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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
9	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
10	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE	Case No.		
11	COMMISSION,	COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATIONS		
12	Plaintiff,	OF THE FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS		
13	VS.			
14	MAM WEALTH MANAGEMENT, LLC; MAMW REAL ESTATE FUND			
15	GENERAL PARTNER, LLC; ALEX MARTINEZ; and RAPHAEL R.			
16	SANCHEZ,			
17	Defendants.			
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Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") alleges as follows:

SUMMARY

1. This matter involves a \$10.3 million securities fraud by MAM Wealth Management, LLC ("MAM"), a Commission registered broker-dealer and a California registered investment adviser; MAMW Real Estate Fund General Partner, LLC ("MAMW"), the general partner of MAM Wealth Management Real Estate Fund, LLC ("Fund"); Alex Martinez ("Martinez"), the owner of MAM, member of MAMW, and President of the Fund; and Raphael R. Sanchez ("Sanchez"), a registered representative licensed with MAM, member of MAMW, and Chief Financial Officer of the Fund. From July 2007 through March 2009, Martinez and Sanchez invested approximately \$10.3 million, from approximately 50 of their advisory clients, in the Fund. The offering memorandum for the Fund described it as "speculative" with a "high degree of risk," limited it to only "accredited investors," stated it was "suitable only for sophisticated investors," and cautioned that investors needed to accept "the risk of loss of investment and lack of liquidity." Despite the defendants' knowledge of these risks, defendants Martinez and Sanchez knowingly and recklessly misrepresented to their MAM clients that the Fund was a safe and relatively liquid investment. In addition, Martinez and Sanchez used their discretionary authority over the funds of other MAM clients to invest substantial client assets into the Fund, in breach of their fiduciary duty because the Fund was an unsuitable investment for their clients who were unaccredited investors, retirees with limited means, or the Fund was contrary to the clients' stated, conservative investment goals.

2. The confidential offering memorandum listed a variety of types of
 investments to be targeted by the Fund, including publicly traded or privately held
 real estate operating companies, programmatic joint ventures, corporate
 divestitures, community/residential developments, commercial developments, debt

instruments, portfolios of real estate and real estate loans held by financial institutions, and individual real estate assets. Defendants Martinez, Sanchez, and MAMW used Fund assets primarily to fund second mortgage loans to borrowers who were in financial distress and/or unable to obtain financing from other mortgage lenders. The Fund's loans have not performed as borrowers failed to make payments according to the terms of the loans. Defendants Martinez, Sanchez, and MAMW caused the Fund to stop making distributions to investors in January 2010 and refused to honor withdrawal requests.

3. The defendants, by engaging in the conduct described in this Complaint, have violated the antifraud provisions of Section 17(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act"), 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a), and Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"), 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5. Martinez and MAM also violated the antifraud provisions of Sections 206(1) and 206(2) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 ("Advisers Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-6(1) and 80b-6(2), and Sanchez aided and abetted MAM's violations of Sections 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-6(1) and 80b-6(2). By this action, the Commission seeks a permanent injunction prohibiting such future violations, disgorgement of the defendants' ill-gotten gains, prejudgment interest, and civil penalties.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Sections 20(b), 20(d)(1) and 22(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77t(b), 77t(d)(1) and 77v(a); Sections 21(d)(1), 21(d)(3)(A), 21(e) and 27 of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 78u(d)(1), 78u(d)(3)(A), 78u(e) and 78aa; and Sections 209(d), 209(e)(1) and 214 of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-9(d), 80b-9(e)(1) and 80b-14. Defendants have, directly or indirectly, made use of the means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, of the mails, or of the facilities of a national securities exchange, in connection with the transactions, acts, practices, and courses of business alleged in

this Complaint.

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5. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to Section 22(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77v(a); Section 27 of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78aa; and Section 214 of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. §80b-14, because certain of the transactions, acts, practices, and courses of conduct constituting violations of the federal securities laws occurred within this district, defendants Martinez and Sanchez reside in this district, and defendants MAM and MAMW had their principal place of business in this district.

DEFENDANTS

6. Alex Martinez (aka Alejandro Martinez) ("Martinez"), age 49, resides in Studio City, California. Martinez is the owner, CEO and chief compliance officer of MAM, and has Series 7, 24, 63, and 65 licenses. Martinez is a member of MAMW and its Manager, and the President of the Fund.

7. Rafael R. Sanchez (aka Rafael R. Sanchezfox) ("Sanchez"), age 52, resides in Altadena, California. Sanchez has been a registered representative licensed with MAM since September 2007, and has Series 7 and 65 licenses.
Sanchez is a member of MAMW, and the Chief Financial Officer of the Fund.

