation and Position Management
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
2.1.6	Maintain Positions Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Job Requirements, Classification Standards, Classified Jobs, Functional Statements, Evolving Mission Requirements, Agreements, Agency HR Policy, Agency Procedures Ensure that the agency's inventory of positions accommodates evolving organization competency needs and changes in laws,
		regulations, policies, organizational design and technology by reviewing the inventory on a continual basis. As a result of this review, jobs and job requirements may be reevaluated. Over time, job requirements may be updated or removed. Outputs: Revised Descriptions of Duties, Revised Functional Statements, Job Reclassifications, New Job Requirements
2.1.7	Request Reevaluation Role:	Inputs: Description of Duties, Classified Job, Functional Statement, HR Advice, HR Policy, Agency Procedures, Employee or Manager Provided Documentation
	Management	
	HR Organization	Request the reevaluation of a job. Gather required
	Employee	documentation in accordance with agency or OPM policy and forward to the agency or to OPM as appropriate.
		Outputs: Acceptance or Denial of Reevaluation Request
2.1.8	Evaluate Job	<u>Inputs</u> : Employee and/or Manager Provided Documentation, Reevaluation Request
	Role:	Examine and consider recognition request retionals to
	Management HR Organization	Examine and consider reevaluation request rationale to determine whether a reevaluation is warranted. Evaluate job against appropriate standards.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Evaluation Report, New or Revised Position Description, Denial of Reevaluation Request, Personnel Action, Office Classification Certificate
2.1.9	Initiate Classification Appeal	<u>Inputs</u> : Appeal Request, Position Description, Organization Chart, Evaluation Report, Agency Required Documentation, Office Classification Certificate
	Role:	
	Management HR Organization	Gather required documentation in accordance with agency or OPM policy and forward to the agency or OPM as appropriate.
	Employee	Employee may cancel classification appeal request either in writing or through failure to provide requested information.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Classification Appeal Package, Appeal of Office Classification Certificate

Process	2.1 Administer Organiz	ation and Position Management
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
2.1.10	Review Classification Appeal Request	Inputs: Classification Appeal Package, Request to Cancel Classification Appeal, Appeal of Office Classification Certificate
	Role: HR Organization	Determine if the right to appeal exists. Evaluate and analyze merits of appeal considering law and agency / HR policy.
		Outputs: Acceptance of Appeal Request, Letter or Memorandum Denying Appeal Request With Documented Reason(s), Classification Appeal Request Forwarded to OPM, Cancellation of Classification Appeal Request
2.1.11	Adjudicate Appeal	<u>Inputs</u> : Reevaluation Request, Classification Appeal Package, Denial of Reevaluation Request, Evaluation Report, Federal
	Role:	Laws, Rules and Regulations, Appeal Decisions, Agency / HR
	HR Organization	Policy, Position Description, Job Classification Grading
		Standards, Appeal of Office Classification Certificate
		Evaluate and analyze facts of appeal using appropriate
		classification standards, law and agency / HR policy.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Agency or OPM Classification Appeal Decision, Consistency Review Requirement; Same, New, or Revised
		Position Description, Classification Appeal File, Affirmation or
		Cancellation of Office Classification Certificate
2.1.12	Implement Appeal Decision	Inputs: Agency or OPM Classification Appeal Decision, Consistency Review Requirement, New or Revised Position
	Role:	Description, Office Classification Certificate
	Management	
	HR Organization	Complete the follow-up tasks that are required to implement the appeal decision. These tasks include initiating personnel
		actions, rewriting descriptions of duties and reclassifying positions.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Revised Description of Duties, Job Reclassifications, Personnel Actions

3. Staff Acquisition

Sub-function Definition: Establish procedures for recruiting and selecting high quality, productive employees with the right skills and competencies, in accordance with merit system principles. This sub-function includes: developing a staffing strategy and plan; establishing an applicant evaluation approach; announcing the vacancy, sourcing and evaluating candidates against the competency requirements for the position; initiating pre-employment activities; and hiring employees.

Process	3.1 Develop Staff Ac	equisition Strategy
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
3.1.1	Analyze Staffing Needs Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Quantified Staffing Needs, FY Staffing Budget, Human Capital Implementation Plan, Existing Vacancies, Agency Strategic Plan, Workforce Plan, Succession Plan, FY Performance Budget, Marketplace and Diversity Data, Past Recruitment Experience
		Examine information that correlates to future staffing activity including approved FTE budgets, overall staffing needs and vacancies. This analysis provides the overall perspective necessary to create a strategy for acquiring staff at the agency level.
		Outputs: Overall Assessment of Staffing Needs, Overall Staffing Projections
3.1.2	Review Laws, Regulations, Policies, Guidelines	Inputs: Federal HR-related Legislation, Executive Orders, HR Laws, Regulations and Policies, HR Guidelines, Agreements, Overall Assessment of Staffing Needs, Overall Staffing Projections
	Role: HR Organization	Review and analyze legislation, HR laws, regulations, policies and guidelines, union contracts, other agreements, and any other information that can help provide a basis for strategic thinking in the areas of staff acquisition, recruiting and retention.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Staffing Compliance Requirements, Identification of Existing and Needed Staffing Flexibilities
3.1.3	Identify Sourcing Strategies Role:	Inputs: Overall Assessment of Staffing Needs, Overall Staffing Projections, Staffing Compliance Requirements, Identification of Existing and Needed Staffing Flexibilities
	Management HR Organization	Identify sourcing strategies based on the analysis of hiring needs. The sourcing strategies may include recruitment, internal movement, contracting, competitive sourcing, workforce reshaping and other staffing methods.
		Outputs: Sourcing Strategies

Activity Name Develop Staff	Activity Definition
Develop Staff	
Acquisition Strategy Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Overall Assessment of Staffing Needs, Overall Staffing Projections, Staffing Compliance Requirements, Identification of Existing and Needed Staffing Flexibilities, Sourcing Strategies Develop a staff acquisition strategy that summarizes approaches to identify, attract and retain a qualified and diverse pool to meet current, ongoing and future staffing needs. The development of the SA strategy may include identification of performance metrics for measuring actual results against the strategy.
	Outputs: Staff Acquisition Strategy
Communicate Staff Acquisition Strategy Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Staff Acquisition Strategy Convey the staff acquisition strategy to various populations (e.g., agency executives, HR staff, agency line managers, employees, unions and other key stakeholders) and collaborate with stakeholders to obtain input and address feedback. Outputs: Communicated Staff Acquisition Strategy
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Process	3.2 Develop Staff Ac	equisition Plan
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
3.2.1	Match Staffing Requests to Descriptions of Duties	Inputs: Staffing Requests, Position Management Program Review Results, Classification Standards, Descriptions of Duties, Classified Jobs, Authorized Staffing Patterns
	Role: Management HR Organization	Match staffing requests to descriptions of duties or request new descriptions of duties. The staffing requests may reflect requirements for a specific position or for a class or group of positions. The descriptions of duties document the requirements of the positions, based on organizational need, and reflect the tasks to be performed and the knowledge, skills and abilities required to successfully perform the tasks.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Staffing Requests Matched with Descriptions of Duties or Classified Jobs
3.2.2	Determine Appropriate Source Options	Inputs: Staffing Requests Matched With Descriptions of Duties or Classified Jobs, Staff Acquisition Strategy, Sourcing Strategies, Previous Sourcing Results, Turnover Statistics by Position
	Role: Management HR Organization	Identify available options given the source types indicated in the Staff Acquisition Strategy.
		Outputs: Source Alternatives
3.2.3	Develop Staff Acquisition Plan Role:	Inputs: Staff Acquisition Strategy, Staffing Requests Matched With Descriptions of Duties or Classified Jobs, Job Requirements, Source Alternatives, Resource Considerations
	Management HR Organization	Develop a Staff Acquisition Plan that identifies recruiting goals along with the activities to take place over a period of time to successfully meet those goals. It also specifies time frames and resource requirements.
		Outputs: Staff Acquisition Plan
3.2.4	Communicate Staff Acquisition Plan	Inputs: Staff Acquisition Plan Convey the staff acquisition plan to verious populations (2.2)
	Role: Management HR Organization	Convey the staff acquisition plan to various populations (e.g., agency executives, HR staff, agency line managers, employees, unions and other key stakeholders) and collaborate with stakeholders to obtain input and address feedback.
		Outputs: Communicated Staff Acquisition Plan

Process	3.3 Establish Evaluation Approach	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
3.3.1	Conduct Job Analysis Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Federal and Agency Specific Qualification Standards, Classified Descriptions of Duties and / or Job Requirements, Staff Acquisition Plan, Performance Standards, Competency Libraries, Subject Matter Expert Input
		Gather, document, and analyze information about the content, context, and requirements of the job. Demonstrate that there is a clear relationship between the tasks performed on the job and the competencies/KSAs required to perform the tasks. Job analysis information is used to develop employee selection procedures, identify training needs, define performance standards, and other uses.
		Outputs: Job Analysis Results
3.3.2	Develop Assessment Criteria	Inputs: Job Analysis Results
	Role:	Use job analysis information to develop employee assessment criteria. Validate and verify rating criteria and qualification
	Management HR Organization	requirements based on the results of the job analysis and within existing Federal and agency-specific qualification standards.
		Outputs: Assessment Criteria, Qualification Requirements
3.3.3	Develop Assessment Approach	Inputs: Job Analysis Results, Assessment Criteria, Qualification Requirements
	Role: Management HR Organization	Select or develop assessment tools and instruments based on the results of the job analysis and on existing best practices. Outputs: Assessment Tools and Instruments

Process	3.4 Source Candida	te
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
3.4.1	Finalize Applicant Sources Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Classified Descriptions of Duties and/or Job Requirements, Staff Acquisition Plan, Historical Data from Previous Years, FY Staffing Budget, Specific Applicant Sources Determine specific internal and external candidate sources (both competitive and noncompetitive) guided by the source options that were identified in the staff acquisition plan. In addition to permanent employees, this sourcing activity occurs for detailees and temporary assignees. Candidate sources with specific priority consideration (e.g., reemployment priority lists (RPL), career transition assistance program (CTAP)) are considered at this point.
3.4.2	Conduct Pre- Announcement Recruitment Role: Management HR Organization	Outputs: Candidate Sources Inputs: Source Alternatives, Candidate Sources In accordance with merit principles, engage in specific recruiting, marketing, and outreach activity to build the applicant pool. Conduct advance marketing (e.g., solicit referrals, develop and/or post paid advertisements, mine data, utilize search firms, host and/or attend recruitment events). An option at this point would be to identify name request candidates.
3.4.3	Announce Jobs Role: Management HR Organization	 Outputs: Potential Applicant Sources Inputs: Classified Descriptions of Duties and /or Job Requirements, Staff Acquisition Plan, Selection Criteria, Assessment Instruments, Potential Applicant Sources, Preannouncement Recruiting Materials Develop and distribute position announcements, job advertisements and other marketing materials. Satisfy public notice requirements where applicable. Notify pre-announcement recruits of vacancy application process. Outputs: Vacancy Announcements, Job Advertisements, Marketing Material, Vacancy Case File
3.4.4	Apply for Employment Role: Prospective Employee	Inputs: Vacancy Announcements, Job Advertisements, Marketing Materials, Assessment Instruments. Complete and submit employment application and/or resume and supporting materials.
3.4.5	Receive Applicant Documentation Role: HR Organization	 Outputs: Applicant Documentation Inputs: Applicant Documentation Receive applicant documentation and capture it in a manner that makes it available to the people who need it. Outputs: Acknowledgement of Receipt of Applicant Documentation, Recorded Applicant Documentation

