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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	JOHN M. MCCOY III, Cal. Bar No. 166244 Email: mccoyj@sec.gov DAVID J. VAN HAVERMAAT, Cal. Bar N Email: vanhavermaatd@sec.gov Attorneys for Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission Rosalind R. Tyson, Regional Director 5670 Wilshire Boulevard, 11th Floor Los Angeles, California 90036 Telephone: (323) 965-3998 Facsimile: (323) 965-3908	O. 175761 CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DIST. OF CALIF. LOS ANGELES
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9	UNITED STATES DIS	
10	CENTRAL DISTRICT	_
11	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,	Case CV 11 00556-MMM
12	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR
13	,	VIOLATIONS OF THE FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS
14	VS.	
15	IU GROUP, INC., ELIJAH BANG, a/k/a ELIJAH BHANG, and DANIEL LEE,	
16	Defendants.	
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Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") alleges as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Sections 20(b), 20(d)(1) and 22(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 77t(b), 77t(d)(1), and 77v(a), and Sections 209(d), 209(e)(1), and 214 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 ("Advisers Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-9(d), 80b-9(e)(1), and 80b-14. Defendants have, directly or indirectly, made use of the means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, of the mails, or of the facilities of a national securities exchange, in connection with the transactions, acts, practices, and courses of business alleged in this complaint.
- 2. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to Section 22(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77v(a), and Section 214 of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. § 80b-14, because certain of the transactions, acts, practices, and courses of conduct constituting violations of the federal securities laws occurred within this district, and at least two of the defendants reside and/or are located in this district.

SUMMARY

- 3. This matter involves an ongoing offering fraud and investment adviser fraud by IU Group, Inc. ("IU Group"), through its affiliate IU Wealth Management, LLC ("IU Wealth"), which purports to operate as a hedge fund, Elijah Bang a/k/a Elijah Bhang ("Bang"), its principal, and Daniel Lee ("Lee"), its sales associate (IU Group, Bang, and Lee collectively, "Defendants"). In 2009, the California Department of Corporations ordered Bang and Lee to desist and refrain from conducting a prior offering fraud. Beginning in at least September 2010, Bang, Lee and IU Group started their new offering fraud and purported wealth management business.
- 4. The Defendants have solicited investors and clients on behalf of IU Wealth with several false representations. These representations include

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statements that the purported hedge fund has had a successful performance history since January 2007, generating substantial monthly returns of up to 23%; that the majority of IU Wealth's clients are professional athletes, actors, producers, doctors, professors, politicians, and executives of private corporations; and that IU Wealth has over \$800 million under management. Each of these representations made to investors was false.

- 5. The Defendants made their misrepresentations to investors through IU Wealth's and an affiliate's websites and in emails sent by Lee to prospective investors and clients. Although the websites are no longer operational, Lee repeated many of the misrepresentations in communications with prospective investors as recently as November 23, 2010.
- 6. By engaging in the conduct described in this Complaint, the Defendants have violated, and unless enjoined will continue to violate, the antifraud and securities registration provisions of the federal securities laws. Bang also has violated, and unless enjoined will continue to violate, the investment adviser fraud and pooled investment vehicle fraud provisions of the federal securities laws. By this Complaint, the Commission seeks emergency relief against the Defendants, including a temporary restraining order, accountings, an order expediting discovery, and an order prohibiting the destruction of documents, as well as preliminary and permanent injunctions, disgorgement with prejudgment interest, and civil penalties against each of the Defendants.

DEFENDANTS

7. <u>IU Group, Inc.</u> is a California corporation with its principal place of business in Beverly Hills, California. The State of California has suspended IU Group's business license. IU Group is not registered with the Commission in any capacity. IU Wealth is one of several affiliated companies of IU Group. On May 19, 2009, the California Department of Corporations ordered IU Investments, LLC to desist and refrain from the unlawful offer or sale of securities and from the

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fraudulent sale of securities.

