

Westinghouse Electric Company Hematite Decommissioning Project 3300 State Road P Festus, MO 63028 USA

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U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission ATTN: Document Control Desk Director, Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards Washington, DC 20555-0001 Direct tel:803 647-2045Direct fax:803 695-3964Email:couturgf@westinghouse.comOur ref:HEM-09-52Date:May 21, 2009

Subject: Request for Alternate Disposal Approval and Exemptions for Specific Hematite Decommissioning Project Waste (License No. SNM-00033, Docket No. 070-00036)

Dear Sirs:

Westinghouse Electric Company, LLC (WEC) requests that NRC approve alternate disposal of specified low-activity radioactive materials from our Hematite Decommissioning Project (HDP), License No. SNM-33, for certain waste containing source material, byproduct material and Special Nuclear Material (SNM). The authority of 10 CFR 20.2002, and the exemptions requested herein from 10 CFR 30.3 and §70.3 licensing requirements for byproduct material and SNM would allow WEC to transfer the specific waste for disposal at the US Ecology Idaho, Inc. (USEI) RCRA Subtitle C disposal facility near Grand View, Idaho. Idaho is not an NRC Agreement State; however, Idaho regulations and the Grand View facility permit provide for the acceptance of this material based on the exemptions requested.

The attached Safety Assessment was developed in coordination with USEI. This document summarizes the candidate waste material, the proposed manner and conditions of disposal, the nature of the environment, the nature and location of other potentially affected facilities and projects doses to members of the public during transport operations and to USEI workers during railcar receipt, unloading, transport and disposal.

The Safety Assessment projects that the proposed alternate disposal would contribute less than 0.92 millirem to any individual, meeting the standard in NUREG 1757 generally limiting alternate disposal exposures to not more than "a few millirem per year" to any member of the public.

The attached Safety Assessment also projects that the candidate waste will be several orders of magnitude below both concentrations that would present a criticality concern and U.S. Department of Transportation criteria for fissile material.

©2009 Westinghouse Electric Company LLC All Rights Reserved We look forward to NRC's timely review of this request. Please contact me at (803) 647-2045 with any questions.

Sincerely,

Ron Dutton FOR G.F. CULTURE

G.F. Couture Hematite Licensing Manager

 cc: Mr. Larry Camper, Director, LLW Division Mr. Jim Kennedy, LLW Division Mr. Jack Hayes, NRC Project Manager Mr. Gerald Rood, Hematite RSO Mr. Chad Hyslop, US Ecology Idaho, Inc.

Hematite Project Waste Safety Assessment Westinghouse Electric Company, LLC US Ecology Idaho, Inc.

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1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This information and radiological safety assessment was developed in coordination with USEI's health physics staff. This document describes the candidate waste and the proposed manner and conditions of disposal, provides an evaluation of pertinent information on the nature of the environment, provides information on the location of other potentially affected facilities, and projects doses to members of the public during transport operations and to US Ecology Idaho (USEI) workers during railcar receipt, unloading, transport, and disposal.

This Safety Assessment also demonstrates that the candidate waste will be several orders of magnitude below the US Department of Transportation's criteria for fissile material and orders of magnitude below concentrations that would present a criticality concern.

The candidate waste to be disposed is approximately 22,809 m³ of soil and debris with low concentrations of both Special Nuclear Material (SNM) and byproduct material contaminants. A description of the waste to be disposed is included in Section 5 and 6 and includes physical and chemical properties of the waste required to conservatively assess risk under the proposed disposal conditions. WEC's proposed documentation of waste transfer is also discussed.

Projected alternate disposal would contribute approximately 0.92 mrem per year to any member of the public, well within the several mrem exposure standard set forth in NUREG 1757 for alternate disposal approvals. These findings support NRC approval of alternate disposal in accordance with 10 CFR 20.2002.

This Safety Assessment also supports an NRC concurrence that US Ecology can be exempted from byproduct material and SNM license requirements of 10 CFR 30.3 and §70.3, as allowed in §30.11 and §70.17. Such exemptions from regulation under the Atomic Energy Act for disposal purposes are consistent with the diffuse, low concentrations of contaminants in the waste and with exemptions issued to others for managing wastes containing higher concentrations.

2. USEI FACILITY OPERATING HISTORY

USEI's facility near Grand View, Idaho has disposed of more than 2 million tons of lowactivity radioactive material since 1998. The facility is a major recipient of U.S. Army Corps of Engineers FUSRAP waste, and has also accepted large volumes of low-activity radioactive material from other federal and state remediation projects, and from private entity decommissioning projects regulated by the NRC.

Disposal is regulated by the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality (IDEQ) under radioactive materials regulatory authority provided by Idaho law and regulation. Radioactive material disposal limits, radiological performance assessment and source term reporting, environmental monitoring, limitations for potential exposure to radioactive material, and closure and post-closure requirements are implemented through the IDEQ Resource

Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Subtitle C permit issued to USEI.

USEI has disposed of significant quantities of specifically exempted source and byproduct material over the last 5 years. This includes waste material that was specifically exempted for disposal purposes by the NRC under 10 CFR 40.14 (source material) and §30.11 (byproduct material).

The State of Idaho's radioactive materials regulations and USEI's radioactive materials Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC) have each been developed with extensive public involvement. Most recently, in 2007, USEI proposed an amendment to Idaho regulations to clarify an authorized RCRA Subtitle C disposal facility's ability to accept specifically exempted SNM. This proposal was noticed in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. Following notice in the Bulletin, IDEQ initiated a Negotiated Rulemaking with opportunity for stakeholder involvement. A draft rule was developed through this process and published in its entirety in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin (http://adm.idaho.gov/adminrules/). The IDEQ Board, which is appointed by the Governor, then held a public hearing on the draft regulation and subsequently recommended to the Idaho legislature that the rule be formally adopted. The legislature formally authorized rule promulgation in early 2008.

USEI also formally notified interested parties on the facility mailing list of a proposed modification by USEI to the facility's WAC to set SNM acceptance limits. Notice was also published in the facility's host county newspaper and in Idaho's capitol city newspaper. IDEQ subsequently held a public meeting in Grand View, Idaho, provided a public comment period, and approved USEI's proposed permit modification. No adverse comments were submitted to the State or USEI during these open and transparent public input processes.

The NRC has reviewed the Grand View facility RESRAD performance modeling output and related Safety Assessments prepared by USEI that calculate potential doses to members of the public and USEI workers submitted in support of other, unrelated exemption approvals. USEI's RESRAD model reflects use of site-specific parameters to replace certain default values to enhance the model's utility.

All NRC exempted waste has been disposed of in compliance with the facility's operating permit. The facility has an excellent environmental and safety compliance record. No Notices of Violation have been issued by the State since USEI's parent company acquired the Grand View facility in 2001, and the facility is an OSHA Voluntary Protection Program "Star" site; the highest level of OSHA safety performance recognition.

3. DISPOSAL FACILITY CHARACTERISTICS

A description of the USEI facility located near Grand View, Idaho is attached (Attachment 1).

The candidate waste will be placed into RCRA Subtitle C lined disposal cells at the USEI facility located off Highway 78 in Owyhee County, Idaho. Placement of the waste will be in

lifts of approximately 4 foot thickness and compacted by bulldozers. The USEI site is situated on a one-mile wide plateau. Maximum surface relief on the facility is 90 feet and the mean surface elevation is 2600 feet above sea level. The site is located in a desert environment with an average rainfall of 7.26 inches per year and an average evaporation rate in excess of 42 inches per year. The nearest town is Grand View, Idaho which is located approximately 10.5 miles east of the site. Grand View has a population of 350. The nearest residence is 1 mile southwest of the site.

4. USEI WASTE ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

USEI's waste acceptance criteria are defined in the following:

- USEI's WAC (<u>http://www.americanecology.com/downloads/grand_view_forms/USEI_WAC.pdf</u>)
- Idaho rules regulating radioactive materials (http://adm.idaho.gov/adminrules/rules/idapa58/0110.pdf)

In summary, USEI is authorized to accept low concentration SNM and byproduct material if:

- 1. The NRC specifically exempts the material under 10 CFR 30.11 §70.17 and
- 2. The sum of all activity within the material is less than 3,000 pCi/g, and
- 3. IDEQ reviews and concurs with the NRC exemption and USEI Safety Assessment.

5. MATERIAL DESCRIPTION & SUITABILITY

WEC estimates the volume of the excavated waste that is a candidate for disposal at USEI to be approximately 22,809 cubic meters at a waste density of 1.69 g/cm³ (e.g. approximately 50,000 tons). The waste consists of soil and debris with low levels of contaminants of SNM, source material and byproduct material, specifically uranium enriched in ²³⁵U, elevated levels of ⁹⁹Tc, ²²⁶Ra and ²³²Th (Footnote¹) and trace concentrations of ²³⁹ Pu, ²⁴¹Am, and ²³⁷Np. The uranium is enriched at levels averaging below 10%. The expected concentrations for the target radionuclides following excavation and aggregation are provided in the following table:

| Radionuclide | ²²⁶ Ra | ²³² Th | ⁹⁹ Tc | ²³⁴ U | ²³⁵ U | ²³⁸ U |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Concentration (pCi/g) | 1 | 1.2 | 27 | 113 | 5.5 | 18 |

Table 1: Expected contaminants in WEC Hematite waste

The total activity concentration (sum of all nuclides and progeny) for this waste is

¹ Possession of Thorium, as source material, is allowed under the general license provisions for small quantities for operational purposes per 10 CFR 40.22.

approximately 226 pCi/g or ~8% of USEI's 3,000 pCi/g total activity concentration limit.

Less than 5% of the waste from WEC is expected to contain concentrations of constituents identified in 40 CFR 261.24: tetrachloroethylene, trichloroethylene, vinyl chloride, arsenic, mercury, and lead.

6. TRANSPORT AND DISPOSAL RADIOLOGICAL ASSESSMENTS

Using multiple conservative exposure scenarios, the dose equivalent was calculated for the Maximally Exposed Individual (MEI). In all cases the MEI receives less than 1 mrem per year which is consistent with NUREG 1737's Vol.1, Rev.2, Consolidated Decommissioning Guidance- Decommissioning Guidance for Materials Licensees, Final Report, p. 15-31 criteria of a "few millirem/yr" to a member of the public. The transportation workers and workers at the USEI facility are treated as members of the public since the USEI facility is not licensed under the Atomic Energy Act. Evaluations of both potential external and internal doses to workers are discussed below. Based on the conservatively projected length of time of exposure and proximity to waste, the MEI for transportation and disposal is a USEI worker.

6.1 Dose Assessment Methodology

External dose rates were modeled for applicable source / receptor geometries using Microshield, version 7.02 with the radionuclide concentrations shown in Table 1, above. A copy of the Microshield results are found in Attachment 2.

In order to estimate potential internal dose during material handling, an airborne dust study was conducted for representative job categories and work locations at the rail unloading facility and disposal site. This study indicated that respirable dust levels ranged from 0.17 to 0.23 mg/m³ with an average of 0.2 mg/m³. Internal dose for all job functions was modeled using the maximum respirable dose loading observed, using the dose conversion factors contained in Federal Guidance Report 11 and the radionuclide concentrations shown in Table 1, above. The use of respiratory protection is noted in the narrative below, however, no correction is taken for the applicable protection factor.

Transportation will be by gondola railcar. The contents of each gondola railcar will be entirely enclosed in form-fitting, sift-proof, and closable wrappers meeting US Department of Transportation (DOT) Industrial Type-1 Package (IP-1) requirements. The IP-1 package precludes dispersal of waste to the air or loss of material during transport.

Based on the anticipated volume of material to be shipped, it is assumed that about 400 gondola cars will be received at USEI's rail transfer facility and that this volume of material will be transferred to the final disposal cell in approximately 1,200 truck loads. It is further assumed that the entire project will ship within one calendar year and all doses are associated with one calendar year. In actuality, the project is expected to ship over an 18 month

timeframe, or up to three calendar years. Using one calendar year for dose purposes is a further conservatism within this assessment.

Dose assessment scenarios are described for each major waste activity at USEI, and results are summarized in Table 2 that follows.

6.2 Gondola surveyor

Gondolas will be received at USEI's rail transfer facility (RTF). Prior to being off-loaded, each gondola will be surveyed. This work is shared between 8 personnel. The survey normally takes an operator 20 minutes to complete. The operator will stand approximately one meter from the gondola car when conducting the survey. The estimated radiation field, internal and external dose rates per gondola and per surveyor are provided in Table 2.

6.3 Excavator operator

All unloading operations are conducted within a containment building employing a 24,000 CFM HEPA filtration system. An excavator positioned on a bridge platform above the railcar will transfer the waste into trucks. Two persons occupy the RTF during transloading; the excavator operator and the truck driver. Both remain in the cabs of their vehicles. The cab of each vehicle is air conditioned, with all air drawn through commercial HEPA filtration systems. Non-essential personnel are not permitted to enter the RTF building during waste transloading to minimize physical hazards. Four excavator operators share the unloading job.

An excavator operator removes the material from the gondola and loads it into dump trucks for transport to the disposal site. It normally takes the excavator operator up to 45 minutes to unload a gondola. The operator occupies a position approximately 2 meters from the material. The estimated radiation field, internal and external dose rates per gondola and per operator are provided in Table 2.

6.4 Gondola Cleanout

After unloading, USEI personnel manually remove any residual material in each gondola using shovels and brooms. The operation normally takes 10 minutes to complete. The eight personnel sharing this task operation stand inside an effectively empty gondola car. For the purposes of dose modeling, the dose rate at 30 cm from a 1/2 inch layer of waste material is used. The estimated radiation field, internal and external dose rates per gondola and per person are provided in Table 2.

6.5 Truck Surveyor

After each truck and its trailer are loaded, both are surveyed prior to driving to the disposal site. The survey usually requires 5 minutes to perform and the task is shared among eight personnel. The surveyor will stand an average of one meter from the exterior of the truck. The estimated radiation field, internal and external dose rates per truck and per surveyor are provided in Table 2.

6.6 Truck Driver

The trip to the disposal site takes 45 minutes. The truck transport work is shared between 14 truck drivers. The estimated radiation field, internal and external dose rates per truck and per surveyor are provided in Table 2.

6.7 Stabilization Operator

Less than 5% of the waste from WEC is expected to contain constituents identified in 40 CFR 261.24 Tetrachloroethylene (D039), Trichloroethylene (D040), Vinyl Chloride (D043), Arsenic (D004), Mercury (D009), and Lead (D008). USEI's RCRA Part B permit allows the facility to accept this waste, treat it to meet USEPA Land Disposal Restrictions and dispose it in the facility's disposal cell. Treating the waste for hazardous metals or organics will require wetting the waste and mixing it with the appropriate reagents in a below-grade, RCRA-compliant treatment tank. All treatment activities will be conducted inside a RCRA-compliant containment building, with 50,000 cfm of negative airflow. The waste will be mixed by an excavator operator. Six stabilization operators share this task. It normally takes the excavator operator up to 45 minutes to perform this operation. The operator occupies a position approximately 2 meters from the material. The estimated radiation field, internal and external dose rates per gondola and per operator are provided in Table 2 (based on 5% of the 400 gondola cars stabilized).

6.8 Cell Operator

Some dose will also be accrued by the two disposal cell workers who will spread and compact the material once it has been deposited in the cell. For this exposure scenario, a dose rate from the deposited material was calculated based on the amount of material contained in one gondola. Assuming 15 minutes to spread and compact each gondola's contents, the total dose to each of those workers for the project was calculated. The estimated radiation field, internal and external dose rates per gondola and per operator are provided in Table 2.

As demonstrated, the values in Table 2 were calculated based on conservative assumptions. No adjustments were made for USEI's respiratory protection program, and no correction was taken for an 18 month (up to three calendar year) project duration. Even with these conservative assumptions it is clear that all calculated doses are extremely low and well within the USNRC's "few millirem" criteria for alternate disposal.

| | | | | | | Dose | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|---------|----------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| • | Input Parameters | | | | (mrem/conveyance) | | Individual Dose (mrem/worker) | | | |
| | | Minutes | Distance | Type of | | | | | | |
| | Number | to | from | conveyance | External | | | | | |
| Job | of | perform | object | modeled | dose rate | | | | | |
| Function | Workers | task | (meters) | (count) | (mrem/hr) | Internal ¹ | External ² | Internal ³ | External ⁴ | Total ⁵ |
| Gondola surveyor | 8 | 20 | 1 | Gondola (400) | 1.2E-03 | 1.8E-03 | 4.1E-04 | 9.0E-02 | 2.0E-02 | 1.1E-01 |
| Excavator operator | 4 | 45 | 2 | Gondola (400) | 8.4E-04 | 4.1E-03 | 6.3E-04 | 4.1E-01 | 6.3E-02 | 4.7E-01 |
| Gondola Cleanout | 8 | 10 | 1 | Gondola (400) | 1.6E-03 | 9.0E-04 | 2.7E-04 | 4.5E-02 | 1.4E-02 | 5.9E-02 |
| Truck Surveyor | 8 | 5 | 1 | Truck (1200) | 2.0E-03 | 4.5E-04 | 1.7E-04 | 6.8E-02 | 2.5E-02 | 9.3E-02 |
| Truck Driver | 14 | 45 | 0.6 | Truck (1200) | 2.3E-03 | 4.1E-03 | 1.7E-03 | 3.5E-01 | 1.5E-01 | 4.9E-01 |
| Stabilization Operator | 6 | 45 | 2 | Gondola ⁶ (20) | 8.4E-04 | 4.1E-03 | 6.3E-04 | 1.4E-02 | 2.1E-03 | 1.6E-02 |
| Cell Operator | 2 | 15 | 1 | Gondola ⁶ (400) | 2.3E-03 | 1.4E-03 | 5.7E-04 | 2.7E-01 | 1.1E-01 | 3.8E-01 |

Table 2: Summary of doses to USEI workers during transport, treatment and disposal of WEC Hematite waste

1. Internal dose per conveyance calculated based on the product of the intake quantity of 0.23 mg/m³ of respirable dust, 1.2 m³/hr inhalation rate, individual radionuclide concentrations from Table 1, dose conversion factors from FGR 11, and the handling times shown.

2. External dose per conveyance calculated based on the product of the external dose rate and handling time indicated.

3. Internal dose per individual worker calculated based on the internal dose per conveyance times the number of conveyances per year and divided by the total number of workers.

4. External dose per individual worker calculated based on the external dose per conveyance times the number of conveyances per year and divided by the total number of workers.

5. Total dose per individual worker is the sum of the internal dose per individual and external dose per individual.

6. Calculations based on volume of material in a gondola.

7. POST-CLOSURE DOSE TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC

USEI's permit requires that the operator demonstrate that no person will receive a dose exceeding 15 millirem for 1,000 years after closure of the facility. The RESRAD code was used to establish that finding. The naturally occurring isotopes of uranium are evaluated in the assessment of dose. The maximum dose predicted by the model from ⁹⁹Tc will be 0.92 millirem in year 246.9. This is the only post-closure dose of significance from all the radionuclides in the WEC waste stream. It is well below a few millirem and much lower than the permitted maximum dose authorized by the permit (Attachment 3).

8. CRITICALITY

A criticality safety assessment (Attachment 4) demonstrates that the disposal of Hematite waste at the USEI site can be safely performed. The assessment has determined that there are very large margins of safety under normal (i.e. expected) conditions and that there is considerable tolerance to abnormal conditions. Under all foreseen abnormal conditions a criticality event is considered either not credible or is precluded by controls in place at the Hematite site.

This analysis applies to disposal of Hematite decommissioning wastes at the USEI site. The scope of this assessment is limited to wastes with the following attributes:

- 1. Maximum fissile nuclide concentration of 1 $g^{235}U/10L$;
- 2. Exhumed burial waste from the Hematite burial pits and contaminated soils and backfill materials associated with the Hematite burial pits and other remediation areas at the Hematite site; and
- 3. Solids recovered from the Hematite Water Treatment System (i.e., used filter media, IX beds, solids in the holding tanks, etc.).

9. RECORDS OF TRANSFER

10 CFR 70.42 (d)(2) requires a written certification by the transferee that the recipient is authorized by license or registration certificate to receive the type, form, and quantity of SNM to be transferred, specifying the license or registration certificate number, issuing agency, and expiration date. Since USEI would be exempted from the 10 CFR 70.3 requirement of an NRC licensee to possess SNM, the §70.42 requirement would not apply. However, it is proposed that the permit issued to USEI by the State of Idaho serve as an alternative written certification. DOE/NRC Form 741, *Nuclear Material Transaction Report*, would be used by WEC as it has in the past to document all transfers of SNM to the disposal facility.

10. REQUESTED NRC ACTIONS

For the reasons noted above, WEC requests that NRC take the following actions:

- 1. Approve 10 CFR 20.2002 alternate disposal of the specific HDP waste at USEI
- 2. Issue exemptions from the 10 CFR 30.3 and §70.3 license requirements for USEI to possess byproduct material and SNM for the specific waste disposal
- 3. Concur with WEC's USNRC Form 741 records transfer plan

GENERAL DESCRIPTION (IDAPA 58.01.05.012 & 40 CFR 270.14(B)(1))

US Ecology Idaho (USEI) owns and operates an approximately 160-acre RCRA Subtitle C Treatment, Storage and Disposal Facility (TSDF). This facility is located at the end of Lemley Road approximately 10¹/₂ miles west of the town of Grand View, Owyhee County, Idaho.

The site had previously operated as a waste storage and landfill disposal facility by a different owner from 1973 to 1981. Current activities at this facility include storage, treatment, and disposal at an on-site landfill(s) of industrial, toxic and hazardous wastes and certain low activity radioactive materials. USEI serves multiple industries including chemical, manufacturing, steel, petroleum and pharmaceutical industries as well as the federal government. Wastes are generated on-site from various site activities. These activities include leachate generation from landfills, liquids collected from various containment areas/systems and other waste streams generated during the operation of various on-site waste management units including the Stabilization Facility, Stabilization Building, Containment Building, various container management units, landfill(s), surface impoundments, and other existing hazardous waste management units and support facilities.

The active disposal portion of the facility is comprised of two (2) active landfill disposal cells, designated as Cells 14 and 15 and four (4) surface impoundment disposal units, designated as the Evaporation Pond and Collection Pond #'s 1, 2 and 3. Additionally, there are two landfill disposal units, Trenches 10 and 11, which completed a five year evaporative cap performance demonstration which began during the year 2000 and are now closed. Former Trench 5 has also been closed using a standard RCRA facility cap.

Historically, the site was primarily used for management of non-hazardous and hazardous wastes, and PCB under a separate TSCA permit. Throughout the 1970's, the facility was operated by Wes-Con, Inc. as an industrial waste landfill and received wastes for disposal in the abandoned on-site Titan missile silos and then active chemical waste landfill. In 1980 Wes-Con, Inc. (Now operated by USEI) obtained interim status under RCRA for management of hazardous wastes, including treatment, storage and disposal of approved hazardous wastes. USEI received a "Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage and Disposal Facility Permit" from U.S. EPA and IDEQ on December 15, 1988.

The Grand View, Idaho waste management facility has been in operation since 1973. Prior to the purchase of the facility by USEI, portions of the Titan missile silo complex were used for waste disposal in addition to the on-site trenches. Because of the timing of the USEI purchase of the site and the promulgation of current environmental regulations, the only information available regarding past disposal practices is the records that were maintained at the facility by previous owners and information that USEI has been able to obtain from past owners and long-term employees at the site.

In recent years, the facility has accepted large volumes of low activity radioactive material from the federal government's Formerly Utilized Site Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP), other federal agencies, and private entities including NRC and Agreement State licensees. These materials include naturally occurring and accelerator produced radioactive material in low concentrations, as well as source and byproduct material generally or specifically exempted from regulation under the Atomic Energy Act for disposal purposes.

General Hydrogeologic Information

Regional Setting

Introduction

The following is a summary of the Physiographic Setting and Regional Hydrogeology of USEI Site B presented in the 1986 Site Characterization Report (CH2M HILL, February 1986). This information has been assembled pursuant to IDAPA 58.01.05.012 (40 CFR 270.14(c)(2)).

Physiography

USEI Site B is situated in the western portion of a 20,000-square-mile physiographic unit known as the Snake River Plain. The plain extends from the vicinity of Ashton, Idaho, to north of Ontario, Oregon. The Snake River Plain is approximately 350 miles in length and varies in width from 25 to 75 miles. USEI Site B lies within the lowland area of the Owyhee subunit of the Snake River Plain at an elevation of between 2,525 ft. and 2,635 ft.