Process	3.5 Evaluate Candidate	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
3.5.1	Determine Qualified / Eligible Candidates Role:	Inputs: Recorded Applicant Documentation, Selection Criteria, Eligibility Requirements, Qualification Standards, Selection Factors
	Management HR Organization	Determine applicant eligibility and qualifications by reviewing applications for completeness and conformance to eligibility, qualifications and / or legal requirements (e.g., degree accreditation) including ICTAP. Those found to be ineligible are provided no further consideration. This activity includes identifying candidates who qualify for consideration under special appointing authorities.
		Outputs: List of Qualified/Eligible Candidates, List of Special Authority Candidates, and Candidate Notifications.
3.5.2	Assess Candidates to be Referred	Inputs: Assessment Instruments and Tools, List of Qualified / Eligible Candidates, Staff Acquisition Plan
	Role: Management HR Organization	Apply assessment instruments and tools to candidates. Outputs: Candidates to be Referred, Documentation of Relevant Qualifications
3.5.3	Apply Federal Rules on Preferences	Inputs: Candidates to be Referred, Federal Rules on Preferences (external), Staffing Compliance Requirements
	Role: HR Organization	Review Federal staffing rules to determine applicability to the referable candidates. This may result in assigning a preferred standing to candidates.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Candidates with Identified Federal Preferences (e.g., veterans, displaced employees)
3.5.4	Refer Candidates for Consideration	<u>Inputs</u> : Candidates to be Referred, Documentation of Relevant Qualifications, Candidates with Identified Federal Preferences
	Role: Management HR Organization	Identify and refer candidates to management for consideration. Outputs: List(s) of Referred Candidates with Appropriate Guidance, Candidate Notifications
3.5.5	Assess Candidates for Selection	Inputs: List(s) of Referred Candidates with Appropriate Guidance, Applicant Documentation, References, Supervisory History
	Role: Management HR Organization	Determine and execute assessment approaches to be used (e.g., interviews, reference checks, testing).
		Outputs: Assessment Results

Process	3.5 Evaluate Candidate	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
3.5.6	Make Tentative Selection	Inputs: List of Referred Candidates with Appropriate Guidance, Applicant Documentation, Assessment Results
	Role: Management HR Organization	Review candidate(s) applicant documentation and consider outcomes of the preceding candidate evaluation activities to identify the preferred candidate(s). HR provides consultative support to agency management to ensure Federal hiring policies and guidelines are being adhered to.
		Outputs: List of Selectees for Job Offer(s)
3.5.7	Validate Selection	<u>Inputs</u> : Federal Rules on Preferences (external), Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Requirements, Guidelines,
	Role: HR Organization	Staffing Compliance Requirements, List of Selectees for Job Offers, Staff Acquisition Plan
		Validate that selections have been made in accordance with applicable laws, regulations and requirements and that the selected candidate(s) is (are) eligible for appointment.
		Outputs: Validated List of Selectee(s) for Job Offer(s)

Process	3.6 Hire Employee	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
3.6.1	Determine Terms of Offer Role: Management	Inputs: Validated List of Selectee(s) for Job Offer(s), Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Internal Guidelines Provide advice and counsel to selecting official on offer
	HR	parameters (e.g., recruitment incentives, pay setting). <u>Outputs</u> : Job Offer Terms
3.6.2	Extend Job Offer Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Validated List of Selectee(s) for Job Offer(s), Job Offer Terms Extend tentative job offers to selectee(s). Offers may be conditional and contingent on the prospective employee fulfilling certain criteria (e.g., successful background check, security clearance). Receive and record the candidate(s) responses to their offer(s) for employment. Outputs: Job Offers Extended to Selectees with Terms of Employment.
3.6.3	Respond to Job Offer Role: HR Organization Prospective Employee	Inputs: Job Offers Extended to Selectees with Terms of Employment. Accept, decline and/or negotiate the terms of employment. HR receives and records the selectee's response to the offer of employment. Outputs: Selectee Decision to Accept (or Decline) Employment Based Upon Job Offer Terms
3.6.4	Initiate Pre-employment Processes Role: HR Organization Prospective Employee / Employee	Inputs: Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Internal Guidelines, Selectee Decisions to Accept Employment Based Upon Job Offer Terms Build the prospective employee record or, if the prospective employee is already an employee or former employee of the Federal government, obtain the employee's information from the previous agency or record center. Initiate administrative activities as required of the job (e.g., security clearance, suitability determination, drug testing, medical screening, polygraph, relocation paperwork). Outputs: Pre-employment Data for Review / Analysis (e.g., security process, suitability determination)
3.6.5	Certify Compliance with Pre-Employment Requirements Role: HR Organization	Inputs: Results of Pre-employment Data Review / Analysis Certify that prescribed pre-employment activities are complete and employment contingencies are satisfied. Outputs: Authorization to Hire

Process	3.6 Hire Employee	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
3.6.6	Bring Selectee On Board	<u>Inputs</u> : Authorization to Hire, Employee Data
	Role: Management HR Organization Employee	Negotiate the entrance on duty date and provide notification to begin processes (e.g., orientation, work location and workstation, granting of security access). Conduct in-processing and enter employee information into automated systems.
		Outputs: Selectee Hired, Data Collection Complete
3.6.7	Close Out Case File	Inputs: Vacancy Case File
	Role: HR Organization	Close the vacancy case file and audit as required. Notify remaining candidates they were not selected and flag them as non-selected in the applicant database for future reference and reporting, as applicable.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Notifications, Employee Files, Closed Vacancy Case File

4. Performance Management

Sub-function Definition: Design, develop and implement a comprehensive employee performance management approach to ensure agency employees are demonstrating competencies required of their work assignments. Design, develop and implement a comprehensive performance management strategy that enables managers to make distinctions in performance and links individual performance to agency goal and mission accomplishment. This sub-function also includes managing employee performance at the individual level and evaluating the overall effectiveness of the agency's employee development approach.

Process	4.1 Establish Agen	cy Performance Management Strategy
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
4.1.1	Review Laws, Regulations, Policies and Guidelines Role: HR Organization	Inputs: Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, HR Policy, HR Procedures, Agreements Monitor, on an ongoing basis, legislative and regulatory changes, events, trends and documentation that could have an impact on employee performance management.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Notification of Change in Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Emerging Trends
4.1.2	Develop Agency Performance Management Strategy Role: Management	Inputs: Agency Mission and Vision, Agency Objectives and Strategies, HC Mission and Vision, HC Objectives and Strategies, HR Mission and Vision, HR Objectives and Strategies, Notification of Change in Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Emerging Trends Create an overall strategy for employee performance management.
	HR Organization	The strategy supports HC and HR objectives and strategies and provides guidance on philosophies, approaches, methods, tools and technologies for helping agency employees understand what is expected of them and how their performance expectations support the agency mission and objectives. The development of the agency performance management strategy includes identification of performance metrics against which to measure actual results against the strategy.
		Outputs: Agency Performance Management Strategy
4.1.3	Communicate Agency Performance Management Strategy	Inputs: Agency Performance Management Strategy Convey the agency performance management strategy to stakeholder
	Role: HR Organization	populations (e.g., agency executives, HR staff, agency line managers, employees) using a variety of media.
		Outputs: Communicated Agency Performance Management Strategy

Process	4.2 Establish and Implement Performance Management System and	
	Programs	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
4.2.1	Design Performance Management Framework Role:	Inputs: Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Agency Mission and Vision, Agency Objectives and Strategies, Human Capital (HC) Mission and Vision, HC Objectives and Strategies, HR Mission and Vision, HR Objectives and Strategies, Agency Policy, Agreements
	Management HR Organization Employee	Design a results-focused performance management approach that sets the policies and parameters for the administration of performance management programs within the agency, including establishing employee performance plans and specifying the flexibilities permitted for agency performance management programs. Obtain system approval from OPM.
4.2.2	Develop Performance Management Program(s) Role: Management HR Organization Employee	Outputs: Approved Performance Management System Inputs: Approved Performance Management System, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Agency Mission and Vision, Agency Objectives and Strategies, HC Mission and Vision, HC Objectives and Strategies, HR Mission and Vision, HR Objectives and Strategies, Proposed Agency Programs, Workforce Plan, Agency Core Competencies, Agency Policy, Agreements, Union Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), Proposed Revisions to Performance Management Program(s) and Process(es), Performance Management Program Assessment Results Develop results-focused performance management procedures and
		requirements for planning, monitoring, assessing and rating employee performance and correcting or rewarding such performance as appropriate. Work with employees and unions as appropriate. Specify the employees covered by the performance management program. Address the application and operation of written and verbal performance feedback, other intermittent performance assessments, employee individual development plans, measures against competencies and performance elements and standards. Obtain required management approval.
422	Implement	Outputs: Approved Performance Management Programs
4.2.3	Implement Performance Management Program(s)	Inputs: Approved Performance Management System, Approved Performance Management Program(s), Proposed Revisions to Performance Management Program, Performance Management Program Assessment Results
	Role: Management HR Organization Employee	Develop communication materials and roll out the policies, procedures, standards and governance for managing performance. Negotiate with unions as appropriate. Outputs: Performance Management Communication Materials, Policy Implementation Plan

Process	4.2 Establish and Implement Performance Management System and	
	Programs	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
4.2.4	Assess Performance Management Programs(s)	Inputs: Policy Implementation Plan, Agency Performance Results, Performance Trends, Performance-related Grievances, Other Benchmarks, Leading Practices, Employee Reactions (e.g., survey results)
	Role: Management HR Organization Employee	Validate that the performance management system and program(s) meet the needs of the agency, managers and employees through communicating performance expectations, fostering commitment and mutual understanding among managers and employees, improving results through constructive feedback, identifying training and development needs and verifying competency skills are acquired and demonstrated. Outputs: Proposed Revisions to Performance Management
		Program(s) and Process(s), Performance Management Program Assessment Results

Process	4.3 Manage Empl	ovee Performance
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
4.3.1	Establish Individual Performance Requirements Role: Management HR Organization Employee	Inputs: Performance Management Policies, Performance Management Procedures, Previous Rating of Record, Previous Performance Plan, Individual Development Plan, Agency Strategic Plan, Description of Duties, Mission Critical Competencies Initiate discussion with employee to establish a performance plan for the given rating period. Finalize and communicate the individual's performance requirements and proficiency levels where the employee understands the measures against which he or she will be rated, including specific results expected, agency-wide core competencies and position specific competencies. HR will provide consultative support as requested.
		Outputs: Employee Performance Plan
4.3.2	Role: Management Employee	Inputs: Performance Management Policies, Performance Management Procedures, Employee Performance Plan, Employee Performance Results, Individual Development Plan Set up and conduct regular documented feedback sessions during the rating period. During these sessions, the manager discusses with the employee recent work performed including the proficiencies and deficiencies against the employee's performance elements and standards, expressing requirements and competencies. Development needs are addressed and training needs are identified. A Performance Improvement Plan is developed and initiated, if needed. HR will provide consultative support as requested. Outputs: Interim Performance Rating, Performance Proficiencies and Performance Deficiencies, Updated Individual Development Plan, Performance Improvement Plan
4.3.3	Complete Final Performance Appraisal Role: Management Employee	Inputs: Performance Management Policies, Performance Management Procedures, Interim Performance Rating, Employee Performance Results, Appropriate Third-party Feedback, Documented Feedback, Individual Development Plan, Performance Improvement Plan Appraise performance, evaluating the employee actual performance against the performance elements and performance standards established at the beginning of the appraisal period. Obtain any necessary reviewer approval(s). HR will provide consultative support as requested. Outputs: Rating of Record