8. MAM Wealth Management, LLC (dba MAM Securities, LLC) ("MAM") is a California limited liability company formed in 2003, with its principal place of business in Sherman Oaks, California. MAM is a broker-dealer registered with the Commission, and an investment adviser registered with the State of California. MAM has approximately 170 clients (including individuals, IRA accounts, trusts, and corporations) and \$20 million in assets under management.

9. **MAMW Real Estate Fund General Partner, LLC**, ("MAMW") is a Delaware limited liability company formed in June 2007 with its principal place of business in Sherman Oaks, California. It was formed to be the general partner of the Fund.

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THE FRAUDULENT SCHEME

A.

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The Fund Was a Highly Risky and Speculative Investment

10. MAM Wealth Real Estate Fund I, L.P ("Fund") is a Delaware limited partnership formed in June 2007 by MAMW. The Fund's principal place of business is Sherman Oaks, California, and it operated out of the offices of MAM. The Fund did not register with the Commission as an investment company. The Fund's offering was not registered under the Securities Act. The Fund sold "limited partnership interests" to investors.

11. Martinez, Sanchez, and a third party formed the Fund to raise capital to invest in real estate opportunities in North America. MAM was paid an advisory fee of between 1% and 2% on all client assets invested in the Fund. Under the terms of the offering, MAMW received a 2% annual management fee on principal amounts invested in the Fund, paid in quarterly increments, for the first six years of the Fund. Because the management fee was based on principal amounts invested in the Fund, it did not fluctuate with the value of the underlying assets held by the Fund. In addition, MAMW received an acquisition fee of 2% of total consideration paid for each property acquired by the Fund.

12. Defendants MAMW, Martinez, and Sanchez produced a Confidential Offering Memorandum ("COM") for the Fund, dated July 27, 2007. The COM stated that the Fund sought commitments for the Fund aggregating \$10 million, with the option to increase the Fund up to \$50 million. The COM stated that the minimum commitment was to be \$100,000, although MAMW reserved the right to raise or lower the minimum and to make exceptions to it. The COM stated that the Fund was offering, "through private placement, limited partnership interests" to "a select group of sophisticated U.S. and foreign investors." The COM explicitly limited the offering to accredited investors, and stated that the offering was a nonpublic unregistered offering pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 of Regulation D. The COM stated that MAMW expected that the Fund

would be exempt from registration as an investment company under Section 3(c)(7) of the Investment Company Act.

13. The COM stated that the Fund's objective was to provide investors with returns of 17%-18% per annum through investment in real estate related opportunities in North America. The COM listed specific targeted categories of domestic investments for the Fund such as: publicly traded or privately held real estate operating companies, programmatic joint ventures, corporate divestitures, community/residential developments, commercial developments, debt instruments, portfolios of real estate and real estate loans held by financial institutions, and individual real estate assets. The COM represented that the Fund's objective was to make investments that can be disposed of within five to seven years.

14. The COM stated that the Fund would, at the discretion of MAMW, make distributions of net proceeds from all investments, including, but not limited to, net cash from operations and capital and refinancing proceeds from investments, in the following order of priority: first, 100% to the investors, pro rata, until they have received a 9% cumulative preferred return, compounded annually, on their investments; second, to the investors, pro rata, until they have received their unreturned investments; third, 40% to the investors and 60% to MAMW until MAMW has received 20% of a sum related to the amounts paid to investors; and thereafter, 80% to investors and 20% to MAMW.

15. The COM stated that the Fund would terminate in 2017, although that term could be extended at the discretion of MAMW for three one-year periods.

16. The COM stated that an investment in the Fund was speculative and highly risky. For example, the page numbered 2 of the COM stated that investments in the Fund:

will involve significant risks due to, among other things, the nature of the Funds investments and actual and potential conflicts of interest, and there can be no assurance as to the

returns on any of the Fund's investments or that there will be 1 any return of capital. . . . Investors should have the financial 2 ability and willingness to accept the risks (including, among 3 other things, the risk of loss of investment and lack of liquidity) 4 that are characteristic of the investments described herein and 5 should consult their financial advisors regarding the 6 7 appropriateness of making investments in ... the Fund. There will be no public market for the limited partnership interests 8 and, subject to certain limited exceptions, the limited 9 partnership interests will not be transferable. 10 11 17. The COM explicitly limited the Fund to sophisticated and accredited investors because of the high risk and speculative nature of the fund: 12 The Interests are speculative and present a high degree of risk. 13 Investment in the Fund may only be made by "accredited 14 investors" (as defined under Rule 501(a) of Regulation D 15 promulgated under the Securities Act) and is suitable only for 16 sophisticated investors and requires the financial ability and 17 willingness to accept the high risks and lack of liquidity 18 19 inherent in an investment in the Fund. Investors in the Fund 20 must be prepared to bear such risks for an extended period of 21 time. No assurance can be given that the Fund's investment objective will be achieved or that investors will receive a 22 return of their capital. Each purchaser of the Interests must 23 represent that such purchaser is an "accredited investor" within 24 the meaning of Regulation D. 25 26 18. In a section entitled "Risk Factors" on pages 27 to 29 of the COM,

MAMW and the Fund disclosed 21 specific risk factors, including "Limited Current 27 Return," "Lack of Liquidity of Investments," and "No Transferability of, or Market 28

for, Limited Partnership Interests."