The Snake River, which flows to the northwest, lies approximately three (3)miles east of the site and is the most prominent water resource of the area. The site is approximately 250 ft. higher than the Snake River flood plain, which locally extends outward up to one mile along either side of the river. Castle Creek, a perennial stream that flows northward to the Snake River, lies approximately one mile west of Site B. Cloudburst Wash, a small ephemeral (intermittent) stream, lies about two (2) miles to the east of Site B and also empties into the Snake River. The facility straddles the Castle Creek and Cloudburst Wash drainage basins. However, since the facility contains all runoff from active areas, it does not contribute runoff to either drainage. The area is characterized by badlands-type topography and exhibits varied relief. Major topographic features of the area include several prominent buttes, remnant basaltic cinder cones, and canyons cut by the Snake River. Vegetation in the area is typical of a semiarid environment. The lowland area within which the site is located is inhabited by low brush and grasses, including sagebrush, rabbit brush, wheat grass, and cheat grass. Land use in the area consists of undeveloped rangeland and some limited irrigated agriculture. Irrigation water in the area is derived from the Snake River, Castle Creek, and from the deep, regionally extensive, geothermal groundwater system. The area is sparsely populated with isolated farms and ranches being the dominant habitation.

Climate

The semiarid western portion of the Snake River Plain has one of the highest annual average temperatures in the state. For a 64-year period (1933 to 1996) at the Grand View U.S. Weather Bureau Station, located ten (10) miles east of the site, the average temperature was 52.2 degrees Fahrenheit (EarthInfo, Inc., 1997). The range in temperature during the winter months of December through February was -1 degree Fahrenheit to 58 degrees Fahrenheit. From March to November, the temperatures ranged from 12 degrees Fahrenheit to 101 degrees Fahrenheit.

The site is influenced by prevailing westerly maritime winds via the Columbia River and Snake River valleys; consequently, most precipitation falls during the winter. Over the same 64-year period at the Grand View U.S. Weather Bureau Station, the average annual total precipitation was 7.1 inches. The precipitation in this area is evenly distributed from November through June, with only a minor amount falling during the summer, usually associated with isolated thunderstorms. The mean annual pan evaporation for the Grand View area is approximately 53 inches (U.S. Weather Bureau, 1959).

Regional Well Inventory

A records search of the well log files at the Idaho Department of Water Resources (IDWR) in March 2003 turned up 26 logs for wells installed within a 3-mile radius of Section 19. There were no new wells drilled in this search area between the 1998 and current submittals of this permit application document. Note that the test well LP-40 discussed previously was not included in this summary.

Figure E-6 shows the approximate location of the wells based on the location information included on the log. Included in Figure E-6 is a table showing the well depth, date drilled, and stated use. Four (4) of the well logs were for USEI monitoring wells and there were two duplicate logs filed for the same well (well No. 13). The plugged and abandoned water well exploratory well drilled west of Site B by USEI to a depth of 800 ft. is shown as well No. 18 and the plugged and abandoned deep artesian well drilled by the U.S. Air Force in 1958 is shown as well No. 14. Appendix E.1 provides copies of the well logs as filed with IDWR.

There are five existing wells in the immediate vicinity of Site B that are of interest because they may be hydraulically downgradient of the facility. Four of these wells, Nos. 12, 13, 21, and 22, are domestic wells that probably cannot be impacted by shallow groundwater at Site B because they are deep artesian wells (greater than 600 ft. deep) and either flow at the surface or have very shallow static water levels (less than 12 ft. bgs). The fifth well, No. 23, was drilled for stock watering and draws water from sands and gravels with a reported yield of over 50 gallons per minute. The location provided on the Well Drillers Report places this well about 1.5 miles west of the Snake River (one mile east of Site B) in an area where saturated gravel deposits are not expected. However, in a telephone interview with the owner of the well, the actual location of the well is approximately ½ mile west of the Snake River and 50 ft. northwest of the Grand View Irrigation Canal. This places the well approximately 2.0 miles east of Site B in the NW ¼ NE ¼ of Section 21 as shown in Figure E-6, not NW ¼ NE ¼ of Section 20 as stated on the Well Driller's Report. Based on well No. 23's proximity to the Snake River and the irrigation canal, and the lithology provided in the Well Drillers Report, this well apparently draws water from saturated gravels that are recharged by the Snake River and possibly the canal. Thus, well No. 24 will not likely be impacted by shallow groundwater at Site B.

Regional Geology

Several investigators have been active in the delineation of the geology of the area at the regional scale. Malde and Powers (1962), Littleton and Crosthwaite (1957), Anderson (1965), and Ralston and Chapman (1969) have all contributed to establishing the geology of southwestern Idaho, including the general area of Site B. The information from these researchers is summarized and synthesized in this section to provide an overview of the geologic setting. The intent of this section is not to provide a definitive and detailed examination of the geology of the area, but only to place the site in the regional geologic framework as a basis for the detailed site geology and hydrogeology.

Stratigraphy

The regional stratigraphy of the area is dominated by the Idaho Group of Miocene to Pleistocene Age. This depositional sequence consists of up to 5,000 ft. of sedimentary and interspersed basaltic lava deposits that accumulated in the Snake River Plain over a basement of thick, older silicic volcanic rocks, primarily rhyolites.

The sedimentary deposits of the Idaho Group were laid down under three distinct episodes of lava damming (and subsequent dam breaking) of the ancestral Snake River. These episodes resulted in the formation of large lakes across the region. Fine-grained (silt and clay) lacustrine (lake bed) deposits are frequently intertongued with coarser-grained (silt and sand) of fluvial (river) and flood plain deposits throughout the area. These discontinuous and interbedded sand,

silt, and clay beds form complex stratigraphic relationships on a regional scale. As a general rule, the deposits are unconsolidated except for some minor sandstone and freshwater limestone and localized, discontinuous, basaltic lava beds. Generally, however, the lacustrine deposits predominate and form the most contiguous sedimentary beds across the Snake River Plain and the Site B area. The lacustrine and fluvial sediments of the Glenns Ferry Formation of the Idaho Group are the primary strata of concern at Site B.

The several-hundred-foot-thick Snake River Basalt forms a cap rock over the Idaho Group sediments throughout much of the area and is the youngest formation in the regional sequence. Locally, the Snake River has eroded through the Snake River Basalt and into the underlying Idaho Group sediments. The Idaho Group sediments north of the Snake River, north of Site B, are capped by the resistant Snake River Basalt that forms steep cliffs adjacent to the river. The Idaho Group sediments south of the river (and within the vicinity of Site B) generally lack the protective basalt cap and have been eroded, forming the badlands topography characteristic of the area.

Structure

The Snake River Plain appears to be a downdrop fault-block basin, or graben, bounded by normal faults to the northeast and the southwest. Subsidence in the center of the basin was greatest and, consequently, the Idaho Group sediments are thickest near the center. The regional dips (angle from horizontal that the strata slopes) of the Idaho Group sediments range from near horizontal near the center of the basin to a maximum of about ten (10) degrees toward the margins of the basin. In the vicinity of Site B, regional dips of 2 to 4 degrees have been reported, with strike directions (perpendicular to direction of dip) approximately north 70 degrees west.

As a result of the structural attitude (dip) of the Idaho Group strata, older units tend to be exposed at a considerable distance south of the Snake River, with younger units exposed progressively nearer the river. Faults are apparent throughout the region because of differential settlement of sedimentary beds and movements along the principal regional faults that border the Snake River Plain. Minor faults locally cut older units of the Idaho Group; the younger units, however, are generally unaffected since they were deposited after the faulting occurred. The faults typically parallel the plain; faulting transverse to the plain is not common.

Local Geology

This section focuses on the characteristics of the Idaho Group sediments present in the vicinity of Site B.

Local Stratigraphy

In ascending order (deepest and oldest first), the localized formations are the Poison Creek (600+ feet thick); the Banbury Basalt (200+ feet thick); the Chalk Hills (200+ feet thick); the Glenns Ferry (1,500+ feet thick); and the Bruneau (0 to 100+ feet thick). A detailed stratigraphic column prepared from the driller's log for the artesian well drilled in 1958 at Site B illustrates the stratigraphic sequence at Site B.

The Chalk Hills and Poison Creek Formations represent two individual lacustrine periods affecting the central and western portions, respectively, of the Snake River Plain. In some reports, particularly in many of the older geologic reports concerning the area and on numerous deepdrilling logs, the Poison Creek Formation is shown as occurring stratigraphically above the Banbury Basalt. This is due to lithologic similarities between the Chalk Hills and Poison Creek Formations and the volcanism responsible for the deposition of Banbury Basalt into the lacustrine environments present. The Glenns Ferry and Bruneau Formations are of prime interest to the site; the Glenns Ferry is the unit where groundwater is first encountered and the Bruneau forms the uppermost geologic unit beneath Site B. Together, these two units form a composite thickness of about 1,600 ft. The deeper Banbury Basalt and Poison Creek Formations are of secondary importance to site-scale hydrogeology only because of their depth. However, these formations provide a regional source of deep-flowing artesian groundwater, generally obtained from depths in excess of 2,000 ft. to 3,000 ft. beneath Site B. The artesian aquifer discussion is provided below. Because of the importance of the Bruneau and Glenns Ferry Formations to the Site B characterization, these units are discussed in detail below.

Glenns Ferry Formation

The Glenns Ferry Formation is of interest since the uppermost zone of saturation beneath Site B exists within the upper portions of this formation. Although the Glenns Ferry Formation is approximately 1,500 ft. thick in the site area, the following discussion focuses on roughly the upper 800 ft. The Glenns Ferry Formation was deposited in the area under three ancestral depositional environments: lacustrine, fluvial, and flood plain. The three stratigraphic facies, each representing a different energy of deposition that is reflected in the typical grain size of the sediments, differ from one another in lithologic composition and areal persistence and tend to grade vertically from one facies to the next. The overall sedimentary pattern in the upper few hundred feet of the Glenns Ferry Formation is of upward coarsening, reflecting the climate and drainage pattern changes that ultimately led to the complete disappearance of the Glenns Ferry lake.

For discussion purposes, the Glenns Ferry Formation has been divided into two units. The lower unit of the Glenns Ferry Formation consists of a lower lacustrine facies that upwardly becomes increasingly interbedded with fine-grained fluvial sands. The upper unit of the Glenns Ferry Formation consists of predominantly fluvial sands grading vertically into flood plain facies. The lacustrine facies is the most extensive and areally persistent sedimentary body in the Glenns Ferry Formation. Because of the structural dip of the beds in the Snake River Plain, all three facies are exposed at the land surface within the general area.

The extensive lacustrine facies consists of a thick-bedded, silty clay to clayey silt that grades with depth into a massive clay. Within the lacustrine facies are discrete intervals of thin lenses of very fine, tuffaceous sand interbedded with thicker, clayey, silt beds. These intervals represent periods of unstable lake margins. As water levels fluctuated, lake margin and fluvial sands were deposited farther into the lake. When the lake levels rose again, the sand lenses were covered with additional fine-grained lacustrine sediments. Where these sand zones are saturated, they represent the water-bearing portions of the lacustrine facies of the Glenns Ferry Formation. The water-bearing zones being monitored at Site B consist of two groups of these thin sand beds sand beds interbedded in the lacustrine sediments. At some exposures, the thick-bedded silt unit is overlain by several feet of very fine sand, alternately interbedded with additional silt. In many exposures, the fine sands are cross-bedded and show the presence of ripple marks. The fine sands generally denote the regional top of the lacustrine facies.

A less extensive fluvial facies overlies the lacustrine deposits, and generally consists of a fine- to medium-grained sand reaching a thickness of about 60 ft. Frequently, a 1" thick, tuffaceous, finegrained sandstone is found at the top of the fluvial sand. Some cross-bedding is evident in the fluvial facies and, on a local scale, the sand unit intertongues laterally with the lacustrine facies.

The flood plain facies, where present, overlies the fluvial facies and denotes the top of the Glenns Ferry Formation; it consists of an interbedded sequence of clay, silt, and sand. sand beds. Individual beds vary in thickness from about two (2) to four ft. (4') in the general area and laterally persist for several hundred feet. The flood plain sediments are areally discontinuous,

however, and range from being absent to about 200 ft. thick. Plant fragments and other detritus are evident in the flood plain facies. Texturally, the flood plain deposits appear banded (that is, possessing thin, laminae-like alternating beds) compared to the more homogeneous underlying fluvial and overlying Bruneau Formation sediments.

Bruneau Formation

The Bruneau Formation consists of a variety of lithologic types ranging from unconsolidated lake deposits that contain basalt flows and tuff beds to high energy river gravels. In the vicinity of Site B, the formation is approximately 100 ft. thick, but the thickness varies greatly and the formation is absent in some locations. The Bruneau Formation is generally more coarse-grained than the underlying Glenns Ferry Formation and has been divided regionally into a basal gravel unit (approximately 40 ft. thick), an overlying lower unit (approximately 70 ft. thick), followed by an upper unit (approximately 20 ft. thick). A 10- to 15-foot tuff layer separates the upper and lower units.

The basal gravel unit is composed of rounded pebbles, cobbles, and coarse-grained, crossbedded sand lenses. The origin of the unit is interpreted as a river and beach deposits of ancestral Lake Bruneau. The lower unit, which overlies the basal gravel, consists of a thin, basaltic, cinder bed, an intervening mottled clay, and a fine-grained tuffaceous sand. The upper unit of the Bruneau is lithologically similar to the lower unit, but regionally occurs above the 10- to 15-foot-thick tuff layer. Locally, the thicknesses and lithologic characteristics of the Bruneau units can vary considerably. Only the basal gravel unit of the Bruneau Formation is present at USEI Site B.

Minor recent and Pleistocene surficial deposits are also intermittently present in the local area and consist of Snake River terrace gravels, colluvium, and stream alluvium. The stream alluvium exists along the margins of permanent drainages, and the colluvium consists of random slope debris. These minor deposits are difficult to distinguish from the unconsolidated coarse-grained Bruneau Formation deposits on a local scale. For purposes of classification in this report, all surficial deposits in the vicinity of Site B are considered to be part of the Bruneau Formation, even though they may be of more recent geologic origin.

Regional Hydrogeology

The groundwater resources of the area have been examined at the regional scale by several investigators. Mundorff, Crosthwaite, and Kilburn (1964) prepared a report on the occurrence of groundwater within the entire Snake River Plain. Ralston and Chapman (1969) investigated the groundwater resources of northern Owyhee County, and Young and Lewis (1982) examined the hydrology of deep thermal groundwater in southwestern Idaho. Several other groundwater availability and geothermal resource studies have been performed in the region, most notably by Brott, Blackwell, and Mitchell (1978) and Young, Lewis, and Bracken (1979). On the basis of these principal research studies, an overview of the groundwater resources of the region is presented in the following sections.

Principal Groundwater Systems

The regional studies indicate that three groundwater systems are present in the area of Site B. These systems are as follows:

- 1. A deep groundwater system found primarily within the silicic volcanics, Banbury Basalt and the Poison Creek Formation. Groundwater is found at depths ranging from 600 to more than
- 3,000 ft. in this system. Water in this system is under considerable artesian pressure and geothermally heated. Many wells tapping the aquifer are capable of flowing at the land surface. Several flowing geothermal wells in the Castle Creek drainage are used for irrigation

and contribute to the general water resources available in that area. In the 3,000-foot-deep water supply well drilled by the U.S. Air Force (USAF) at Site B, the first significant water was encountered at 2,980 ft. The USAF test well flowed at over 300 gpm at a temperature of 170 degrees Fahrenheit. The USAF geothermal well was plugged and abandoned in 1986 by USEI (CH2M HILL, June 1986). The geothermal aquifer system, herein referred to as the deep artesian aquifer, is the most important groundwater resource in the area. Recharge to the deep artesian system in the area is believed to originate in the Owyhee Mountains, where precipitation exceeds 50" annually.

- 2. A local veneer of saturated alluvium exists along Castle Creek. The alluvium and the creek are reported to be hydraulically connected. Some shallow domestic wells have been installed in the alluvium, generally to depths not exceeding 50 ft. Most of this alluvial system development occurs approximately eight (8) miles southwest and upstream of Site B (Ralston and Chapman, 1969). As Castle Creek flows northeastward from this area to the Snake River, it passes to within one (1) mile of Site B. It can reasonably be assumed that a veneer of saturated alluvium exists along Castle Creek in this downstream area as well. Recharge to this system is primarily by surface water runoff derived locally from precipitation and from the Owyhee Mountains.
- 3. Groundwater is found within the fine-grained sand beds and interbedded silts of the upper parts of the Glenns Ferry Formation at depths on the order of 140 to 350 ft. below ground level. Well yields and water quality in this system vary greatly. The Glenns Ferry Formation provides water to scattered low-yielding stock watering and domestic wells in the general vicinity of the site. In the area of the town of Oreana, seven (7) miles southwest of Site B, numerous wells provide groundwater for small irrigation and domestic uses from the Glenns Ferry Formation (Ralston and Chapman, 1969). In this area, local leakage from the Catherine Creek alluvial system probably contributes significantly to the recharge and well yields from the Glenns Ferry Formation. Recharge to the shallow Glenns Ferry aquifer comes from direct precipitation on exposed permeable beds, infiltration where the formation is exposed to surface water sources, and by vertical leakage from underlying artesian zones on a broad regional scale. The potential for recharge to the Glenns Ferry Formation from Site B is minimal because all site runoff is directed to lined collection ponds.

The water-bearing intervals being monitored at USEI Site B are in the upper portion of the shallow Glenns Ferry Formation. At Site B, however, the formation is not very permeable and most wells yield less than 0.5 gallon per minute. The shallow Glenns Ferry aquifer as it exists at Site B is not a true aquifer in the context of water resources because of low yield. The detailed characterization of the water-bearing properties and geochemical properties of the shallow Glenns Ferry system beneath Site B is provided in Section E.3.c.

Regional Flow Characteristics Deep Artesian System

Groundwater in the deep artesian system generally moves from the mountains toward the Snake River, which is the regional hydrologic base level and therefore the likely discharge point for at least a portion of the groundwater in the deep artesian system. The observed northeast direction of flow in this system is consistent with the generalized orientation of the landscape, the trend of regional surface water drainages, and the regional trend of the Owyhee Mountains relative to the position of the Snake River. Strong upward gradients exist between the deep artesian system and shallower systems over most of the area. Where intervening confining strata are thin, more permeable, or breached by faults or wells, the deep artesian system also has a vertical flow pattern and contributes water to shallower systems. This is particularly noted to be occurring in the Castle Creek drainage area southwest of Site B where uncased or uncontrolled artesian wells are contributing to the base flow of Castle Creek and therefore also to the localized alluvial groundwater system in communication with the creek.

Shallow Glenns Ferry Groundwater

Because of the remoteness and sparsely populated nature of the area, coupled with the limited and sporadic groundwater resource potential of the Glenns Ferry Formation, there is insufficient information available to make definitive regional interpretation of flow directions and rates for the Shallow Glenns Ferry system. In general, the shallow groundwater system flows toward, and probably discharges into, the Snake River. However, smaller scale flow directions are expected to be highly variable because of localized points of recharge from surface waters and vertical leakage from the deeper system, and from localized discharge points such as wells and natural drainages. Locally, southeasterly, northeasterly, and easterly flow directions have been identified in the shallow Glenns Ferry groundwater system at Site B. All of these flow directions are generally toward the Snake River where it either discharges directly or enters the local alluvial groundwater system along the Snake River.

Relationship of the Deep Artesian System to Site B

A deep artesian well was drilled on Site B by the USAF in 1958 as a water supply well (Shannon and Wilson, 1959). The artesian well was plugged and abandoned by USEI in 1986 (CH2M HILL, June 1986). The well abandonment was completed methodically and thoroughly using oil-field cementing techniques and cementing service contractors. There have been no data suggesting any vertical leakage from the deep artesian well, either before or after plugging. Although the well was abandoned, because of the location of the artesian well in the center of Site B and because much of the understanding of the deeper geologic formations beneath Site B came from the artesian well records, it is appropriate to preserve the documentation of the well in this application. Pertinent information regarding the deep artesian well is summarized below. In addition, important information on the nature of the deep regional flow system can be gained by a review of the characteristics of this well.

The geologic section beneath Site B is dominated by blue clays and shales. The aquifers of interest at Site B occupy a very small portion of the uppermost geologic formation.

The shut-in pressure of 70 psi at the wellhead reported in 1958 was confirmed in 1986 prior to well abandonment. This value represents a head approximately 160 ft. above the land surface at Site B and approximately 335 ft. above the heads observed in the shallow Glenns Ferry Formation at Site B. These data confirm that a strong upward hydraulic gradient exists between the deep artesian system and the shallow Glenns Ferry system immediately beneath Site B. The drillers log of the artesian well did not report any major aquifer zones between the shallow Glenns Ferry system and the deep artesian zone, spanning an interval of several thousand feet. This was confirmed at the 800-foot-deep exploratory borehole that was drilled by USEI as an exploratory water well west of the site in 1984. Drilling logs from this well indicate that strata below 300 ft. are predominantly blue clay and shale, which is consistent with the drillers log recorded for the artesian well. This hydrogeologic setting and head relationship indicates it is not possible for waste constituents from the site to migrate downward to the deep artesian aquifer. Therefore, the shallow water-bearing zones within the Glenns Ferry Formation are the primary "aquifers" of interest in this Document, and the remainder of this section is devoted to describing, in detail, the characteristics of these two groundwater systems.

Site Hydrogeologic Characteristics

Introduction

In this section, the results of the site-specific hydrogeologic investigations conducted at Site B are presented in detail. The goal of the hydrogeologic investigations to date has been to characterize

the geologic and hydrogeologic properties of the uppermost aquifer and any aquifer hydraulically connected to it. At Site B this involved a detailed investigation of the upper 400 ft. of unconsolidated sediments beneath the site. This information has been assembled pursuant to IDAPA 58.01.05.012 (40 CFR 270.14(c)(2)).

The uppermost water-bearing zone beneath Site B actually consists of two discrete, low-yielding, finely bedded sand zones that are separated by a 20- to 30-foot-thick confining clay bed. Under the nomenclature used in this report, these two zones are called the Upper and Lower Aquifers, respectively. Both zones occur in the Glenns Ferry Formation.

An unsaturated zone, ranging from 140 ft. to 200 ft. in thickness, overlies the uppermost aquifer and consists of silts and clays of the Glenns Ferry Formation overlain by coarser-grained sands, silty sands, dense clay beds, and sandy gravels of the Bruneau Formation.

The following sections develop in detail the generalized concepts presented above. A description of the site-specific subsurface geology is provided, followed by a detailed examination of the hydraulic and hydrochemical aspects of the uppermost aquifer system. The system is complex as a result of subtle stratigraphic differences within the Glenns Ferry Formation and the effect of dipping strata. To orient the reader, an overview of the uppermost aquifer concept is presented in Section E.3.c.(3), following the site-specific geology discussion below.

Site Geology

Formation Identification

Quaternary and Tertiary sediments of the Bruneau and Glenns Ferry Formations directly underlie the site. The veneer of surficial gravels present over much of the site is interpreted as basal conglomerate of the Pleistocene-Age Bruneau Formation (Benfer, 1984). Fine-grained sediments of the Pliocene- to Pleistocene-Age Glenns Ferry Formation underlie the Bruneau Formation gravels. The Glenns Ferry then persists throughout the remaining depth of the investigation.

Stratigraphy

Throughout the remainder of this section, references will be made to the observed thicknesses of various geologic strata penetrated. Qualitative descriptive terms have been numerically classified according to Krumbein and Sloss (1963).

Geologic and geophysical logs have been used to construct several geologic cross sections depicting the stratigraphy at USEI Site B. Previous reports and submittals on file with DEQ contain these large cross section plates which are not reproduced in this application.

With two minor exceptions, the basal gravels of the Bruneau overlie the entire site. The exceptions are where the basal gravels are thinly covered by recent soil or ash layers, or where they have been removed by site construction activities. Typically, the gravels are present only to about 50 ft. bgs but were found to extend to approximately 100 ft. in the southeast and northeast corners of the site.

The Glenns Ferry is present beneath the Bruneau gravels and represents sedimentary deposition in a large lake system with peripheral and capping fluvial and flood plain facies (Smith et al., 1982). As such, the Glenns Ferry consists of lake-margin deposits containing fluvial deposits (stream and beach shoreline sands and near-shore silts). Underlying the fluvial deposits are the lacustrine facies (lake deposits) of the Glenns Ferry. The entire sequence exhibits upward coarsening (finer grained with depth). As such, this represents a period of lake regression (a lowering of the water level in the ancient lake [Selley, 1972]). Lithologic and facies contacts are gradual and are controlled by the predominance of grain size and bedding.

The upper (fluvial) sequence of the Glenns Ferry Formation contains very thick-bedded (greater than ten (10) ft.) fine sands and silts containing a few clay seams. Typically, the sands are well sorted, moderately indurated, and thickly bedded. Calcite cementing predominates. The clay seams distributed within the sand are generally thin-bedded (several inches to one (1) ft. thick) and are plastic (soft and moldable). Near the base of the sequence, thin-bedded carbonates (limestone) occur. These sedimentary sequences are representative of lake margin environments (Selley, 1972). This section persists to approximately 130 ft. in depth at the center of the site, where the finer grain size and thinner bedding exists. Where the predominance of finer grain size and thinner bedding exists, this facies change is interpreted as the bottom contact of the fluvial facies overlying lacustrine sediments of the Glenns Ferry Formation.

