SPENCER E. BENDELL, Cal. Bar No. 181220 1 E-mail: bendells@sec.gov JANET RICH WEISSMAN, Cal. Bar No. 137023 2010 MAR - 1 AM 10: 47 2 E-mail: weissmanj@sec.gov CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DIST. OF CALIF. LOS ANGELES 3 Attorneys for Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission Rosalind R. Tyson, Regional Director 4 8 Y ______ Y S Michele Wein Layne, Associate Regional Director John M. McCoy III, Regional Trial Counsel 5670 Wilshire Boulevard, 11th Floor Los Angeles, California 90036 Telephone: (323) 965-3998 Facsimile: (323) 965-3908 5 6 7 8 9 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 10 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 11 12 IVS MLGX SACV10-00241 Case No. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE 13 COMMISSION, 14 COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATIONS Plaintiff, OF THE FEDERAL SECURITIES 15 LAWS VS. 16 ENVISION DIRECT L.L.C. and GARY R. 17 HEADDING. Defendants. 18 19 20 Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") alleges as 21 follows: 22 JURISDICTION AND VENUE 23 1. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 24 Sections 209(d), 209(e)(1), and 214 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 25 ("Advisers Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-9(d), 80b-9(e)(1), and 80b-14. Defendants 26 have, directly or indirectly, made use of the means or instrumentalities of interstate 27 commerce, of the mails, or of the facilities of a national securities exchange in 28 connection with the transactions, acts, practices, and courses of business alleged in

this complaint.

2. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to Section 214 of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. § 80b-14, because certain of the transactions, acts, practices and courses of conduct constituting violations of the federal securities laws occurred within this district and defendants reside in this district.

SUMMARY

3. The Commission brings this case against a former registered investment adviser, Envision Direct L.L.C. ("Envision"), and its owner Gary R. Headding ("Headding," and collectively with Envision, "Defendants"). Defendants committed fraud when they withdrew unauthorized advisory fees of nearly \$50,000 from three clients and stole approximately \$274,000 from two of these clients. In addition, they violated books and records rules applicable to investment advisers. Through this Complaint, the Commission seeks permanent injunctions, disgorgement with prejudgment interest, and civil penalties.

DEFENDANTS

- 4. **Envision Direct L.L.C.** is a California limited liability company. Its current address is in Newport Beach, California. From June 29, 2005 to June 4, 2009, Envision was registered with the Commission as an investment adviser. During the relevant time period, its registered name with the Commission was "Envision Direct LLC doing business as Envision Capital Management LLC." On June 4, 2009, Envision filed a Form ADV-W with the Commission and thereby withdrew its registration as an investment adviser.
- 5. **Gary R. Headding**, age 41, lives in Newport Beach, California. During the relevant time period, he controlled Envision as its president, chief executive officer, chief compliance officer, and sole owner, and made the investment decisions for Envision clients.

THE FRAUDULENT SCHEME

A. Envision's Business And The Commission's Examination

- 6. In 2005, Envision registered with the Commission as an investment adviser.
- 7. By the first quarter of 2007, Envision had approximately 50 clients and \$40 million of assets under management. In the second quarter of 2007, two principals left Envision with their clients, leaving Headding the sole owner of Envision. Defendants' assets under management continued to diminish as accounts lost value and clients left the firm, and by the end of May 2009, they had only three clients and less than one million dollars under management.
- 8. Envision and Headding had discretionary trading authority in their clients' brokerage accounts. Specifically, their clients had brokerage accounts at a Commission-registered and unaffiliated broker-dealer (referred to herein as the "Broker-Dealer"), and the clients granted Headding discretionary trading authority over their accounts. Headding exercised that authority by making trades directly through the Broker-Dealer's investment adviser online trading platform until Headding ceased participating in that program in late 2007. Headding, however, continued to have discretionary trading authority in at least one client account because he convinced that client to provide him with her password for online access to her brokerage account.
- 9. On June 1, 2009, the Commission's investment advisory examination staff contacted Headding. On June 4, when the Commission's examination staff arrived to conduct an examination of Envision, Headding informed them that he had filed a Form ADV-W that same morning to withdraw Envision's registration as an investment adviser.

B. Envision And Headding Misappropriated Funds From Clients

10. Between April 2007 and May 2008, Envision and Headding misappropriated \$274,256 from two clients. Headding made six transfers from two

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clients' accounts, transferring funds from his clients' brokerage accounts to Envision and himself without his clients' authorization.

- After working as a college intern for Defendants, she selected them to manage her only significant asset, insurance proceeds of \$470,000 that she had received from her mother's life insurance policy. Between April 2007 and May 2008, Defendants misappropriated at least \$243,256 of the client's funds through four separate transfers out of her brokerage account. Heading misrepresented to the client that these monies would be used to invest on her behalf. Headding misappropriated the clients' funds for a variety of personal uses, including funding his own Individual Retirement Account. Although Defendants had discretionary authority over the client's account (and she gave Headding her account password), she did not authorize Headding to use her funds for his own use.
- 12. Defendants similarly stole money from another client, a friend of Headding's family. In June 2007, Defendants withdrew funds twice from this client's account without his consent or knowledge. The two withdrawals totaled \$31,000, which was nearly 95% of the funds in the account at the time.
- 13. Envision and Headding owed a fiduciary duty to their advisory clients. Clients trusted Defendants to manage their assets and to invest funds on their behalf. Defendants defrauded their clients when they stole their clients' funds.

C. Envision And Headding Inflated Their Advisory Fees

14. Pursuant to Envision's agreements with its clients, Defendants' investment advisory fees were supposed to range between 0.5% and 2% of their clients' assets under management. Defendants, however, withdrew excessive fees ranging from 3.6% to 12.9% from three clients. Between March and August 2007, Defendants misappropriated a total of \$47,481 from three clients through unauthorized advisory fees.