- 8. Elijah Bang, a/k/a Elijah Bhang, age 30, apparently resides in Los Angeles, California. Bang is IU Group's and IU Wealth's principal and is the registrant of the IU Wealth website. Bang is not registered with the Commission in any capacity and does not hold any securities licenses. Bang was named as a respondent in and is subject to the provisions of the California Department of Corporations' May 19, 2009 desist and refrain order involving IU Investments.
- 9. Daniel Lee, age and residence unknown. Lee is IU Wealth's sales associate. Lee does not appear to be registered with the Commission in any capacity or hold any securities licenses. Lee was named as a respondent in and is subject to the provisions of the California Department of Corporations' May 19. 2009 desist and refrain order involving IU Investments.

THE FRAUDULENT CONDUCT

IU WEALTH'S HEDGE FUND AND ADVISORY BUSINESS Α.

- Although it is not a licensed business entity, IU Wealth purports to 10. have been operating as a hedge fund and advisory business since at least January 2007. IU Wealth purports to be a hedge fund and claims that it specializes in handling the wealth of high-net worth individuals, with over \$800 million in assets purportedly under management.
- IU Group and IU Wealth have offered preferred units, at \$50,000 per 11. unit, in IU Wealth's hedge fund, promising at least a 12% annual return. The Defendants solicited potential investors and advisory clients both through websites and through "cold-call" e-mail solicitations, including to university professors, often targeting those planning to retire or who have recently retired. The Defendants also apparently targeted the Christian community and claimed on IU Wealth's website that the purported hedge fund was founded by "devoted Christians who believe in God, Jesus Christ, and the Holy Spirit." In addition to its hedge fund, IU Wealth also purported to offer customized portfolios and other

wealth management services to potential advisory clients.

- 12. Despite their aggressive solicitation campaign, the Defendants may have been unsuccessful in obtaining hedge fund investors or advisory clients.
- 13. The offering of IU Wealth securities by the Defendants was not registered with the Commission, as required by federal securities laws and regulations.

B. MATERIAL MISREPRESENTATIONS AND OMISSIONS

- 14. Bang and Lee made numerous misrepresentations to potential investors and clients on IU Wealth's website and through email solicitations. As of November 2010, IU Wealth's website falsely represented: (1) that IU Wealth ran an operational hedge fund; (2) that the hedge fund had a successful performance history since January 2007, with an average monthly return of 8.29%; and (3) that the majority of IU Wealth's clients were professional athletes, actors, and producers. None of these statements were true.
- 15. IU Wealth's website was taken down in November 2010. IU Wealth also operated under the name of Icon Capital, which on its website made misrepresentations that were similar to those on IU Wealth's website, including misrepresentations regarding Icon Capital's purported track record and the nature of its purported clients. The Icon Capital website was taken down in November 2010.
- 16. Lee made similar misrepresentations in emails that he sent to potential investors and clients. In unsolicited emails to potential investors and clients in September 2010, Lee represented that IU Wealth had over \$800 million under management and that 98% of IU Wealth's clients were professional athletes, actors, producers, doctors, professors, politicians, and executives of private corporations. None of these statements made by Lee were true.
- 17. The Defendants repeated some of the misrepresentations in a document titled "Client Presentation" that Lee emailed to at least one potential investor on November 16, 2010. The Client Presentation document falsely stated

that IU Wealth's hedge fund had enjoyed gross returns of 1,051% since 2007, with an average monthly gross return of 23%. It repeated the misrepresentation that IU Wealth had over \$800 million under management, including a purported \$550 million in stocks, \$150 million in real estate/developments, and \$100 million in a reserve. The Client Presentation document again falsely described IU Wealth's clients as consisting of professional athletes, entertainment moguls, public officials, including senators and congressmen, and other professionals. It also represented that IU Wealth's purported investment strategy involved minimal risk and would generate a guaranteed annual return of 12%. The representations in the Client Presentation document were virtually identical to the representations that had been posted on the IU Wealth and Icon Capital's websites, and contained in Lee's emails to prospective investors, which were false.

18. On November 23, 2010, Lee sent a follow-up email to the same prospective investor to whom he had previously sent the Client Presentation document. In his November 23 email, Lee touted the "guaranteed" interest rate that IU Wealth would pay and represented that an investment in IU Wealth would be "as safe as you can get." Lee has continued to solicit this prospective investor as recently as January 11, 2011, and continues to try to set up meetings with him.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Unregistered Offer And Sale of Securities Violations of Section 5(c) of the Securities Act (Against All Defendants)

- 19. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 18 above.
- 20. The defendants, and each of them, by engaging in the conduct described above, directly or indirectly, made use of means or instruments of transportation or communication in interstate commerce or of the mails, to offer to sell securities.

