KAREN MATTESON, Cal. Bar No. 102103 1 Email: mattesonk@sec.gov Email: mattesonk@sec.gov FINOLA H. MANVELIAN, Cal. Bar No. 180681

Email: manvelianf@sec.gov JESSICA R. PUATHASNANON, Cal. Bar No. 208074central Dist. of Calif. Los Angeles 10 FEB 18 PM 12: 57 2 3 Email: puathasnanonj@sec.gov DOUGLAS F. KOBAYASHI, Cal. Bar No. 205886 4 Email: kobayashid@sec.gov 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission 6 Rosalind Tyson, Regional Director Andrew Petillon, Associate Regional Director John M. McCoy III, Regional Trial Counsel 5670 Wilshire Boulevard, 11th Floor Los Angeles, California 90036 8 Telephone: (323) 965-3998 Facsimile: (323) 965-3908 9 10 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 11 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 12 Cas 04.10-01214-GHK(RCK) 13 SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, 14 **COMPLAINT** Plaintiff. 15 VS. 16 PACIFIC ASIAN ATLANTIC 17 FOUNDATION; and SAMUEL M. NATT, 18 Defendants. 19 Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") alleges as 20 21 follows: 22 JURISDICTION AND VENUE 23 1. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Sections 20(b), 20(d)(1) and 22(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 24 77t(b), 77t(d)(1) & 77v(a). Defendants have, directly or indirectly, made use of the 25 means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, or of the mails, in connection 26 with the transactions, acts, practices, and courses of business alleged herein in the 27 28 Central District of California and elsewhere.

2. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to Section 22(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77v(a), because certain of the transactions, acts, practices, and courses of conduct constituting violations of the federal securities laws occurred within this district, the principal place of business of Defendant Pacific Asian Atlantic Foundation is located in this district, Defendant Samuel M. Natt resides in this district, and the Defendants transact business in this district.

SUMMARY

- 3. This matter involves fraud in the offer of worthless bonds to Commission registered broker-dealers by Pacific Asian Atlantic Foundation ("PAAF") and its president and chief executive officer, Samuel M. Natt ("Natt"), between late 2006 and 2009. Beginning in December 2006, Natt devised a scheme to raise money on behalf of PAAF by offering oil and gas energy bonds with an aggregate face value between \$3 billion and \$21 billion. In order to create the false impression that the bonds were legitimate debt instruments, Natt prepared and disseminated a misleading offering memorandum for the bonds, which included false financial statements showing PAAF assets of \$5.3 billion in 2006. Natt then issued the PAAF bonds to PAAF itself as well as to third parties in order to deposit the worthless bonds with various broker-dealers. By doing so, Natt was attempting to make money on behalf of PAAF by either securing a line of credit with the bonds as collateral or selling the bonds into the open market.
- 4. Defendants, directly and indirectly, have engaged, are engaged, and are about to engage in transactions, acts, practices and courses of business which constitute violations of the antifraud provisions of Section 17(a)(1) and 17(a)(3) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77q(a)(1) & 77q(a)(3). By this action, the Commission seeks to enjoin such transactions, acts, practices, and courses of business by Defendants and seeks a civil penalty against Defendant Natt pursuant to Sections 20(b) and 20(d)(1) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77t(b) & 77t(d)(1).

THE DEFENDANTS

- 5. **Pacific Asian Atlantic Foundation** was incorporated in the state of Nevada on September 17, 2002. PAAF purports to be a non-profit humanitarian organization. PAAF has no assets or income. Its principal place of business is Defendant Natt's home in Palos Verdes Estates, California.
- 6. Samuel M. Natt is the founding member, president, and chief executive officer of PAAF. He is responsible for the day-to-day operations of PAAF. Natt resides in Palos Verdes Estates, California.