19. In fact, the Fund made highly risky and speculative investments. Under the management of MAMW, Martinez, and Sanchez, the Fund made nine real estate loans ranging from \$150,000 to \$6.1 million, secured by second mortgages that were subordinated to any outstanding first trust deeds. Some of the Fund's borrowers were in financial distress at the time the Fund extended loans, and were unable to obtain additional funds from the borrowers' existing lenders or from other lenders.

20. At least through January 2010, the Fund's reports to investors stated that there was no diminution in the value of the Funds' investment portfolio. In fact, the assets held by the Fund have little or no value. The Fund never received any payments on two loans. Since at least 2009, the Fund has not received any payments on four other loans. The Fund's largest single loan, in the amount of about \$6.1 million, was secured by a second mortgage on a piece of property that had a \$30.5 million first lien mortgage held by the FDIC. The FDIC values the property at approximately \$1 million. Another loan, secured by a junior mortgage in the amount of \$710,000, has been wiped out by foreclosure on the collateral by the senior lien. At least three other loans made by the Fund and secured by junior liens are secured by collateral with market values below the amount secured by senior liens, leaving little likelihood of recovery by the Fund.

21. Since January 2010, the Fund has not made distributions to investors or honored any withdrawal requests. As of January 2010, investors in the Fund were owed principal of over \$9 million.

B. <u>Defendants' Fraudulent Misrepresentations and Omissions in the</u> <u>Sale of the Fund to MAM's Clients</u>

22. Martinez, Sanchez, MAM, and MAMW raised approximately \$10.3 million for the Fund from about 50 clients of MAM, who owned about 70 accounts held either individually, as individual retirement accounts, or trusts or foundations.

23. Contrary to the risk disclosures in the COM, during the period from July

2007 through March 2009, Martinez and Sanchez knowingly and recklessly misrepresented to several clients that investments in the Fund were safe. Martinez, Sanchez, MAM and MAMW represented to at least one investor that the Fund was going to invest in selected "AAA" properties with excellent future value, was safe and secure, and was recognized by the SEC and supported by Charles Schwab. In 2007, Sanchez told a MAM client that the Fund carried no more risk than mutual funds and bonds. In 2007, Martinez told a MAM client that the Fund was a safe investment that would not jeopardize the investor's precarious financial situation. These representations were false.

24. Contrary to the risk disclosures in the COM concerning lack of liquidity and risk, Martinez, Sanchez, MAM and MAMW represented that the Fund would show profits in three years and would earn a return of 9% per year. For example, in or around July 2007, Sanchez told a MAM client that the fund would increase in value and there was no reason to be concerned about the security of his investment. In fact, defendants had no reasonable basis for these representations and knew or were reckless in not knowing that such statements were false.

25. Martinez, Sanchez, MAM, and MAMW did not provide the COM to some MAM clients when they offered and sold investments in the Fund, and contrary to the risk disclosures in the COM, falsely represented to those clients that the Fund was safe and liquid. Such representations were false. The failure of Martinez, Sanchez, and MAM to provide clients with the COM was a material omission.

C. <u>Defendants Breached Their Fiduciary Duty In Making Unsuitable</u> <u>Investments for Their Advisory Clients</u>

26. At all relevant times, MAM was a registered investment advisor and owed a fiduciary duty to its clients. Martinez was the CEO and Chief Compliance
Officer of MAM, and Sanchez was a client representative registered with MAM.
27. In breach of their fiduciary duty, MAM, Martinez, and Sanchez advised their clients to invest in the Fund even though it was an unsuitable investment for the

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clients. Although the COM specified that it was only for "accredited investors" who were sophisticated, MAM, Martinez, and Sanchez advised and sold investments in the Fund to several non-accredited investors.

28. In breach of their fiduciary duty, although the Fund was highly
speculative and investors needed to be prepared to lose their entire investment,
MAM, Martinez, and Sanchez advised several of their elderly and/or retired clients,
who had limited incomes and/or net worth, to invest in the Fund.