- 21. No registration statement has been filed with the Commission with respect to the offering alleged herein.
- 22. By engaging in the conduct described above, each of the defendants violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 5(c) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77e(c).

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

FRAUD IN THE OFFER OR SALE OF SECURITIES Violations of Section 17(a) of the Securities Act (Against All Defendants)

- 23. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 18 above.
- 24. The defendants, and each of them, by engaging in the conduct described above, directly or indirectly, in the offer or sale of securities by the use of means or instruments of transportation or communication in interstate commerce or by use of the mails:
 - with scienter, employed devices, schemes, or artifices to defraud;
 - b. obtained money or property by means of untrue statements of a material fact or by omitting to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; or
 - c. engaged in transactions, practices, or courses of business which operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon the purchaser.
- 25. By engaging in the conduct described above, each of the defendants violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a).

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THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

FRAUD BY AN INVESTMENT ADVISER

Violations of Sections 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act (Against Defendant Bang)

- 26. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 18 above.
- 27. Defendant Bang, by engaging in the conduct described above, while acting as an investment adviser, directly or indirectly, by use of the mails or means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce:
 - with scienter, employed devices, schemes, or artifices to defraud clients or prospective clients; or
 - b. engaged in transactions, practices, or courses of business which operated as a fraud or deceit upon clients or prospective clients.
- 28. By engaging in the conduct described above, defendant Bang violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Sections 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-6(1) and 80b-6(2).

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

FRAUD INVOLVING A POOLED INVESTMENT VEHICLE

Violations of Section 206(4) of the Advisers Act and Rule 206(4)-8 Thereunder (Against Defendant Bang)

- 29. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 18 above.
- 30. Defendant Bang, by engaging in the conduct described above, while acting as an investment adviser to a pooled investment vehicle, directly or indirectly, by use of the mails or means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce:
 - a. made untrue statements of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not

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- misleading, to any investor or prospective investor in the pooled investment vehicle; or
- b. engaged in acts, practices, or courses of business that were fraudulent, deceptive, or manipulative with respect to any investor or prospective investor in the pooled investment vehicle.
- 36. By engaging in the conduct described above, defendant Bang violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 206(4) of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. § 80b-6(4), and Rule 206(4)-8 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 275.206(4)-8.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Commission respectfully requests that the Court:

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Issue findings of fact and conclusions of law that the Defendants committed the alleged violations.

II.

Issue judgments, in forms consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(d), temporarily, preliminarily and permanently enjoining the Defendants and their officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and those persons in active concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of the judgment by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from violating Sections 5(c) and 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77e(c) and 77q(a).

III.

Issue a judgment, in a form consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(d), temporarily, preliminarily and permanently enjoining Bang and his agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and those persons in active concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of the judgment by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from violating Sections 206(1),

1	206(2), and 206(4) of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-6(1), 80b-6(2), and	
2	80b-6(4), and Rule 206(4)-8 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 275.206(4)-8.	
3	IV.	
4	Issue, in a form consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 65, a temporary restraining	
5	order and a preliminary injunction prohibiting each of the Defendants from	
6	destroying documents, granting expedited discovery, and requiring accountings	
7.	from each of the Defendants.	
8	v.	
9	Order each Defendant to disgorge all ill-gotten gains from their illegal	
10	conduct, together with prejudgment interest thereon.	
11	VI.	
12	Order each Defendant to pay civil penalties under Section 20(d) of the	
13	Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77t(d), and Section 209(e) of the Advisers Act,	
14	15 U.S.C. § 80b-9(e).	
15	VII.	
16	Retain jurisdiction of this action in accordance with the principles of equity	
17	and the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in order to implement and carry out the	
18	terms of all orders and decrees that may be entered, or to entertain any suitable	
19	application or motion for additional relief within the jurisdiction of this Court.	
20	VIII.	
21	Grant such other and further relief as this Court may determine to be just an	
22	necessary.	
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25	DATED: January 19, 2011	
26	David J. Van Havermaat Attorney for Plaintiff	
27	Securities and Exchange Commission	
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