The lacustrine facies consists of thick-bedded clays and silts containing very thin beds of silt, sand (generally less than one ft. (1) thick), and sand-silt lamina. The sequence expresses cyclic sedimentation for the depth investigated. The formation transcends through thick-bedded sequences of clay and silts containing discrete, thinly bedded sands (one ft. (1) thick or less) and reflects deposition representative of a lacustrine environment as the lake waters rose and fell. The sands and silts (linear and lense-like in form) represent near-shore and shoreline deposits. Portions of this sequence are deltaic in nature and contain abundant plant debris. Sheet-like clay and finer silts are representative of offshore and deeper lacustrine deposition.

The first sequence of shoreline and near-shore deposits underlying the fluvial facies occurs at an approximate depth of 160 ft. at the center of the site. In the northwest portion of the site, the sequence contains numerous thin-bedded silty sands and lamina that are separated by thin- to thick-bedded silts and clays. These sand beds appear to pinch and thin toward the south and east, forming thickly bedded clay and silt in those directions. Although a continuous zone exists, individual sand beds appear discontinuous across the site. This may indicate that the source of the sands was from the northwest, where increased bedding and coarser grain sizes would be expected. This may also be a result of a lateral facies change, such as a transition to a flood plain or deltaic sequence, occurring within the northern portion of the site, or may represent younger deposition upon paleo-erosional surfaces. It is this zone of thin, discontinuous, and laterally variable sands and silts that represents the Upper Aquifer. Within the upper portion of the sequence, the unit changes color from brown to gray, which may represent a change from oxidizing to reducing conditions at the time of deposition.

These near-shore deposits transcend downward into offshore (deep lake) deposits consisting of thickly bedded clay containing silt. This clay unit is approximately 20 ft. thick at the center of the site, extending to a depth of approximately 230 ft. This zone thickens from approximately 20 ft. thick in the northwest portion of the site to more than 30 ft. thick in the southeast portion of the site. This unit is the confining bed separating the Upper and Lower Aquifers.

This offshore deposit transcends into another shoreline and near-shore sequence, generally comprising thick-bedded silt and thin-bedded clay that contains thin-bedded sands and sand lamina. This zone (the Lower Aquifer) is continuous across the site, although individual sand beds gradually thin and pinch out. This unit extends to a depth of approximately 250 ft., where again, deposition transcends into deeper offshore deposits of thick-bedded clay and fine silt, which provide the basal confinement of the Lower Aquifer. It appears from the limited information and from the deep borings that this facies again transcends into another sequence of near-shore sands and silts at approximately 290 ft. in depth. These sands are very thin-bedded and have not been investigated.

The drilling logs of the deep artesian well onsite and the 800-foot-deep exploratory water well (WWI) west of the site indicate that the strata below 300 ft. are predominantly blue clay and shale to at least 1,770 ft.

Structure

Units of the Glenns Ferry Formation at the site strike north 69 degrees west, and dip approximately 3.5 degrees to the northeast. Gradual differences have been noted within the formation and reflect changes in depositional environment reflective of lacustrine sedimentation and Snake River Plain downwarping. The upper near-shore sequence (i.e., the Upper Aquifer measured at its base) strikes north 70 degrees west and dips 1.8 degrees northeast. The next near-shore sequence (i.e., the Lower Aquifer measured at its center) strikes north 70 degrees west and dips 2.4 degrees northeast, as measured from Coreholes D-32, D-22, and D-21.

No evidence of faulting exists within the depths of the investigation at the site as determined by surface mapping of existing trenches and analysis of geologic cores. Units can be traced across the site using geophysical logs and direct core logs, all of which conform to measured strike and dips. No indications of faulting (such as displacement, associated fracturing, or alteration) have been witnessed throughout the entire geologic section investigated.

Site Hydrostratigraphy

This section will describe in detail the hydrologic and hydrochemical properties of two interbedded sand zones that have been defined as uppermost aquifer(s) beneath the site pursuant to IDAPA 58.01.05.012 (40 CFR 270.14(c)(2)).

Overview

Two low-yielding, water-bearing zones denoted as the Upper and Lower Aquifers have been identified within the shallow Glenns Ferry Formation beneath Site B. Although neither zone would be classified as an aquifer for water resources development because of the definition of the uppermost aquifer in the regulatory context, they represent the uppermost aquifer(s) of concern for groundwater monitoring purposes. The Upper Aquifer at Site B consists of finely bedded, fine, silty sand in 80 ft. to 90 ft. of silt and clay. The top of the Upper Aquifer sequence is a gradational contact with the overlying fluvial facies of the Glenns Ferry Formation. The top of the Upper Aquifer section is 120 to 160 ft. below ground level. A massive clay, 20' to 30 ft. thick, hydraulically separates the Upper Aquifer from another group of fine, silty, and clayey sands referred to as the Lower Aquifer. The top of the Lower Aquifer is 220 ft. to 275 ft. below ground level and the aquifer section is 30 ft. to 40 ft. thick. Because of structural dip, both aquifers slope to the northeast at approximately 2 to 4 degrees.

As a result of the northeasterly structural dip, the Upper Aquifer sands gradually emerge out of the water from north to south across the site. The entire Upper Aquifer becomes unsaturated along a general east-west trend that crosses the south-central portion of the site. South of this emergence, the sands comprising the Upper Aquifer are present but they are above the potentiometric surface and are not saturated. Conversely, the saturated thickness of the Upper Aquifer increases from south to north as more sands become saturated.

The potentiometric surface of the Upper Aquifer varies from 140 ft. to about 200 ft. below ground level. Groundwater in the Upper Aquifer flows into the site all along the northern border, but most enters from the northwest corner. Flow in the Upper Aquifer is to the east and southeast. The permeabilities of the Upper Aquifer are low, and sustained well yields are generally less than 1.0 gpm.

The Lower Aquifer consists of two (2') ft. to nine (9') ft. of thinly bedded, very fine sand and silty sand seams in a 30- to 40-foot-thick section of silts and clays. Most sand beds are found within a 15-foot-thick interval. The Lower Aquifer is saturated beneath the entire site. The permeabilities of the Lower Aquifer are low, and well yields are generally less than 0.5 gpm. Water in the Lower Aquifer is under moderate artesian pressure. Along the northern edge of the site, water levels

rise 60 ft. to 80 ft. above the top of the aquifer. Groundwater in the Lower Aquifer flows to the northeast.

Upper Aquifer

The Upper Aquifer sequence consists of thinly bedded sands and sand lamina separated by thinto thick-bedded silts and clays. The individual sand seams range from less than 1.5 ft. thick to partings less than 1/16 of an inch thick. Most are between 0.5ft. and 0.1 ft. thick and consist of very fine-grained, silty sand. Lateral continuity of individual sands is difficult to demonstrate, but the aquifer sequence is present across the entire site. The total cumulative thickness of the sand beds changes laterally east and west because of depositional variations.

In the northwest portion of the site, the cumulative thickness of saturated sand beds in the Upper Aquifer ranges from about eight ft. (8) ft. to 36 ft., occurring over approximately 70 ft. of fine- to thick-bedded silts and clays. The individual sand beds thin and pinch-out toward the east and south. Therefore, the Upper Aquifer contains less sands and therefore does not yield as much water to the east and south. The cumulative thickness of bedded sands underlying the water table in the eastern portion of the site is approximately two (2') ft. to 12 ft., occurring over approximately 20 ft. to 50 ft. of fine- to thick-bedded silts and clays.

The bottom of the aquifer sequence is represented by a relatively rapid gradational change from bedded silts and silty clay to the massive silty clay and clay of the underlying confining bed. The bottom of the Upper Aquifer section ranges from 185 ft. to 250 ft. below ground level.

The top of the Upper Aquifer is also a gradational contact. As discussed earlier, the Upper Aquifer is developed in the lacustrine facies of the Glenns Ferry Formation. The contact between the lacustrine and overlying fluvial sediments is a gradational facies change represented by a thinning of beds and dominance of silts and clays from fluvial to lacustrine. The top of the lacustrine facies (top of the Upper Aquifer sequence) ranges from 120 ft. below ground level in the northwest corner to about 160 ft. below ground level in the northeast corner; across the central portion and eastern sides it is 120 ft. to 140 ft. below ground level. Thickness of the sequence ranges from 80 ft. to 90 ft.

The top of the saturated water-bearing portion of the Upper Aquifer is a function of the intersection of the dipping stratigraphic sequence and the potentiometric surface. Because of the dip, the section rises above the potentiometric surface and becomes unsaturated across the southern portion of the site. From south to north, the dip causes progressively more sand seams to intercept the potentiometric surface and become saturated. Consequently, the saturated thickness of the aquifer increases to the north and the top of saturation is found progressively higher in the geologic section comprising the Upper Aquifer.

Each individual saturated sand seam is probably under confined conditions as a result of the adjacent silt and clay beds. Given the scale of the bedding, it is impossible to isolate individual sand seams to verify this assumption. Taken as a whole, however, there appears to be little evidence of vertical gradient within the Upper Aquifer section, and, therefore, the aquifer is considered to be unconfined.

Intermediate Clay Bed

The inner confining clay between the Upper and Lower Aquifers ranges from 20 ft. to 30 ft. thick across the site. As discussed in the previous section, the top of the inner confining clay is gradational with the silts of the bottom of the Upper Aquifer. A similar transitional contact exists between the bottom of the confining clay and the top of the Lower Aquifer. In both cases, the gradational contact occurs within about five ft. (5). This clay consists of blue-gray, massive to

thickly bedded clay. In Corehole D-23, in the northwest corner, there are seven (7) to ten (10) silty sand lamina (less than 1/8" thick) within the 20 ft. thick clay, while along the east side, no sand lamina are found in the entire 20 ft. thick section.

This clay unit is persistent and consistent across the site and hydraulically separates the Upper and Lower Aquifers. This hydraulic separation is evidenced by differences in water level, flow directions, and water chemistry between the Upper and Lower Aquifers. These indicators of hydraulic separation are discussed in more detail in subsequent sections.

Lower Aquifer

The Lower Aquifer is a sand sequence within silts and clays of the Glenns Ferry Formation. Although the persistence and thickness of individual thinly bedded sands varies laterally, the aquifer is present and saturated everywhere beneath the site.

The bedded sands occur within a 30 ft. to 40 ft. thick sequence of thick-bedded silts and clays. The majority of sands occur within a 10 ft. to 15 ft. interval. Coreholes and geophysical logs of borings indicate that the bedded sands pinch and thin toward the west and south, forming very thin-bedded sands and sand lamina less than $\frac{1}{4}$ " thick. Some sands are discontinuous and pinch out. The total cumulative thickness of bedded sands in the western portion of the site is less than four (4) ft.

Along the east side of the site, the individual beds range from sand lamina (less than ¼ inch thick) to one ft. (1) thick bedded sands, the latter consisting of fine- to very fine-grained silty sand. Most of the water is probably being carried in the upper portion of the sequence, where greater sand thickness and persistence exist. The total cumulative thickness of bedded sands in the Lower Aquifer along the eastern side is less than nine fi. (9) The top of the Lower Aquifer section is 205 ft to 275 ft. below ground level, and the bottom is 305 ft. to 250 ft. below ground level. The Lower Aquifer section generally ranges from 30 ft. to 40 ft. thick.

Basal Confining Clay

Underlying the Lower Aquifer is a massive to thickly bedded clay at least 25 ft. thick. This clay was penetrated in only a few borings, and it has not been tested extensively. Visual descriptions indicate it to be massive (does not contain sand lamina) and "fat," having high plasticity. Properties of this clay are expected to be similar to the inner confining clay.

Hydraulic Properties

Introduction

Pursuant to IDAPA 58.01.05.012 (40 CFR 270.14(c)(2)), the hydrogeologic regime at USEI Site B was characterized as part of the initial permit application process (CH2M HILL, February 1986). Subsequent to the issuance of the permit, considerable additional information has been developed on the hydraulic properties of the Upper and Lower Aquifers at Site B. This portion presents a complete reexamination of the hydrologic properties of Site B, using both previously presented information and new information. The objectives of the hydrologic characterization program were to 1) examine the factors that influence the rate and direction of groundwater movement; 2) evaluate overall groundwater availability; 3) evaluate the degree of hydraulic separation of the Upper and Lower Aquifers; and 4) estimate the degree of containment afforded by the clays and other sediments found above, below, and between the aquifers.

Information from the available data were used individually and conjunctively to determine the hydraulic characteristics that define the groundwater flow properties at USEI Site B. The aquifers at Site B consist of finely bedded, fine sand and silt beds in a predominantly silty clay matrix. Because most groundwater flow, and therefore most of the potential contaminant migration, would occur in the sand beds, the ultimate aquifer property being sought from the aquifer test data was the hydraulic conductivity (K) of the sand beds, as opposed to a composite hydraulic conductivity of the entire saturated thickness. Most of the test data available, however, provided either an estimate of the composite K or the transmissivity (T) of the entire saturated thickness of the aquifer.

To estimate the K of the sand beds, the T and/or K values from the aquifer tests were adjusted to reflect only the cumulative thickness of sand beds identified in the wells as estimated from review of the geologic and geophysical logs for each well. Once a K was determined, an estimated groundwater velocity was calculated. Aquifer transmissivities were also used to compare the relative water flux across the site through and between aquifers.

To evaluate the degree of containment afforded by the clays and other sediments found above, below, and between the aquifers, laboratory testing was performed on soils collected from the Upper and Lower Aquifers and the inner and lower confining units. Grain-size analyses and permeability testing were performed on 79 samples of materials from three (3)borings, D-21, D-22, and D-23, at the USEI site. These data were previously reported in CH2M HILL (February 1986) as part of USEI's 1985 Part B permit application.

Results

Usable data are not available on all wells but the large amount of data that was available provides valuable information on both aquifers beneath all portions of the site. Soil hydraulics testing data are presented in CH2M HILL (February 1986).

In Section E.3.b., a transmissivity value was estimated for each pumping and recovery test, slug test, and specific capacity test (Table E-9). Based on the individual tests, an average T value for each well was calculated as shown in Table E-9. The average T value is the average of all aquifer tests performed over the lifespan of the well. Additionally, if an individual test was analyzed by more than one analytical technique and more than one analytical technique provided a valid solution, then all valid solutions are included in the calculation of the average T value.

K values were calculated from the average transmissivity data through the relationship K = T/b where b = the saturated aquifer thickness. Representative thickness values were obtained for 22 of 28 test wells in the Upper Aquifer and 14 of 15 test wells in the Lower Aquifer where successful transmissivity values were obtained. Representative thickness values were determined via an interpretation of subsurface conditions at each respective test site. Information from all geologic and geophysical logs were used to estimate the actual thickness of sandbeds present within each test interval. This was done to adjust the aquifer test results under the premise that most of the aquifer response during the tests occurs from the sandier aquifer zones, and not the adjacent confining zones, a portion of which is generally included in the test interval. This resulted in a conservative reduction in the thickness values and an associated conservative increase in hydraulic conductivities.

As a supplement to the in situ determination of hydraulic conductivity provided by the aquifer tests, hydraulic conductivity values were also calculated from grain-size distribution information by the Hazen Method. Thirteen (13) of the 79 samples had grain-size analysis performed on the most permeable beds in the Upper and Lower Aquifers. Table E-11 summarizes the calculated hydraulic conductivity estimates for these 13 soil samples based on the Hazen Method. The Hazen Method is one of several predictive equations that relate hydraulic conductivity values to the grain-size distribution of representative aquifer materials. The techniques are approximation methods, but generally provide useful estimates of hydraulic conductivity (Freeze and Cherry,

1979). Todd (1980) cautions that the empirical formulas may not give reliable results because of the difficulty of including all possible variables in porous media. Therefore, field and laboratory methods are preferable as a general rule.

The Hazen Method estimates K through the following relationship (Equation E.3-2):

 $K = A (d_{10})^2$ where:

K is the hydraulic conductivity, A is a conversion factor (equal to 1.0 when K is reported in cm/sec and grain size in millimeters [mm]), and d_{10} is the grain-size diameter at which ten (10) percent by weight of the particles are finer.

Upper Aquifer

For the Upper Aquifer, transmissivity values were obtained from 28 test wells. Average T values ranged from a low of 0.1 ft²/day for U-26 to a high of 51.1 ft²/day for D-18 (abandoned). The mean transmissivity for the Upper Aquifer is 7.0 ft²/day, based on an average of the average T values. Figure E-12 denotes the average transmissivity values obtained for each Upper Aquifer test site. Figure E-12 also shows the distribution of T values in the Upper Aquifer. In Figure E-12, T values are grouped into ranges of α 0.1 ft²/day, 0.1 to 2.0 ft²/day, 2.0 to 5.0 ft²/day, and > 5.0 ft²/day. The highest T values of the Upper Aquifer occur beneath the north/northwest portions of the facility and generally decrease toward the south and east.

To understand the significance of these transmissivity values, they can be compared to minimum values required for a domestic water supply. The U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (USBR) has investigated and published the transmissivity values necessary for water supply development purposes (USBR, 1977). Transmissivity values below one (1) ft^2 /day are considered infeasible for domestic well purposes, while transmissivity values between one (1) ft^2 /day and 10 ft^2 /day are considered poor. Fair well potential can be achieved with transmissivity values between 10 and 100 ft^2 /day. Thus, the transmissivity values obtained for the test sites are generally in the infeasible to poor well potential range, with only five (5) average T values of the Upper Aquifer test locations falling in the fair range. As shown in Figure E-12, the five higher-yielding wells are located in the north/northwest portion of the Upper Aquifer.

The calculated hydraulic conductivity values derived from the average T for the Upper Aquifer materials range from a minimum of 4.0×10^{-2} ft/day (1.4 x 10⁻⁵ cm/sec) at U-26 to a maximum of 4.2 ft/day (1.5×10^{-3} cm/sec) at UP-7. These values are representative of very fine sands and mixtures of sand, silt, and clay, which are reported to have conductivity values ranging from 10⁻ ³ cm/sec to 10⁻⁶ cm/sec (Todd, 1980). Consistent results were observed between the geologic classification of subsurface materials and their calculated conductivity values. From Table E-11 it can be seen that the range of empirically derived hydraulic conductivity values (Hazen Method) in the Upper Aguifer is significantly lower than the range determined with the pump tests. For the Upper Aquifer, empirically derived hydraulic conductivity values ranged from 2.6 x 10⁻² ft/day (9.0 x 10⁻⁶ cm/sec) to 0.5 ft/day (1.69 x 10⁻⁴ cm/sec). The hydraulic conductivity values obtained from the grain-size analyses may include finer-grained materials from the confining zones that are adjacent to the sandier aquifer zones. This could account for the somewhat lower values observed. It is important to note that the hydraulic conductivity values obtained from the grainsize analyses were not used in the computation of groundwater velocities. Rather, they have been included for exemplary purposes and as an additional check on pumping test-derived hydraulic conductivities.

Lower Aquifer

For the Lower Aquifer, transmissivity values were obtained from 15 test wells. Average T values ranged from a low of 0.4 ft²/day for MW-6 (abandoned) to a high of 3.3 ft²/day for MW-5 (abandoned). The mean transmissivity for the Lower Aquifer is 1.0 ft²/day, based on an average of the average T values. T values in the Lower Aquifer are low and do not appear to follow a discernible distribution pattern. Based on the USBR criteria discussed above, the transmissivity values obtained from the Lower Aquifer test sites are in the infeasible to poor well potential range for a domestic water supply.

The calculated hydraulic conductivity of the Lower Upper Aquifer materials range from a minimum of 6.9×10^{-2} ft/day (2.4 x 10^{-5} cm/sec) at L-38 to a maximum of 8.3×10^{-1} ft/day (2.9 x 10^{-4} cm/sec) at MW-5 (abandoned). Similar to the Upper Aquifer, these values are representative of very fine sands and mixtures of sand, silt, and clay, which are reported to have conductivity values ranging from 10^{-3} cm/sec to 10^{-6} cm/sec.

The range of empirically derived hydraulic conductivity values (Hazen Method) in the Lower Aquifer is lower than the range determined with the pump tests. For the Lower Aquifer, empirically derived hydraulic conductivity values ranged from 2.8×10^{-3} ft/day (1.0×10^{-6} cm/sec) to 0.6 ft/day (1.96×10^{-4} cm/sec). As noted above, the hydraulic conductivity values obtained from the grain-size analyses may include materials from the confining zones that are adjacent to the sandier aquifer zones. This could account for the somewhat lower values observed. It is important to note that the hydraulic conductivity values obtained from the grain-size analyses were not used in the computation of groundwater velocities. Rather, they have been included for exemplary purposes and as an additional check on pumping test-derived hydraulic conductivities.

Intermediate (Inner) and Basal Confining Layers

Soil samples collected from D-21, D-22, and D-23 that represent the inner and basal confining zones are identified in Table E-10. The vertical coefficient of permeability was determined for ten (10) of the confining material samples. The range in vertical permeabilities for the two confining zones was 1.1×10^{-4} to 1.4×10^{-1} ft/day (4×10^{-8} to 5.0×10^{-5} cm/sec). The single sample (boring D-22, sample S-31) with the 5.0 x 10^{-5} cm/sec value is probably due to bedding fractures within the clay as noted on the well log (CH2M HILL, February 1986) or may represent a silty or sandy seam in the confining bed. Without including this sample, the vertical conductivity of the confining beds ranges from 5.7×10^{-3} ft/day (2×10^{-6} cm/sec) to 1.1×10^{-4} ft/day (4×10^{-8} cm/sec) and the mean value is 2.8×10^{-4} ft/day (1×10^{-7} cm/sec).

As shown in Table E-10, the moisture content for the soil samples collected from the inner and lower confining zones ranged from 23.0 % to 31.0 % and averaged 28.1 %, and the degree saturation ranged from 89.4 % to 98.7 % and averaged 93.7 %. These data indicate that moisture was present in the confining zones at near-saturated field conditions. According to the field drilling logs, the moisture content within the inner and upper confining zones ranged from dry to moist, supporting the presence of some moisture in the soils in the confining zones. However, the moisture content in soils below 100 ft. may have been affected by water used in rotary drilling.

Groundwater Flow Properties

Water Level and Hydraulic Gradient Depth to Water Level Measurement Corrections

The results of gyroscopic surveys at piezometers U-26, UP-28, and UP-29 and monitoring well L-28 indicate that UP-28, UP-29, and L-28 significantly deviate from vertical, and U-26 does not significantly deviate from vertical. As a result, the depth to water measurements at UP-28, UP-29, and L-28 have been corrected based on regression analysis.

Based on the corrected depth to water measurements, the water level elevation anomaly indicated on potentiometric surface maps of the Upper Aquifer in the vicinity of UP-28 does not appear to be directly associated with the inclination of the piezometer off of vertical. However, the water level elevation anomaly indicated on potentiometric surface maps of the Lower Aquifer in the vicinity of UP-28 does not appear to be directly associated with the inclination of the piezometer off of the tower Aquifer in the vicinity of UP-28 does not appear to be directly associated with the inclination of the piezometer off of vertical.

Potentiometric Data

Groundwater levels at USEI Site B are measured semiannually in the monitoring wells and piezometers included in the permitted Detection and Compliance Monitoring Systems. The period of record for each well varies according to when the individual well was installed. Some of the wells in the groundwater monitoring system were installed as test wells for site characterization prior to USEI receiving the permit. Consequently, they have periods of record extending back to 1984. Most of the active monitoring wells were installed after the Part B permit was issued and, therefore, the effective period of record begins in 1989

The pre-1989 data sets tend to have more scatter than the post-1989 wells for several reasons: 1) insufficient water level re-equilibration time between frequent sampling and testing activities; 2) variable wellhead configurations and therefore various measure points between wells and over time for the same well; and 3) non-standardized equipment. As the new and existing wells were brought into the permitted Detection Monitoring System, wellheads and measuring points were standardized, dedicated water level probes were used and written field procedures and data recording formats were adopted. These measures significantly reduced the data scatter in these records.

Water level data and hydrographs for the pre-1989 period are presented in CH2M HILL (February 1986). Appendix E.6 includes the tabulated data and hydrographs for all 50 wells in the current groundwater monitoring system for the period from April 1989 through April 2001. As discussed in the next section, water levels have been rising at Site B. In 1999 a Rising Groundwater Study was completed (CH2M HILL,1999b). In 2001, as required by DEQ, the rising groundwater was re-evaluated (CH2M HILL,1999b). The 2001 re-evaluation report provides updated hydrographs through April 2001. The next scheduled re-evaluation of the rising groundwater at Site B will be completed in Fall 2003. The rising groundwater study is further discussed in the next section.