THE FRAUDULENT BOND OFFERINGS

A. The PAAF Oil and Gas Global Energy Bonds

- 7. In or about December 2006, Defendant PAAF, at Defendant Natt's direction, began a private placement offering of PAAF Oil and Gas Global Energy Bonds, 2006 Series A, which would have become due on December 16, 2010.
- 8. Defendant Natt caused the PAAF bonds to state that the bonds would pay a fixed interest rate of 10% per annum and "will be secured by oil and gas reserves, productions; and an investment portfolio." All PAAF bonds are actually unsecured. In addition, PAAF has never had any assets or other means of income to make payments on the bonds. Consequently, PAAF has never made an interest payment on the bonds nor does it appear to have the ability to do so.
- 9. In or about December 2006, Defendant Natt caused to be prepared, and then reviewed and signed on behalf of PAAF an offering memorandum for the bonds. This offering memorandum includes numerous material misrepresentations and omissions.
- 10. Among other things, the offering memorandum falsely states that: (i) PAAF would provide the funding for its various oil and gas projects so that investors would incur no risk; (ii) the proceeds of the offering, reduced by certain expenses, would be held in and secured by an investment trust; and (iii) the company has the ability to pay all the principal and the 10% interest per year due

on the bonds. In fact, Defendant Natt did not intend that the investment proceeds from the bond offering be placed in an investment trust; instead, he intended to use them to finance PAAF's oil and gas projects, which he knew had a high level of risk because they were in the developmental stage. The offering memorandum also included misleading financial statements falsely stating that PAAF held \$5.3 billion in assets in 2006. The offering memorandum also omitted to state that PAAF had no revenues or other financial resources to pay the principal or interest on its bonds.

11. To give the bonds an aura of authenticity, on or about December 11, 2006, Defendant Natt caused the CUSIP Service Bureau ("CSB") to assign the bonds CUSIP numbers by submitting to the CSB the PAAF offering memorandum, including PAAF's misleading financial statements.

B. The Defendants Offer The Bonds To Broker First Dunbar Securities Corporation

- 12. On or about June 29, 2007, Defendant Natt, on behalf of PAAF, applied for a securities trading account at First Dunbar Securities Corporation ("First Dunbar") a Commission registered broker-dealer, located in Boston, Massachusetts. Defendant Natt falsely represented in PAAF's account application that PAAF had over \$100,000 in annual income, over \$500,000 in net worth, and over \$500,000 in assets available for investment.
- 13. On July 11, 2007, Defendant Natt provided a First Dunbar registered representative with the misleading offering memorandum for the bonds, which included PAAF's false financial statements.
- 14. On July 13, 2007, Defendant Natt attempted to deposit four PAAF bonds with a combined purported face value of \$1.65 billion dollars with First Dunbar by mailing the bonds to First Dunbar's clearing agent, Winslow, Evans & Crocker, Inc. PAAF issued the bonds to itself for no consideration at Defendant Natt's direction.

- 15. Defendant Natt had informed the First Dunbar registered representative by telephone before he attempted to deposit the bonds that he wanted to deposit the bonds in PAAF's First Dunbar account and then sell the bonds into the open market. In the alternative, Defendant Natt intended to use the bonds as collateral so that PAAF could borrow against the securities on margin.
- 16. To induce First Dunbar to accept the bonds for deposit, Defendant Natt misrepresented and omitted material facts to the First Dunbar registered representative concerning the PAAF bonds. Specifically, Defendant Natt misrepresented, among other things, that the PAAF bonds were valid debt securities issued by PAAF in a legitimate private placement offering in exchange for consideration. Defendant Natt failed to disclose that: (i) the PAAF bonds were worthless; and (ii) PAAF had no assets, revenues, or other financial resources to pay interest on the bonds.
- 17. Neither First Dunbar nor its clearing agent, Winslow, Evans & Crocker, Inc., permitted Defendant Natt to deposit the PAAF bonds in PAAF's First Dunbar account.

