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9	UNITED STATES DIS	STRICT COURT				
10	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
11	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE	Case 16.V10	683	5	GH	ICG
12	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,	COMPLAINT		)	- I	X
13	Plaintiff,				v	
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	v. LADP ACQUISITION, INC.; WILLIAM A. GOLDSTEIN and MARC E. BERCOON,					7
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Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") alleges as follows:

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Sections 20(b), 20(d)(1) and 22(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 77t(b), 77t(d)(1) & 77v(a), and Sections 21(d)(1), 21(d)(3)(A), 21(e) and 27 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 78u(d)(1), 78u(d)(3)(A), 78u(e) & 78aa. Defendants have, directly or indirectly, made use of the means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, of the mails, or of the facilities of a national securities exchange, in connection with the transactions, acts, practices, and courses of business alleged in this Complaint.
- 2. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to Section 22(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77v(a), and Section 27 of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78aa, because certain of the transactions, acts, practices, and courses of conduct constituting violations of the federal securities laws occurred within this district, and the Defendants transact or have transacted business in this district.

### SUMMARY

3. From about mid-2009 through the present, the Defendants have raised at least \$3.2 million from approximately 110 investors in the United States, in an unregistered securities offering. The Defendants, through their sales agents, cold-call investors, offering and purporting to sell shares in L.A. Digital Post, Inc. ("L.A. Digital"), a television and film production company with offices in Los Angeles and New York, purportedly to grow the business of L.A. Digital. Among other representations, the Defendants and their agents tell investors that L.A. Digital will conduct an initial public offering ("IPO") of its stock within two to six months, and that its shares will soon trade on the New York Stock Exchange or the American Stock Exchange. In fact, the Defendants have been employing a "bait-and-switch" scheme whereby purchasers of the shares have received stock

certificates stating that they own shares in Defendant LADP Acquisition ("LADP"), rather than in L.A. Digital. No public offering of L.A. Digital stock has occurred. Moreover, the Defendants have not distributed any monies raised in the LADP offering to L.A. Digital. Instead, Defendants Goldstein and Bercoon, who control LADP's bank accounts, have misappropriated for their own use and the use of other companies they control at least \$874,289 of the \$3.2 million in investor funds raised.

4. The Defendants have violated and are violating the securities registration provisions of Sections 5(a) and 5(c) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77e(a) & 77e(c), and the antifraud provisions of Section 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a), and Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5. By this action, the Commission seeks a temporary restraining order and preliminary and permanent injunctions prohibiting future such violations, an order freezing the Defendants' assets, an order prohibiting destruction of documents, an accounting, disgorgement of the Defendants' ill-gotten gains, and civil penalties.

### THE DEFENDANTS

- 5. LADP Acquisition, Inc. is a Delaware corporation located in Atlanta, Georgia. On January 8, 2010, the State of Pennsylvania issued a cease and desist order against LADP to halt the unregistered offering of LADP shares. It has no business operations.
- 6. William A. Goldstein resides in Atlanta, Georgia. He purports to be an investor and entrepreneur and claims to be a founding member of WebMD. Goldstein owns, directly or indirectly in conjunction with Bercoon, a substantial interest in L.A. Digital, a television and film production company with offices in Los Angeles and New York. He represents that he is the Chairman of L.A. Digital and/or LADP, but he in fact is not involved in the daily operations of L.A. Digital.

Together with Bercoon, Goldstein controls Defendant LADP and has signatory authority over its bank accounts, including at least one account in the name of "LADP, LLC," where investor monies are deposited. In the past, Goldstein has held various positions with public companies, including:

- a. Chairman of the Board and CEO of RCG Companies, Inc. (now known as OneTravel Holdings, Inc.) during the period February 1, 2004, to June 6, 2006, and April 28, 2005, to June 6, 2006, respectively;
- A Director of Market Central, Inc. (now known as Scientigo,
   Inc.) during the period February 2003 to November 2004; and
- The Company and Investor Relations contact for Generation
   Zero Group as of June 14, 2010.

Goldstein is also an officer of Ibar Management Group, LLC, a company located in Atlanta, Georgia.

- 7. Marc E. Bercoon resides in Atlanta Georgia, and owns, directly or indirectly in conjunction with Goldstein, a substantial interest in L.A. Digital, a television and film production company with offices in Los Angeles and New York. Bercoon is, in fact, the Chairman of L.A. Digital, but he is not involved in its daily operations. Together with Goldstein, Bercoon controls Defendant LADP and has signatory authority over its bank accounts, including at least one account in the name of "LADP, LLC," where investor monies are deposited. Bercoon is an attorney who was licensed to practice law in the State of Illinois until at least 2008. Bercoon has also held himself out either as a Certified Public Accountant, or as having passed the CPA examination. In the past, Bercoon has held various positions with public companies, including:
  - General Counsel and Secretary of the Broadway Stores, Inc.
     from February 1993 to February 1994, and Senior Vice
     President beginning in February 1994;

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- Chief Financial Officer and President of RCG Companies, Inc. (now known as OneTravel Holdings, Inc.) from February 28, 2005, to April 28, 2005, and from April 28, 2005, to June 6, 2006, respectively;
- Assistant Secretary for Market Central, Inc. (now known as c. Scientigo, Inc.) as of March 25, 2005, when he signed a restated certificate of incorporation that was attached as an Exhibit to a Form S-4 registration statement filed on November 10, 2005; and
- A Director, as of March 2, 2001, of Mixson Corporation. d. Bercoon is also a Director of Growth Capital Group, a company that purportedly provides financial advisory and investment banking services; and an officer of Ibar Management, LLC.

### THE FRAUDULENT SCHEME

### The Defendants Generally Solicit Investors Through Cold Calls

- 8. In approximately mid-2009, the Defendants, through the use of sales agents, began soliciting potential investors throughout the United States, including through the use of cold calling, sometimes followed up by an email. Potential investors are told that they are being solicited to invest in L.A. Digital.
- 9. The Defendants cause potential investors to be sent, by Federal Express, email and/or United States mail, a package containing a brochure entitled "Confidential Investor Information," which also often includes a "Confidential Private Placement Memorandum," a Subscription Agreement, a "Purchaser Questionnaire" and a "Purchaser Representative Questionnaire." Defendants Bercoon and Goldstein participated in the drafting of each of these documents.
- 10. Once LADP has received the investor's investment, the Defendants send to the investor a cover letter purporting to be on "LA Digital Post" letterhead, but purporting to enclose a certificate representing stock in LADP, together with a

"Certificate" certifying that the investor is the holder of a certain number of shares of LADP, not L.A. Digital. The cover letter and Certificate bear Goldstein's signature.

11. From mid-2009 through the present, the Defendants have raised at least \$3.2 million from approximately 110 investors in the United States, in the unregistered offering in L.A. Digital described in this Complaint.

## B. The Defendants Make Material Misrepresentations About The Investment And Misappropriate Investor Monies

- 12. The Defendants, through their sales agents, orally represent to potential investors that L.A. Digital is "going public" or going to be the subject of an initial public offering (IPO) within a short period of time, such as sixty or ninety days, and that its shares will be traded on the American Stock Exchange ("AMEX"), or some other public exchange such as the New York Stock Exchange or NASDAQ. The Defendants further represent through their sales agents that L.A. Digital has only a limited number of shares for sale, that the potential investor needs to act quickly to be included in this opportunity, that the company will be worth \$160 million, and that investors who bought shares prior to the IPO will make substantial profits.
- 13. In some cases, these oral representations are followed by an email from the sales agent making further similar representations, including that the projected return on investment ("ROI") is "in the 200-300% range conservatively," but that "we feel that the market will support a 300-500% return. . . ," and that L.A. Digital "is scheduled to enter the AMEX!" These emails also include a link to the website of L.A. Digital and a description of its post-production business.
- 14. In addition to the oral and email representations made by the Defendants' sales agents, the "Confidential Investor Information Memorandum" authored by Defendants Bercoon and Goldstein makes representations about "L.A. Digital Post" that are materially misleading, in that the "shares" in fact sold to investors are stock of LADP, not L.A. Digital. Among other representations, the

#### Memorandum:

- a. Prominently features the logo of "L.A. Digital Post" and its website address on the first page;
- b. Includes a detailed description of L.A. Digital's post-production business, history and reputation, and lists prominent motion picture studios and television networks which have, in fact, been clients of L.A. Digital, as well as a "Partial Client List" setting forth highly rated television shows and a list of movies for which L.A. Digital has provided post-production services;
- c. Prominently features descriptions of Goldstein, described as "Chairman," and Bercoon, described as "Vice Chairman and Chief Financial Officer," of L.A. Digital, asserting that under Goldstein's leadership, a physician staffing company he founded named Nationwide Medical Services, Inc. grew "at a rate in excess of 200% per year for its first six years, achieving \$18 million in sales by 1998"; and touting Bercoon's legal and accounting background, including that he graduated from UCLA School of Law, and passed the Illinois CPA and bar exams in 1982 and 1985 respectively. In fact, neither Goldstein nor Bercoon have any current involvement in the day-to-day operations of L.A. Digital.
- d. Sets forth "Financial Highlights," including that "LA Digital's revenues for fiscal year end were \$13.375 million," and that "There are also several acquisition targets that management has identified," notwithstanding that L.A. Digital in fact does not presently intend to acquire any companies. Additionally, the Memorandum does not disclose that L.A. Digital is not currently a profitable company, and that it is in default with its secured

### lender.

- 15. In order to induce one investor, S, who had invested \$50,000, to invest an additional \$950,000 in or about December 2009, Defendants Goldstein and Bercoon executed a "Put Agreement," in which they agreed to buy back the 950,000 in additional shares purchased by Dr. S at the \$1 per share price at which he purchased them, at any time during the period from November 4, 2010, through February 2, 2011.
- 16. In fact, no public offering has been held for L.A. Digital Post. Instead, in a "bait and switch," investors receive worthless certificates representing "shares" in Defendant LADP, and Defendants Goldstein and Bercoon steal their money.
- 17. Specifically, from July 9, 2009 to July 12, 2010, undisclosed to investors, Defendants Goldstein and Bercoon have misappropriated for their own use and the use of other companies they control at least \$874,289 of the \$3.2 million in investor funds raised and deposited into Wachovia Bank accounts in the name of LADP and "LADP, LLC," which they control, and on which they are signatories, as follows:
  - a. Goldstein received at least \$1,000 by check, received a total of \$22,000 in transfers to a Wachovia Bank account in his name, and withdrew \$107,600 from the LADP, LLC account.
  - Bercoon withdrew a total of \$171, 589 from the LADP, LLC bank account and the LADP Acquisition bank account.
  - c. Goldstein and/or Bercoon caused at least \$510,800 in transfers to be made from the LADP, LLC bank account to another Wachovia Bank account in the name of HMRZ Consulting LLC, for which account Bercoon is a signatory.
  - d. Goldstein and/or Bercoon caused at least \$61,300 in transfers to be made from the LADP, LLC bank account to an account in the name of Ibar Management Group, an entity for which both

### Goldstein and Bercoon are officers.

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- 18. In response to repeated inquiries by investor S regarding the failure of L.A. Digital to go public, Defendant Goldstein and his sales agent, Alan in Fort Lauderdale, Florida in or about June or July Weiner, met with Dr. S 2010. At this meeting, Goldstein falsely reassured Dr. S. that he had made a sound investment, and Goldstein and Weiner described Goldstein's prior success at bringing other companies public. In order to lull Dr. S. into believing his \$1 million investment was safe, Goldstein and Weiner falsely assured Dr. S that they were working on multiple avenues to take L.A. Digital public and that he would profit from his investment.
- 19. Subsequently, on or about August 23, 2010, in response to further inquiries from Dr. S as to the status of his investment, Defendants Goldstein and Bercoon falsely told Dr. S in a telephone conversation that everything was fine, and that while two smaller investors had complained to the Commission, there was nothing to worry about.
- 20. In response to inquiries by Gary Migdal, the president of L.A. Digital, regarding calls he was receiving from investors inquiring why a promised "public offering" of L.A. Digital stock that Migdal knew nothing about had not taken place, Bercoon falsely represented to Migdal that the situation involved "identity theft," and that he was "handling" or "dealing with" it.

### FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

# OFFER AND SALE OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES Violations of Sections 5(a) and 5(c) of the Securities Act (Against All Defendants)

- 21. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 20 above.
- 22. Defendants LADP, Goldstein and Bercoon, by engaging in the conduct described above, directly or indirectly, made use of means or instruments

of transportation or communication in interstate commerce or of the mails, to offer to sell or to sell securities, or to carry or cause such securities to be carried through the mails or in interstate commerce for the purpose of sale or for delivery after sale.

- 23. No registration statement has been filed with the Commission or has been in effect with respect to the offering alleged herein.
- 24. By engaging in the conduct described above, Defendants LADP, Goldstein and Bercoon have violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Sections 5(a) and 5(c) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77e(a) and 77e(c).

### SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

# FRAUD IN THE OFFER OR SALE OF SECURITIES Violations of Section 17(a) of the Securities Act (Against All Defendants)

- 25. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 20 above.
- 26. Defendants LADP, Goldstein and Bercoon, and each of them, by engaging in the conduct described above, directly or indirectly, in the offer or sale of securities by the use of means or instruments of transportation or communication in interstate commerce or by use of the mails:
  - with scienter, employed devices, schemes, or artifices to defraud;
  - b. obtained money or property by means of untrue statements of a material fact or by omitting to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; or
  - engaged in transactions, practices, or courses of business which
    operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon the

purchaser.

27. By engaging in the conduct described above, Defendants LADP, Goldstein and Bercoon violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a).

### THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

FRAUD IN CONNECTION WITH THE PURCHASE OR SALE OF SECURITIES

Violations of Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 Thereunder

(Against All Defendants)

- 28. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 20 above.
- 29. Defendants LADP, Goldstein and Bercoon, and each of them, by engaging in the conduct described above, directly or indirectly, in connection with the purchase or sale of a security, by the use of means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, of the mails, or of the facilities of a national securities exchange, with scienter:
  - a. employed devices, schemes, or artifices to defraud;
  - made untrue statements of a material fact or omitted to state a
    material fact necessary in order to make the statements made,
    in the light of the circumstances under which they were made,
    not misleading; or
  - engaged in acts, practices, or courses of business which
    operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon other
    persons.
- 30. By engaging in the conduct described above, Defendants LADP, Goldstein and Bercoon violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5.

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### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Commission respectfully requests that the Court:

I.

Issue findings of fact and conclusions of law that the Defendants committed the alleged violations.

П.

Issue orders, in a form consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(d), temporarily, preliminarily and permanently enjoining Defendants LADP, Goldstein and Bercoon and their officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and those persons in active concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of the order by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from violating Sections 5(a) and 5(c) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77e(a) & 77e(c), Section 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a), and Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b) and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5.

### Ш.

Issue in a form consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 65, a temporary restraining order and a preliminary injunction freezing the assets of Defendants LADP, Goldstein and Bercoon; prohibiting each of the Defendants from destroying documents; and ordering accountings by each of the Defendants.

#### IV.

Order Defendants LADP, Goldstein and Bercoon to disgorge all ill-gotten gains from their illegal conduct, together with prejudgment interest thereon.

V.

Order Defendants LADP, Goldstein and Bercoon to pay civil penalties under Section 20(d) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77t(d), and Section 21(d)(3) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78u(d)(3).

### VI.

Retain jurisdiction of this action in accordance with the principles of equity and the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in order to implement and carry out the terms of all orders and decrees that may be entered, or to entertain any suitable application or motion for additional relief within the jurisdiction of this Court.

### VII.

Grant such other and further relief as this Court may determine to be just and necessary.

DATED: September 14, 2010

Karen Matteson

Jason P. Lee

Attorneys for Plaintiff

Securities and Exchange Commission