From April 1989 through the October 1996 sampling event, all water levels were measured with the same water-level probe. Prior to the October 1997 water-level measurements, however, the original probe failed and could not be repaired. Consequently, a new water meter was used for the October 1997 water-level data set. Calibrating the new probe or establishing a measurement offset by collecting comparison water levels from several wells using both probes could not be completed before the old probe failed.

In comparing the October 1996 to October 1997 water levels, many wells exhibited a significant decline in recorded water-level elevations between the two events. Because a correlation could not be established between the two probes, the observed declines in water levels between the successive October water levels are not considered reliable.

Water levels are tabulated after each sampling event and included in the sampling reports contained in the operating record. These reports document the water level data collected between April 2001 and October 2002. The October 2002 water levels are included on Table E-13 and the period of water level record from October 1989 to October 2002 is used in this section to describe the water level trends, potentiometric surfaces, hydraulic gradients, groundwater velocities, and the groundwater flux and water balance for the Upper and Lower Aquifers at Site B.

Water Level Trends

Water levels in the monitoring wells and piezometers at Site B have been generally rising over the period of record. The rate of rise for each well is variable and not consistent between wells or over the period of record for any individual well.

In 1999 a rising groundwater study was completed (CH2M HILL, 1999b). This study examined flow paths, water chemistry and age dating in an effort to determine the source of the rising groundwater. The rising groundwater study determined that the water in the Lower Aquifer water and eastern portions of the Upper Aquifer were of similar ages but that the water in the Upper Aquifer in the extreme northwest corner of the site was much younger. This suggests that the water coming into the site in the Upper Aquifer was being recharged by Castle Creek about one (1) mile to the west. This incoming water is displacing the older water in the Upper Aquifer. The rising hydraulic head in the Upper Aquifer is also affecting the pressure head in the Lower Aquifer, especially where the two aquifers overlap. Because of the potential impacts of rising water levels on groundwater flow rates and directions, monitoring well screen placement and concerns over possible impacts to water quality as the rising groundwater encounters vapors or the missile silos, DEQ requires the rising groundwater trends to be re-evaluated every two years. The first re-evaluation was completed in August 2001 and the next one scheduled for Fall 2003.

The 2001 re-evaluation report used regression analysis to predict future water level elevations based on the assumption that the rising water level trends continue at current rates. In summary, these projections indicate the Upper Aquifer water levels will contact the bottom of the missile silos in 36 to 53 years (year 2039 to 2056), again, assuming past trends continue unchanged into the future. In many wells the hydrographs show an initial steeper trend followed by a distinct flattening trend beginning in about 1993 so these predictions must be used with caution. The re-evaluation report also concluded that rising water would not seriously impact well construction or placement as the groundwater flow directions have not changed.

The maximum change has been an increase of 10.71 ft. in piezometer UP-4 and the minimum rise is 3.35 ft. in piezometer UP-7. In general, water levels in the Upper Aquifer on the east side of the site have risen faster than those on the west side. This has resulted in a gradual decrease in the west-to-east gradients across the site, although groundwater flow paths have not significantly changed. A contour map showing the change in water levels in the Upper Aquifer between October 1989 and October 2002 is provided in Figure E-14.

Water levels in the Lower Aquifer wells have also risen over this same period. The average rise in the Lower Aquifer is 4.7 ft. and the range is from 0.42 ft. in well L-35 to 8.26 ft. in well LP-15. In general the wells with the highest water level change, are overlain by the Upper Aquifer. Since the Lower Aquifer is confined, the water levels in these wells are believed to be responding primarily to the increase in loading from the water level rise in the Upper Aquifer.

Well L-38 in the extreme southwest part of the study area experienced a sudden water level increase of approximately ten ft. (10) in 1993 that is believed to be caused by surface loading of earth materials stockpiled in the vicinity during the excavation of Cell 14. Since 1993, the water level has been gradually declining back to the trend line that existed prior to the "spike." Similar, but smaller, spikes occurred in wells L-35 and LP-14 during this same time. These wells are also near the soil stockpile area. Well L-36, in contrast, experienced a drop of approximately three ft. (3) in the water level during this same time, apparently in response to the decrease in loading as the nearby Cell 14 trench was excavated. Since 1993, the water level in L-36 has been gradually rising back to the trend line that existed before the sudden drop in water levels. Water level changes in the Lower Aquifer have not significantly affected the groundwater flow paths.

Potentiometric Surface

Lower Aquifer.

There has been little change in the direction of groundwater flow over the period between October 1989 and October 2002. Groundwater in the Lower Aquifer moves into the site from the southwest and flows northeasterly across the southern end of the site. The equipotential lines on the figures are equally spaced and trend uniformly northwest-southeast. The consistency of the equipotential lines is also another indication that geologic matrix and hydraulic properties of the Lower Aquifer of the site are uniform across the southern and southwestern portions of the site. This uniform flow field characteristic is consistent with the geologic descriptions and hydraulic property characterization data presented earlier in this section.

The potentiometric surface in the Lower Aquifer changes character radically northeast of Cell 14. Because the piezometers in this area are linearly aligned along the northeastern side of the site (LP-12, LP-13 and LP-15), it is difficult to determine true flow patterns. However, the data suggest that groundwater flow in the Lower Aquifer changes to an easterly direction and that the gradients flatten out in this area.

Geologic coring, hydraulic property testing, and geophysical logging of the Lower Aquifer sediments in this area do not indicate any changes in the geologic framework or hydrogeologic properties that would account for these flow direction changes. The apparent distortion of the consistent northeasterly flow pattern exhibited by the Lower Aquifer to the southwest appears to be coincidental with the southern limit of saturation in the overlying Upper Aquifer. These data indicate the potentiometric head in the Lower Aquifer is influenced by the overlying Upper Aquifer. This influence is believed to be primarily related to hydraulic pressure, as opposed to leakage. The hydraulic communication between the Upper and Lower Aquifer is discussed in more detail below.

Based on the October 2002 potentiometric map, horizontal gradients in the southern part of the Lower Aquifer (that portion not overlain by the Upper Aquifer) range from 0.0110 to 0.0440 ft/ft and average 0.0261. It is not possible to establish a gradient for the Lower Aquifer north of the Cell 14 monitoring wells (where it is overlain by the Upper Aquifer) because of insufficient data points.

Upper Aquifer

Water table maps for the Upper Aquifer for the October 1989 and October 2002 periods are provided in Figures E-16 and E-19. Although, as discussed previously, water levels in the Upper Aquifer wells have risen 3.3 ft. to 10.7 ft. over the 1989 to 2002 time period, the overall pattern of groundwater flow has not changed. Water in the Upper Aquifer flows across the site from northwest to southeast. Water also flows into the site all along the northern boundary. This water flows diagonally across the northeastern corner and exits the site along the eastern boundary.

The additional water level data provided by wells UP-28 and UP-29, installed in 1993 along the west central side of the site, suggests a radical and unexplained gradient change in this area as shown on the October 2002 potentiometric map. The data from these wells indicate that along the west central side of the site, water in the Upper Aquifer is flowing from southwest to northeast, which is almost perpendicular to the predominant flow direction in the Upper Aquifer. However, the groundwater flowing from the area of UP-28 and UP-29 eventually converges upon and joins the rest of the system. Detailed site characterization efforts in this area, including a discussion of the high water levels in wells UP-28 and UP-29, are reported in CH2M HILL (June 1993).

Well UP-28 was drilled into the Lower Aquifer to verify the stratigraphy prior to well construction. Although the Lower part of the borehole was plugged with bentonite grout prior to installing the well, upward leakage of Lower Aquifer water cannot be ruled out. It is unlikely, however, that the high water level at UP-28 represents a mounding effect since the Upper Aquifer sediments should be able to accommodate any minimal leakage past the bentonite seal that could be occurring. There are insignificant chemistry differences between the Lower part of the Upper Aquifer and the Lower Aquifer; therefore, there is not a distinctive chemistry profile that can be used to determine if the high water levels represent leakage up the borehole (see Section E.3.c.(6)). Well UP-29 was not drilled into the Lower Aquifer, yet water levels in this well are also higher than expected. This suggests a natural cause for the elevated heads that cannot be explained by the existing data. At this point, the water levels in well UP-28, and to a lesser extent in UP-29, represent the only deviation in the overall northwest-southeast flow direction in the Upper Aquifer.

The irregular spacing and curved equipotential lines for the Upper Aquifer are an indication of the variable Aquifer hydraulic properties of the Upper Aquifer as described previously in Section E.3.c.(4). There are two hydrologic gradient regimes in the Upper Aquifer, illustrated by the distinct spacing of the equipotential lines in Figure E-19. The western 1/2 of the aquifer displays gradients in the range of 0.0049 to 0.0089 ft/ft. The eastern 1/2 has much steeper gradients that range from 0.0140 to 0.0235 ft/ft. The demarcation between the two gradient regimes appears to extend from slightly west of U-26 on the southern extent of the aquifer to between U-5 and UP-7 on the northern site boundary. The area of low gradients in the north and northwest parts of the site coincides with the areas of high hydraulic conductivity and transmissivity. Aquifer properties and well yields are Lower along the eastern side and southern extent of the aquifer. The pattern of hydraulic gradients illustrated in Figure E-19 mirrors and supports the distribution of aquifer properties.

Groundwater Flux and Velocities Lower Aquifer

The cluster of sand and silty sand seams comprising the Lower Aquifer occurs over an interval 20 ft. to 40 ft. thick. Recalling that aquifer transmissivity, T, is defined as the hydraulic conductivity times saturated thickness, groundwater flux, or the volume of groundwater moving with time through the Lower Aquifer beneath the southern portion of the site, can be estimated by $Q = T \times I \times Width$, where T = the average aquifer transmissivity, I = the average horizontal gradient, and width is the width of the aquifer parallel to the equipotential lines. The average T for the Lower Aquifer determined in wells around Cell 14 is 1.0 ft/d (Table E-9). The average gradient for the southern portion of the site using the October 2002 water level data is 0.0261 ft/ft as discussed previously. The cross-sectional width of the aquifer beneath Cell 14 is approximately 2,000 ft.. Based on these variables, there is about 57 cubic feet (ft³) per day or 20,958 ft³/year of water moving through the entire width and thickness of the Lower Aquifer. To put this flow rate in perspective, a typical household uses 400 gallons per day or 19,600 ft³/year. Because the cross-sectional area, hydraulic conductivity, and hydraulic gradient in the Lower Aquifer do not change significantly across the site, flux into the site from the west side and flux leaving thè site on the east side are approximately equal.

Most groundwater movement and, therefore, contaminant transport, will occur through the sand seams making up the aquifer. Groundwater velocities for the sand seams can be estimated by Velocity = $(K \times I)/n_e$ where K is the hydraulic conductivity, I is the gradient, and n_e is the effective porosity. Effective porosity is defined as that portion of the total porosity through which flow occurs. Effective porosity is almost impossible to determine because of the difficulty in obtaining undisturbed samples. The average porosity of the fine sands in the Upper and Lower Aquifers at Site B was 0.43. Also, as discussed in the 1986 Section E, researchers have concluded that for groundwater flow through granular media, the total porosity can be used in the velocity calculation with little effect. Therefore, velocity calculations for Site B made since 1986 have used the porosity value of 0.43. The K and porosity of the sand beds, as discussed in the Aquifer Properties section, were used in the velocity calculations. Calculated seepage velocities for the Lower Aquifer range from 2.6 ft. to 11.2 ft. per year and average 5.2 ft. per year. Calculated velocities vary with the K and I at each well.

Upper Aquifer

Flux calculations for the Upper Aquifer are more complicated than for the Lower Aquifer because the Upper Aquifer is unconfined, the gradients across the site are highly variable, and the saturated thickness varies from about 70 ft. along the north facility boundary to zero feet across the northern edge of Cell 14 where the last of the aquifer sediments emerge. Consequently, a wedge-shaped, cross-sectional area was used to compute the flux, and separate fluxes were calculated for the west and east sides.

From this exercise, the estimated flux into the site from the west is about 43,122 cubic feet (ft^3) per year and the flux leaving the east side of the site is 5,193 cubic feet (ft^3) per year. The difference between the two values is a net inflow of 37,929 cubic feet (ft^3) per year that must be accounted for. These issues are presented in the Water Balance section (Section E.3.c.(5)(d)), which follows the Upper Aquifer groundwater velocity discussion.

The same approach and assumptions presented earlier for the Lower Aquifer were also used to estimate velocities in the Upper Aquifer sand beds. Calculated seepage velocities for the Upper Aquifer range from 0.2 ft. per year at well U-2 to 81.6 ft. per year at well UP-7. The average for all Upper Aquifer wells is 8.3 ft. per year.

Calculated velocities vary with the K and I at each well. Table E-9 provides the calculated velocity at each Upper Aquifer well for which a K and I value have been determined. Although the composite hydraulic conductivities on the east side of the site are lower than those for the northwest corner, the gradients are higher. Therefore, there are no large and consistent east-west differences in the calculated groundwater velocities in the Upper Aquifer across the site. However the three wells with the highest velocities (UP-7, UP-5 and U-6) are all located in the northeast corner of the site.

Vertical Gradients and Flux

Separating the two aquifers is the inner confining bed, a strata of clay and silty clay 20 ft. to 40 ft. thick. The hydraulic head relationship between the Upper and Lower Aquifers across the inner confining bed varies across the site. Near the southern limit of saturation in the Upper Aquifer north of Cell 14, the hydraulic head in the Lower Aquifer is higher than the water table in the overlying Upper Aquifer. Across a narrow band in the middle of the site there is no significant head difference between the two aquifers, and across the northern 1/2 of the site water levels in the Upper Aquifer are higher than the head in the Lower Aquifer.

Using the October 2002 water level data, there are five Upper Aquifer-Lower Aquifer well pairs available to quantify the gradient across the inner confining bed. The upward gradient, as measured in two well pairs (U-26/L-33 and UP-26/LP-27) averages 0.0378 ft/ft with .77 ft. to 1.5.

ft. of actual water level difference. There are much greater water level differences between the Upper and Lower Aquifers across the northeast side of the site. Downward gradients in the three well pairs in this area (U-7/LP-13, UP-4/LP-12, and U-12/LP-15) average 0.1231, with actual water level differences ranging from 1.63 ft. at U-12/LP-15 to 6.77 ft. at U-7/LP-13.

Laboratory tests conducted on geologic cores of the inner confining bed and from similar formations within and beneath the Lower Aquifer provided estimates of vertical hydraulic conductivities of 1×10^{-7} to 1×10^{-8} cm/sec. (CH2M HILL, February 1986). Vertical flow occurs across strata, as opposed to along strata for horizontal flow. Therefore, it is appropriate to assume that in a bedded sedimentary sequence, vertical movement will be controlled by the material having the lowest hydraulic conductivity. To evaluate leakage between the Upper and Lower Aquifers, a vertical conductivity of 10^{-8} cm/sec was used.

Applying Darcy's law and using an average vertical hydraulic conductivity of 10^{-8} cm/sec, the gradients discussed previously, and an upward gradient zone 500 ft. wide by the width of the site (2,000 ft.) results in a flux of 391 cubic feet (ft³) of water per year moving from the Lower to the Upper Aquifer in the southern part of the site. Doing the same calculation for the area with downward gradients across the northern part of the site indicates a downward flux of 3,822 cubic feet (ft³) per year moving from the Upper Aquifer to the Lower Aquifer.

Comparing the calculated vertical flux into the Lower Aquifer beneath the northern part of the site to the horizontal flux in the Lower Aquifer south of the area overlain by the Upper Aquifer indicates that about 1/4 as much water is moving vertically into the Lower Aquifer as is coming in horizontally from the southwest. As discussed previously, the horizontal gradients in the Lower Aquifer beneath the northern part of the site appear to flatten and change directions to roughly parallel that in the Upper Aquifer. This gradient change is probably due to a combination of the flux of water coming vertically into the Lower Aquifer and the effect of the hydraulic head imposed by the overlying Upper Aquifer.

There are distinct water chemistry differences between the Upper Aquifer and the Lower Aquifer wells in the northern parts of the site. If leakage from the Upper Aquifer is a significant source of water for the Lower Aquifer as the Darcy flux indicates, then the Lower Aquifer water chemistry beneath the northern part of the site should also reflect the influx of Upper Aquifer water.

In summary, although there are strong downward gradients and therefore by Darcy's law a calculable net flux of water from the Upper Aquifer into the Lower Aquifer, water chemistry data suggest that the actual flow is much less than the calculations indicate.

Water Balance Calculation

To synthesize the elements affecting the movement of water though the Upper Aquifer at USEI Site B, a water balance was prepared. One of the most significant benefits of conducting a water balance analysis is to check the validity of the estimated physical and hydrogeologic characteristics of the aquifer and the overall conceptual model of the system. If it is impossible to achieve an approximate level of water balance by applying the site characterization data, then either the characteristics are not correct or the conceptual model is not correct. As will be presented in the following section, the water balance for the Upper Aquifer at Site B indicates that the site characterization data are both correct and reasonable and that the overall conceptual model is correct.

The elements of a water balance for the Upper Aquifer are: lateral inflow, lateral outflow, vertical inflow from the Lower Aquifer, vertical outflow to the Lower Aquifer, infiltration of precipitation, groundwater pumpage, and change in storage. To examine the water balance at Site B, the 13-year period from October 1989 to October 2002 was used. Each of the elements of the water balance discussed independently in the preceding sections is briefly presented below.

Lateral Inflow and Outflow in the Upper Aquifer

As mentioned previously, in the Upper Aquifer there is approximately 43,122 cubic feet (ft^3) per year coming into the site from the northwest and 5,193 cubic feet (ft^3) per year leaving along the eastern side. This results in a net influx of 37,929 cubic feet (ft^3) per year or a total net gain of approximately 498,265 cubic feet (ft^3) over the 1989 to 2002 period.

Vertical Inflow from the Lower Aquifer

The vertical flux calculations provided above account for an influx of 391 cubic feet (ft³) per year from the Lower Aquifer to the Upper Aquifer over the southern portion of the Upper Aquifer. From 1989 to 2002, this added approximately 5,089 cubic feet (ft³) of water to the Upper Aquifer.

Vertical Outflow to the Lower Aquifer

Over the northern portion of the Upper Aquifer, the calculated flux from the Upper Aquifer to the Lower Aquifer was about 3,822 cubic feet (ft³) per year, or 49,683 cubic feet (ft³) over the 1989-2002 period.

Precipitation Infiltration

There is no direct evidence of the infiltration of precipitation at Site B. In fact, the only hard evidence, very dry moisture contents in the vadose zone determined during the vadose zone characterization, suggests no infiltration is occurring. However, infiltration of precipitation occurs under very arid conditions given the right set of circumstances. Therefore, an infiltration component was included. The percentage of annual precipitation that actually infiltrates and reaches the groundwater is highly speculative and in arid ranges may range from essentially zero to about two percent (2 %) of annual precipitation. An infiltration rate of 0.05 inches per year (0.7 % of annual precipitation) was applied to the total square footage of the Upper Aquifer (about 4,000,000) and equates to about 16,667 cubic feet (ft³) per year, or 216,967 cubic feet (ft³) from 1989 to 2002. This calculated amount is intuitively much too large for Site B, especially given the dry vadose sediments present. At Site B where compacted clayey surface soils are prevalent and surface water runoff is channeled into lined ponds, infiltration rates are expected to be very low. The rising groundwater study conducted in 1999 (CH2M HILL, 199b) found no evidence of recent precipitation water in the Upper Aquifer through either water chemistry or tritium age dating and it probable that the effective recharge from precipitation is essentially zero at this site. However, for the purposes of the water balance, a low infiltration rate was used. The conclusions of the water balance evaluation are not affected by the inclusion, or exclusion, of precipitation.

Vadose Zone Drilling and Sampling

Two boreholes, D-33 and D-34, were drilled as part of the vadose zone drilling and sampling program.

Laboratory analyses were performed on 40 vadose zone soil samples from D-33 and D-34. The laboratory data were also grouped by geologic formation to determine the average properties of the different soil types encountered in the two boreholes. A total of seven soil types are identified: the Bruneau Formation soils, Glenns Ferry fluvial facies sand/silty sand soils, Glenns Ferry fluvial facies clayey silt soils, Glenns Ferry sandy silt soils, Glenns Ferry lacustrine sand/silty sand soils, Glenns Ferry lacustrine clayey silt soils, and Glenns Ferry blue-gray clayey silt soils.

Two geologic cross sections of the vadose zone at Site B were prepared from available soil boring logs. Cross section K-K' runs north to south along the eastern edge of the site. Cross section L-L'cuts diagonally across the site from the northeast to the southwest corner. Both cross sections show the interpreted locations of geologic formations and facies beneath the site. It should be noted that these cross sections have a large vertical exaggeration and the actual dip of the various geologic units if drawn to scale would appear almost horizontal.

The following is a summary of the results of the vadose zone drilling and sampling program.

- 1. Auger drilling and continuous sampling provide effective methods for obtaining detailed stratigraphic information on the vadose zone at Site B to depths of approximately 150 ft.
- 2. Laboratory data indicate the presence of four distinct soil types: 1) sands and gravels of the Bruneau Formation; 2) sands/silty sands of the fluvial and lacustrine facies of the Glenns Ferry Formation; 3) sandy silts of the fluvial and lacustrine facies of the Glenns Ferry; and 4) clayey silts of the fluvial and lacustrine facies of the Glenns Ferry Formation.
- 3. Saturated hydraulic conductivities of Bruneau Formation soils show the largest variation and range from 10⁻⁵ to 10⁻² cm/sec. Saturated hydraulic conductivities of the Glenns Ferry fluvial and lacustrine sand/silty sand soils are on the order of 10⁻³ cm/sec. Saturated hydraulic conductivities of the Glenns Ferry clayey silt soils are on the order of 10⁻⁶ cm/sec. Saturated hydraulic conductivities of Glenns Ferry soils at the site differ by three to four orders of magnitude between the sand/silty sand and the clayey silt soils.
- 4. Cross sections prepared with existing soil boring logs and correlations with grain-size distribution data from Shannon and Wilson indicate that the geologic facies described in D-33 and D-34 are horizontally continuous beneath the site. The ranges of hydraulic conductivity found for soil types in D-33 and D-34 describe the range of hydraulic conductivity for similar soil types at the site.
- 5. Vadose zone strata dip to the north-northeast between 1.5 and 3.4 degrees. The northnortheast dip direction is consistent with the dip of deeper formations in the area that are known to dip toward the Snake River.
- 6. The most prominent stratigraphic marker in the vadose zone at Site B is the blue-gray clayey silt layer shown in the cross sections in Figures E-22 and E-23. The change from a light brown to blue-gray color is interpreted as a transition from oxidizing to reducing conditions within the soils. The blue-gray color contact does not parallel the present day potentiometric surface in the uppermost aquifer. Instead, the blue gray contact is located between 11 ft. and 75 ft. above the potentiometric surface and appears to parallel the strata in the vadose zone. This indicates the contact may be due to a change in the depositional environment as, or soon after, the sediments were deposited or is related to a paleo-potentiometric surface in the area.
- 7. Based on soil boring logs from D-33 and D-34, clayey silt layers comprise 8.6 to 11.0 % (6.5 ft. to 9.4 ft.) of the Glenns Ferry fluvial facies section. Clayey silt layers comprise 67.5 to 75.6 % (28.7 ft. to 36.9 ft.) of the Glenns Ferry lacustrine facies section. The total accumulated thickness of clayey silt layers in D-33 was 43.4 ft. over 155 ft. of borehole. The total thickness of clayey silt layers in D-34 was 38.2 ft. over 153.5 ft.

In situ moisture contents for Site B soils at depths less than 30 ft. are very low and are probably close to the residual value. At these moisture contents, the unsaturated hydraulic conductivity of these soils is also very low, indicating there is a low potential for infiltration and moisture recharge via precipitation at the site.

Computer Modeling

Computer modeling (CH2M HILL, December 1987) was conducted to simulate a release from the bottom of a disposal unit and the movement of a hypothetical leachate plume through the unsaturated zone at Site B. The emphasis was on examining the amount of vertical and lateral

movement of leachate through the unsaturated zone. The modeling effort also provided insight into the question of potential leachate plume widths and therefore appropriate monitoring well spacing.

The model SUTRA (Saturated and Unsaturated Transport), developed by the U.S. Geological Survey (Voss, 1984), was used to simulate quasi-3D vertical plume migration in the unsaturated zone. Hydraulic properties of the unsaturated strata underlying Site B used in these simulations were determined in the laboratory on samples collected by continuous coring during the vadose zone drilling and sampling investigation, as described above. The model included 43 separate layers consisting of nine (9) different lithologies based on the cores and vadose zone hydraulic properties analysis.

Simulations were conducted to analyze the effect of both "falling head" (catastrophic release) and "continuous leak for two (2) years" (slow leak based on infiltrating precipitation). The effect on plume spreading of variable leachate source depths and dimensions was also examined. The following represent the relevant conclusions that can be drawn from the simulation results:

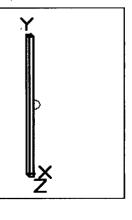
- 1. The results from both simulated scenarios indicate that the unsaturated subsurface beneath Site B acts to completely halt the downward migration of large volumes of source fluid before it can reach the water table. This occurs primarily because the unsaturated zone is thick, relatively dry, and comprised of many low-permeability stratigraphic units that tend to retard and spread out the infiltrating liquids.
- 2. Simulated dissolved-solute contaminant releases from trenches at Site B, as large as 300,000 gallons and released over a period of two (2) years at a depth of 40 ft., did not reach the water table. A steady-state distribution of concentration for this particular scenario was reached in 15,000 years. At that point in elapsed time, the maximum depth of infiltration was about 130 ft., roughly 50 ft. above the water table.
- 3. The scale of the leak discussed in item 2 above is the largest leak considered likely to occur through the particular source-area diameter selected (10 ft.). However, should this scale of leak underestimate the size of potential contaminant sources, the results imply that for contamination to reach the water table, and to do so in less than 100 years, it would have to originate from a substantially larger source than the volume of the largest scenario simulated in this investigation.
- 4. Monitoring well spacing cannot be based solely on the simulation results because the hypothetical plume did not reach the depth of the Upper Aquifer at Site B. Therefore, other criteria must be used to establish appropriate monitoring well spacing and locations. These include location of waste disposal units and aquifer flow rates and flow directions.

| MicroShield 7.02 |
|--------------------------------------------------|
| Westinghouse Electric Company (08-MSD-7.02-1424) |

| Date | Ву | | Checked | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|------------|----------|
| Filename | | Run Date | Run Time | Duration |
| CellSurface median decayed.ms7 | | May 20, 2009 | 4:30:33 PM | 00:00:00 |
| | Pr | oject Info | | |
| Case Title | Case 1 | | | |
| Description | Case 1 | | | |
| Geometry | 13 - Rectangular Volume | | | |

| | Source Dimensions | | | | | | | |
|----|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Length | ngth 100.0 cm (3 ft 3.4 in) | | | | | | |
| | Width | 200.0 cm (6 ft 6.7 in) | | | | | | |
| | Height | 3.5e+3 cm (114 ft 10.0 in) | | | | | | |
| | | Dose Points | | | | | | |
| Α | A X Y Z | | | | | | | |
| #1 | 200.6 cm (6 ft 7.0 in) | 1.8e+3 cm (57 ft 5.0 in) | 100.0 cm (3 ft 3.4 in) | | | | | |

| | Shields | } | · · · |
|----------|--------------------------|----------|---------|
| Shield N | Dimension | Material | Density |
| Source | 7.00e+07 cm ³ | Concrete | 1.69 |
| Shield 1 | .6 cm | Iron | 7.86 |
| Air Gap | | Air | 0.00122 |



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| Source Input: Grouping Method - Standard Indices Number of Groups: 25 Lower Energy Cutoff: 0.015 Photons < 0.015: Included Library: Grove | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Nuclide | Ci | Bq | μCi/cm ³ | Bq/cm ³ | | | |
| Ac-227 | 2.1011e-007 | 7.7740e+003 | 3.0015e-009 | 1.1105e-004 | | | |
| Ac-228 | 1.3839e-004 | 5.1203e+006 | 1.9769e-006 | 7.3144e-002 | | | |
| Bi-210 | 8.0570e-005 | 2.9811e+006 | 1.1510e-006 | 4.2586e-002 | | | |
| Bi-211 | 2.0898e-007 | 7.7324e+003 | 2.9854e-009 | 1.1046e-004 | | | |
| Bi-212 | 1.3757e-004 | 5.0902e+006 | 1.9653e-006 | 7.2715e-002 | | | |
| Bi-214 | 1.1712e-004 | 4.3336e+006 | 1.6731e-006 | 6.1906e-002 | | | |
| Fr-223 | 2.8995e-009 | 1.0728e+002 | 4.1420e-011 | 1.5325e-006 | | | |
| Pa-231 | 5.0940e-007 | 1.8848e+004 | 7.2769e-009 | 2.6925e-004 | | | |
| Pa-234 | 3.3601e-006 | 1.2432e+005 | 4.8000e-008 | 1.7760e-003 | | | |
| Pa-234m | 2.1001e-003 | 7.7702e+007 | 3.0000e-005 | 1.1100e+000 | | | |
| Pb-210 | 8.0593e-005 | 2.9819e+006 | 1.1513e-006 | 4.2598e-002 | | | |
| Pb-211 | 2.0898e-007 | 7.7324e+003 | 2.9854e-009 | 1.1046e-004 | | | |
| Pb-212 | 1.3757e-004 | 5.0902e+006 | 1.9653e-006 | 7.2715e-002 | | | |
| Pb-214 | 1.1712e-004 | 4.3336e+006 | 1.6731e-006 | 6.1906e-002 | | | |

| | | • | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|----------------|---------------------|------------|----------------|
| Po-210 | 7.9937e-005 | 2.9577e+006 | | | 4.2251e-002 |
| Po-211 | 5.7052e-010 | 2.1109e+001 | 8.1501 | | 3.0155e-007 |
| Po-212 | 8.8144e-005 | 3.2613e+006 | | | 4.6589e-002 |
| Po-214 | 1.1710e-004 | 4.3327e+006 | | | 6.1893e-002 |
| Po-215 | 2.0898e-007 | 7.7324e+003 | 2.9854 | e-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Po-216 | 1.3757e-004 | 5.0903e+006 | 1.9653 | e-006 | 7.2716e-002 |
| Po-218 | 1.1715e-004 | 4.3345e+006 | 1.6735 | e-006 | 6.1919e-002 |
| Ra-223 | 2.0898e-007 | 7.7324e+003 | 2.9854 | e-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Ra-224 | 1.3757e-004 | 5.0903e+006 | 1.9653 | e-006 | 7.2716e-002 |
| Ra-226 | 1.1715e-004 | 4.3344e+006 | 1.6735 | e-006 | 6.1918e-002 |
| Ra-228 | 1.3839e-004 | 5.1203e+006 | 1.9769 | e-006 | 7.3145e-002 |
| Rn-219 | 2.0898e-007 | 7.7324e+003 | 2.9854 | e-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Rn-220 | 1.3757e-004 | 5.0903e+006 | 1.9653 | e-006 | 7.2716e-002 |
| Rn-222 | 1.1715e-004 | 4.3345e+006 | 1.6735 | ie-006 | 6.1919e-002 |
| Tc-99 | 3.2197e-003 | 1.1913e+008 | 4.5994 | e-005 | 1.7018e+000 |
| Th-227 | 2.0651e-007 | 7.6410e+003 | 2.9501 | e-009 | 1.0915e-004 |
| Th-228 | 1.3758e-004 | 5.0904e+006 | 1.9654 | e-006 | 7.2718e-002 |
| Th-230 | 4.4290e-006 | 1.6387e+005 | 6.3270 | e-008 | 2.3410e-003 |
| Th-231 | 6.5102e-004 | 2.4088e+007 | 9.3000 | e-006 | 3.4410e-001 |
| Th-232 | 1.4000e-004 | 5.1802e+006 | 2.0000 | e-006 | 7.4000e-002 |
| Th-234 | 2.1001e-003 | 7.7702e+007 | 3.0000 | e-005 | 1.1100e+000 |
| Tl-207 | 2.0841e-007 | 7.7113e+003 | 2.9772 | le-009 | 1.1016e-004 |
| T1-208 | 4.9430e-005 | 1.8289e+006 | 7.0613 | e-007 | 2.6127e-002 |
| U-234 | 1.3299e-002 | 4.9207e+008 | 1.8998 | 3e-004 | 7.0294e+000 |
| U-235 | 6.5102e-004 | 2.4088e+007 | 9.3000 |)e-006 | 3.4410e-001 |
| U-238 | 2.1001e-003 | 7.7702e+007 | 3.0000 |)e-005 | 1.1100e+000 |
| | Buildup: 7 | The material r | eference is Sou | irce | |
| | | ntegration Pa | rameters | | |
| • • | 1 | irection | | | 10 |
| • | Y D | irection | | | 20 |
| | Z D | irection | | | 20 |
| | · · · · | Result | S | | • - |
| | | | Fluence Rate | Exposure R | |
| Energy (MeV) | Activity (Photons/sec) | | MeV/cm²/sec | mR/hr | mR/hr |
| | | No Buildup | With Buildup | No Buildu | p With Buildup |
| 0.015 | 9.662e+07 | 3.534e-130 | 6.080e-27 | 3.031e-13 | 1 5.215e-28 |
| 0.02 | 8.207e+01 | 5.807e-66 | 8.126e-33 | 2.011e-67 | 2.815e-34 |
| 0.03 | 3.531e+06 | 2.855e-22 | 5.781e-22 | 2.830e-24 | 5.729e-24 |
| 0.04 | 5.225e+04 | 6.865e-14 | 2.195e-13 | 3.036e-16 | 9.706e-16 |
| 0.05 | 7.500e+05 | 7.043e-09 | 3.251e-08 | 1.876e-11 | 8.660e-11 |
| 0.06 | 3.192e+06 | 1.986e-06 | 1.166e-05 | 3.944e-09 | 2.316e-08 |
| 0.08 | 6.137e+06 | 1.616e-04 | 1.113e-03 | 2.557e-07 | 1.761e-06 |
| 0.1 | 7.855e+06 | 1.012e-03 | 6.896e-03 | 1.549e-06 | 5 1.055e-05 |
| 0.15 | 4.007e+06 | 2.490e-03 | 1.448e-02 | 4.101e-06 | 2.385e-05 |
| | | | | | |

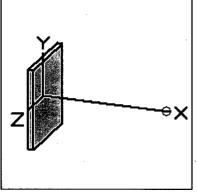
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| 0.2 | 1.813e+07 | 2.231e-02 | 1.143e-01 | 3.938e-05 | 2.017e-04 |
|--------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 0.3 | 2.242e+06 | 5.938e-03 | 2.545e-02 | 1.126e-05 | 4.827e-05 |
| 0.4 | 1.789e+06 | 7.784e-03 | 2.936e-02 | 1.517e-05 | 5.720e-05 |
| 0.5 | 7.965e+05 | 5.050e-03 | 1.727e-02 | 9.913e-06 | 3.390e-05 |
| 0.6 | 3.755e+06 | 3.231e-02 | 1.018e-01 | 6.306e-05 | 1.987e-04 |
| 0.8 | 2.293e+06 | 3.196e-02 | 8.925e-02 | 6.079e-05 | 1.698e-04 |
| 1.0 | 5.163e+06 | 1.047e-01 | 2.679e-01 | 1.930e-04 | 4.938e-04 |
| 1.5 | 1.528e+06 | 6.130e-02 | 1.355e-01 | 1.031e-04 | 2.279e-04 |
| 2.0 | 1.177e+06 | 7.590e-02 | 1.541e-01 | 1.174e-04 | 2.383e-04 |
| 3.0 | 1.825e+06 | 2.246e-01 | 4.096e-01 | 3.046e-04 | 5.557e-04 |
| Totals | 1.608e+08 | 5.755e-01 | 1.367e+00 | 9.237e-04 | 2.262e-03 |

| MicroShield 7.02 |
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| Westinghouse Electric Company (08-MSD-7.02-1424) |

| Date | By | Ch | ecked | |
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| Filena | me | Run Date | Run Time | Duration |
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| | Project 1 | Info | | |
| Case Title | | Case | 2 | |
| Description | Case 2 | | | |
| Geometry | 16 - Infinite Slab | | | |

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| Z | | s | Shield | ····· | | |
| | Density | Material | sion | Dimensi | Shield N | |
| | 1.69 | Concrete | te | Infinite | Source | |
| | 0.00122 | Air | | | Air Gap | |



| Source Input: Grouping Method - Standard Indices Number of Groups: 25 Lower Energy Cutoff: 0.015 Photons < 0.015: Included Library: Grove | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Nuclide | μCi/cm ³ | Bq/cm ³ | | | |
| Ac-227 | 3.0015e-009 | 1.1105e-004 | | | |
| Ac-228 | 1.9769e-006 | 7.3144e-002 | | | |
| Bi-210 | 1.1510e-006 | 4.2586e-002 | | | |
| Bi-211 | 2.9854e-009 | 1.1046e-004 | | | |
| Bi-212 | 1.9653e-006 | 7.2715e-002 | | | |
| Bi-214 | 1.6731e-006 | 6.1906e-002 | | | |
| Fr-223 | 4.1420e-011 | 1.5325e-006 | | | |
| Pa-231 | 7.2769e-009 | 2.6925e-004 | | | |
| Pa-234 | 4.8000e-008 | 1.7760e-003 | | | |
| Pa-234m | 3.0000e-005 | 1.1100e+000 | | | |
| Pb-210 | 1.1513e-006 | 4.2598e-002 | | | |
| Pb-211 | 2.9854e-009 | 1.1046e-004 | | | |
| Pb-212 | 1.9653e-006 | 7.2715e-002 | | | |
| Pb-214 | 1.6731e-006 | 6.1906e-002 | | | |
| Po-210 | 1.1419e-006 | 4.2251e-002 | | | |
| Po-211 | 8.1501e-012 | 3.0155e-007 | | | |
| Po-212 | 1.2592e-006 | 4.6589e-002 | | | |

| Po-214 | 1.6728e-006 | 6.1893e-002 |
|--------|-------------|-------------|
| Po-215 | 2.9854e-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Po-216 | 1.9653e-006 | 7.2716e-002 |
| Po-218 | 1.6735e-006 | 6.1919e-002 |
| Ra-223 | 2.9854e-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Ra-224 | 1.9653e-006 | 7.2716e-002 |
| Ra-226 | 1.6735e-006 | 6.1918e-002 |
| Ra-228 | 1.9769e-006 | 7.3145e-002 |
| Rn-219 | 2.9854e-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Rn-220 | 1.9653e-006 | 7.2716e-002 |
| Rn-222 | 1.6735e-006 | 6.1919e-002 |
| Tc-99 | 4.5994e-005 | 1.7018e+000 |
| Th-227 | 2.9501e-009 | 1.0915e-004 |
| Th-228 | 1.9654e-006 | 7.2718e-002 |
| Th-230 | 6.3270e-008 | 2.3410e-003 |
| Th-231 | 9.3000e-006 | 3.4410e-001 |
| Th-232 | 2.0000e-006 | 7.4000e-002 |
| Th-234 | 3.0000e-005 | 1.1100e+000 |
| TI-207 | 2.9772e-009 | 1.1016e-004 |
| T1-208 | 7.0613e-007 | 2.6127e-002 |
| U-234 | 1.8998e-004 | 7.0294e+000 |
| U-235 | 9.3000e-006 | 3.4410e-001 |
| U-238 | 3.0000e-005 | 1.1100e+000 |

Buildup: The material reference is Source Integration Parameters

| | | Result | \$ | | ··· · |
|--------------|------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Energy (MeV) | Activity (Photons/sec) | | Fluence Rate MeV/cm²/sec With Buildup | Exposure Rate mR/hr No Buildup | Exposure Rate mR/hr With Buildup |
| 0.015 | 1.380e+00 | 6.173e-04 | 6.255e-04 | 5.295e-05 | 5.365e-05 |
| 0.02 | 1.172e-06 | 1.764e-09 | 1.832e-09 | 6.110e-11 | 6.347e-11 |
| 0.03 | 5.044e-02 | 3.613e-04 | 4.170e-04 | 3.580e-06 | 4.133e-06 |
| 0.04 | 7.463e-04 | 1.320e-05 | 1.776e-05 | 5.838e-08 | 7.857e-08 |
| 0.05 | 1.071e-02 | 3.291e-04 | 4.823e-04 | 8.766e-07 | 1.285e-06 |
| 0.06 | 4.560e-02 | 2.023e-03 | 3.488e-03 | 4.018e-06 | 6.928e-06 |
| 0.08 | 8.767e-02 | 6.239e-03 | 1.157e-02 | 9.873e-06 | 1.831e-05 |
| 0.1 | 1.122e-01 | 1.089e-02 | 2.316e-02 | 1.666e-05 | 3.544e-05 |
| 0.15 | 5.724e-02 | 9.218e-03 | 2.216e-02 | 1.518e-05 | 3.650e-05 |
| 0.2 | 2.589e-01 | 5.875e-02 | 1.413e-01 | 1.037e-04 | 2.495e-04 |
| 0.3 | 3.202e-02 | 1.172e-02 | 2.667e-02 | 2.223e-05 | 5.059e-05 |
| 0.4 | 2.556e-02 | 1.312e-02 | 2.774e-02 | 2.557e-05 | 5.406e-05 |
| 0.5 | 1.138e-02 | 7.606e-03 | 1.507e-02 | 1.493e-05 | 2.959e-05 |
| 0.6 | 5.364e-02 | 4.448e-02 | 8.318e-02 | 8.682e-05 | 1.624e-04 |
| 0.8 | 3.276e-02 | 3.822e-02 | 6.469e-02 | 7.270e-05 | 1.230e-04 |
| | | | | · . | |

| 1.0 | 7.375e-02 | 1.122e-01 | 1.774e-01 | 2.068e-04 | 3.269e-04 |
|--------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1.5 | 2.183e-02 | 5.382e-02 | 7.549e-02 | 9.055e-05 | 1.270e-04 |
| 2.0 | 1.682e-02 | 5.830e-02 | 7.717e-02 | 9.015e-05 | 1.193e-04 |
| 3.0 | 2.607e-02 | 1.453e-01 | 1.803e-01 | 1.971e-04 | 2.446e-04 |
| Totals | 2.298e+00 | 5.732e-01 | 9.309e-01 | 1.014e-03 | 1.643e-03 |

MicroShield 7.02 Westinghouse Electric Company (08-MSD-7.02-1424)

| Date | By | Checked | | | | |
|--------------------|----------|------------------------------|-------------|----------|--|--|
| Filename | | Run Date | Run Time | Duration | | |
| gondola median dec | ayed.ms7 | May 20, 2009 4:32:52 PM 00:0 | | 00:00:02 | | |
| |] | Project Info | | | | |
| Case Title | | Case | e 1 | | | |
| Description | | Case 1 | | | | |
| Geometry | | 13 - Rectangu | ılar Volume | | | |

| | | So | urce Dimensions | | | |
|----|--------------------------|--------|------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | Length 121.92 cm (4 ft) | | | | | |
| | Width 274.32 cm (9 ft) | | | | | |
| | Height 1.8e+3 cm (60 ft) | | | | | |
| | | | Dose Points | · · | | |
| Α | X | | ¥ | Z | | |
| #1 | 224.4 cm (7 ft 4. | 3 in) | 914.4 cm (30 ft) | 137.16 cm (4 ft 6.0 in) | | |
| #2 | 324.4 cm (10 ft 7 | .7 in) | 914.4 cm (30 ft) | 137.16 cm (4 ft 6.0 in) | | |

| ¥ Z | |
|--------|--|

 \checkmark

| | Shields | | |
|----------|--------------------------|----------|---------|
| Shield N | Dimension | Material | Density |
| Source | 6.12e+07 cm ³ | Concrete | 1.69 |
| Shield 1 | 2.53 cm | Iron | 7.86 |
| Air Gap | | Air | 0.00122 |

| Source Input: Grouping Method - Standard Indices Number of Groups: 25 Lower Energy Cutoff: 0.015 Photons < 0.015: Excluded Library: Grove | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Nuclide | Ci | Bq | μCi/cm ³ | Bq/cm ³ | | |
| Ac-227 | 1.8358e-007 | 6.7925e+003 | 3.0015e-009 | 1.1105e-004 | | |
| Ac-228 | 1.2091e-004 | 4.4738e+006 | 1.9769e-006 | 7.3144e-002 | | |
| Bi-210 | 7.0398e-005 | 2.6047e+006 | 1.1510e-006 | 4.2586e-002 | | |
| Bi-211 | 1.8260e-007 | 6.7562e+003 | 2.9854e-009 | 1.1046e-004 | | |
| Bi-212 | 1.2021e-004 | 4.4476e+006 | 1.9653e-006 | 7.2715e-002 | | |
| Bi-214 | 1.0234e-004 | 3.7865e+006 | 1.6731e-006 | 6.1906e-002 | | |
| Fr-223 | 2.5334e-009 | 9.3737e+001 | 4.1420e-011 | 1.5325e-006 | | |
| Pa-231 | 4.4509e-007 | 1.6468e+004 | 7.2769e-009 | 2.6925e-004 | | |
| Pa-234 | 2.9359e-006 | 1.0863e+005 | 4.8000e-008 | 1.7760e-003 | | |
| Pa-234m | 1.8349e-003 | 6.7892e+007 | 3.0000e-005 | 1.1100e+000 | | |
| Pb-210 | 7.0418e-005 | 2.6055e+006 | 1.1513e-006 | 4.2598e-002 | | |
| Pb-211 | 1.8260e-007 | 6.7562e+003 | 2.9854e-009 | 1.1046e-004 | | |
| Pb-212 | 1.2021e-004 | 4.4476e+006 | 1.9653e-006 | 7.2715e-002 | | |
| | | | T | | | |

| Pb-214 | 1.0234e-004 | 3.7865e+006 | 1.6731 | e-006 | 6.1906e-002 |
|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Po-210 | 6.9845e-005 | 2.5843e+006 | 1.1419 | e-006 | 4.2251e-002 |
| Po-211 | 4.9849e-010 | 1.8444e+001 | 8.1501 | e-012 | 3.0155e-007 |
| Po-212 | 7.7016e-005 | 2.8496e+006 | 1.2592 | e-006 | 4.6589e-002 |
| Po-214 | 1.0232e-004 | 3.7857e+006 | 1.6728 | e-006 | 6.1893e-002 |
| Po-215 | 1.8260e-007 | 6.7562e+003 | 2.9854 | e-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Po-216 | 1.2021e-004 | 4.4476e+006 | / 1.9653 | e-006 | 7.2716e-002 |
| Po-218 | 1.0236e-004 | 3.7872e+006 | 1.6735 | e-006 | 6.1919e-002 |
| Ra-223 | 1.8260e-007 | 6.7562e+003 | 2.9854 | e-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Ra-224 | 1.2021e-004 | 4.4476e+006 | 1.9653 | e-006 | 7.2716e-002 |
| Ra-226 | 1.0236e-004 | 3.7872e+006 | 1.6735 | e-006 | 6.1918e-002 |
| Ra-228 | 1.2091e-004 | 4.4738e+006 | 1.9769 | e-006 | 7.3145e-002 |
| Rn-219 | 1.8260e-007 | 6.7562e+003 | 2.9854 | e-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Rn-220 | 1.2021e-004 | 4.4476e+006 | 1.9653 | e-006 | 7.2716e-002 |
| Rn-222 | 1.0236e-004 | 3.7872e+006 | 1.6735 | e-006 | 6.1919e-002 |
| Tc-99 | 2.8132e-003 | 1.0409e+008 | 4.5994 | e-005 | 1.7018e+000 |
| Th-227 | 1.8044e-007 | 6.6764e+003 | 2.9501 | e-009 | 1.0915e-004 |
| Th-228 | 1.2021e-004 | 4.4477e+006 | 1.9654 | e-006 | 7.2718e-002 |
| Th-230 | 3.8699e-006 | 1.4319e+005 | 6.3270 | e-008 | 2.3410e-003 |
| Th-231 | 5.6883e-004 | 2.1047e+007 | 9.3000 | e-006 | 3.4410e-001 |
| Th-232 | 1.2233e-004 | 4.5262e+006 | 2.0000 | e-006 | 7.4000e-002 |
| Th-234 | 1.8349e-003 | 6.7892e+007 | 3.0000 | e-005 | 1.1100e+000 |
| Tl-207 | 1.8210e-007 | 6.7377e+003 | 2.9772 | le-009 | 1.1016e-004 |
| T1-208 | 4.3190e-005 | 1.5980e+006 | 7.0613 | e-007 | 2.6127e-002 |
| U-234 | 1.1620e-002 | 4.2995e+008 | 1.8998 | se-004 | 7.0294e+000 |
| U-235 | 5.6883e-004 | 2.1047e+007 | 9.3000 | e-006 | 3.4410e-001 |
| U-238 | 1.8349e-003 | 6.7892e+007 | 3.0000 | e-005 | 1.1100e+000 |
| | | | eference is Sou | rce | |
| | | ntegration Pa irection | rameters | | 20 |
| | | irection | | | 20 20 |
| | | irection | | | 20 |
| | | | | | 20 |
| · | | | 24.4,914.4,137. | | |
| | | | | Exposure Ra mR/hr | ate Exposure Rate mR/hr |
| THELAN (IMEN) | Activity (Photons/sec) | No Buildup | | mæ/nr No Buildu | |
| 0.015 | 3.959e+04 | 0.000e+00 | 3.990e-30 | 0.000e+00 | |
| 0.013 | 7.170e+01 | 5.335e-231 | 1.137e-32 | 1.848e-232 | |
| 0.02 | 3.085e+06 | 7.911e-75 | 1.137e-32 | 7.840e-77 | |
| 0.03 | 4.565e+04 | 2.411e-37 | 4.245e-29 | 1.066e-39 | |
| 0.04 | 6.554e+05 | 1.201e-21 | 4.245e-29 1.115e-20 | 3.200e-24 | |
| 0.05 | | | | | |
| 0.04 | 2.789e+06 | 2.058e-14 | 3.053e-13 2.772e-07 | 4.088e-17 2.133e-11 | 6.065e-16 4.386e-10 |
| 0.06 | 5 262 -106 | | • / ///e=U/ | L Z.1338-11 | 1 4.3806-10 |
| 0.06 0.08 0.1 | 5.362e+06 6.863e+06 | 1.348e-08 2.415e-06 | 5.163e-05 | 3.695e-09 | |

| 0.15 | 3.501e+06 | 8.659e-05 | 1.453e-03 | 1.426e-07 | 2.392e-06 |
|--------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 0.2 | 1.584e+07 | 1.700e-03 | 2.312e-02 | 3.000e-06 | 4.081e-05 |
| 0.3 | 1.959e+06 | 8.063e-04 | 8.115e-03 | 1.530e-06 | 1.539e-05 |
| 0.4 | 1.563e+06 | 1.381e-03 | 1.122e-02 | 2.691e-06 | 2.187e-05 |
| 0.5 | 6.960e+05 | 1.065e-03 | 7.314e-03 | 2.091e-06 | 1.436e-05 |
| 0.6 | 3.281e+06 | 7.746e-03 | 4.639e-02 | 1.512e-05 | 9.054e-05 |
| 0.8 | 2.004e+06 | 9.239e-03 | 4.498e-02 | 1.757e-05 | 8.555e-05 |
| 1.0 | 4.511e+06 | 3.465e-02 | 1.448e-01 | 6.386e-05 | 2.669e-04 |
| 1.5 | 1.335e+06 | 2.526e-02 | 8.219e-02 | 4.250e-05 | 1.383e-04 |
| 2.0 | 1.029e+06 | 3.546e-02 | 9.988e-02 | 5.484e-05 | 1.545e-04 |
| 3.0 | 1.595e+06 | 1.200e-01 | 2.842e-01 | 1.628e-04 | 3.855e-04 |
| Totals | 5.615e+07 | 2.374e-01 | 7.537e-01 | 3.662e-04 | 1.216e-03 |
| | Results - Dose | e Point # 2 - (3 | 24.4,914.4,137. | 16) cm | |
| | | Fluence Rate | Fluence Rate | Exposure Rate | Exposure Rate |
| Energy (MeV) | Activity (Photons/sec) | MeV/cm²/sec | MeV/cm ² /sec | mR/hr | mR/hr |
| | | No Buildup | With Buildup | No Buildup | With Buildup |
| 0.015 | 3.959e+04 | 0.000e+00 | 2.384e-30 | 0.000e+00 | 2.045e-31 |
| 0.02 | 7.170e+01 | 3.153e-230 | 6.795e-33 | 1.092e-231 | 2.354e-34 |
| 0.03 | 3.085e+06 | 8.537e-75 | 6.465e-28 | 8.461e-77 | 6.407e-30 |
| 0.04 | 4.565e+04 | 1.865e-37 | 2.537e-29 | 8.250e-40 | 1.122e-31 |
| 0.05 | 6.554e+05 | 1.017e-21 | 9.478e-21 | 2.710e-24 | 2.525e-23 |
| 0.06 | 2.789e+06 | 1.968e-14 | 2.940e-13 | 3.909e-17 | 5.840e-16 |
| 0.08 | 5.362e+06 | 1.321e-08 | 2.701e-07 | 2.091e-11 | 4.274e-10 |
| 0.1 | 6.863e+06 | 2.234e-06 | 4.679e-05 | 3.418e-09 | 7.158e-08 |
| 0.15 | 3.501e+06 | 7.268e-05 | 1.171e-03 | 1.197e-07 | 1.929e-06 |
| 0.2 | 1.584e+07 | 1.367e-03 | 1.773e-02 | 2.413e-06 | 3.130e-05 |
| 0.3 | 1.959e+06 | 6.250e-04 | 5.983e-03 | 1.186e-06 | 1.135e-05 |
| 0.4 | 1.563e+06 | 1.051e-03 | 8.131e-03 | 2.047e-06 | 1.584e-05 |
| 0.5 | 6.960e+05 | 8.001e-04 | 5.243e-03 | 1.570e-06 | 1.029e-05 |
| 0.6 | 3.281e+06 | 5.761e-03 | 3.299e-02 | 1.124e-05 | 6.440e-05 |
| 0.8 | 2.004e+06 | 6.769e-03 | 3.164e-02 | 1.287e-05 | 6.019e-05 |
| 1.0 | 4.511e+06 | 2.510e-02 | 1.011e-01 | 4.626e-05 | 1.863e-04 |
| 1.5 | 1.335e+06 | 1.795e-02 | 5.665e-02 | 3.021e-05 | 9.530e-05 |
| 2.0 | 1.029e+06 | 2.492e-02 | 6.833e-02 | 3.854e-05 | 1.057e-04 |
| 3.0 | 1.595e+06 | 8.333e-02 | 1.930e-01 | 1.130e-04 | 2.618e-04 |
| Totals | 5.615e+07 | 1.677e-01 | 5.219e-01 | 2.595e-04 | 8.444e-04 |

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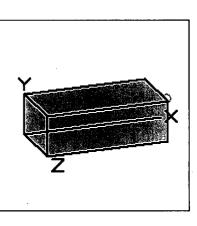
| MicroShield 7.02 |
|--------------------------------------------------|
| Westinghouse Electric Company (08-MSD-7.02-1424) |

| Date | By | Checked | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|-----------|----------|--|--|
| Filename | | Run Date | Run Time | Duration | | |
| TruckDriver_median_decaye | d.ms7 | May 20, 2009 4:33:34 PM 00:00: | | 00:00:01 | | |
| | Pr | oject Info | | | | |
| Case Title | | Case 1 | | | | |
| Description | | Case 1 | | | | |
| Geometry | | 13 - Rectangula | ır Volume | | | |

| Source Dimensions | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Length | 457.2 cm (15 ft) | | | |
| Width | 243.84 cm (8 ft) | | | |
| Height | 152.4 cm (5 ft 0.0 in) | | | |

| | Dose | e Points | |
|----|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| A | X | Y | Z |
| #1 | 518.794 cm (17 ft 0.2 in) | 91.44 cm (3 ft) | 60.96 cm (2 ft) |

| | Shield | S | |
|----------|--------------------------|----------|---------|
| Shield N | Dimension | Material | Density |
| Source | 1.70e+07 cm ³ | Concrete | 1.69 |
| Shield 1 | .64 cm | Aluminum | 2.7 |
| Air Gap | | Air | 0.00122 |



| Source Input: Grouping Method - Standard Indices Number of Groups: 25 Lower Energy Cutoff: 0.015 Photons < 0.015: Excluded Library: Grove | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Nuclide | Ci | Bq | μCi/cm ³ | Bq/cm ³ |
| Ac-227 | 5.0995e-008 | 1.8868e+003 | 3.0015e-009 | 1.1105e-004 |
| Ac-228 | 3.3587e-005 | 1.2427e+006 | 1.9769e-006 | 7.3144e-002 |
| Bi-210 | 1.9555e-005 | 7.2354e+005 | 1.1510e-006 | 4.2586e-002 |
| Bi-211 | 5.0722e-008 | 1.8767e+003 | 2.9854e-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Bi-212 | 3.3390e-005 | 1.2354e+006 | 1.9653e-006 | 7.2715e-002 |
| Bi-214 | 2.8427e-005 | 1.0518e+006 | 1.6731e-006 | 6.1906e-002 |
| Fr-223 | 7.0373e-010 | 2.6038e+001 | 4.1420e-011 | 1.5325e-006 |
| Pa-231 | 1.2364e-007 | 4.5745e+003 | 7.2769e-009 | 2.6925e-004 |
| Pa-234 | 8.1553e-007 | 3.0174e+004 | 4.8000e-008 | 1.7760e-003 |
| Pa-234m | 5.0970e-004 | 1.8859e+007 | 3.0000e-005 | 1.1100e+000 |
| Pb-210 | 1.9560e-005 | 7.2374e+005 | 1.1513e-006 | 4.2598e-002 |
| Pb-211 | 5.0722e-008 | 1.8767e+003 | 2.9854e-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Pb-212 | 3.3390e-005 | 1.2354e+006 | 1.9653e-006 | 7.2715e-002 |
| Pb-214 | 2.8427e-005 | 1.0518e+006 | 1.6731e-006 | 6.1906e-002 |

| Po-210 | 1.9401e-005 | 7.1785e+005 | 1.1419 | e-006 | 4.2251e-002 |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Po-211 | 1.3847e-010 | 5.1234e+000 | 8.1501 | .e-012 | 3.0155e-007 |
| Po-212 | 2.1393e-005 | 7.9155e+005 | 1.2592 | 2e-006 | 4.6589e-002 |
| Po-214 | 2.8421e-005 | 1.0516e+006 | 1.6728 | 3e-006 | 6.1893e-002 |
| Po-215 | 5.0722e-008 | 1.8767e+003 | 2.9854 | le-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Po-216 | 3.3390e-005 | 1.2354e+006 | 1.9653 | 8e-006 | 7.2716e-002 |
| Po-218 | 2.8433e-005 | 1.0520e+006 | 1.6735 | 5e-006 | 6.1919e-002 |
| Ra-223 | 5.0722e-008 | 1.8767e+003 | 2.9854 | le-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Ra-224 | 3.3390e-005 | 1.2354e+006 | 1.9653 | se-006 | 7.2716e-002 |
| Ra-226 | 2.8432e-005 | 1.0520e+006 | 1.6735 | 5e-006 | 6.1918e-002 |
| Ra-228 | 3.3587e-005 | 1.2427e+006 | | e-006 | 7.3145e-002 |
| Rn-219 | 5.0722e-008 | 1.8767e+003 | 2.9854 | | 1.1046e-004 |
| Rn-220 | 3.3390e-005 | 1.2354e+006 | | se-006 | 7.2716e-002 |
| Rn-222 | 2.8433e-005 | 1.0520e+006 | | 5e-006 | 6.1919e-002 |
| <u>Tc-99</u> | 7.8145e-004 | 2.8914e+007 | | | 1.7018e+000 |
| Th-227 | 5.0123e-008 | 1.8545e+003 | 2.9501 | | 1.0915e-004 |
| Th-228 | 3.3392e-005 | 1.2355e+006 | | le-006 | 7.2718e-002 |
| Th-230 | 1.0750e-006 | 3.9774e+004 | | | 2.3410e-003 |
| Th-231 | 1.5801e-004 | 5.8463e+006 | | | <u>3.4410e-001</u> 7.4000a 002 |
| Th-232 | 3.3980e-005 | 1.2573e+006 1.8859e+007 | | | 7.4000e-002 1.1100e+000 |
| Th-234 Tl-207 | 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 1.8839e+007 1.8716e+003 | 2.9772 | | 1.1016e-004 |
| TI-207 | 1.1997e-005 | 4.4389e+005 | | | 2.6127e-002 |
| U-234 | 3.2278e-003 | 1.1943e+003 | | Be-007 | 7.0294e+000 |
| U-234 | 1.5801e-004 | 5.8463e+006 | | | 3.4410e-001 |
| U-235 | 5.0970e-004 | 1.8859e+007 | |)e-005 | 1.1100e+000 |
| 0 230 | | | | | |
| | - | | eference is Sou | irce | |
| | | ntegration Pation Patient | rameters | | 20 |
| | | irection | | | 20 |
| | | irection | | | 20 |
| | | | | | 20 |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Result | | | |
| E monter (BAL & A | A ativity (Dhatanala) | | Fluence Rate | Exposure Ra mR/hr | te Exposure Rate |
| Linergy (Mev) | Activity (Photons/sec) | Mev/cm²/sec No Buildup | With Buildup | mR/nr No Buildup | mR/hr With Buildup |
| 0.015 | 1.100e+04 | 3.990e-22 | 4.428e-22 | 3.422e-23 | 3.798e-23 |
| 0.013 | 1.992e+01 | 8.692e-16 | 1.054e-15 | 3.011e-17 | 3.652e-17 |
| 0.02 | 8.570e+05 | 3.946e-06 | 5.894e-06 | 3.910e-08 | 5.841e-08 |
| 0.04 | 1.268e+04 | 1.427e-06 | 2.661e-06 | 6.312e-09 | 1.177e-08 |
| 0.05 | 1.820e+05 | 7.690e-05 | 1.752e-04 | 2.049e-07 | 4.666e-07 |
| 0.06 | 7.747e+05 | 6.668e-04 | 1.797e-03 | 1.324e-06 | 3.568e-06 |
| 0.08 | 1.490e+06 | 2.796e-03 | 9.073e-03 | 4.424e-06 | 1.436e-05 |
| 0.1 | 1.906e+06 | 5.611e-03 | 1.991e-02 | 8.584e-06 | 3.047e-05 |
| 0.15 | 9.725e+05 | 5.577e-03 | 2.056e-02 | 9.185e-06 | 3.385e-05 |
| | | | | | |

| 0.2 | 4.399e+06 | 3.880e-02 | 1.380e-01 | 6.849e-05 | 2.435e-04 |
|--------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 0.3 | 5.441e+05 | 8.696e-03 | 2.793e-02 | 1.650e-05 | 5.298e-05 |
| 0.4 | 4.342e+05 | 1.060e-02 | 3.110e-02 | 2.065e-05 | 6.060e-05 |
| 0.5 | 1.933e+05 | 6.570e-03 | 1.794e-02 | 1.290e-05 | 3.521e-05 |
| 0.6 | 9.113e+05 | 4.067e-02 | 1.042e-01 | 7.938e-05 | 2.034e-04 |
| 0.8 | 5.566e+05 | 3.833e-02 | 8.942e-02 | 7.290e-05 | 1.701e-04 |
| 1.0 | 1.253e+06 | 1.212e-01 | 2.641e-01 | 2.234e-04 | 4.868e-04 |
| 1.5 | 3.709e+05 | 6.690e-02 | 1.297e-01 | 1.125e-04 | 2.182e-04 |
| 2.0 | 2.858e+05 | 7.998e-02 | 1.448e-01 | 1.237e-04 | 2.240e-04 |
| 3.0 | 4.430e+05 | 2.275e-01 | 3.768e-01 | 3.086e-04 | 5.112e-04 |
| Totals | 1.560e+07 | 6.540e-01 | 1.376e+00 | 1.063e-03 | 2.289e-03 |

.

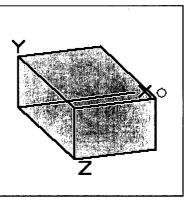
| MicroShield 7.02 |
|--------------------------------------------------|
| Westinghouse Electric Company (08-MSD-7.02-1424) |

| Date | By | (| Checked | |
|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------|----------|
| Filena | me | Run Date | Run Time | Duration |
| TruckSurveyor_med | ian decayed.ms7 | May 20, 2009 | 4:34:35 PM | 00:00:02 |
| | Proje | ect Info | | |
| Case Title | | Case 1 | | |
| Description | | Case 1 | | |
| Geometry | | 13 - Rectangular | Volume | |

| | Source Dimensions |
|--------|------------------------|
| Length | 243.84 cm (8 ft) |
| Width | 457.2 cm (15 ft) |
| Height | 152.4 cm (5 ft 0.0 in) |
| | |

| | | Dose Points | |
|----|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| A. | X | ¥ | Z |
| #1 | 344.48 cm (11 ft 3.6 in) | 76.2 cm (2 ft 6.0 in) | 228.6 cm (7 ft 6.0 in) |
| #2 | 274.48 cm (9 ft 0.1 in) | 76.2 cm (2 ft 6.0 in) | 228.6 cm (7 ft 6.0 in) |

| | Shield | S | |
|----------|--------------------------|----------|---------|
| Shield N | Dimension | Material | Density |
| Source | 1.70e+07 cm ³ | Concrete | 1.69 |
| Shield 1 | .64 cm | Aluminum | 2.7 |
| Air Gap | | Air | 0.00122 |



| | - | it: Grouping Method Number of Group Lower Energy Cutof Photons < 0.015: Ex Library: Grove | s: 25 f: 0.015 cluded | |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Nuclide | Ci | . Bq | μCi/cm ³ | Bq/cm ³ |
| Ac-227 | 5.0995e-008 | 1.8868e+003 | 3.0015e-009 | 1.1105e-004 |
| Ac-228 | 3.3587e-005 | 1.2427e+006 | 1.9769e-006 | 7.3144e-002 |
| Bi-210 | 1.9555e-005 | 7.2354e+005 | 1.1510e-006 | 4.2586e-002 |
| Bi-211 | 5.0722e-008 | 1.8767e+003 | 2.9854e-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Bi-212 | 3.3390e-005 | 1.2354e+006 | 1.9653e-006 | 7.2715e-002 |
| Bi-214 | 2.8427e-005 | 1.0518e+006 | 1.6731e-006 | 6.1906e-002 |
| Fr-223 | 7.0373e-010 | 2.6038e+001 | 4.1420e-011 | 1.5325e-006 |
| Pa-231 | 1.2364e-007 | 4.5745e+003 | 7.2769e-009 | 2.6925e-004 |
| Pa-234 | 8.1553e-007 | 3.0174e+004 | 4.8000e-008 | 1.7760e-003 |
| Pa-234m | 5.0970e-004 | 1.8859e+007 | 3.0000e-005 | 1.1100e+000 |
| Pb-210 | 1.9560e-005 | 7.2374e+005 | 1.1513e-006 | 4.2598e-002 |
| Pb-211 | 5.0722e-008 | 1.8767e+003 | 2.9854e-009 | 1.1046e-004 |
| Pb-212 | 3.3390e-005 | 1.2354e+006 | 1.9653e-006 | 7.2715e-002 |
| | | | | 1 |

| Po-210 Po-211 Po-212 Po-214 Po-215 Po-216 Po-218 Ra-223 Ra-224 Ra-226 Ra-228 Rn-219 Rn-219 Rn-220 Rn-221 Tc-99 Th-227 Th-228 Th-230 Th-231 Th-232 Th-234 T1-207 T1-208 U-234 U-235 U-238 | 1.9401e-005 1.3847e-010 2.1393e-005 2.8421e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 1.1997e-005 | $\begin{array}{r} 7.1785e+005\\ 5.1234e+000\\ 7.9155e+005\\ 1.0516e+006\\ 1.8767e+003\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 1.2427e+006\\ 1.2427e+006\\ 1.2427e+006\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.257e+003\\ 1.2355e+006\\ 3.9774e+004\\ 5.8463e+006\\ 1.2573e+006\\ 1.8859e+007\\ 1.8716e+003\\ 4.4389e+005\\ \end{array}$ | 8.1501 1.2592 1.6728 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | e-012 2e-006 3e-006 6e-009 9e-006 | 4.2251e-002 3.0155e-007 4.6589e-002 6.1893e-002 1.1046e-004 7.2716e-002 6.1919e-002 1.1046e-004 7.2716e-002 6.1919e-002 1.1046e-004 7.2716e-002 6.1918e-002 7.3145e-002 1.1046e-004 7.2716e-002 6.1919e-002 1.7018e+000 1.0915e-004 7.2718e-002 2.3410e-003 3.4410e-001 7.4000e-002 1.1100e+000 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Po-211 Po-212 Po-214 Po-215 Po-216 Po-218 Ra-223 Ra-224 Ra-226 Ra-228 Rn-219 Rn-219 Rn-220 Rn-221 Tc-99 Th-227 Th-238 Th-231 Th-231 Th-234 Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 1.3847e-010 2.1393e-005 2.8421e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8432e-005 3.3587e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 5.1234e+000 7.9155e+005 1.0516e+006 1.8767e+003 1.2354e+006 1.0520e+006 1.2354e+006 1.2354e+006 1.2427e+006 1.2427e+006 1.2354e+006 1.2354e+006 1.2354e+006 1.2355e+006 3.9774e+004 5.8463e+006 1.2573e+006 1.8859e+007 1.8716e+003 | 8.1501 1.2592 1.6728 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | e-012 2e-006 3e-006 6e-009 9e-006 | 3.0155e-0074.6589e-0026.1893e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1919e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1918e-0027.3145e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0022.3145e-0021.7018e+0001.0915e-0047.2718e-0022.3410e-0033.4410e-0017.4000e-002 |
| Po-212 Po-214 Po-215 Po-216 Po-218 Ra-223 Ra-224 Ra-226 Ra-228 Rn-219 Rn-219 Rn-220 Rn-220 Rn-221 Tc-99 Th-227 Th-230 Th-231 Th-232 Th-234 Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 2.1393e-005 2.8421e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 3.3390e-005 2.8432e-005 3.3587e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8432e-005 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | $\begin{array}{r} 7.9155e+005\\ 1.0516e+006\\ 1.8767e+003\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 1.2427e+006\\ 1.2427e+006\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 2.8914e+007\\ 1.8545e+003\\ 1.2355e+006\\ 3.9774e+004\\ 5.8463e+006\\ 1.2573e+006\\ 1.8859e+007\\ 1.8716e+003\\ \end{array}$ | 1.2592 1.6728 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 1.9653 1.6735 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | Re-006 Re-009 Re-009 Re-006 Re-006 | 4.6589e-0026.1893e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1919e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1918e-0027.3145e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1919e-0021.7018e+0001.0915e-0047.2718e-0022.3410e-0033.4410e-0017.4000e-002 |
| Po-214 Po-215 Po-216 Po-218 Ra-223 Ra-224 Ra-226 Ra-228 Rn-219 Rn-219 Rn-220 Rn-220 Tc-99 Th-227 Th-230 Th-231 Th-232 Th-234 Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 2.8421e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8432e-005 3.3587e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8432e-005 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.0516e+006\\ 1.8767e+003\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 1.8767e+003\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 1.2427e+006\\ 1.2427e+006\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 2.8914e+007\\ 1.8545e+003\\ 1.2355e+006\\ 3.9774e+004\\ 5.8463e+006\\ 1.2573e+006\\ 1.8859e+007\\ 1.8716e+003\\ \end{array}$ | 1.6728 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | Be-006 Be-009 Be-006 | 6.1893e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1919e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1918e-0027.3145e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1919e-0021.7018e+0001.0915e-0047.2718e-0022.3410e-0033.4410e-0017.4000e-002 |
| Po-215 Po-216 Po-218 Ra-223 Ra-224 Ra-226 Ra-228 Rn-219 Rn-219 Rn-220 Rn-220 Rn-220 Rn-220 Tc-99 Th-227 Th-228 Th-230 Th-231 Th-232 Th-234 Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8432e-005 3.3390e-005 2.8432e-005 3.3587e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | $\begin{array}{c} 1.8767e+003\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 1.8767e+003\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 1.2427e+006\\ 1.2427e+006\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 2.8914e+007\\ 1.8545e+003\\ 1.2355e+006\\ 3.9774e+004\\ 5.8463e+006\\ 1.2573e+006\\ 1.8859e+007\\ 1.8716e+003\\ \end{array}$ | 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 1.9769 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | e-009 ie-006 | 1.1046e-004 7.2716e-002 6.1919e-002 1.1046e-004 7.2716e-002 6.1918e-002 7.3145e-002 1.1046e-004 7.2716e-002 1.1046e-004 7.2716e-002 1.1046e-004 7.2716e-002 1.1046e-004 7.2716e-002 2.3145e-002 1.7018e+000 1.0915e-004 7.2718e-002 2.3410e-003 3.4410e-001 7.4000e-002 |
| Po-216 Po-218 Ra-223 Ra-224 Ra-226 Ra-228 Rn-219 Rn-220 Rn-220 Rn-220 Rn-220 Rn-220 Tc-99 Th-227 Th-230 Th-231 Th-232 Th-234 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8432e-005 3.3587e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8432e-005 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 1.8767e+003\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 1.2427e+006\\ 1.2427e+006\\ 1.8767e+003\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 2.8914e+007\\ 1.8545e+003\\ 1.2355e+006\\ 3.9774e+004\\ 5.8463e+006\\ 1.2573e+006\\ 1.8859e+007\\ 1.8716e+003\\ \end{array}$ | 1.9653 1.6735 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | ie-006 | 7.2716e-0026.1919e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1918e-0027.3145e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1919e-0021.7018e+0001.0915e-0047.2718e-0022.3410e-0033.4410e-0017.4000e-002 |
| Po-218 Ra-223 Ra-224 Ra-226 Ra-228 Rn-219 Rn-219 Rn-220 Rn-220 Rn-220 Tc-99 Th-227 Th-228 Th-230 Th-231 Th-232 Th-234 T1-207 T1-208 U-234 U-235 | 2.8433e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8432e-005 3.3587e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 1.0520e+006 1.8767e+003 1.2354e+006 1.0520e+006 1.2427e+006 1.2427e+006 1.2354e+006 1.0520e+006 2.8914e+007 1.8545e+003 1.2355e+006 3.9774e+004 5.8463e+006 1.2573e+006 1.8859e+007 1.8716e+003 | 1.6735 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 1.9769 2.9854 1.9769 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | ie-006 ie-009 ie-006 ie-008 ie-006 ie-006 ie-005 | 6.1919e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1918e-0027.3145e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1919e-0021.7018e+0001.0915e-0047.2718e-0022.3410e-0033.4410e-0017.4000e-002 |
| Ra-223 Ra-224 Ra-226 Ra-228 Rn-219 Rn-220 Rn-220 Rn-220 Th-220 Tc-99 Th-227 Th-230 Th-231 Th-232 Th-234 Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8432e-005 3.3587e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.8767e+003\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 1.2427e+006\\ 1.2427e+003\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 2.8914e+007\\ 1.8545e+003\\ 1.2355e+006\\ 3.9774e+004\\ 5.8463e+006\\ 1.2573e+006\\ 1.8859e+007\\ 1.8716e+003\\ \end{array}$ | 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 1.9769 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | e-009 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-008 ie-006 ie-006 ie-008 ie-006 ie-006 | 1.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1918e-0027.3145e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1919e-0021.7018e+0001.0915e-0047.2718e-0022.3410e-0033.4410e-0017.4000e-002 |
| Ra-224Ra-226Ra-228Rn-219Rn-220Rn-220Th-227Th-227Th-228Th-230Th-231Th-231Th-232Th-234Tl-207Tl-208U-234U-235 | 3.3390e-005 2.8432e-005 3.3587e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 1.2354e+006 1.0520e+006 1.2427e+006 1.8767e+003 1.2354e+006 1.0520e+006 2.8914e+007 1.8545e+003 1.2355e+006 3.9774e+004 5.8463e+006 1.2573e+006 1.8859e+007 1.8716e+003 | 1.9653 1.6735 1.9769 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | ie-006 ie-006 ie-009 ie-006 ie-006 ie-005 ie-008 ie-006 ie-006 ie-007 | 7.2716e-002 6.1918e-002 7.3145e-002 1.1046e-004 7.2716e-002 6.1919e-002 1.7018e+000 1.0915e-004 7.2718e-002 2.3410e-003 3.4410e-001 7.4000e-002 |
| Ra-226 Ra-228 Rn-219 Rn-220 Rn-220 Rn-220 Th-220 Tc-99 Th-227 Th-230 Th-231 Th-232 Th-234 Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 2.8432e-005 3.3587e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | $\begin{array}{c} 1.0520e+006\\ 1.2427e+006\\ 1.8767e+003\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 2.8914e+007\\ 1.8545e+003\\ 1.2355e+006\\ 3.9774e+004\\ 5.8463e+006\\ 1.2573e+006\\ 1.8859e+007\\ 1.8716e+003\\ \end{array}$ | 1.6735 1.9769 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | ie-006 ie-009 ie-009 ie-006 ie-005 ie-009 ie-009 ie-009 ie-009 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-005 | 6.1918e-0027.3145e-0021.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1919e-0021.7018e+0001.0915e-0047.2718e-0022.3410e-0033.4410e-0017.4000e-002 |
| Ra-228Rn-219Rn-220Rn-222Tc-99Th-227Th-228Th-230Th-231Th-231Th-232Th-234Tl-207Tl-208U-234U-235 | 3.3587e-005 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 1.2427e+006 1.8767e+003 1.2354e+006 1.0520e+006 2.8914e+007 1.8545e+003 1.2355e+006 3.9774e+004 5.8463e+006 1.2573e+006 1.8859e+007 1.8716e+003 | 1.9769 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | e-006 e-009 e-006 e-005 e-009 e-008 e-006 e-006 e-006 e-005 | 7.3145e-002 1.1046e-004 7.2716e-002 6.1919e-002 1.7018e+000 1.0915e-004 7.2718e-002 2.3410e-003 3.4410e-001 7.4000e-002 |
| Rn-219Rn-220Rn-222Tc-99Th-227Th-228Th-230Th-231Th-231Th-232Th-234Tl-207Tl-208U-234U-235 | 5.0722e-008 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.8767e+003\\ 1.2354e+006\\ 1.0520e+006\\ 2.8914e+007\\ 1.8545e+003\\ 1.2355e+006\\ 3.9774e+004\\ 5.8463e+006\\ 1.2573e+006\\ 1.8859e+007\\ 1.8716e+003\\ \end{array}$ | 2.9854 1.9653 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | e-009 e-006 e-005 e-009 e-006 e-008 e-006 e-006 e-006 e-006 e-005 | 1.1046e-0047.2716e-0026.1919e-0021.7018e+0001.0915e-0047.2718e-0022.3410e-0033.4410e-0017.4000e-002 |
| Rn-220 Rn-222 Tc-99 Th-227 Th-228 Th-230 Th-231 Th-232 Th-234 Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 3.3390e-005 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 1.2354e+006 1.0520e+006 2.8914e+007 1.8545e+003 1.2355e+006 3.9774e+004 5.8463e+006 1.2573e+006 1.8859e+007 1.8716e+003 | 1.9653 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | e-006 e-005 e-009 e-006 e-008 e-006 e-006 e-006 e-005 | 7.2716e-002 6.1919e-002 1.7018e+000 1.0915e-004 7.2718e-002 2.3410e-003 3.4410e-001 7.4000e-002 |
| Rn-222Tc-99Th-227Th-228Th-230Th-231Th-231Th-232Th-234Tl-207Tl-208U-234U-235 | 2.8433e-005 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 1.0520e+006 2.8914e+007 1.8545e+003 1.2355e+006 3.9774e+004 5.8463e+006 1.2573e+006 1.8859e+007 1.8716e+003 | 1.6735 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | ie-006 ie-005 ie-009 ie-006 ie-008 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-006 ie-005 | 6.1919e-0021.7018e+0001.0915e-0047.2718e-0022.3410e-0033.4410e-0017.4000e-002 |
| Tc-99Th-227Th-228Th-230Th-231Th-232Th-234Tl-207Tl-208U-234U-235 | 7.8145e-004 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 2.8914e+007 1.8545e+003 1.2355e+006 3.9774e+004 5.8463e+006 1.2573e+006 1.8859e+007 1.8716e+003 | 4.5994 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | e-005 e-009 e-006 e-008 e-006 e-006 e-006 e-005 | 1.7018e+0001.0915e-0047.2718e-0022.3410e-0033.4410e-0017.4000e-002 |
| Th-227 Th-228 Th-230 Th-231 Th-232 Th-234 Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 5.0123e-008 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 1.8545e+003 1.2355e+006 3.9774e+004 5.8463e+006 1.2573e+006 1.8859e+007 1.8716e+003 | 2.9501 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | e-009 e-006 e-008 e-006 e-006 e-005 | 1.0915e-004 7.2718e-002 2.3410e-003 3.4410e-001 7.4000e-002 |
| Th-228 Th-230 Th-231 Th-232 Th-234 Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 3.3392e-005 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 1.2355e+006 3.9774e+004 5.8463e+006 1.2573e+006 1.8859e+007 1.8716e+003 | 1.9654 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | e-006 be-008 be-006 be-006 be-005 | 7.2718e-002 2.3410e-003 3.4410e-001 7.4000e-002 |
| Th-230 Th-231 Th-232 Th-234 Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 1.0750e-006 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 3.9774e+004 5.8463e+006 1.2573e+006 1.8859e+007 1.8716e+003 | 6.3270 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | 0e-008 0e-006 0e-006 0e-005 | 2.3410e-003 3.4410e-001 7.4000e-002 |
| Th-231 Th-232 Th-234 Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 1.5801e-004 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 5.8463e+006 1.2573e+006 1.8859e+007 1.8716e+003 | 9.3000 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | le-006 le-006 le-005 | 3.4410e-001 7.4000e-002 |
| Th-232 Th-234 Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 3.3980e-005 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 1.2573e+006 1.8859e+007 1.8716e+003 | 2.0000 3.0000 2.9772 | e-006 le-005 | 7.4000e-002 |
| Th-234 Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 5.0970e-004 5.0583e-008 | 1.8859e+007 1.8716e+003 | 3.0000 2.9772 | e-005 | |
| Tl-207 Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | 5.0583e-008 | 1.8716e+003 | 2.9772 | | 1.11000-000 |
| Tl-208 U-234 U-235 | | | | le-009 | 1.1016e-004 |
| U-234 U-235 | | 4.430701003 | 7.0613 | | 2.6127e-002 |
| U-235 | 3.2278e-003 | 1.1943e+008 | | | 7.0294e+000 |
| | 1.5801e-004 | 5.8463e+006 | | | 3.4410e-001 |
| | 5.0970e-004 | 1.8859e+007 | | | 1.1100e+000 |
| | | | eference is Sou | | |
| | - | Ine material r Integration Pa | | lrce | |
| | | Direction | | | 20 |
| | | Direction | | <u> </u> | 20 |
| | | Direction | | | 20 |
| | | | | | 2 V |
| | Results - Dose | | 44e+02,76.2,22 | | I |
| | | | | H | te Exposure Rate |
| mergy (IVILE V) A | activity (Photons/sec) | | With Buildup | mR/hr No Buildup | mR/hr With Buildup |
| 0.015 | 1.100e+04 | 6.051e-18 | 6.665e-18 | 5.190e-19 | 5.717e-19 |
| 0.013 | 1.100e+04 | 4.674e-14 | 5.557e-14 | 1.619e-19 | 1.925e-15 |
| 0.02 | 8.570e+05 | 1.001e-05 | 1.432e-05 | 9.917e-08 | 1.419e-07 |
| 0.03 | 1.268e+04 | 1.670e-06 | 2.904e-06 | 7.386e-09 | 1.284e-08 |
| 0.04 | 1.208e+04 1.820e+05 | 7.241e-05 | 2.904e-06 1.534e-04 | 1.929e-07 | 4.087e-07 |
| 0.05 | 7.747e+05 | 5.908e-04 | 1.534e-04 1.516e-03 | 1.929e-07 1.174e-06 | 3.011e-06 |
| 0.08 | <u>1.490e+06</u> | 2.410e-03 | 7.617e-03 | 3.813e-06 | 1.205e-05 |
| 0.08 | 1.906e+06 | 4.809e-03 | 1.690e-02 | 7.357e-06 | 2.585e-05 |
| 0.1 | 1.7000+00 | 4.0070-03 | 1.0706-02 | 1.5570-00 | 2.3030-03 |

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| 0.15 | 9.725e+05 | 4.767e-03 | 1.764e-02 | 7.850e-06 | 2.906e-05 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0.2 | 4.399e+06 | 3.316e-02 | 1.187e-01 | 5.852e-05 | 2.095e-04 |
| 0.3 | 5.441e+05 | 7.436e-03 | 2.406e-02 | 1.410e-05 | 4.565e-05 |
| 0.4 | 4.342e+05 | 9.069e-03 | 2.684e-02 | 1.767e-05 | 5.229e-05 |
| 0.5 | 1.933e+05 | 5.628e-03 | 1.550e-02 | 1.105e-05 | 3.042e-05 |
| 0.6 | 9.113e+05 | 3.487e-02 | 9.020e-02 | 6.806e-05 | 1.761e-04 |
| 0.8 | 5.566e+05 | 3.292e-02 | 7.761e-02 | 6.262e-05 | 1.476e-04 |
| 1.0 | 1.253e+06 | 1.043e-01 | 2.299e-01 | 1.923e-04 | 4.237e-04 |
| 1.5 | 3.709e+05 | 5.781e-02 | 1.136e-01 | 9.726e-05 | 1.910e-04 |
| 2.0 | 2.858e+05 | 6.937e-02 | 1.274e-01 | 1.073e-04 | 1.970e-04 |
| 3.0 | 4.430e+05 | 1.985e-01 | 3.335e-01 | 2.693e-04 | 4.525e-04 |
| Totals | 1.560e+07 | 5.658e-01 | 1.201e+00 | 9.187e-04 | 1.996e-03 |
| | Results - Dose | Point # 2 - (2. | 74e+02,76.2,22 | 8.6) cm | |
| | | | | | Exposure Rate |
| Energy (MeV) | Activity (Photons/sec) | | | mR/hr | mR/hr |
| | | | | No Buildup | With Buildup |
| 0.015 | 1.100e+04 | 6.783e-18 | 7.470e-18 | 5.818e-19 | 6.407e-19 |
| 0.02 | 1.992e+01 | 5.039e-14 | 5.992e-14 | 1.745e-15 | 2.075e-15 |
| 0.03 | 8.570e+05 | 1.229e-05 | 1.768e-05 | 1.218e-07 | 1.753e-07 |
| 0.04 | . 1.268e+04 | 2.414e-06 | 4.289e-06 | 1.067e-08 | 1.897e-08 |
| 0.05 | 1.820e+05 | 1.154e-04 | 2.539e-04 | 3.073e-07 | 6.765e-07 |
| | 7.747e+05 | 9.901e-04 | 2.653e-03 | 1.967e-06 | 5.270e-06 |
| 0.06 | /./4/03 | | | 6694-06 | 0 000 05 |
| | 1.490e+06 | 4.224e-03 | 1.410e-02 | 6.684e-06 | 2.232e-05 |
| 0.06 | | 4.224e-03 8.592e-03 | 1.410e-02 3.199e-02 | 1.314e-05 | 2.232e-05 4.893e-05 |
| 0.06 0.08 | 1.490e+06 | | | | |
| 0.06 0.08 0.1 | 1.490e+06 1.906e+06 | 8.592e-03 | 3.199e-02 | 1.314e-05 | 4.893e-05 |
| 0.06 0.08 0.1 0.15 | 1.490e+06 1.906e+06 9.725e+05 | 8.592e-03 8.693e-03 | 3.199e-02 3.412e-02 | 1.314e-05 1.432e-05 | 4.893e-05 5.619e-05 |
| 0.06 0.08 0.1 0.15 0.2 | 1.490e+06 1.906e+06 9.725e+05 4.399e+06 | 8.592e-03 8.693e-03 6.110e-02 | 3.199e-02 3.412e-02 2.316e-01 | 1.314e-05 1.432e-05 1.078e-04 | 4.893e-05 5.619e-05 4.087e-04 |
| 0.06 0.08 0.1 0.15 0.2 0.3 | 1.490e+06 1.906e+06 9.725e+05 4.399e+06 5.441e+05 | 8.592e-03 8.693e-03 6.110e-02 1.388e-02 | 3.199e-02 3.412e-02 2.316e-01 4.737e-02 | 1.314e-05 1.432e-05 1.078e-04 2.633e-05 | 4.893e-05 5.619e-05 4.087e-04 8.986e-05 |
| 0.06 0.08 0.1 0.15 0.2 0.3 0.4 | 1.490e+06 1.906e+06 9.725e+05 4.399e+06 5.441e+05 4.342e+05 | 8.592e-03 8.693e-03 6.110e-02 1.388e-02 1.708e-02 | 3.199e-02 3.412e-02 2.316e-01 4.737e-02 5.308e-02 | 1.314e-05 1.432e-05 1.078e-04 2.633e-05 3.329e-05 | 4.893e-05 5.619e-05 4.087e-04 8.986e-05 1.034e-04 |
| 0.06 0.08 0.1 0.15 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 | 1.490e+06 1.906e+06 9.725e+05 4.399e+06 5.441e+05 4.342e+05 1.933e+05 | 8.592e-03 8.693e-03 6.110e-02 1.388e-02 1.708e-02 1.068e-02 | 3.199e-02 3.412e-02 2.316e-01 4.737e-02 5.308e-02 3.075e-02 | 1.314e-05 1.432e-05 1.078e-04 2.633e-05 3.329e-05 2.096e-05 | 4.893e-05 5.619e-05 4.087e-04 8.986e-05 1.034e-04 6.036e-05 |
| 0.06 0.08 0.1 0.15 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 | 1.490e+06 1.906e+06 9.725e+05 4.399e+06 5.441e+05 4.342e+05 1.933e+05 9.113e+05 | 8.592e-03 8.693e-03 6.110e-02 1.388e-02 1.708e-02 1.068e-02 6.651e-02 | 3.199e-02 3.412e-02 2.316e-01 4.737e-02 5.308e-02 3.075e-02 1.794e-01 | 1.314e-05 1.432e-05 1.078e-04 2.633e-05 3.329e-05 2.096e-05 1.298e-04 | 4.893e-05 5.619e-05 4.087e-04 8.986e-05 1.034e-04 6.036e-05 3.502e-04 |
| 0.06 0.08 0.1 0.15 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.8 | 1.490e+06 1.906e+06 9.725e+05 4.399e+06 5.441e+05 4.342e+05 1.933e+05 9.113e+05 5.566e+05 | 8.592e-03 8.693e-03 6.110e-02 1.388e-02 1.708e-02 1.068e-02 6.651e-02 6.335e-02 | 3.199e-02 3.412e-02 2.316e-01 4.737e-02 5.308e-02 3.075e-02 1.794e-01 1.550e-01 | 1.314e-05 1.432e-05 1.078e-04 2.633e-05 3.329e-05 2.096e-05 1.298e-04 1.205e-04 | 4.893e-05 5.619e-05 4.087e-04 8.986e-05 1.034e-04 6.036e-05 3.502e-04 2.948e-04 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 0.06\\ 0.08\\ 0.1\\ 0.15\\ 0.2\\ 0.3\\ 0.4\\ 0.5\\ 0.6\\ 0.8\\ 1.0\\ \end{array}$ | 1.490e+06 1.906e+06 9.725e+05 4.399e+06 5.441e+05 4.342e+05 1.933e+05 9.113e+05 5.566e+05 1.253e+06 | 8.592e-03 8.693e-03 6.110e-02 1.388e-02 1.708e-02 1.068e-02 6.651e-02 6.335e-02 2.021e-01 | 3.199e-02 3.412e-02 2.316e-01 4.737e-02 5.308e-02 3.075e-02 1.794e-01 1.550e-01 4.603e-01 | 1.314e-05 1.432e-05 1.078e-04 2.633e-05 3.329e-05 2.096e-05 1.298e-04 1.205e-04 3.725e-04 | 4.893e-05 5.619e-05 4.087e-04 8.986e-05 1.034e-04 6.036e-05 3.502e-04 2.948e-04 8.485e-04 |
| 0.06 0.08 0.1 0.15 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.5 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.490e+06\\ \hline 1.906e+06\\ 9.725e+05\\ \hline 4.399e+06\\ \hline 5.441e+05\\ \hline 4.342e+05\\ \hline 1.933e+05\\ \hline 9.113e+05\\ \hline 5.566e+05\\ \hline 1.253e+06\\ \hline 3.709e+05\\ \end{array}$ | 8.592e-03 8.693e-03 6.110e-02 1.388e-02 1.708e-02 1.068e-02 6.651e-02 6.335e-02 2.021e-01 1.133e-01 | 3.199e-02 3.412e-02 2.316e-01 4.737e-02 5.308e-02 3.075e-02 1.794e-01 1.550e-01 4.603e-01 2.286e-01 | 1.314e-05 1.432e-05 1.078e-04 2.633e-05 3.329e-05 2.096e-05 1.298e-04 1.205e-04 3.725e-04 1.907e-04 | 4.893e-05 5.619e-05 4.087e-04 8.986e-05 1.034e-04 6.036e-05 3.502e-04 2.948e-04 8.485e-04 3.846e-04 |

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RESRAD, Version 6.4 The Limit = 180 days 05/19/2009 10:29 Page 1 Summary : EGL Vadose Zone Analysis

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Dose Conversion Factor (and Related) Parameter Summary Dose Library: FGR 11

| 1 | | Current | Base | Parameter |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| Menu | Parameter | Value# | Case* | Name |
| | | | | |
| A-1 | DCF's for external ground radiation, (mrem/yr)/(pCi/g) | | | |
| A-1 | Ac-227 (Source: FGR 12) | | 4.951E-04 | DCF1(1) |
| A-1 | Ac-228 (Source: FGR 12) | 5.978E+00 | | DCF1(2) |
| A-1 | At-218 (Source: FGR 12) | | 5.847E-03 | |
| A-1 | Bi-210 (Source: FGR 12) | 3.606E-03 | | |
| A-1 | Bi-211 (Source: FGR 12) | 2.559E-01 | | |
| A-1 | Bi-212 (Source: FGR 12) | | 1.171E+00 | |
| A-1 | Bi-214 (Source: FGR 12) | | 9.808E+00 | |
| A-1 | Fr-223 (Source: FGR 12) | | 1.980E-01 | |
| A-1 | Pa-231 (Source: FGR 12) | | 1.906E-01 | |
| A-1 | Pa-234 (Source: FGR 12) | | 1.155E+01 | |
| A-1 | Pa-234m (Source: FGR 12) | | 8.967E-02 | |
| A-1 | Pb-210 (Source: FGR 12) | | 2.447E-03 | |
| A-1 | Pb-211 (Source: FGR 12) | | 3.064E-01 | |
| A-1 | Pb-212 (Source: FGR 12) | 1 | 7.043E-01 | |
| A-1 | Pb-214 (Source: FGR 12) | | 1.341E+00 | |
| A-1 | Po-210 (Source: FGR 12) | | 5.231E-05 | |
| A-1 | Po-211 (Source: FGR 12) | | 4.764E-02 | |
| A-1 | Po-212 (Source: FGR 12) | | 0.000E+00 | |
| A-1 | Po-214 (Source: FGR 12) | | 5.138E-04 | |
| A-1 | Po-215 (Source: FGR 12) | | 1.016E-03 | |
| A-1 | Po-216 (Source: FGR 12) | | 1.042E-04 | |
| A-1 | Po-218 (Source: FGR 12) | | 5.642E-05 | |
| A-1 | Ra-223 (Source: FGR 12) | | 6.034E-01 | • |
| | Ra-224 (Source: FGR 12) | | 5.119E-02 | |
| A-1 | Ra-226 (Source: FGR 12) | | 3.176E-02 | |
| A-1 | Ra-228 (Source: FGR 12) | | 0.000E+00 3.083E-01 | |
| A-1 | Rn-219 (Source: FGR 12) | 2.298E-03 | | , |
| A-1 A-1 | Rn-220 (Source: FGR 12) Rn-222 (Source: FGR 12) | 2.354E-03 | | |
| A-1 | TC-99 (Source: FGR 12) | 1.255E-04 | | |
| A-1 | Th-227 (Source: FGR 12) | | 5.212E-01 | |
| A-1 | Th-228 (Source: FGR 12) | | 7.940E-03 | |
| A-1 | Th-230 (Source: FGR 12) | 1.209E-03 | | • |
| A-1 | Th-231 (Source: FGR 12) | | 3.643E-02 | |
| A-1 | Th-232 (Source: FGR 12) | | 5.212E-04 | |
| | | | | |
| A-1 A-1 | Th-234 (Source: FGR 12) T1-207 (Source: FGR 12) | 2.410E-02 1.980E-02 | | |
| A-1 | T1-208 (Source: FGR 12) | 2.298E+01 | | |
| | T1-210 (Source: no data) | 0.000E+00 | • | • |
| A-1 | U-234 (Source: FGR 12) | 4.017E-04 | • | • |
| A-1 | U-235 (Source: FGR 12) | | 7.211E-01 | |
| A-1 | U-238 (Source: FGR 12) | | 1.031E-04 | • |
| | | | | |
| B-1 | Dose conversion factors for inhalation, mrem/pCi: | 1 | l | |
| в-1 | Ac-227+D | 6.724E+00 | 6.700E+00 | DCF2(1) |
| B-1 | Pa-231 | 1.280E+00 | 1.280E+00 | DCF2(2) |
| B-1 | Pb-210+D | 2.320E-02 | 1.360E-02 | DCF2(3) |
| B-1 | Ra-226+D | 8.594E-03 | 8.580E-03 | DCF2(4) |
| B-1 | Ra-228+D | 5.078E-03 | 4.770E-03 | DCF2(5) |

RESRAD, Version 6.4 The Limit = 180 days 05/19/2009 10:29 Page 3 Summary : EGL Vadose Zone Analysis