Process	4.3 Manage Employee Performance	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
4.3.4	Discuss Final	<i>Inputs</i> : Rating of Record
	Performance	
	Appraisal	Engage employee in dialogue to establish common understanding
		between the manager and employee regarding the appraisal results.
	Role:	Document the employee's performance appraisal and rating of record
	Management	and any employee dispute of the rating. Develop revised performance
	Employee	plan for next appraisal period. HR will provide consultative support as requested.
		Outputs: Documented Rating of Record, Documented Dispute of
		Rating of Record, Performance Improvement Plan, Updated
		Individual Development Plan, Revised Performance Plan
4.3.5	Finalize Performance	<i>Inputs</i> : Documented Rating of Record
	Appraisal	
		The appraisal and rating are submitted to HR and/or other authorized
	Role:	group/panel., reviewed for consistency and accuracy, and recorded.
	Management	Initiate any applicable administrative actions. Provide copy of
	HR Organization	appraisal to employee.
		Outputs: Recorded Official Rating of Record, Aggregated Data and
		Reports, Recommended Personnel Actions (including notification to compensation if applicable for award, bonus or salary adjustment)

Process	4.4 Evaluate Perfo	ormance Management Effectiveness
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
4.4.1	Evaluate Performance Management	<i>Inputs:</i> Participant Surveys, Participants' Performance Appraisals, Ratings of Record
	Program Results	Determine the effectiveness of the program in terms of individual employee performance plan alignment to agency mission and goals,
	Role:	relationship of employee ratings distribution to organizational
	Management HR Organization	achievements, use of validated competencies, employee understanding of relationship between expected results and agency goals, use of balanced and credible measures and ability of supervisors to make meaningful distinctions in performance. This review may be conducted using appropriate evaluation tools such as 360 ratings, supervisor feedback, self-assessment and employee surveys. This review should be conducted periodically, as scheduled by the agency, but not less than every two to three years for established programs and annually for new programs.
		Outputs: New / Revised Performance Management Program, Completed Surveys, Program Effectiveness Conclusions, Program Material Revisions, Assessment Results, Program Evaluation Trends
4.4.2	Evaluate Long-term Impacts and Value of Performance	Inputs: Agency Performance Results, Participants' Performance Appraisals, Ratings of Record, Completed Surveys
	Management Programs Role: Management	Determine the value of the program to the agency based on whether it aligns individual performance plans with strategic goals and objectives, identifies measurable results, identifies employee competency gaps, produces meaningful distinctions in performance and identifies and corrects performance deficiencies. It may take
	HR Organization	several rating cycles before these results can be measured. Outputs: Program Effectiveness Conclusions, Proposed Changes to Performance Management System, Proposed Changes to Performance Management Program(s)

5. Compensation Management

Sub-function Definition: Design, develop and implement compensation programs that attract, retain and fairly compensate agency employees. In addition, design, develop and implement pay for performance compensation programs to recognize and reward high performance, with both base pay increases and performance bonus payments. This sub-function includes: developing and implementing compensation programs; administering bonus and monetary awards programs; administering pay changes; managing time, attendance, leave and pay; and managing payroll.

Process	5.1 Adopt Compensation Programs	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
5.1.1	Review Laws, Regulations, Policies and Trends Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Emerging Compensation Trends, Leading Practices, Employment Market Benchmark Data, Salary Surveys, Administration's Agenda, Agreements, Agency Budget, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Workforce Plan Track compensation trends in the public and private sectors and review laws, rules, regulations and policies to understand implications for possible alternative compensation programs to be
		implemented at the agency (e.g., Pay for Performance). <u>Outputs</u> : Alternative Compensation Program Research Findings
5.1.2	Identify Parity Issues Role:	Inputs: Workforce Plan, Human Capital Supply Model, Human Capital Demand Model, Salary Surveys
	Management HR Organization	Review the Workforce Plan to understand the implications for employee compensation. Perform ongoing salary surveys to understand compensation in other sectors and industries that influence availability and compensation requirements of the Federal government workforce to view pay parity for similar occupations in the same geography. Make recommendations on any inequities.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Parity Findings, Compensation Program Recommendations

Process	5.1 Adopt Comper	nsation Programs
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
5.1.3	Establish Compensation Program Role:	Inputs: Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, OPM Regulations and / or Guidance, Alternative Compensation Program Research Findings, Parity Findings, Compensation Program Recommendations
	Management HR Organization	For new or revised non-discretionary compensation and leave programs, interpret broad OPM guidance to establish specific agency-level policies and regulations. Identify discretionary compensation program (e.g., incentives, student loan repayments) or adopt existing discretionary compensation program for implementation at agency level. Work with stakeholders to design and develop alternative compensation program (e.g., pay for performance, pay banding). Institute standards for determining the employee populations to be eligible for discretionary or alternative compensation program, to fit within the overall budget parameters.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Compensation Program(s), Agency Compensation Policies and / or Regulations, Leave Policy and Guidelines
5.1.4	Implement Compensation Program	Inputs: Compensation Program(s), Agency Compensation Policies and / or Regulations, AgreementsAuthorize implementation as necessary of discretionary
	Role: HR Organization	compensation program at the agency. Create an implementation plan for developing, testing and staging any process, tools and technology changes. Coordinate execution of implementation plan. Participate as necessary in development or modification of new processes, tools or technologies.
		Outputs: Implementation Plan, Systems Requirements, Process Design Changes
5.1.5	Create Compensation Program Communications	<i>Inputs:</i> Compensation Program(s), Agency Compensation Policies and / or Regulations
	Approach and Content Role: HR Organization	Establish an overall approach to deliver information to applicable audiences (e.g., eligible employees, candidates) regarding the compensation program. Develop compensation program communications content and deliver across the appropriate communications media.
		Outputs: Agency Compensation Program(s) Communication Approach and Content

Process	5.2 Administer Bo	nus and Awards Programs
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
5.2.1	Identify Bonus and Awards Payout Strategies Role: Management	Inputs: Agency Discretionary Compensation Policy, Agency Budget, Agency Performance Results, Workforce Plan, Succession Plan, Legislation, Agreements, Agency Mission and Vision, Stakeholder Input Identify bonus and award (e.g., monetary, non-monetary) strategies for any given year.
		Outputs: Bonus and Awards Strategies
5.2.2	Determine Eligibility for Bonus or Award Role:	Inputs: Bonus and Awards Strategies, Bonus or Award Eligibility Guidelines, Rating of Record, Management Input, Agency Discretionary Compensation Policy
	Management HR Organization	Identify individuals or groups of employees who are eligible to receive bonus and / or award. Document justification. Outputs: List of Employees to Receive Bonus or Award
5.2.3	Set Bonus or Award Pay Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: List of Employees to Receive Bonus or Award, Rating of Record, Agency Budget, Management Input, Agency Discretionary Compensation Policy Determine bonus and/or award and capture data in payroll and other systems as applicable. Outputs: Bonus or Award, HR Transaction
5.2.4	Deliver Bonus or Award Communication Role: Management HR Organization Employee	Inputs: Bonus or Award, Agency Discretionary Compensation Policy Inform eligible employees of the value and basis of their bonus and / or award. Outputs: Bonus and / or Award Communication

Process	5.3 Administer Pay or Leave	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
5.3.1	Identify Employees	<i>Inputs</i> : Agency Compensation Policy, Pay and Leave Change
	to Receive Pay or	Guidelines, Employee Performance, Time in Grade, Agency Budget,
	Leave Change	Management Action, Employee Requests, Agreements
	Role:	Determine eligibility and calculate amounts for pay, leave,
	Management	allowances and differentials (e.g., annual salary increases, temporary
	HR Organization	promotions, leave eligibility, promotions, demotions and retention incentives).
		,
		Outputs: List of Employees to Receive Pay or Leave Changes
5.3.2	Process Pay or	<u>Inputs</u> : List of Employees to Receive Pay or Leave Changes
	Leave Change	
		Update pay data or leave data in payroll and other systems.
	Role:	
	HR Organization	Outputs: Employee Pay or Leave Data, Payroll Transactions
5.3.3	Communicate Pay	<i>Inputs</i> : Employee Pay or Leave Data
	or Leave Change	
		Inform eligible employees of the pending receipt and value of their
	Role:	pay or leave change.
	Management	
	HR Organization	
	Employee	Outputs: Communicated Pay or Leave Changes

Process	5.4 Manage Time	and Attendance
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
5.4.1	Schedule Employees Role: Management	Inputs: Agency Available Work Schedules, Legislation, Agreements, Employee Preferences, Roster of Employees, Assigned Employee Roles, Projected Workload Define work schedules of employees based on project and / or work requirements and record schedules into the system.
		Outputs: Assigned Basic Work Schedule (Tour of Duty), Transaction
5.4.2	Attest Attendance Data	Inputs: Employee Information, Assigned Basic Work Schedule, Leave Accruals, Leave Balances, Official Time Tracking Data
	Role: Employee	Record and attest time worked (e.g., premium pay, differentials, hazardous pay, and work / schedule adjustments) by an employee, including leave. The time recorded may or may not be associated with a project work code.
		Outputs: Attested Time and Attendance Data, Project Cost Data
5.4.3	Manage Usage of Leave and Paid Time Off	Inputs: Leave Policy and Guidelines, Compensatory Time Policy and Guidelines, Agency Alternative Work Schedule Policy and Guidelines, Leave Begin and End Dates, Attested Time and Attendance Data, Project Cost Data, Beginning Leave Balances, Payroll Transactions
	Management HR Organization Employee	Complete forms and provide applicable justification for leave. Calculate employee leave accruals and other paid time off, apply usages and perform conversions to determine balances (e.g., FMLA, leave banks, voluntary leave transfer, home leave, credit hours) based on time worked and leave taken. For employees on leave of absence, verify and approve eligibility and requested leave duration.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Leave Accruals, Leave Balances, Continuation of Leave Request, Leave End Date, Leave Documentation, Validated Time and Attendance, Project Cost Data
5.4.4	Certify Employee Attendance Data	<i>Inputs:</i> Validated Time and Attendance, Project Cost Data Certify the reported time for employees.
	Role: Management	Outputs: Certified Time and Attendance, Project Cost Data

Process	5.5 Manage Payro	oll
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
5.5.1	Manage Employee Furnished Payroll Data	Inputs: Employee Furnished Payroll Data Capture and validate individual employee payroll data (e.g., direct deposit, voluntary and involuntary deductions, tax withholding
	Role: HR Organization Employee	information). Outputs: Validated Employee Payroll Data
5.5.2	Process On-cycle Payroll Role:	Inputs: Pay Schedule, Validated Employee Payroll Data, Certified Time and Attendance Data, Employee Pay Data or Salary Updates, Voluntary, Involuntary and Mandatory Deductions, Dues Withholding, Allowances, Payroll Transaction
	HR Organization	Ensure pay data for the pay period is available and calculate gross pay, apply taxes and deductions to calculate net pay, verify payroll and generate disbursement data (e.g., employee, taxes, allotments). Outputs: Pay Calculation Results, Pay Reporting Data
5.5.3	Process Off-cycle Payroll Role: HR Organization	Inputs: Pay Schedule, Validated Employee Payroll Data, Certified Time and Attendance Data, Employee Pay Data or Salary Updates, Voluntary, Involuntary and Mandatory Deductions, Dues Withholding, Allowances, Payroll Transaction For individuals or groups who must be paid outside the parameters
		of the pay period, calculate the appropriate payment. These are typically one time payments. Outputs: Pay Calculation Results, Pay Reporting Data
5.5.4	Distribute Labor Costs	Inputs: Pay Calculation Results, Labor Cost Distribution Charge Codes, Attested Time and Attendance Data
	Role: HR Organization	Allocate payroll costs to projects or accounts on a daily, weekly or bi-weekly basis. Transmit labor cost allocation information to General Ledger and other financial accounting systems and / or third party(s).
		Outputs: Labor Cost Allocation
5.5.5	Process Disbursements	Inputs: Pay Calculation Results Allocate and distribute payments to authorized recipients (e.g.,
	Role: HR Organization	employees, benefits providers, garnishment collection agencies). Reconcile payment data as applicable.
		Outputs: Disbursements

Process	5.5 Manage Payroll	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
5.5.6	Handle Payroll Issues	Inputs: Payroll Discrepancies, Employee Inquiries
	Role: HR Organization	Manage and resolve all reported payroll issues. Respond to or refer employee questions as necessary.
		Outputs: Resolved Payroll Issues
5.5.7	Perform Periodic Reporting	Inputs: Pay Calculation Results, Pay Reporting Data, Disbursements, Payroll Data
	Role: HR Organization	Calculate and report on payroll and HR information by pay period, quarterly, annually and as requested (e.g., advices, social security, retirement, EHRI, EEOC).
		<u>Outputs</u> : Reported Payroll Information

6. Benefits Management

Sub-function Definition: Design, develop and implement benefit programs that attract, retain and support current and former agency employees. This sub-function includes: establishing and communicating benefits programs; processing benefits actions; and interacting as necessary with third party benefits providers.