29. In some cases, MAM, Martinez, and Sanchez used their discretionary authority over clients' accounts to invest their clients' money in the Fund. For example, in 2007 and 2008, Martinez and Sanchez invested between 75% and 80% of one 70-year old client's accounts in the Fund without consultation. Such discretionary investments breached the fiduciary duty of MAM, Martinez, and Sanchez to their clients when the Fund was an unsuitable investment for the clients due to the Fund's high level of risk and lack of liquidity.

30. At all relevant times, Martinez and Sanchez acted with scienter.
Martinez's scienter is attributable to MAMW through his role as its Manager.
Martinez's scienter is attributable to MAM through his role as its owner, CEO, and Chief Compliance Officer.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Fraud in the Offer or Sale of Securities Violations of Section 17(a) of the Securities Act (Against All Defendants)

31. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 30 above.

32. The defendants, and each of them, by engaging in the conduct described above, in the offer or sale of securities by the use of means or instruments of transportation or communication in interstate commerce or by use of the mails directly or indirectly:

1	a. with scienter, employed devices, schemes, or artifices to defraud;	
2		b. obtained money or property by means of untrue statements of a
3		material fact or by omitting to state a material fact necessary in
4		order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances
5		under which they were made, not misleading; or
6	c. engaged in transactions, practices, or courses of business which	
7		operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon the purchaser.
8	33.	By engaging in the conduct described above, the defendants violated,
9	and unless	restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 17(a) of the
10	Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a).	
11	SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF	
12	F	raud In Connection With the Purchase or Sale of Securities
13	3 Violations of Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 Thereunder	
14	4 (Against All Defendants)	
15	34.	The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1
16	through 30	above.
17	35.	The defendants, and each of them, by engaging in the conduct described
18	above, directly or indirectly, in connection with the purchase or sale of a security, by	
19	the use of means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, of the mails, or of the	
20	facilities o	f a national securities exchange, with scienter:
21		a. employed devices, schemes, or artifices to defraud;
22		b. made untrue statements of a material fact or omitted to state a
23		material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in
24		the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not
25		misleading; or
26		c. engaged in acts, practices, or courses of business which operated
27		or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon other persons.
28	36.	By engaging in the conduct described above, the defendants violated,
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and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5. 3

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THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Fraud on Investment Adviser's Clients Violations of Sections 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act (Against MAM and Martinez)

37. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 30 above.

10 38. Defendants MAM and Martinez, by engaging in the conduct described 11 above, by use of the mails or means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, directly or indirectly, while acting as an investment adviser: (a) with scienter, 12 employed devices, schemes or artifices to defraud advisory clients or prospective 13 advisory clients; and (b) engaged in transactions, practices or courses of business 14 15 which operated as a fraud or deceit upon advisory clients or prospective advisory 16 clients.

39. By reason of the foregoing, defendants MAM and Martinez violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Sections 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-6(1) and 80b-6(2).

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Aiding and Abetting Fraud on Investment Adviser's Clients Violations of Sections 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act (Against Sanchez)

40. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 30 above.

26 41. Defendant Sanchez, by engaging in the conduct described above, while generally aware or knowing that his actions were part of an overall course of conduct 27 that was improper or illegal, provided substantial assistance to MAM in the 28

perpetration of the fraudulent scheme.

42. By engaging in the conduct described above, pursuant to Section 209(d) of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. § 80b-9(d), defendant Sanchez violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Sections 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-6(1) and 80b-6(2).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Commission respectfully requests that the Court:

I.

Issue findings of fact and conclusions of law that the defendants committed the alleged violations.

II.

Issue judgments, in a form consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(d), permanently enjoining defendants and their officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and those persons in active concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of the order by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from violating Section 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77e(a), 77e(c) and 77q(a); Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5; enjoining defendants MAM and Martinez from violating Sections 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-6(1) and 80b-6(2); and enjoining defendant Sanchez from aiding and abetting violations of Section 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act.

III.

Order each defendant to disgorge all ill-gotten gains from their illegal conduct, together with prejudgment interest thereon.

IV.

26 Order defendants MAM and Martinez to pay civil penalties under Section 20(d) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77t(d), Section 21(d)(3) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78u(d)(3), and Section 209(e)(1) of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. § 28

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$\|$ 80b-9(e)(1).

V.

Order defendants Sanchez and MAMW to pay civil penalties under Section 20(d) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77t(d), and Section 21(d)(3) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78u(d)(3).

VI.

Retain jurisdiction of this action in accordance with the principles of equity and the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in order to implement and carry out the terms of all orders and decrees that may be entered, or to entertain any suitable application or motion for additional relief within the jurisdiction of this Court.

VII.

Grant such other and further relief as this Court may determine to be just and necessary.

DATED: April 7, 2011

Susan F. Hannan Attorney for Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission