

Guidelines for the Use of Antiretroviral Agents in HIV-1-Infected Adults and Adolescents

Downloaded from http://aidsinfo.nih.gov/guidelines on 3/17/2013

Visit the AIDS*info* website to access the most up-to-date guideline.

Register for e-mail notification of guideline updates at http://aidsinfo.nih.gov/e-news.

Table 15c. Drug Interactions between Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors and Other Drugs (Including Antiretroviral Agents) (Last updated February 12, 2013; last reviewed February 12, 2013) (page 1 of 2)

Concomitant Drug Class/Name	NRTI	Effect on NRTI or Concomitant Drug Concentrations	Dosage Recommendations and Clinical Comments
Antivirals			
Adefovir	TDF	No data	Do not co-administer. Serum concentrations of TDF and/or other renally eliminated drugs may be increased.
Boceprevir	TDF	No significant PK effects	No dose adjustment necessary.
Ganciclovir Valganciclovir	TDF	No data	Serum concentrations of these drugs and/or TDF may be increased. Monitor for dose-related toxicities.
	ZDV	No significant PK effects	Potential increase in hematologic toxicities
Ribavirin	ddl	1 intracellular ddl	Contraindicated. Do not co-administer. Fatal hepatic failure and other ddl-related toxicities have been reported with co-administration.
	ZDV	Ribavirin inhibits phosphorylation of ZDV.	Avoid co-administration if possible, or closely monitor virologic response and hematologic toxicities.
Telaprevir	TDF	TDF AUC ↑ 30%, C _{min} ↑ 6%-41%	Monitor for TDF-associated toxicity.
Integrase Inhibitor			
RAL	TDF	RAL AUC ↑ 49%, C _{max} ↑ 64%	No dosage adjustment necessary.
Narcotics/Treatment fo	r Opioid Dep	endence	
Buprenorphine	3TC, ddl, TDF, ZDV	No significant effect	No dosage adjustment necessary.
Methadone	ABC	methadone clearance ↑ 22%	No dosage adjustment necessary.
	d4T	d4T AUC ↓ 23%, C _{max} ↓ 44%	No dosage adjustment necessary.
	ZDV	ZDV AUC ↑ 29%-43%	Monitor for ZDV-related adverse effects.
NRTIs			
ddl	d4T	No significant PK interaction	Do not co-administer. Additive toxicities of peripheral neuropathy, lactic acidosis, and pancreatitis seen with this combination.
	TDF	ddI-EC AUC and C _{max} ↑ 48%-60%	Avoid co-administration.
Other			
Allopurinol	ddl	ddl AUC ↑ 113% In patients with renal impairment: ddl AUC ↑ 312%	Contraindicated. Potential for increased ddl-associated toxicities.

Table 15c. Drug Interactions between Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors and Other Drugs (Including Antiretroviral Agents) (Last updated February 12, 2013; last reviewed February 12, 2013) (page 2 of 2)

Concomitant Drug Class/Name	NRTI	Effect on NRTI or Concomitant Drug Concentrations	Dosage Recommendations and Clinical Comments
Pls			
ATV	ddl	With ddI-EC + ATV (with food): ddI AUC ↓ 34%; ATV no change	Administer ATV with food 2 hours before or 1 hour after ddl.
	TDF	ATV AUC ↓ 25% and C _{min} ↓ 23%-40% (higher C _{min} with RTV than without RTV) TDF AUC ↑ 24%-37%	Dose: ATV/r 300/100 mg daily co-administered with TDF 300 mg daily. Avoid concomitant use without RTV. If using TDF and H2 receptor antagonist in ART-experienced patients, use ATV/r 400 mg/100 mg daily. Monitor for TDF-associated toxicity.
	ZDV	ZDV C _{min} ↓ 30%, no change in AUC	Clinical significance unknown.
DRV/r	TDF	TDF AUC ↑ 22%, C_{max} ↑ 24%, and C_{min} ↑ 37%	Clinical significance unknown. Monitor for TDF toxicity.
LPV/r	TDF	LPV/r AUC ↓ 15% TDF AUC ↑ 34%	Clinical significance unknown. Monitor for TDF toxicity.
TPV/r	ABC	ABC AUC ↓ 35%-44%	Appropriate doses for this combination have not been established.
	ddl	ddI-EC AUC \leftrightarrow and C _{min} \downarrow 34% TPV/r \leftrightarrow	Separate doses by at least 2 hours.
	TDF	TDF AUC \leftrightarrow TPV/r AUC \downarrow 9%-18% and $C_{min} \downarrow$ 12%-21%	No dosage adjustment necessary.
	ZDV	ZDV AUC ↓ 35% TPV/r AUC ↓ 31%-43%	Appropriate doses for this combination have not been established.

Key to Abbreviations: 3TC = lamivudine, ABC = abacavir, ART = antiretroviral, ATV = atazanavir, ATV/r = atazanavir/ritonavir, AUC = area under the curve, $C_{max} = maximum$ plasma concentration, $C_{min} = minimum$ plasma concentration, dAT = stavudine, ddI = didanosine, DRV/r = darunavir/ritonavir, EC = enteric coated, LPV/r = lopinavir/ritonavir, NRTI = nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor, PI = protease inhibitor, PK = pharmacokinetic, RAL = raltegravir, TDF = tenofovir, TPV/r = tipranavir/ritonavir, ZDV = zidovudine