Process	6.1 Establish Bene	fits Programs
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
6.1.1	Adopt or Establish Discretionary Benefits Programs	<i>Inputs:</i> Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Government-wide Benefits Programs
	Role: Management	Identify new discretionary benefits programs or adapt discretionary benefits programs.
	E : 11' 1 D . C':	Outputs: Benefits Offerings
6.1.2	Establish Benefits Eligibility Rules Role:	Inputs: Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Benefits Industry Products and Services, External Data, Negotiated Agreements
	Management HR Organization	Institute standards for determining benefits eligibility. Outputs: Agency Benefits Policy
612	Coordinata Process	
6.1.3	Coordinate Process Implementation With Partners and Providers Role: HR Organization	Inputs: Mandatory Government Benefits Programs, Discretionary Government Benefits Programs, Agency Benefits Policy Create implementation plan for developing, testing and staging any necessary people, process and technology changes. Coordinate execution of plan with partners including unions and providers. Negotiate benefits / services with partners (internal) and providers (external) and ensure results meet service level expectations. Authorize implementation of the program at the agency. HR will continue to be involved in people, process and technology. Develop / modify process, tools and technology. Outputs: Service Level Agreements, Implementation Plan, Systems Requirements, Process Design Changes, Organizational Change Requirements
6.1.4	Create Benefits Communications Approach and Content Role: HR Organization	Inputs: Benefits Offerings, Agency Benefits Policy, Service Level Agreements Plan the approach and create content to communicate benefits programs. Output: Communication Content, Communications Strategy and Plan

Process	6.2 Process Benefi	ts Actions
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
6.2.1	Deliver Benefits	Inputs: Communication Content, Third Party Communication
	Communication	Content, Communication Strategy and Plan
	Role:	Make benefits communication content available via various media
	HR Organization	(e.g., websites, brochures, one on one counseling).
		Outputs: Communications Materials
6.2.2	Managa Provider	Inputs: Service Level Agreements, Provider Pricing Data, Industry
0.2.2	Manage Provider Contracts	Benchmarks, Employee Satisfaction Data, Changes to Provider
	Contracts	Offerings
	Role:	Offerings
	HR Organization	Provide benefits data to external and internal benefits providers.
		Monitor service levels and price with providers. Track performance
		over time. Renegotiate Service Level Agreements as necessary.
		Ç
		Outputs: Benefits Provider Performance Results, Revised Benefits
		Provider Service Level Agreement
6.2.3	Elect Benefits	Inputs: Communication Materials , Benefits Offerings, Agency
	D 1	Benefits Policy
	Role:	
	Employee	Elect benefits, selecting from among available choices. Benefits participation data is received from the employee and validated as
		appropriate. Discontinue participation, if necessary, per eligibility
		rules.
		Tules.
		Outputs: Benefits Elections, Payroll Provider
6.2.4	Activate Enrollments	<i>Inputs</i> : Benefits Provider Performance Results, Revised Benefits
		Provider Service Level Agreement, Benefits Offerings, Agency
	Role:	Benefits Policy
	HR Organization	
		Determine eligibility and activate employee into benefits programs.
		Outnuts, Danefits Floring Daywell Drawiden
6.2.5	Maintain Appropriate	Outputs: Benefits Elections, Payroll Provider Inputs: Benefits Elections, Payroll Provider
0.2.3	Records	inpuis. Denotits Elections, Layton Flovidei
	1000145	Receive completed and signed benefits forms, as necessary, from
	Role:	benefits participants and file them as appropriate.
	HR Organization	Tr Tr
		Outputs: Employee Records

7. Human Resources Development

Sub-function Definition: Design, develop and implement a comprehensive employee development approach to ensure agency employees have the right competencies and skills for current and future work assignments. This sub-function includes conducting employee development needs assessments; designing employee development programs; administering and delivering employee development programs; and evaluating the overall effectiveness of the agency's employee development approach.

Process	7.1 Establish Agency Human Resources Development (HRD)	
	Management Strategy	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
7.1.1	Review Laws, Regulations, Policies and Guidelines	Inputs: Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, HR Policy, HR Procedures, Agreements
	Role: HR Organization	Monitor, on an ongoing basis, legislative and regulatory changes, events, trends and documentation that could have an impact on HRD.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Notification of Change in Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations or Trends
7.1.2	Develop Agency HRD Vision	Inputs: Agency Mission and Vision, Agency Objectives and Strategies, HC Plan, HC Objectives and Strategies, HC Mission and Vision, HR Mission and Vision, HR Objectives and Strategies, Workforce Plan, Succession Plan, Staff Acquisition Strategy,
	Role: Management HR Organization	Notification of Change in Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations or Trends (e.g., CG Decisions, Executive Orders, OMB Circulars, Case Law)
		Create an overall philosophy or doctrine for HRD that establishes the framework for employee development, supports HC and HR objectives and strategies, outlines the agency's doctrine on the use of various learning strategies, including e-learning, to address employee development and includes the requirements for overall metrics for measuring the results of training and development.
		Outputs: Agency HRD Vision
7.1.3	Communicate Agency HRD Vision	Inputs: Agency HRD Vision
	Role: HR Organization	Convey the Agency HRD vision to various internal and external stakeholders (e.g., agency executives, HR staff, agency line managers, employees, unions) using a variety of media.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Communicated Agency HRD Vision

Process	7.2 Conduct HR D	Development Needs Assessment
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
7.2.1	Determine Competencies to be Addressed by HRD Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Projected Agency Human Capital Requirements, Workforce Plan, Annual Multi-level Training Needs Assessment (organizational, occupational, individual), User Self-assessment Prioritize competency gaps and identify high priority competencies to be addressed based on need expressed by, managers, executives, employee input, the link to HC / HR Mission, Vision, Objectives and Strategies and the degree to which an employee development program could practically address the need.
7.2.2	Identify / Propose HRD Program Role: Management HR Organization	 Outputs: HRD Component of the Talent Management Strategy Inputs: HRD Component of the Talent Management Strategy , Internal and External Program Options, Employee and Union Recommendations Develop a proposal and business case that outlines the potential HRD programs and strategies needed to address high priority and other competency gaps in the organization; Identify the potential HRD program provider(s) based on who can best meet identified program needs. The provider may be an external vendor, an internal agency group or a group from another agency. Outputs: Proposed HRD Programs and / or Learning Opportunities with Business Cases
7.2.3	Analyze, Prioritize and Select HRD Programs and / or Learning Opportunities to be Implemented Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Proposed HRD Programs and / or Learning Opportunities with Business Cases Analyze, prioritize, and select employee development programs to be implemented based on results of the needs assessment, and the decisions stemming from the proposal and business case (i.e., potential agency impact, analysis of pre-existing training sources versus in-house development, timeline, cost, employee population, and available budget, etc). Outputs: Approved HRD Programs and / or Learning Opportunities with Business Cases

Process	7.3 Develop HR D	evelopment Program
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
7.3.1	Conduct Training	Input: Approved HRD Programs and/or Learning Opportunities
	Needs Analysis for	
	Each Approved HRD	Identify and describe the target audience(s), conduct task and
	Program and/or	learning analysis, inventory the competencies, select and analyze
	Learning Opportunity	competencies for training and identify performance criteria for measuring desired results.
	Role:	
	Management	Outputs: Training Needs Analysis (per Program and/or Learning
	HR Organization	Opportunity, Target Audience)
7.3.2	Design HRD	<u>Inputs</u> : Training Needs Analysis, HRD Program Goals, Learning
	Program Content	Objectives, Target Audiences
	Role:	Develop a broad outline of topics (content) to be covered in the
	Management	programs(s). Establish learning goals and objectives including
	HR Organization	methods for measuring and demonstrating learning. Develop
		training strategy including instructional strategies and delivery and
		distribution methods (e.g., lectures, case studies, role plays, blended
		learning, developmental assignments, certifications, technology
		enabled training, coaching and mentoring programs [technical and
		cross-functional], traditional classroom training, Web-based
		learning, videotapes, brown bag lunch series, conferences,
		communities of practice, education, on-the-job training, etc.)
		Outroutes, LIDD Due or one Decion Decument
7.3.3	Calcat IIDD Dua arram	Outputs: HRD Program Design Document
7.3.3	Select HRD Program	Inputs: Provider Profile, Provider Offerings, Training Needs
	Provider	Analysis, HRD Program Goals, Learning Objectives, Target
	Dolor	Audiences, HRD Program Design Document
	Role:	Identify calcution outcome and marridge newforms and outcome and
	Management HR Organization	Identify selection criteria and provider performance criteria and select the HRD provider that will best meet program needs. The
	Employee	employee may be involved in the identification of the source or
	Employee	provider.
		provider.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Provider Selection Criteria, Provider Evaluation Results
7.3.4	Develop HRD	<i>Inputs</i> : Training Needs Analysis, HRD Program Goals, Learning
	Program	Objectives, Employee Development Program Outline, Target
		Audiences, Implementation Time Frame
	Role:	
	Management	Develop program content and materials. Establish a plan that
	HR Organization	produces results in the time frames established. Identify resource
		requirements. Schedule resources. Identify key milestones and
		approval dates. Develop implementation plan.
		Outnute: HPD Program and Materials Evaluation Instruments
		Outputs: HRD Program and Materials, Evaluation Instruments,
		Implementation Plan

Process	7.3 Develop HR D	evelopment Program
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
7.3.5	Establish Overall	<i>Inputs</i> : Training Needs Analysis, HRD Program Goals,
	Implementation Time	Performance Criteria, HRD Program Design Document, Budget
	Frames and Predict	
	Program Life Span	Propose and document the overall time frames and probable program
		life span for design, development and implementation of the
	Role:	program.
	Management	
	HR Organization	Outputs: Implementation Time Frame
7.3.6	Review and Validate	Inputs: HRD Program and Materials, Evaluation Instruments,
	HRD Program	Implementation Plan
		Review completed program content to ensure it will meet program
	Role:	goals and learning objectives and for quality and for appropriateness
	Management	to target audience. Propose revisions and re-review as necessary.
	HR Organization	
		Outputs: Approved HRD Program and Materials, Evaluation
		Instruments, Implementation Plan

Process	7.4 Implement HR	Development Program
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
7.4.1	Pilot HRD Program Role: HR Organization	Inputs: Approved HRD Program and Materials, Evaluation Instruments Offer a new or substantially revised program to a sample of the target audience and / or to individuals who will in the future be delivering the program (train the facilitator) to identify revisions or
		improvements to content, sequencing of content, program timing, delivery method and program logistics (e.g., Web access, facilities). A pilot may be warranted if the program content or delivery approach varies substantially from the past. A substantial revision to an existing program may also warrant a pilot.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Developer, Observer and / or Facilitator Feedback, Completed Program Evaluations
7.4.2	Revise HRD Content and Methods of Delivery	Inputs: Developer, Observer and / or Facilitator Feedback, Completed Program Evaluations
	Role: HR Organization	Make adjustments to the program based on pilot experience and feedback.
		Outputs: Revised Instructional Strategies, Delivery and Distribution Methods, HRD Program Materials, Revised Evaluation Instruments (where applicable)
7.4.3	Announce HRD Program	Inputs: HRD Program Outline, Target Audiences Determine frequency and timing of program offerings based on
	Role: HR Organization	organizational or employee need or opportunity, target audience organization and location and budget. Add offerings to program catalog(s) (e.g., Web-based catalogs, hard copy catalogs). Produce and disseminate via various media any program announcement materials.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Training / Development Catalog(s), Program Announcement Materials
7.4.4	Administer Training Role:	<i>Inputs:</i> Training / Development Catalog(s), Program Evaluations, Course Evaluations
	Management HR Organization Employee	Coordinate the administrative and logistical aspects of delivering the program including participant registration and authorization, billing for the program as appropriate, tracking participation (e.g., self-study, Web-based training) or attendance (e.g., traditional classroom training), cancellations and absences and receiving and summarizing program evaluation data. This also includes scheduling and setting up facilities for programs that are delivered in a classroom or other settings. Manage providers as necessary.
		<u>Outputs</u> : Program Registrations, Attendance Data, Group Training Costs, Individual Training Costs, Summarized Program Evaluations, Provider Performance Results and / or Reports

Process	7.4 Implement HR Development Program	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
7.4.5	Deliver HRD	Inputs: HRD Program Materials, Program Evaluation Forms
	Program	
	Role: HR Organization	Deliver program to participants per schedule and / or availability published in program catalog(s). Update employee records to document program attendance and / or completion.
		Outputs: Program Evaluations, Employee Record Updates

Process	7.5 Manage HR D	evelopment
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
7.5.1	Create or Update	Inputs: Annual Performance Evaluation, Career Strategy, Agency
	Individual	Strategic Plan
	Development Plan	
		In a collaborative effort, the manager and employee identify
	Role:	developmental opportunities to address competency goals and / or
	Management	deficiencies and set up an action plan for development going
	Employee	forward.
		Outputs: Individual Development Plan, Performance Plan
7.5.2	Execute Individual	<i>Inputs</i> : Individual Development Plan, Training Catalog, Career Plan
	Development Plan	
		Complete activities in the Individual Development Plan (e.g.,
	Role:	enrollment in a Web-based learning activity, certification class,
	Management	developing a coaching / mentoring relationship).
	HR Organization	
	Employee	Outputs: Executed Individual Development Plan
7.5.3	Assess Progress	Inputs: Training Results, Annual Performance Evaluation,
	Against Individual	Individual Development Plan
	Development Plan	•
		Measure skills attained (e.g., via testing, on the job performance,
	Role:	employee and manager feedback) and progress made against the
	Management	Individual Development Plan.
	HR Organization	•
	Employee	Outputs: Revised Individual Development Plan, Performance
		Evaluation

Process	7.6 Evaluate HR D	Development Program Effectiveness
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
7.6.1	Evaluate HRD Program Role: HR Organization	Inputs: Completed Program Evaluation Forms Collect program evaluations to identify improvements for future sessions. Review existing programs for relevance, on an ongoing basis, and revise or discontinue as appropriate. Outputs: Program Evaluation Trends, Program Material Revisions, Updated Training / Development Catalog(s)
7.6.2	Analyze HRD Program Results Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Participant Surveys, Manager Surveys, Participants' Performance Evaluations, Other Collected Feedback Determine the value of the program to participants and the agency in terms of how well participants are using what they learned and are meeting learning objectives. This review may be conducted using appropriate evaluation tools (e.g., 360 ratings, supervisor feedback, self-assessment) and may take place six months to a year after the participants experienced the program. Outputs: New or Revised HRD Program(s) and Materials, Completed Participant Surveys, Completed Manager Surveys, Program Effectiveness Conclusions, Program Material Revisions,
7.6.3	Evaluate Long-term Impacts and Value of HRD Programs Role: Management HR Organization	Assessment Results Inputs: Agency Performance Results, Participants' Performance Evaluations, Completed Participant Surveys, Completed Manager Surveys Determine the value of the program to the agency based on whether the program has addressed the competency deficiencies identified during the needs assessment and the resulting expanded competency base is producing measurable results. It may take at least eighteen months to two years before these results can be measured. Outputs: Program Effectiveness Conclusions, ROI Assessment

8. Employee Relations

Sub-function Definition: Design, develop and implement programs that strive to maintain an effective employer-employee relationship that balances the agency's needs against its employees' rights. This sub-function includes: addressing employee misconduct; addressing employee performance problems; managing administrative grievances; providing employee accommodation; administering employees assistance programs; participating in administrative third party proceedings; and determining candidate and applicant suitability.

Process	8.1 Address Emple	ovee Misconduct
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
8.1.1	Establish Employee Conduct Expectations	Inputs: Agency Policies, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Agreements
	Role: Management HR Organization	Develop, validate and publish practices that govern employee conduct and behavior. Train and counsel supervisors and managers on rules of conduct. Interpret agency policy to set practices for workforce within managers' or supervisors' span of control.
		Outputs: Guidelines on Documenting Offense and Appropriate Actions, Individual Manager Expectations, Table of Penalties
8.1.2	Communicate Employee Conduct Expectations	Inputs: Guidelines on Documenting Offense and Appropriate Actions, Individual Manager Expectations, Table of Penalties, Agreements
	Role: Management HR Organization	Use a variety of media and / or communication methods to communicate and ensure notice to employees of conduct expectations and consequences. Train and counsel employees on rules of conduct.
		Outputs: Communication Materials
8.1.3	Conduct Fact Finding Into Employee Misconduct Role:	Inputs: Alleged Employee Misconduct, Case Law, Case File, Agency Precedent, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Employee Data, Guidelines on Documenting Offense and Appropriate Actions, Legal / HR Advice and Guidance, Agreements
	Management HR Organization	Gather and document facts on alleged employee misconduct and create file. Inform employee as appropriate.
		Outputs: Decision to Take Informal or Formal Action, Referral (e.g., investigative entity, EAP)

Process	8.1 Address Employee Misconduct	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
8.1.4	Execute Formal or Informal Action	Inputs: Case File, Table of Penalties, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Employee Data, Agency Precedents, Agreements, Agency Policies
	Role: Management HR Organization	Effect action in accordance with applicable government-wide and agency policies and / or take other measures as appropriate (e.g., settlement, last chance agreement, resignation).
		Outputs: Agency Case File, Decision Letters, Settlement Agreement, Transaction

Process	8.2 Address Employee Performance Problems	
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
8.2.1	Address Performance Improvement Plan Results Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Interim Performance Rating, Performance Plan, Rating of Record, Performance Proficiencies and Deficiencies, Performance Improvement Plan, Performance Improvement Plan Results, Case Law, Precedent Findings, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Agency Policies Review performance during the opportunity period and compare against expectations detailed in the performance improvement plan. Decide appropriate action based on results in accordance with agency regulations. Outputs: Decision to Take Action
8.2.2	Execute Formal or Informal Action Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Decision to Take Action, PIP, Agreements, Agency Policies, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations Effect action in accordance with applicable government-wide and agency policies. Outputs: Agency Case File, Decision Letter, Transaction

Process	8.3 Manage Admir	nistrative Grievances
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
8.3.1	Identify Issue (Informal Grievance)	Inputs: Employee(s) Claim of Wrongdoing Receive information to define and clarify the issue(s).
	Role: Management HR Organization	<u>Outputs</u> : Decision, Finding, Recommendation on How to Address the Grievance, Resolution, Documented Complaint
8.3.2	Advise on Means of Resolution Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Alternative Resolution Methods, Documented Complaint Provide information on available resolution options and / or venues (e.g., mediation, fact finding, "ombudsman" meeting, dispute panels and facilitation). Provide offers of informal resolution. Outputs: Resolution, Decision on Informal Grievance, Settlement Agreement, Decision to Employ Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Methods
8.3.3	File Formal Grievance Role: Employee	Inputs: Informal Grievance, Decision on Informal Grievance, Results of ADR, Documentation Supporting Grievance, Agreements Submit grievance in accordance with prescribed procedures. Outputs: Grievance
8.3.4	Engage in Alternative Dispute Resolution Role: Management HR Organization Employee	Inputs: Agreements, Grievance, Interests of the Parties, Agency Policies and Procedures Engage in alternative methods of dispute resolution, as appropriate, (e.g., mediation, fact finding, ombudsman meeting, dispute panels, facilitated discussion). Outputs: Resolved Dispute, Settlement Agreement, Continued Formal Grievance
8.3.5	Process Grievance Role: Management HR Organization	Inputs: Grievance, Agreements, Legal / HR Advice and Guidance, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Third Party Decisions, Case Law, Agency Policy and Procedures Determine jurisdiction and refer as appropriate. Collect, review and analyze information related to the grievance (e.g., hold discussions, collect data, supporting documentation). Determine findings and address requested relief.
8.3.6	Render Decision on Grievance Role: Management HR Organization	 Outputs: Grievance Findings, Grievance Case File Inputs: Grievance Findings, Grievance Case File, Results of ADR, Legal / HR Advice and Guidance, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Agreements Render a decision in accordance with prescribed procedures. Outputs: Grievance Decision

Process	8.4 Provide Reason	nable Accommodation
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
8.4.1	Request Accommodation	Inputs: Employee Request, Third Party Decision File a request for accommodation (an employee to address a need or
	Role: Prospective Employee /	a decision and a settlement or resolution of a grievance or EEO complaint).
	Employee	Outputs: Acknowledgement, Request for Documentation, Accommodation File
8.4.2	Determine Accommodation Needs	Inputs: Documentation, Agency Policy and Procedures, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Job Requirements, Legal / HR Advice and Guidance
	Role: Management HR Organization	Review information provided by the employee. Request clarification or additional information and evaluate to identify appropriate reasonable accommodation, if any. Decide to accommodate or deny in accordance with agency-specific procedures.
		Outputs: Decision on Accommodation Request
8.4.3	Put Reasonable Accommodation Into Place	<i>Inputs</i> : Decision on Accommodation Request, Agency Policies and Procedures, Accommodation File
	Role: Management HR Organization	Work with other areas (e.g., facilities, IT, procurement) to implement the reasonable accommodation. Inform and / or train the employee and / or manager / supervisor. Follow up to ensure needs are being met.
		Outputs: Reasonable Accommodation

Process	8.5 Administer En	nployee Assistance Program
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
8.5.1	Provide EAP Services	<i>Inputs</i> : Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, EAP Service Offerings
	Role: Management HR Organization	Research and evaluate Employee Assistance Program (EAP) service offerings and establish EAP services. Monitor service usage and service provider performance over time. Adjust services and / or providers as necessary. Communicate availability of services for employees and families. Ensure employees and managers / supervisors are informed of self-service features to the Employee Assistance Program.
		Outputs: New or Renewed EAP Services, Communications
8.5.2	Make Referrals to EAP Services	Inputs: EAP Service Provider Contact Information
		Provide service contact information when employees request the
	Role:	information or the agency directs counseling or services.
	Management	
	HR Organization	Outputs: Employee Referral

Process	8.6 Participate in A	Administrative Third Party Proceedings
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
8.6.1	File With a Third Party	Inputs: Appealable Decision / Action, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations
	Role: Employee	Exercise right to request a decision by a third party (e.g., EEOC, MSPB, OSC, OPM, US District Court).
		Outputs: Filing
8.6.2	Engage in Discovery	Inputs: Request for Discovery, Interrogatories, Legal / HR Advice and Guidance
	Role: Management HR Organization Employee	Request and provide information related to the issue under appeal. Depose potential witnesses.
		Outputs: Response to Discovery Request, Discovery Request
8.6.3	Prepare a Response	Inputs: Notification from Third Party, Filing
	to Third Party Filing Role:	Provide agency's position, facts and / or supporting documentation in accordance with prescribed procedures.
	Management	in accordance with preserioed procedures.
	HR Organization	<u>Outputs</u> : Agency Response
8.6.4	Participate in	Inputs: Request or Notice to Participate in ADR
	Alternative Dispute	
	Resolution	Engage in alternative methods of dispute resolution, as required by
		third party policy, (e.g., mediation, fact finding, ombudsman
	Role:	meeting, dispute panels and facilitated discussion).
	Management HR Organization	Outputs, Deschied Disputs Sattlement Agreement Continued Third
	Employee	<u>Outputs</u> : Resolved Dispute, Settlement Agreement, Continued Third Party Process
8.6.5	Participate in Hearing	Inputs: Notice of Hearing, Meeting or Trial, Case File, Case Law
	/ Meeting / Trial	<u> </u>
		Represent agency's interest. Select and prepare witnesses. Compile
	Role:	and present evidence.
	Management	
	HR Organization	
0.66	Employee	Outputs: Decision of Third Party
8.6.6	Appeal Third Party Decision	Inputs: Decision of Third Party, Case Law, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Legal / HR Advice and Guidance
	Role:	Exercise rights (e.g.,, agency, employee, OPM, DOJ, OSC) to appeal
	Management	the decision of the third party through appropriate procedures.
	HR Organization	
		Outputs: Appeal
8.6.7	Implement Third	Inputs: Decision of Third Party
	Party Decision /	
	Settlement	Take directed action(s) and report compliance as required or settle.
	Role:	
	Management	Outputs: Compliance Report, Data Transactions, Settlement
	HR Organization	Agreement

Process	8.7 Determine Candidate / Employee Suitability			
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition		
8.7.1	Review Investigative File	Input: Background Investigative File, Financial Disclosure		
	D 1	Review and analyze investigative file to make a preliminary		
	Role: HR Organization	determination about a candidate's suitability for employment or position. If there are no issues, the personnel action takes effect. If there are issues, the adjudication process is triggered.		
		<u>Output</u> : Preliminary Determination of Suitability, Notification to Candidate / Employee		
8.7.2	Respond to Request for Information	<i>Input</i> : Preliminary Determination of Suitability, Notification to Candidate / Employee		
	Role: Employee	Provide requested information to address agency's concerns.		
		<u>Output</u> : Response to Request for Information		
8.7.3	Adjudicate Suitability	Input: Response to Request for Information, Background		
	Issues	Investigative File, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations,		
		Agency Precedent		
	Role:			
	Management	Conduct process to determine final suitability of candidate /		
	HR Organization	employee.		
		<u>Output</u> : Suitability Determination, Notification to Candidate / Employee with Appeal Rights, Report to OPM		

9. Labor Relations

Sub-function Definition: Manage the relationship between the agency and its unions and bargaining units. This includes negotiating and administering labor contracts and collective bargaining agreements; managing negotiated grievances; and participating in negotiated third party proceedings.

Process	9.1 Manage Labor Relations		
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition	
9.1.1	Obtain Recognition Role:	<i>Inputs:</i> Petitions or Interest Cards, Agency Response, Agency Employee Data	
	Management Unions HR Organization Employee	Collect petitions or interest cards from group of employees. Union petitions FLRA for recognition, agency responds to petition, FLRA decides on petition and, if favorable, FLRA-sponsored election takes place and employees vote.	
		Outputs: Certification of Recognition, FLRA Decision, Notice of Election, Election Results, Bargaining Unit Status (BUS) Codes, Employee Record Updates, Communication Materials, Training Requirements	
9.1.2	Clarify Bargaining Unit(s) and Representation Role: Management	Inputs: Clarification of Unit Petitions, Reorganization, FLRA Decision, Notice of Election, Election Results, Memoranda of Understanding / Agreement (MOU / MOA), Certification of Recognition, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Employee and Organizational Data	
	Unions HR Organization	Clarify organization and employees that should be included in the appropriate defined bargaining unit. Resolve recognition issues.	
		Outputs: Decision on Appropriate Unit, Decision on Recognition, MOU / MOA, BUS Codes, Employee Record Updates, Communication Materials, Training Requirements, Interests of the Parties	
9.1.3	Establish Communication Protocol	<i>Inputs:</i> Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Third Party Decisions, Communication Materials, Interests of the Parties	
	Role: Management Unions	Establish the relationship for ongoing communication between union and management.	
	HR Organization	<u>Outputs</u> : Communication Protocol	
9.1.4	Initiate Bargaining Process	Inputs: Changes to Conditions of Employment, Statutory Requirements, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Notifications and Requests to Bargain	
	Role: Management Unions	Provide notifications and requests to bargain.	
	HR Organization	Outputs: Response to Notification or Request	

Process	9.1 Manage Labor Relations		
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition	
9.1.5	Prepare for Negotiation Role: Management Unions HR Organization	Inputs: Prior Contracts, New Issues (e.g., automation of workplace), New Initiatives, Third Party Order, Case Law, Affirmative Response to Notification or Request, Data from OPM's Labor Agreement Information Retrieval System (LAIRS), Automated Case Law Research, Proposals / Counterproposals, Ground Rules, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations Establish the team. Identify a chief negotiator and negotiation approach. Train team in areas of problem solving and negotiation skills. Anticipate interests. Identify objectives. Prepare for negotiating sessions.	
		<u>Outputs</u> : Documented Authority to Negotiate, Team Member Roles, Trained Negotiation Team, Objectives and Strategies, Proposals and Counterproposals	
9.1.6	Conduct Negotiation Role: Management Unions HR Organization	Inputs: Initial Proposals and Counterproposals, Case Law, Dispute Resolution Procedures, Third Party Assistance (e.g., Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service), Documented Authority to Negotiate, Team Member Roles, Trained Negotiation Team, Agency Objectives and Strategies, Schedule of Negotiation Sessions, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations	
		Meet to bargain in good faith to reach agreement. Outputs: Agreements, Decision to Initiate Third Party Process, Union Ratification (if appropriate)	
9.1.7	Perform Agency Head Review Role: Management Unions HR Organization	Inputs: Union Ratification (if appropriate), Agreements, Case Law, Agency Policies and Procedures, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations Review agreement for legality / compliance with government-wide laws, rules or regulations. Outputs: Approval or Disapproval, Effectuation of Agreement	
9.1.8	Administer Agreements Role: Management Unions HR Organization	Inputs: Collective Bargaining Agreement, Bargaining History – Negotiators Notes, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Third Party Decisions, Case Law Implement agreement provisions within the organization. Provide training on contract details. Attempt to resolve implementation issues. Collect input on administration of agreement issues to ensure management compliance with terms of the contract. Outputs: Agreement Compliance, Decision to Initiate Third Party Process, Dues Withholding, Official Time Tracking Data	

Process	9.1 Manage Labor Relations				
ID	Activity Name Activity Definition				
9.1.9	Provide for	<i>Inputs</i> : Agency Policies and Procedures, Unions Granted National			
	Government-wide or	Consultation Rights, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations			
	National Consultation				
		Provide national unions the opportunity to comment on proposed			
	Role:	government-wide or agency rules, regulations and policies, as			
	Management	appropriate, prior to implementation.			
	Unions				
	HR Organization	Outputs: Union Comments or Recommendations			
9.1.10	Provide Information	<i>Inputs</i> : Union Request for Information, Agreements, Statutory			
	to Unions	Requirements / Prohibitions Regarding Release of Information (e.g.,			
		Privacy Act, security classifications), Case Law			
	Role:				
	Management	Provide information to unions as appropriate.			
	Unions	** *			
	HR Organization	Outputs: Grievance, Unfair Labor Practice Charge, Release or			
		Denial of Information			

Process	9.2 Manage Negoti	iated Grievances				
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition				
9.2.1	Identify Issue	<i>Inputs</i> : Employee(s), Management or Union Claim of Wrongdoing				
	(Informal Grievance)					
		Receive information to define and clarify the issue(s) and resolve				
	Role:	where possible.				
	Management					
	Unions					
	HR Organization	Outputs: Decision, Finding, Recommendation on How to Address				
	Employee	the Grievance, Resolution, Documented Complaint				
9.2.2	Advise on Means of	Inputs: Alternative Resolution Methods, Documented Complaint,				
	Resolution	Finding, Decision				
	Role:	Provide information on available resolution options and / or venues				
	Management	(e.g., mediation, fact finding, "ombudsman" meeting, interest-based				
	Unions	negotiation, dispute panels and facilitation). Provide offers of				
	HR Organization	informal resolution.				
	Employee	O (Paril d'an Paril d'an an Information and Calabarate				
		Outputs: Resolution, Decision on Informal Grievance, Settlement				
9.2.3	File Formal	Agreement, Decision to Employ ADR Methods, Formal Grievance <i>Inputs:</i> Informal Grievance, Decision on Informal Grievance,				
		Results of ADR, Documentation Supporting Grievance, Agreements,				
	Grievanee	Formal Grievance				
	Role:	Formal Officeance				
	Management	Submit grievance in accordance with prescribed procedures.				
	Unions	Successive Street and or an accordance with processing a procession of processing and processing				
	Employee	Outputs: Grievance				
9.2.4	Engage in Alternative	Inputs: Agreements, Grievance, Interests of the Parties, Agency				
	Dispute Resolution	Policies and Procedures				
	Role:	Engage in alternative methods of dispute resolution, as appropriate				
	Management	(e.g., mediation, fact finding, ombudsman meeting, interest based				
	Unions	negotiation, dispute panels, facilitated discussion).				
	HR Organization					
	Employee	<u>Outputs</u> : Resolved Dispute, Settlement Agreement, Continued				
		Formal Grievance				
9.2.5	Process Grievance	Inputs: Grievance, Agreements, Legal / HR Advice and Guidance,				
	D 1	Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Third Party				
	Role:	Decisions, Case Law, Agency Policies and Procedures				
	Management	Collect marriage and analyze information related to the emission				
	Unions	Collect, review and analyze information related to the grievance				
	HR Organization	(e.g., hold discussions, collect data). Determine findings and address				
		requested relief.				
		Outputs: Grievance Findings, Grievance Case File				
	1	oupus. Onevalice Findings, Onevalice Case Fine				

Process	9.2 Manage Negotiated Grievances					
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition				
9.2.6	Render Decision on	<i>Inputs</i> : Grievance Findings, Grievance Case File, Results of ADR,				
	Grievance	Legal / HR Advice and Guidance, Government-wide Laws, Rules				
		and Regulations, Agreements				
	Role:					
	Management	Render a decision in accordance with prescribed procedures.				
	Unions					
		<u>Outputs</u> : Grievance Decision				
9.2.7	2.7 Participate in Arbitration Process Inputs: Arbitration Invocation (Management or Union) Case File, Legal / HR Advice and Guidance, Agreemen					
	Role:	Arbitrate between Unions and the agency as the final step of the				
	Management	negotiated grievance process that meets statutory requirement. The				
	Unions	decision of the arbitrators is binding on the parties.				
	HR Organization					
	Employee	<u>Outputs</u> : Arbitrator's Decision, Arbitration Case File				
9.2.8	Challenge	<i>Inputs</i> : Arbitrator's Decision, Case Law, Arbitration Case File,				
	Arbitrator's Decision	Agreements, Legal / HR Advice and Guidance				
	Role:	File exception / appeal to the arbitrator's decision to the appropriate				
	Management	third party (e.g., Federal Labor Relations Authority, OPM).				
	Unions					
		Outputs: Filing				