C. The Defendants Offer The Bonds To Broker UBS Financial Services, Inc.

- 18. Defendant Natt, on behalf of PAAF, opened a brokerage account at a Los Angeles, California branch of UBS Financial Services, Inc. ("UBS"), a Commission registered broker-dealer, on or about February 22, 2007. Defendant Natt falsely represented in PAAF's account opening documents that PAAF had an annual income of \$3.6 million and a net worth of \$5.3 billion.
- 19. On or about July 22, 2007, Defendant Natt met with UBS registered representatives and attempted to deposit three PAAF bonds with a combined purported face value of \$1.5 billion in PAAF's UBS trading account. PAAF issued the bonds to itself for no consideration at Defendant Natt's direction.
 - 20. On or about July 22, 2007, Defendant Natt sent an e-mail to a UBS

registered representative that included the misleading offering memorandum in support of the bonds and PAAF's false financial statements.

- 21. Defendant Natt intended to deposit the bonds in PAAF's UBS account and then use the bonds as collateral so that PAAF could borrow against the securities on margin. In the alternative, Defendant Natt intended to sell the bonds for profit.
- 22. To induce UBS to accept the bonds for deposit, Defendant Natt misrepresented and omitted material facts concerning the PAAF bonds to the UBS registered representatives with whom he was dealing. Specifically, Defendant Natt falsely claimed, among other things, that the PAAF bonds were valid debt securities issued by PAAF in a legitimate private placement offering in exchange for consideration. Defendant Natt failed to disclose that: (i) the PAAF bonds were worthless; and (ii) PAAF had no assets, revenues, or other financial resources to pay interest on the bonds.
- 23. UBS refused to permit Defendant Natt to deposit the bonds into PAAF's UBS securities account.
- 24. Undeterred, on or around November 8, 2007, Defendant Natt attempted to deposit four PAAF bonds with a combined purported face value of \$2 billion dollars in PAAF's UBS securities account by mailing the bonds to a registered representative at UBS branch office in Boston, Massachusetts. PAAF issued these bonds to itself for no consideration at Defendant Natt's direction.
- 25. Defendant Natt again intended to deposit the bonds into PAAF's UBS account and then use the bonds as collateral so that PAAF could borrow against the securities on margin. In the alternative, Defendant Natt intended to sell the bonds for profit.
- 26. To induce UBS to accept the bonds for deposit, Defendant Natt misrepresented and omitted material facts concerning the PAAF bonds to the UBS registered representative with whom he was dealing. Specifically, Defendant Natt

falsely claimed, among other things, that the PAAF bonds were valid debt securities issued by PAAF in a legitimate private placement offering in exchange for consideration. Defendant Natt failed to disclose that: (i) the PAAF bonds were worthless; and (ii) PAAF had no assets, revenues, or other financial resources to pay interest on the bonds.

27. Once again, UBS refused to permit Defendant Natt to deposit the bonds into PAAF's UBS securities account.

D. <u>The Defendants Offer The Bonds To Broker Primevest Financial</u> <u>Services, Inc.</u>

- 28. On or about November 1, 2007, Defendant Natt, on behalf of PAAF, applied for a new securities trading account at the Atlanta, Georgia branch office of Primevest Financial Services, Inc. ("Primevest"), a Commission registered broker-dealer, and proposed to fund the account with two PAAF bonds with a combined purported face value of \$1 billion. PAAF issued these bonds to itself for no consideration at Defendant Natt's direction.
- 29. Defendant Natt falsely represented to Primevest in PAAF's account opening documents that PAAF had an annual income of up to \$399,000 and an estimated net worth of up to \$2.9 million.
- 30. In or about November 2007, Defendant Natt instructed a Primevest registered representative by telephone to deposit the bonds in PAAF's brokerage account so that PAAF could use the bonds as collateral and borrow against them on margin. Defendant Natt also told the registered representative that he intended to sell the bonds for profit.
- 31. To induce Primevest to accept the bonds for deposit, Defendant Natt misrepresented and omitted material facts concerning the PAAF bonds to the registered representative. Specifically, Defendant Natt falsely claimed, among other things, that the PAAF bonds were valid debt securities issued by PAAF in a legitimate private placement offering in exchange for consideration. Defendant

Natt failed to disclose that: (i) the PAAF bonds were worthless; and (ii) PAAF had no assets, revenues, or other financial resources to pay interest on the bonds.

Defendant Natt also advised the Primevest registered representative that the bonds could be verified by the CSB with the CUSIP number.

32. Primevest refused to permit Defendant Natt to deposit the bonds into PAAF's Primevest securities account.

E. The Defendants Offer the Bonds to Third Parties

- 33. Between April 2007 and March 2009, PAAF, at Defendant Natt's direction, issued approximately \$97 billion in PAAF bonds for no consideration to at least 20 third parties who were generally business entities.
- 34. Defendant Natt expected that these third parties would serve as middle-men who would assist PAAF in depositing its bonds at various broker-dealers and financial institutions. Defendant Natt instructed the third parties by telephone, e-mail, and/or written correspondence to open accounts with various broker-dealers and/or financial institutions and then deposit the PAAF bonds into those accounts. Once accepted, Defendant Natt instructed the third parties to use the PAAF bonds to either secure a line of credit from the broker-dealer or financial institution or to sell the bonds into the market. Defendant Natt promised to split any returns obtained from the bonds up to 50% between the third parties and PAAF.
- 35. In inducing the third parties to assist PAAF in monetizing the bonds, Defendant Natt provided some of the third parties with the misleading offering memorandum and PAAF's false financial statements. To further the aura of the bonds authenticity, Defendant Natt also provided some of the third parties with the CSB confirmation letter of the CUSIP number.
- 36. Moreover, to induce these third parties to deposit the bonds with a broker-dealer and to induce the broker-dealer to accept the bonds for value,

 Defendant Natt misrepresented and omitted material facts concerning the PAAF

bonds to these third parties and broker-dealers. Specifically, Defendant Natt falsely claimed, among other things, that the PAAF bonds were valid debt securities issued by PAAF in a legitimate private placement offering in exchange for consideration. Defendant Natt failed to disclose that: (i) the PAAF bonds were worthless; and (ii) PAAF had no assets, revenues, or other financial resources to pay interest on the bonds.

37. No known broker-dealer or financial institution has accepted the PAAF bonds for deposit from the third parties.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Violations of Section 17(a)(1) of the Securities Act (Against Both Defendants)

- 38. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 37 above.
- 39. Defendants PAAF and Natt, and each of them, by engaging in the conduct described above, directly or indirectly, in the offer of securities by the use of means and instruments of transportation and communication in interstate commerce or by the use of the mails, with scienter, have employed and are employing devices, schemes, and artifices to defraud.
- 40. By engaging in the conduct described above, Defendants have violated and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 17(a)(1) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a)(1).

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Violations of Section 17(a)(3) of the Securities Act (Against Both Defendants)

- 41. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 37 above.
- 42. Defendants PAAF and Natt, and each of them, by engaging in the conduct described above, directly or indirectly, in the offer of securities by the use

of means and instruments of transportation and communication in interstate commerce or by use of the mails, have engaged in transactions, practices, or courses of business which have operated or will operate as a fraud or deceit upon prospective purchasers of securities.

43. By engaging in the conduct described above, Defendants have violated and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 17(a)(3) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a)(3).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Commission respectfully requests that the Court:

I.

Issue findings of fact and conclusions of law that Defendants committed the alleged violations.

II.

Issue orders, in a form consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(d), permanently enjoining Defendants PAAF and Natt, and their officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and those persons in active concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of the order by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from violating Sections 17(a)(1) and 17(1)(3) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77q(a)(1) & 77q(a)(3).

III.

Order Defendant Natt to pay a civil penalty under Section 20(d) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77t(d).

IV.

Retain jurisdiction of this action in accordance with the principles of equity and the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in order to implement and carry out the terms of all orders and decrees that may be entered, or to entertain any suitable application or motion for additional relief within the jurisdiction of this Court.

V.

Grant such other and further relief as this Court may determine to be just and necessary.

DATE: February 18, 2010

Douglas F Kobayashi
Attorney for Plaintiff
Securities and Exchange Commission