- 15. Defendants took these improper fees through the Broker-Dealer's investment adviser online platform. Between March and August 2007, Headding instructed the Broker-Dealer to deduct advisory fees in specific amounts from client accounts.
- 16. Between March and August 2007, Defendants took fees of \$11,037 from the college student client referenced above, which constituted a 3.6% fee.
- 17. Between April and May 2007, Defendants took fees of \$15,937 from a client, which constituted an 8.9% fee.
- 18. In May 2007, Defendants took fees of \$20,507 from the family friend client referenced above, which constituted a 12.9% fee.
- 19. Envision and Headding defrauded their clients when they took fees in excess of the amounts that they had disclosed to and agreed upon with those clients.

D. <u>Defendants Failed To Make And Keep Required Records</u>

- 20. Envision did not make and keep books and records required to be made and kept as part of its advisory business under Section 204 of the Advisers Act and Rule 204-2 thereunder. [15 U.S.C. § 80b-4 and 17 C.F.R. § 275.204-2.]
- 21. Headding placed Envision's books and records in a storage facility, which eventually disposed of them when Headding failed to pay storage fees.
- 22. Specifically, Envision and Headding failed to keep the following required books and records:
 - Memoranda of each order given by Envision for the purchase or sale of a security (required by Rule 204-2(a)(3) of the Advisers Act) [17 C.F.R. § 275.204-2(a)(3).].
 - Written communications sent and received by Envision (required by Rule 204-2(a)(7) of the Advisers Act) [17 C.F.R. § 275.204-2(a)(7).].
 - Record of all accounts in which Envision had discretionary power

- with respect to funds, securities, or transactions of any client (required by Rule 204-2(a)(8) of the Advisers Act) 17 C.F.R. § 275.204-2(a)(8).].
- Written agreements between Envision and any client (required by Rule 204-2(a)(10) of the Advisers Act) 17 C.F.R. § 275.204-2(a)(10).].
- Envision's policies and procedures (required by Rule 204-2(a)(17) of the Advisers Act) 17 C.F.R. § 275.204-2(a)(17).].
- 23. Envision also did not comply with Rule 204-2(f) of the Advisers Act [17 C.F.R. § 275.204-2(f)], which requires that before an investment adviser ceases to conduct business as an investment adviser, it must arrange for the preservation of the required records and notify the Commission in writing of the exact address where the books and records will be maintained. When Envision ceased its business Defendants neither preserved its required records nor notified the Commission in writing about the location of its records.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

FRAUD BY AN INVESTMENT ADVISER

Violations of Sections 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act (Against All Defendants)

- 24. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 23 above.
- 25. Defendants Envision and Headding, and each of them, by engaging in the conduct described above, directly or indirectly, by use of the mails or other means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce:
 - with scienter, employed devices, schemes, or artifices to defraud clients or prospective clients; or
 - b. engaged in transactions, practices, or courses of business which operated as a fraud or deceit upon clients or prospective clients.

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26. By engaging in the conduct described above, Defendants violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Sections 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-6(1) and 80b-6(2).

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

FAILURE TO MAINTAIN RECORDS

BY A REGISTERED INVESTMENT ADVISER

Violations of Section 204 of the Advisers Act and

Rule 204-2 Thereunder

(Against Envision)

- 27. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 23 above.
- 28. Defendant Envision, by engaging in the conduct described above, directly or indirectly, failed to make and keep certain required records.
- 29. By engaging in the conduct described above, Envision violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 204 of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. § 80b-4, and Rule 204-2 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 275.204-2.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

AIDING AND ABETTING FAILURE TO MAINTAIN RECORDS BY A REGISTERED INVESTMENT ADVISER

Aiding and Abetting Violations of Section 204 of the Advisers Act and

Rule 204-2 Thereunder

(Against Headding)

- 30. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 23 above.
- 31. Headding knowingly provided substantial assistance to Envision's violation of Section 204 of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. § 80b-4, and Rule 204-2 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 275.204-2.
 - 32. By engaging in the conduct described above and pursuant to

Sections 209(d) of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. § 80b-9(d), defendant Headding aided and abetted Envision's violations, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to aid and abet violations of Section 204 of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. § 80b-4, and Rule 204-2 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 275.204-2.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Commission respectfully requests that the Court:

I.

Issue findings of fact and conclusions of law that Defendants committed the alleged violations.

II.

Issue judgments, in a form consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(d), permanently enjoining Defendants Envision and Headding, and their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and those persons in active concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of the judgment by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from violating Sections 206(1), and 206(2) of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-6(1) & 80b-6(2), enjoining Envision from violating Section 204 of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. § 80b-4 and Rule 204-2 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 275.204-2, and enjoining Headding from aiding and abetting violations of Section 204 of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. § 80b-4 and Rule 204-2 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 275.204-2.

III.

Order Defendants Envision and Headding to disgorge all ill-gotten gains from their illegal conduct, together with prejudgment interest thereon.

IV.

Order Defendants Envision and Headding to pay civil penalties pursuant to Section 209(e)(1) of the Advisers Act, 15 U.S.C. § 80b-9(e)(1).

V.

Retain jurisdiction of this action in accordance with the principles of equity

and the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in order to implement and carry out the terms of all orders and decrees that may be entered, or to entertain any suitable application or motion for additional relief within the jurisdiction of this Court.

VI.

Grant such other and further relief as this Court may determine to be just and necessary.

DATED: March 1, 2010

JANET RICH WEISSMAN

Attorney for Plaintiff
Securities and Exchange Commission