Process	9.3 Participate in Negotiated Third Party Proceedings				
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition			
9.3.1	File With a Third Party	<u>Inputs</u> : Appealable Decision / Action, Negotiation Impasse, Absence of Decision			
	Role: Management Unions HR Organization	Exercise right under law, rule and regulation to request a decision by a third party (e.g., FLRA, FSIP, FMCS, OSPV, OPM, US District Court).			
0.2.2	E D'	Outputs: Filing			
9.3.2	Engage in Discovery	<i>Inputs</i> : Request for Discovery, Interrogatories, Legal / HR Advice and Guidance			
	Role:				
	Management Unions HR Organization	Request and provide information related to the issue under appeal. Depose potential witnesses.			
	THE Organization	Outputs: Response to Discovery Request, Discovery Request			
9.3.3	Prepare a Response to Third Party Filing	Inputs: Notification from Third Party, Filing			
		Provide party's position, facts and / or supporting documentation in			
	Role:	accordance with prescribed procedures.			
	Management				
	Unions				
9.3.4	HR Organization	Outputs: Response			
9.3.4	Participate in Alternative Dispute	Inputs: Request to Participate in ADR			
	Resolution Resolution	Engage in alternative methods of dispute resolution, as appropriate, including mediation, fact finding, ombudsman meeting, interest-			
	Role:	based negotiation, dispute panels and facilitated discussion.			
	Management				
	Unions	Outputs: Resolved Dispute, Settlement Agreement, Continued			
9.3.5	HR Organization	Formal Grievance			
9.3.3	Participate in Hearing / Meeting	<u>Inputs</u> : Notice of Hearing or Meeting, Continued Formal Grievance			
	/ Wiccumg	Represent party's interest. Select and prepare witnesses. Compile			
	Role:	and present evidence.			
	Management	-			
	Unions				
0.2.6	HR Organization	Outputs: Decision of Third Party			
9.3.6	Appeal Third Party Decision	Inputs: Decision of Third Party, Case Law, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations, Legal / HR Advice and Guidance			
	Role:	Exercise right to appeal the decision of the third party through			
	Management Unions	appropriate procedures.			
	HR Organization	Outputs: Appeal			

Process	9.3 Participate in Negotiated Third Party Proceedings						
ID	Activity Name	ctivity Name Activity Definition					
9.3.7	Implement Third Party Decision	Inputs: Decision of Third Party					
	Faity Decision						
	Role:	Take directed action(s) and report compliance as required.					
	Management						
	Unions						
	HR Organization	Outputs: Compliance Report, Data Transactions					

10. Separation Management

Sub-function Definition: Conduct efficient and effective employee separation programs that assist employees in transitioning to non-Federal employment, facilitate the removal of unproductive, non-performing employees; and assist employees in transitioning to retirement.

Process	10.1 Manage Emp	lovee Separation
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition
10.1.1	Initiate Separation Role:	<i>Inputs</i> : Separation Notification (voluntary / involuntary), Separation Policies, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations
	Management HR Organization Employee	Notify appropriate parties that an employee is leaving an agency. (e.g., voluntary / involuntary separation, transfer, retirement, death). Notification event could be employee to manager, employee to HR to manager; family to manager or HR to employee.
		Outputs: Separation Notification (to HR / Manager / Employee), Type of Separation
10.1.2	Conduct Workforce Shaping Activities	Inputs: Workforce Plan, Separation Notification, Separation Policies, Government-wide Laws, Rules and Regulations
	Role: Management HR Organization	Conduct workforce shaping activities such as Reduction-In-Force, A-76 Studies, Voluntary Early Retirement determinations, Voluntary Separation Incentive determinations, etc.
		Outputs: Separation and Internal Placement Determinations, Type of Separation, Type of Internal Placement Actions, Separation and Placement Entitlements
10.1.3	Determine Terms of Separation	Inputs: Separation Notification, Type of Separation, Separation Policies
	Role: Management HR Organization	Determine the terms and entitlements of separation by examining the reasons behind the event and what the employee will receive, where applicable, when the separation takes place (e.g., leave balance pay out or transfer of account, severance, pension, Temporary Continuation of Coverage (TCC), etc).
		Outputs: Documentation of Separation, Employee Entitlements
10.1.4	Provide Separation Support	<i>Inputs</i> : Documentation of Separation, Agency Specific Checklists Conduct counseling activities, when appropriate or requested, to
	Role: HR Organization	assist employee and / or family with the transition and provide help to complete necessary documentation (e.g., retirement seminar, outplacement services, TCC information, required forms).
		Outputs: Counseling Documentation, Agency Specific Checklists, Completed Employee Forms

Process	10.1 Manage Employee Separation				
ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition			
10.1.5	Conduct Knowledge Transfer	Inputs: Agency Specific Checklists, Project Tracking Information			
	Dala	Initiate necessary interaction with the separating employee to capture			
	Role: Management	institutional knowledge, intellectual capital, job-related information and status of current and pending assignments.			
		Outputs: Statues Reports, Position Documentation, Work Products			
10.1.6	Conduct Exit Processing	Inputs: Separation Notification, Documentation of Separation, Completed Employee Forms			
	Role: Management HR Organization Employee	Meet with and survey the exiting employee to understand the reasons behind the separation. The results of the discussion will be used to identify trends and develop appropriate intervention strategies to improve retention. During the session, the parties will complete exit checklist and collect agency property. Notify appropriate third parties of the event for action or coordination (e.g., benefits providers, payroll, facility services, security, IT). Gather and distribute appropriate materials to assist the employee and family with the separation.			
		<u>Outputs</u> : Attrition Statistics, Retrieved Agency Assets, Exit Interview Results, Separation Notifications, Separation Materials			

Appendix C Participants

The purpose of the Verification and Validation Workshops was to *collaborate* to verify and validate the Target Business Process for the HR Line of Business. Many people participated in this cross-agency collaboration. This Appendix contains an overall view of how many agency representatives participated in each session, listed by workshop session, and the listing of individuals who contributed in one or more sessions, listed by agency.² The IBM support team and facilitators are listed at the end of the appendix.

BRM version	BRM version 1, 2004 Validation Workshops				
Month	Date	Sub-function	Participants	Agencies	
August	26	Day 1: Staff Acquisition	51 ³ (34) ⁴	$21^2 (20)^3$	
September	29	Day 2: Staff Acquisition	51 (23)	21 (15)	
	30	Day 1: HR Strategy	52 (36)	20 (20)	
October	7	Day 3: Staff Acquisition	51 (19)	21 (14)	
		Day 1: Position Management			
	13	Day 2: HR Strategy	52 (19)	20 (13)	
	21	Day 1: Benefits Management	50 (42)	25 (21)	
	28	Day 1: Separation Management	50 (17)	25 (14)	
November	3	Day 2: Position Management	33 (22)	16 (13)	
	9	Day 1: Employee Development and	60 (28)	21 (16)	
		Performance Management			
	17	Day 2: Employee Development and	60 (32)	21 (17)	
		Performance Management			
December	1	Day 1: Compensation Management	26 (24)	17 (17)	
	8	Day 1: Labor Relations & Employee	52 (24)	17 (13)	
		Relations			
	9	Day 2: Labor Relations & Employee	52 (14)	17 (11)	
		Relations			
	15	HR LOB End-to-End Process Review	50 (30)	21 (15)	

BRM version 2, 20	Participants	Agencies	
November -	HR LOB End-to-End Process Review	47	14
October			

² The individuals listed on the following pages are all those people that responded to the invitation for the workshop and received all the documents produced in the session. Some of them did not physically attend the session.

³ The numbers not in parentheses capture the number of individuals or agencies that responded to the invitation to the workshop and received all the workshop documents.

⁴ The numbers in parentheses represent the number of participants or represented agencies that signed in at the workshop.

Agency	Participant	Workshop Attended	
CFTC	Oleson, Eric	Benefits and Separation Management	
CIA	Silfies Woody	Compensation Management	
CIA	Silfies, Woody	End-To-End Process Workshop	
CPMS	Grubbs, Janet Employee Development and Performance Management		
	Cont. Ital.	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Greely, Linda	Compensation Management	
DFAS	LaBelle, Karen	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Sebastian, Connie	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Sebastian, Connie	Compensation Management	
	Albin, Ann	HR Strategy	
	Bergquist, Randy	Employee Development and Performance Management	
		Benefits and Separation Management	
		Compensation Management	
	Boteler, Pamela	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
		HR Strategy	
		Staff Acquisition	
	Doyle, Monica	Staff Acquisition	
	Hill, Terry	Employee Development and Performance Management	
DHS	Manlove, Marian	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
DHS	Mayrose, David	Position Management	
	Oakey, Linda	Benefits and Separation Management	
		Position Management	
	Rumble, Steve	Compensation Management	
	Stamerra, Robert	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Urkums, Robin	Position Management	
	Vargas, Lucy	Employee Development and Performance Management	
		Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Wlaschin, Terri	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Zentz, Angela	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Anderson, Lois	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Brandenberg, Kristin	Compensation Management	
	Fleishell, Sheila	Compensation Management	
	Guinyard, Janice	Employee Development and Performance Management	
DOC	Jamison, Jay	Employee Development and Performance Management	
		Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Jamison, Kristi	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Jordan, Paul	Position Management	
		Staff Acquisition	

	Lang, Fred	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Liverani, Ed	Position Management	
	Purifoy, Felicia	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
DOC	White, Fran	Employee Relations and Labor Relations Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
Doc	winte, Fran	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Yaag, Denise	1	
	1 aag, Denise	Position Management	
	Classian Eria	Staff Acquisition	
	Clayton, Eric	Compensation Management Benefits and Separation Management	
	Creeger, Debra	1 0	
	161 P	Position Management	
	Miles, Patricia	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Revay, John	Position Management	
	Saine, Rebecca	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
DOD	Smith, Becky	HR Strategy	
		Benefits and Separation Management	
		End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Strother, Patricia	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
		HR Strategy	
		Position Management	
	White, Fran	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Benner, Kathleen	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Brown, Toshia	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Burks, Girtha	Staff Acquisition	
	Corbett, Al	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Dowell, Jeffrey	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Flood, Jackie	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Lucket, Tanya	Employee Development and Performance Management	
DOE		End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Murray, Bruce	HR Strategy	
	Seto, Anita	Staff Acquisition	
	Towne, Larry	Staff Acquisition	
	Van Steinberg, Dottie	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Venanzi, Jerry	HR Strategy	
	Wheeler, Thomas	HR Strategy	
	Wickert, Jacob	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Alfono, Sal	Staff Acquisition	
	Barbara, Kathy	Position Management	
	Daroura, ixaniy	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Broussard, Lisa	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
DOI	Bryning Done	 	
	Bryning, Dana	Compensation Management Panefits and Separation Management	
	Colburn, Michael	Benefits and Separation Management End To End Process Workshop	
	English Man	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Freilich, Myra	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	

	Gregory, Sandra	Benefits and Separation Management	
		Compensation Management	
	Jarman, Lori	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Kelly, Marta	Employee Development and Performance Management Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Keny, Marta	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Kogut, Kathy	•	
		Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Miller, Nancy	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
		End-To-End Process Workshop	
DOI		Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Muschett, Beres	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	,	HR Strategy	
		Position Management	
	Perry, Deborah	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Petrikat, Diane	Compensation Management	
	Rabida, Gregory	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Robbs, Stephanie	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	C(-141-1 D'II	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Stebbins, Bill	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
		Benefits and Separation Management	
	Higgins, Jamie	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Hirt, Matthew	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
		Benefits and Separation Management	
		Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Humes-Dancy, Karen	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	•	Staff Acquisition	
		BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Jezek, Rob	Compensation Management	
	TOZON, TOO	Benefits and Separation Management	
DOJ		Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Kirkwood, Meg	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Kirkwood, wieg	HR Strategy	
		<u> </u>	
		Staff Acquisition	
	Lee, Jeanarta	Employee Development and Performance Management	
)	Position Management	
	Marshall, Sheila	Position Management	
	McPeek, Steve	HR Strategy	
	Shoun, Sandra	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Soffer, Mary Lou	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Glasgow, Andy	Compensation Management	
	Jacgo II, Tillay	Employee Development and Performance Management	
DOL	Kelly, Jackson	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Krein, Hans	End-To-End Process Workshop	
		HR Strategy	

	Т		
1	Simms, Drucilla	Employee Development and Performance Management	
		End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Terrell, LaShonda	End-To-End Process Workshop	
DOL		Staff Acquisition	
	Tyrrell, Diane	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	1,11011, 211110	HR Strategy	
		Position Management	
	Wachter, Thomas	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Welch, Craig	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Welen, Clarg	Position Management	
	Gomez, Steve	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Gomez, Steve	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Kaplan, Thomas	Employee Development and Performance Management	
DOT	Masan Daharah	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Mason, Deborah	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Moody, Linda	HR Strategy	
	Schaffer, Casey	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Thomas, Pat	Staff Acquisition	
	Allen, Cheri	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	G :	Position Management	
	Covington, Eudora	Staff Acquisition	
Education	T 1 G	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Jackson, Stacie	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Keenan, James	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Radcliffe, Samuel Keith	Position Management	
	Alfano, Joanne	HR Strategy	
		BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
		Benefits and Separation Management	
		Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Bair, Linda	HR Strategy	
		Position Management	
	Bashar, Richard	HR Strategy	
	Briggs, Ken	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
EPA	Carson, William	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Castillo, Marcelle	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Clark, Jill	HR Strategy	
	Hatfield, Melissa	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Henderson, Ken		
	Heliucisoli, Keli	Position Management Benefits and Separation Management	
	Johnson, Carolyn	1 0	
		HR Strategy Stoff A quisition	
	Manting District	Staff Acquisition	
	Martinez, Richard	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	

McClendon, Michelle Employee Development and Performance Management Munix, JoAnn Employee Development and Performance Management Employee Development and Performance Management Employee Development and Performance Management BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
Rashad, Johari Ph.D. Employee Development and Performance Management	
Rashad, Johari Ph.D.	
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Ridings, Sharon Employee Development and Performance Management	
Rockwell, Richard Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
EPA Compensation Management	
Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
Simms, Rosyletta End-To-End Process Workshop	
BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
Wiggins, Sandra HR Strategy	
Benefits and Separation Management	
Williams, Sandra End-To-End Process Workshop	
Briggles, Jill Compensation Management	
Canter, Steven Compensation Management	
Center, Steve Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
Crawford, Sarah Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
Benefits and Separation Management	
Dubbert, Janet Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
FERC HR Strategy	
Fawcett, Rhoda Staff Acquisition	
Fludd, Patricia Employee Development and Performance Management	
Javonillo, Tony Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
Morgan, David Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
Tony Javonillo Employee Development and Performance Management	
Trainum, Mary Benefits and Separation Management	
Coleman, William Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
HR Strategy	
Cowley, Thomas Benefits and Separation Management	
Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
Huber, June End-To-End Process Workshop	
Ingram, Daria HR Strategy	
Jones, Vickie BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
Kelly, William End-To-End Process Workshop	
Okigbo, Jacqueline Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
Otto, Paulette Employee Development and Performance Management	
Paige, Cheryl End-To-End Process Workshop	
Schoenfelder, Robert Compensation Management	
Sergent, Elsa End-To-End Process Workshop	
BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
Sexton, Eugenio HR Strategy	
Westbrook, Judith End-To-End Process Workshop	

		D C 10 C M	
	Williams, Thomasina	Benefits and Separation Management	
		Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
GSA	Wozniak, Maryann	Compensation Management	
		Employee Development and Performance Management	
		Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
		End-To-End Process Workshop	
		Staff Acquisition	
	Dewberry, Vernelle	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Duval, Linda	HR Strategy	
	Gipson, Pam	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Goldstein, Audrey	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Green, Matthew	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Huttman, Greg	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
HHS	Seaward, Steven	HR Strategy	
	Smith Morry	HR Strategy	
	Smith, Mary	Staff Acquisition	
	Control In 1	HR Strategy	
	Stoute, Jack	Staff Acquisition	
	XX 1 X	HR Strategy	
	Ward, Nancy	Staff Acquisition	
	Boykins, William	Staff Acquisition	
		Staff Acquisition	
	Fox, Scott	Position Management	
HUD	Mathews, Yvonne	HR Strategy	
	Wiggins, Sandra	Staff Acquisition	
	Williams, Bessie	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Franklin, Charmaine	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Leavell, Eric	Benefits and Separation Management	
IRS	Osburn, Frank	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Tackett, Willie	Benefits and Separation Management Benefits and Separation Management	
	Wells, Shirley	Position Management	
ITC	Buchholz, Jeri	End-To-End Process Workshop	
110	Buchholz, Jeff	Staff Acquisition	
	Conlin, Craig	1	
	Callia Chara	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Golis, Steve	Position Management	
	Hill, Mike	Staff Acquisition	
NASA	Irwin, Candy	Staff Acquisition	
	Jones, Joy	HR Strategy	
	Lloyd, Janice	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Robinson, Terri	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Tingwald, Jim	Compensation Management	
		Position Management	

NRC	Davis, Kristin	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Arietti, Charlene	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Bealafeld, Paul	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Black, Alvin (Chip)	HR Strategy	
	Bowen-Brown, Sabriena	Position Management	
	Burt, Toby	HR Strategy	
NSF	Davis, Robin	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Everett, Curtis	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Parnell, Al	Staff Acquisition	
	Doddy Noney	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Roddy, Nancy	HR Strategy	
	Ross, Anne	Compensation Management	
	Tran, Kim	Staff Acquisition	
NTIS	Burton, Spence	End-To-End Process Workshop	
N115	Jackson, Bill	End-To-End Process Workshop	
		Staff Acquisition	
	Anderson, Dave	End-To-End Process Workshop	
		BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Andujar, Carmen	Staff Acquisition	
	Bates, Ken	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
		Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Batitto, David	HR Strategy	
		Staff Acquisition	
	Bell, Barbara	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Bellamy, Rachel	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Buckley, Tim	Staff Acquisition	
	Campbell, Joe	Compensation Management	
		End-To-End Process Workshop	
OPM		BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Canning, Gordon	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
		End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Carballosa, Digna	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Colchao, Barbara	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Dang, Nina	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Dettman, Lee	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Dia- Dhanda	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Diaz, Rhonda	HR Strategy	
	Dobson, Sharon	HR Strategy	
	Enger, Norm	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	-	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Gibbons, Claire	HR Strategy	
		Staff Acquisition	

		D C 10	
		Benefits and Separation Management	
	Goldberg, Barbara	Employee Development and Performance Management	
		HR Strategy	
		Position Management	
	Green, Daniel	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Grillo, Carolyn	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Husheck, Frank	HR Strategy	
	Hyder, George	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Kane, Robert	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Kehr, Heather	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Kennedy, Joseph	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Kirk, Ray	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Kirwan, Eileen	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Kotecki, Naldyne	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Lebing, Karen	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Leibach, Karen	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Lewis, Cynthia	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Linz, Adrian	HR Strategy	
	Ludwig, Ann	HR Strategy	
		Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
0.77.5	Magee, Edward	End-To-End Process Workshop	
OPM	Mahoney, Kevin	Staff Acquisition	
	Martin, John	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Mautner, Liz	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	McGehee, Joyce	End-To-End Process Workshop	
		Staff Acquisition	
	McKenzie, Gladys	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Ngo, Phong	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Perrini, Jo Ann	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Phelps, Darlene	Staff Acquisition	
	Raphael, Eric	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Rayside, Mona	Compensation Management	
	rayside, mona	Compensation Management	
		Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Roberts, Brenda	End-To-End Process Workshop	
		BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Rogers, Ileen	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Rogers, Heeli	Employee Development and Performance Management Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Posario Omar		
	Rosario, Omar	End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Caringan Circu	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Springer, Steve	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Stevens, Patsy	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	

	Umana, Gigi	Compensation Management	
ОРМ	Wahlert, Gary	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Wiggins, Twanna	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Williams, Victoria	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Barry, Carla	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Grantland, Kathleen	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Compensation Management		
		Employee Development and Performance Management	
		End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Harris, Ron	HR Strategy	
		Position Management	
		BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
SSA	Lidard, Mary	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Parker, Gwendolyn	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Pugh, Tom	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Ryan, Richard	Employee Development and Performance Management	
		Position Management	
	Simmons, Ed	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Smith, William	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Swindle, Jill	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Kelley, Mary	Staff Acquisition	
	Phillips, Chet	HR Strategy	
State	Shen, Daniel	Staff Acquisition	
	Townsond Dove	HR Strategy	
	Townsend, Doug	Staff Acquisition	
	Boyer, Phillip	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Bracy, Gayle	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Carpenter, Russell	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	DeLuca, Laura	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Hopkins, Jennifer	Position Management	
	Mariano, Jade	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
Treasury	Martin, Anne		
	Reeves, James	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Scott, Linda	Staff Acquisition	
	Washington	•	
	Salatich, Coleista	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Snowden, Gloria	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	C 1 M 1	HR Strategy	
USAID	Conboy, Mary Anne	Employee Relations and Labor Relations	
	Brown, Patrick	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
USDA	Arnott, James	Employee Development and Performance Management	

	Fonte, Susan	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Francis, Ray	Employee Development and Performance Management	
LICID A	Jenkins, MaryAnn	End-To-End Process Workshop	
		HR Strategy	
	Johnson, Malinda	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Moore, Patti	Compensation Management	
	Murray, Karen	Employee Development and Performance Management	
USDA	Nyers, Jody	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Dhilling Corol	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Phillips, Carol	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
		End-To-End Process Workshop	
	Ruf, Cheryl	HR Strategy	
		BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Shen, Jeffrey	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
USGS	Huttman, Gregory	Staff Acquisition	
USGS	Yarborough, Wanda	Staff Acquisition	
USPS	Carl, Dianna Employee Development and Performance Management		
	Baratta, Robert	HR Strategy	
		End-To-End Process Workshop	
		BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Beckley, Mary Alan	Benefits and Separation Management	
	Breeden, Morgan	BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Broadie, Wanda	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Corcoran, Joanne	End-To-End Process Workshop	
		BRM version 2, 2005 Update Workshop	
	Doroshaw, Anna	Employee Development and Performance Management	
VA	Ellison, William	Position Management	
VA	Hanson, Joan	HR Strategy	
	Hunter, Thurstan	Compensation Management	
	Marshall, Elaine	Staff Acquisition	
	McClellan, Charles	Position Management	
	Murray, Elodie	Staff Acquisition	
	Oliver-Simon, Gloria	Employee Development and Performance Management	
	Rowe, Kenneth	Position Management	
	Walker, Sheila	Position Management	
		Staff Acquisition	
	White, Elizabeth	Benefits and Separation Management	

IBM Support Team	Role
Biggert, Timothy	Facilitator, HR SME
Brown, Elmer	Facilitator, HR SME
Engelman, Ida	Facilitator, HR SME
Gillispie, Sean	Modeler, Process SME
Kobb, Ryan	Modeler, Process SME
Meador, Melanie	Facilitator, HR SME
Suryavanshi, Kunal	HR LOB PMO



United States Office of Personnel Management 1900 E Street, NW Washington, DC 20415