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Dose Conversion Factor (and Related) Parameter Summary (continued) Dose Library: FGR 11

| | | Current | Base | Parameter |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Menu | Parameter | Value# | Case* | Name |
| | | | | |
| B-1 | Tc-99 | 8.320E-06 | 8.320E-06 | DCF2(6) |
| B-1 | Th-228+D | 3.454E-01 | 3.420E-01 | DCF2(7) |
| B-1 | Th-230 | 3.260E-01 | 3.260E-01 | DCF2(8) |
| в-1 | Th-232 | 1.640E+00 | 1.640E+00 | DCF2(9) |
| B-1 | U-234 | 1.320E-01 | 1.320E-01 | DCF2(10) |
| B-1 | U-235+D | 1.230E-01 | 1.230E-01 | DCF2(11) |
| в-1 | U-238 | 1.180E-01 | 1.180E-01 | DCF2(12) |
| B-1 | U-238+D | 1.180E-01 | 1.180E-01 | DCF2(13) |
| | | | l | I |
| .D-1 | Dose conversion factors for ingestion, mrem/pCi: | | ŀ | I |
| D-1 | Ac-227+D | 1.480E-02 | 1.410E-02 | DCF3(1) |
| D-1 | Pa-231 | 1.060E-02 | 1.060E-02 | DCF3(2) |
| D-1 | Pb-210+D | 7.276E-03 | 5.370E-03 | DCF3(3) |
| D-1 | Ra-226+D | 1.321E-03 | 1.320E-03 | DCF3(4) |
| D-1 | Ra-228+D | 1.442E-03 | 1.440E-03 | DCF3(5) |
| D-1 | Tc-99 | 1.460E-06 | 1.460E-06 | DCF3(6) |
| D-1 | Th-228+D | 8.086E-04 | 3.960E-04 | DCF3(7) |
| D-1 | Th-230 | 5.480E-04 | 5.480E-04 | DCF3(8) |
| D-1 | Th-232 | 2.730E-03 | 2.730E-03 | DCF3(9) |
| · D-1 | U-234 | 2.830E-04 | 2.830E-04 | DCF3(10) |
| D-1 | U-235+D | 2.673E-04 | 2.660E-04 | DCF3(11) |
| D-1 | U-238 | 2.550E-04 | 2.550E-04 | DCF3(12) |
| D-1 | U-238+D | 2.687E-04 | 2.550E-04 | DCF3(13) |
| | l | l | I | l |
| D-34 | Food transfer factors: | l | I | 1 |
| D-34 | Ac-227+D , plant/soil concentration ratio, dimensionless | 2.500E-03 | 2.500E-03 | RTF(1,1) |
| D-34 | Ac-227+D , beef/livestock-intake ratio, (pCi/kg)/(pCi/d) | 2.000E-05 | 2.000E-05 | RTF(1,2) |
| D-34 | Ac-227+D , milk/livestock-intake ratio, (pCi/L)/(pCi/d) | 2.000E-05 | 2.000E-05 | RTF(1,3) |
| D-34 | / | l | I | l |
| D-34 | Pa-231 , plant/soil concentration ratio, dimensionless | 1.000E-02 | 1.000E-02 | RTF(2,1) |
| D-34 | <pre>Pa-231 , beef/livestock-intake ratio, (pCi/kg)/(pCi/d)</pre> | 5.000E-03 | 5.000E-03 | RTF(2,2) |
| D-34 | Pa-231 , milk/livestock-intake ratio, (pCi/L)/(pCi/d) | 5.000E-06 | 5.000E-06 | RTF(2,3) |
| D-34 | l · · · · | l | 1 | 1 |
| D-34 | Pb-210+D , plant/soil concentration ratio, dimensionless | 1.000E-02 | 1.000E-02 | RTF(3,1) |
| D-34 | <pre>Pb-210+D , beef/livestock-intake ratio, (pCi/kg)/(pCi/d)</pre> | 8.000E-04 | 8.000E-04 | RTF(3,2) |
| D-34 | <pre>Pb-210+D , milk/livestock-intake ratio, (pCi/L)/(pCi/d)</pre> | 3.000E-04 | 3.000E-04 | RTF(3,3) |
| D-34 | · · · | 1 | l | l · |
| D-34 | Ra-226+D , plant/soil concentration ratio, dimensionless | 4.000E-02 | 4.000E-02 | RTF(4,1) |
| D-34 | Ra-226+D , beef/livestock-intake ratio, (pCi/kg)/(pCi/d) | 1.000E-03 | 1.000E-03 | RTF(4,2) |
| D-34 | Ra-226+D , milk/livestock-intake ratio, (pCi/L)/(pCi/d) | 1.000E-03 | 1.000E-03 | RTF(4,3) |
| D-34 | | l | l · | l |
| D-34 | Ra-228+D , plant/soil concentration ratio, dimensionless | • | 4.000E-02 | RTF(5,1) |
| D-34 | Ra-228+D , beef/livestock-intake ratio, (pCi/kg)/(pCi/d) | 1.000E-03 | 1.000E-03 | RTF(5,2) |
| D-34 | <pre>Ra-228+D , milk/livestock-intake ratio, (pCi/L)/(pCi/d)</pre> | 1.000E-03 | 1.000E-03 | RTF(5,3) |
| D-34 | | l | Ι. | I |
| D-34 | Tc-99 , plant/soil concentration ratio, dimensionless | 5.000E+00 | 5.000E+00 | RTF(6,1) |
| D-34 | Tc-99 , beef/livestock-intake ratio, (pCi/kg)/(pCi/d) | 1.000E-04 | 1.000E-04 | RTF(6,2) |
| D-34 | Tc-99 , milk/livestock-intake ratio, (pCi/L)/(pCi/d) | 1.000E-03 | 1.000E-03 | RTF(6,3) |
| D-34 | 1 | 1 | I | l |

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Dose Conversion Factor (and Related) Parameter Summary (continued) Dose Library: FGR 11

| | l | | Current | Base | Parameter |
|------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Menu | | Parameter | Value# | Case* | Name |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | l | · |
| D-34 | Th-228+D , plant/s | oil concentration ratio, dimensionless | 1.000E-03 | 1.000E-03 | RTF(7,1) |
| D-34 | Th-228+D , beef/li | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/kg)/(pCi/d) | 1.000E-04 | 1.000E-04 | RTF(7,2) |
| D-34 | Th-228+D , milk/li | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/L)/(pCi/d) | 5.000E-06 | 5.000E-06 | RTF(7,3) |
| D-34 | l | | 1 | l | 1 |
| D-34 | Th-230 , plant/s | oil concentration ratio, dimensionless | 1.000E-03 | 1.000E-03 | RTF(8,1) |
| D-34 | Th-230 , beef/li | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/kg)/(pCi/d) | 1.000E-04 | 1.000E-04 | RTF(8,2) |
| D-34 | Th-230 , milk/li | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/L)/(pCi/d) | 5.000E-06 | 5.000E-06 | RTF(8,3) |
| D-34 | | | I | I | 1 |
| D-34 | Th-232 , plant/s | oil concentration ratio, dimensionless | 1.000E-03 | 1.000E-03 | RTF(9,1) |
| D-34 | Th-232 , beef/li | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/kg)/(pCi/d) | 1.000E-04 | 1.000E-04 | RTF(9,2) |
| D-34 | Th-232 , milk/li | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/L)/(pCi/d) | 5.000E-06 | 5.000E-06 | RTF(9,3) |
| D-34 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| D-34 | U-234 , plant/s | oil concentration ratio, dimensionless | | 2.500E-03 | |
| | | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/kg)/(pCi/d) | | 3.400E-04 | |
| | | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/L)/(pCi/d) | 6.000E-04 | 6.000E-04 | RTF(10,3) |
| D-34 | | | | 1 | |
| | | oil concentration ratio, dimensionless | | 2.500E-03 | |
| | | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/kg)/(pCi/d) | | 3.400E-04 | RTF(11,2) |
| | | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/L)/(pCi/d) | 6.000E-04 | 6.000E-04 | RTF(11,3) |
| D-34 | | | | | 1 |
| | | oil concentration ratio, dimensionless | | 2.500E-03 | |
| | | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/kg)/(pCi/d) | | 3.400E-04 | |
| | | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/L)/(pCi/d) | 6.000E-04 | 6.000E-04 | RTF(12,3) |
| D-34 | | | | | |
| | | oil concentration ratio, dimensionless | | 2.500E-03 | |
| | · · · | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/kg)/(pCi/d) | | 3.400E-04 | RTF(13,2) |
| D-24 | U-238+D , milk/li | vestock-intake ratio, (pCi/L)/(pCi/d) | 0.0002-04 | 0.0001-04 | RTF(13,3) |
| D-5 | Bioaccumulation fac | tors, fresh water, L/kg: | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Ac-227+D , fish | tors, fresh water, b/kg. | 1 500E+01 | 1 1 500E+01 | BIOFAC(1,1) |
| D-5 | Ac-227+D , crustac | ea and mollusks | | 1.000E+03 | |
| D-5 | , | | | 1 | 1 |
| D-5 | Pa-231 , fish | | 1.000E+01 | 1.000E+01 | BIOFAC(2,1) |
| D-5 | | ea and mollusks | | 1.100E+02 | |
| D-5 | | · · · · | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| D-5 | Pb-210+D , fish | | 3.000E+02 | 3.000E+02 | BIOFAC(3,1) |
| D-5 | Pb-210+D , crustac | ea and mollusks | · • | | BIOFAC(3,2) |
| D-5 | | | i | ļ | 1 |
| D-5 | Ra-226+D , fish · | | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | BIOFAC(4,1). |
| D-5 | Ra-226+D , crustac | ea and mollusks | 2.500E+02 | 2.500E+02 | BIOFAC(4,2) |
| D-5 | 1 | | 1 | | |
| D-5 | Ra-228+D , fish | | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | BIOFAC(5,1) |
| D-5 | Ra-228+D , crustac | ea and mollusks | 2.500E+02 | 2.500E+02 | BIOFAC(5,2) |
| D-5 | · · · | | + | I | 1 |
| D-5 | Tc-99 , fish | · · · · · | 2.000E+01 | 2.000E+01 | BIOFAC(6,1) |
| D-5 | Tc-99 , crustac | ea and mollusks | 5.000E+00 | 5.000E+00 | BIOFAC(6,2) |
| D-5 | l | | L | | I |
| D-5 | Th-228+D , fish | | 1.000E+02 | 1.000E+02 | BIOFAC(7,1) |
| D-5 | Th-228+D , crustac | ea and mollusks | 5.000E+02 | 5.000E+02 | BIOFAC(7,2) |
| D-5 | 1 | | I | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | |

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Dose Conversion Factor (and Related) Parameter Summary (continued) Dose Library: FGR 11

| Menu | | Parameter | Current Value# | Base Case* | Parameter Name |
|-------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| D-5 | Th-230 | , fish | 1.000E+02 | 1.000E+02 | BIOFAC(8,1) |
| D-5 | Th-230 | , crustacea and mollusks | 5.000E+02 | 5.000E+02 | BIOFAC(8,2) |
| D-5 | I | | 1 | | |
| D-5 | Th-232 | , fish | 1.000E+02 | 1.000E+02 | BIOFAC(9,1) |
| D-5 | Th-232 | , crustacea and mollusks | 5.000E+02 | 5.000E+02 | BIOFAC(9,2) |
| D-5 | l | | ł | I | |
| D-5 | U-234 | , fish | 1.000E+01 | 1.000E+01 | BIOFAC(10,1) |
| D-5 | U-234 | , crustacea and mollusks | 6.000E+01 | 6.000E+01 | BIOFAC(10,2) |
| D-5 | I | | l | I | |
| . D-5 | U-235+D | , fish | 1.000E+01 | 1.000E+01 | BIOFAC(11,1) |
| D-5 | U-235+D | , crustacea and mollusks | 6.000E+01 | 6.000E+01 | BIOFAC(-11,2) |
| D-5 | | | I | l | |
| D-5 | U-238 | , fish | 1.000E+01 | 1.000E+01 | BIOFAC(12,1) |
| D-5 | U-238 | , crustacea and mollusks | 6.000E+01 | 6.000E+01 | BIOFAC(12,2) |
| D-5 | | | I | l | ' |
| D-5 | U-238+D | , fish | 1.000E+01 | 1.000E+01 | BIOFAC(13,1) |
| D-5 | U-238+D | , crustacea and mollusks | 6.000E+01 | 6.000E+01 | BIOFAC(13,2) |

#For DCF1(xxx) only, factors are for infinite depth & area. See ETFG table in Ground Pathway of Detailed Report.
*Base Case means Default.Lib w/o Associate Nuclide contributions.

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Site-Specific Parameter Summary

| New Farameter Input Default If different from user input) Nome B011 Area of contaminated zone (m*1) 8,6226-04 1.005042 8555 B011 Imput parallel to equipation (m) 1.5360400 1.005042 8501 B011 Sair calation does limit (stramyry) 2.5068-00 3.005040 8601 B011 Sair calation does instit (stramyry) 2.5068-00 3.005040 871 B011 Times for calculations (yr) 3.0051-01 1.005040 871 B011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0051-01 1.005010 871 | | | User | I | Used by RESRAD | Parameter |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------|
| Net Action Action Action Action 2011 Action Action Action Action Action 2011 Thickness of contaminated zone (n) 3.3660:00 2.0000:00 Action 2011 Best of contaminated zone (n) 3.3660:00 2.0000:00 BCD 2011 Time since placement of material (yr) [.0000:00 0.0000:00 FC 2011 Times for calculations (yr) [.0000:00 0.0000:00 FC 2011 Times for calculations (yr) [.0000:01 0.0000:00 FC 2011 Times for calculations (yr) [.0000:02 3.0000:00 FC 2011 Times for calculations (yr) [.0000:02 3.0000:00 FC 2011 Times for calculations (yr) [.0000:02 3.0000:00 FC 2011 Time for calculations (yr) [.0000:00 FC FC 2011 Time for calculations (yr) < | Menu I | Parameter | | l Default | - | |
| B111 Thickness of constainated toos (n) 3.460761 2.400810 HCCDP B011 Length parallel to agnifer flow (n) 3.460761 1.0008100 HCCDP B011 Time since placement of material (yr) 1.0008100 1.0008100 HCCDP B011 Time since placement of material (yr) 1.000810 1.0008100 Tf B011 Time since placement of material (yr) 1.000810 1.000810 Tf B011 Time since calculations (yr) 1.000810 1.000810 Tf Tf B011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.000810 1.000810 Tf Tf B011 Times for calculations (yr) Indu and 0.000810 Tf Tf B011 Times for calculations (yr) Indu and 0.000840 Tf Tf B011 Times for calculations (yr) Indu and 0.0008400 Tf Tf B011 Times for calculations (yr) | | | | | | |
| BA11 Length parallel to aquifer flow (m) 5.200702 1.0003402 1.600840 B011 Same radiation dose limit (mem/yr) 2.5008401 3.0003401 1.600840 B011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008400 1.0008400 1.61 B011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008400 1.0008400 1.61 B011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008400 1.0008402 1.61 B011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008402 1.0008402 1.61 B011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008402 1.0008402 1.61 B011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0008400 1.61 B011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0008400 1.61 B011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0008400 1.61 B011 Times for calculations (yr) Fb-21 1.6008402 1.61 | R011 | Area of contaminated zone (m**2) | 8.822E+04 | 1.000E+04 | | AREA |
| S011 Basic relation dom limit (reme/y) 2.000240 0.0000100 | R011 | Thickness of contaminated zone (m) | 3.360E+01 | 2.000E+00 | | THICK0 |
| stime since placement of material (y) 0.000000 0.000000 | R011 | Length parallel to aquifer flow (m) | 5.820E+02 | 1.000E+02 | | LCZPAQ |
| 8011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0002+00 1.0002+00 T(3) 8011 Times for calculations (yr) 3.0002+00 3.0002+00 T(4) 8011 Times for calculations (yr) 3.0002+00 3.0002+00 T(4) 8011 Times for calculations (yr) 3.0002+00 3.0002+00 T(4) 8011 Times for calculations (yr) 3.0002+00 3.0002+00 T(6) 8011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0002+02 3.0002+00 T(7) 8011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0002+00 T(8) 8011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0002+00 T(8) 8011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0002+00 T(8) 8011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0002+00 S1(4) 8012 Initial principal radiomolide (pCl/g): Tr-228 9.2302-03 0.0002+00 S1(1) 8012 Initial principal radiomolide (pCl/g): Tr-228 9.2302-03 0 | R011 | Basic radiation dose limit (mrem/yr) | 2.500E+01 | 3.000E+01 | | BRDL |
| R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0002401 1.0002401 T(3) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0002401 1.0002401 T(4) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0002401 1.0002401 T(4) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0002401 1.0002401 T(4) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0002403 1.0002401 T(4) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0012403 1.0002400 T(4) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0012403 1.0002400 T(4) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 0.011 1.001240 T(4) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 0.01240 T(4) T(4) R011 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): Tr-223 7.690-03 0.0002400 \$1(4) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): Tr-223 7.230-03 0.0002400 \$1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): Tr-223 7.230-01 <td>R011 </td> <td>Time since placement of material (yr)</td> <td>0.000E+00</td> <td>0.000E+00</td> <td> </td> <td>TI I</td> | R011 | Time since placement of material (yr) | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | | TI I |
| R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008+01 1.0008+01 T(4) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008+02 1.0008+02 T(6) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008+02 0.0008+00 T(6) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.001440 0.0008+00 T(6) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pC/g): R-228 7.6908-03 0.0008+00 S1(4) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pC/g): Th-222 9.2308-03 0.0008+00 S1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pC/g): Th-222 9.2308-03 0.0008+00 S1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pC/g): Th-222 9.2308-03 0.0008+00 S1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclid | R011 | Times for calculations (yr) | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | | Т(2) |
| R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008+01 1.0008+02 1 f. 5) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008+02 1 f. 6) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008+03 1 f. 7) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008+03 1 f. 7) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008+03 1 f. 7) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0008+03 1 f. 7) R011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0008+00 1 f. 7) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): F0-210 7.6900-03 0.0008+00 8 51(3) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): Th-228 9.2308-03 0.0008+00 8 51(5) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): Th-228 9.2308-03 0.0008+00 8 51(7) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): Th-228 9.2308-03 0.0008+00 8 51(7) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): Th-228 9.2008-00 8 51(1) | R011 | Times for calculations (yr) | 3.000E+00 | 3.000E+00 | | T (3) |
| N011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0005402 1.0005402 T(f) N011 Times for calculations (yr) 3.0005402 3.0005402 T(f) N011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0005402 3.0005402 T(f) N011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0005400 T(f) N011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0005400 T(f) N011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0005400 T(f) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCL/g): Re-226 7.6906-03 0.0005400 \$31(6) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCL/g): Re-226 7.6906-03 0.0005400 \$31(7) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCL/g): U-234 8.66650-01 0.0005400 \$31(7) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCL/g): U-234 8.6665-01 0.0005400 \$31(7) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCL/g): U-234 8.6665-01 0.0005400 \$31(7) N012 Ini | R011 | Times for calculations (yr) | 1.000E+01 | 1.000E+01 | · · | T (4) |
| R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0005402 3.0005402 T(1) R011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.0005403 T(8) R011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0005400 T(8) R011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0005400 T(8) R012 Thitial princips radionuclide (pCL/g): Pb-210 7.6905-03 0.0005400 S1(3) R012 Initial princips radionuclide (pCL/g): Pb-210 7.6905-03 0.0005400 S1(4) R012 Initial princips radionuclide (pCL/g): Th-228 9.2306-03 0.0005400 S1(1) R012 Initial princips radionuclide (pCL/g): Th-228 9.2306-03 0.0005400 S1(1) R012 Initial princips radionuclide (pCL/g): Th-228 9.2306-03 0.0005400 S1(1) R012 Concentation in groundwater (pCL/L): Th-228 1.3806-01 0.0005400 N1(4) | R011 | Times for calculations (yr) | 3.000E+01 | 3.000E+01 | | Т(5) |
| N011 Times for calculations (yr) 1.000E+03 1.000E+03 7(8) N011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.000E+00 7(19) N012 Thital principal radionuclide (pCi/g): not used 0.000E+00 7(10) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): R-226 7.600E-03 0.000E+00 \$1(4) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): The 226 7.600E-03 0.000E+00 \$1(4) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): The 226 9.230E-03 0.000E+00 \$1(7) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): The 226 9.230E-03 0.000E+00 \$1(10) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-236 1.300E-01 \$1(10) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-236 1.300E-01 \$1(10) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-236 1.300E+01 \$1(10) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-236 1.000E+01 | R011 | Times for calculations (yr) | 1.000E+02 | 1.000E+02 | | T(6) |
| R011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0005400 7(9) R011 Times for calculations (yr) not used 0.0005400 7(10) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Bh-210 7.690E-03 0.0005400 \$1(3) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): R-226 7.690E-03 0.0005400 \$1(6) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Th-228 9.230E-03 0.0005400 \$1(7) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Th-228 9.230E-03 0.0005400 \$1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-235 4.230E-02 0.0005400 \$1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-235 1.330E-01 0.0005400 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): R-226 not used 0.0005400 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.0005400 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.0005400 < | R011 | Times for calculations (yr) | 3.000E+02 | 3.000E+02 | | T(7) |
| N011 Times for calculations (yr) in ou used 0.0002+00 7(10) I I I I I I N12 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): Pb-210 7.6902-03 0.0002+00 \$1(3) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): R-226 7.5902-03 0.0002+00 \$1(6) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): Th-228 9.2300-03 0.0002+00 \$1(1) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): Th-228 9.2300-03 0.0002+00 \$1(1) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): V-235 4.2302-02 0.0002+00 \$1(1) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): V-235 4.2302-02 0.0002+00 \$1(1) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): V-235 4.2302-02 0.0002+00 \$1(1) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCl/g): V-235 1.0002+00 \$1(1) N012 Concentration in groundwater (pCl/g): Tc-232 1.0002+00 \$1(1) N012 Concentration in groundwater (| R011 | Times for calculations (yr) | 1.000E+03 | 1.000E+03 | | T(8) |
| 8012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Ra-226 7.690E-03 0.000E+00 \$1(3) 8012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): TC-99 2.110E-01 0.000E+00 \$1(6) 8012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): TC-99 2.110E-01 0.000E+00 \$1(7) 8012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): TC-22 9.230E-03 0.000E+00 \$1(7) 8012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-234 8.660E-01 0.000E+00 \$1(1) 8012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-234 8.360E-01 0.000E+00 \$1(1) 8012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Rb-210 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(1) 8012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Rb-220 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(1) 8012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(1) 8012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(10) 8012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+ | R011 | Times for calculations (yr) | not used | 0.000E+00 | | T (9) |
| R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Ra-226 7.6908-03 0.0008+00 \$1(4) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Th-228 2.1108-01 0.0008+00 \$1(7) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Th-228 9.2308-03 0.0008+00 \$1(7) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-234 8.6602-01 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-234 8.6602-01 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-238 1.3805-01 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): P-238 1.3805-01 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): P-298 not used 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.0008+00 | R011 | Times for calculations (yr) | not used | 0.000E+00 | | T(10) |
| R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Ra-226 7.6908-03 0.0008+00 \$1(4) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Th-228 2.1108-01 0.0008+00 \$1(7) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Th-228 9.2308-03 0.0008+00 \$1(7) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-234 8.6602-01 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-234 8.6602-01 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-238 1.3805-01 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): P-238 1.3805-01 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): P-298 not used 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.0008+00 | I | | 1 | I | 1 | 1 |
| N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Tc-99 2.110E-01 0.000E+00 \$1(6) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Th-228 9.230E-33 0.000E+00 \$1(7) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-234 8.660E-01 0.000E+00 \$1(1) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-235 4.230E-02 0.000E+00 \$1(1) N012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-235 4.230E-02 0.000E+00 \$1(1) N012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): R-226 not used 0.000E+00 W1(3) N012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 W1(4) N012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 W1(7) N012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 W1(7) N012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-232 not used 0.000E+00 W1(7) N012 Concentration in gro | R012 | Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Pb-210 | 7.690E-03 | 0.000E+00 | | S1(3) |
| R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Th-228 9.2308-03 0.0008+00 \$1(7) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Th-232 9.2308-03 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-234 8.6608-01 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-238 1.3608-01 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): DP-210 not used 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Tc-99 not used 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 not used 0.0008+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 not used 0.0008+00 | R012 | Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Ra-226 | 7.690E-03 | 0.000E+00 | | S1(4) |
| R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Th-232 9.230E-03 0.000E+00 \$1(9) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-234 8.660E-01 0.000E+00 \$1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-234 8.660E-01 0.000E+00 \$1(1) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-235 1.330E-01 0.000E+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): R-226 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): R-226 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(10) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(10) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(10) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 <td>R012 </td> <td>Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Tc-99</td> <td>2.110E-01</td> <td>0.000E+00</td> <td>1</td> <td> S1(6)</td> | R012 | Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Tc-99 | 2.110E-01 | 0.000E+00 | 1 | S1(6) |
| R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-234 8.660E-01 0.000E+00 \$1(10) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-235 4.230E-02 0.000E+00 \$51(12) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-238 1.380E-01 0.000E+00 \$51(12) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Pb-210 not used 0.000E+00 W1(3) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Pb-210 not used 0.000E+00 W1(4) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-232 not used 0.000E+00 W1(7) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-232 not used 0.000E+00 W1(10) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 not used 0.000E+00 W1(10) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 not used 0.000E+00 W1(11) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 not used 0.000E+00 W1(12) R013 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 not used 0.000E+00< | R012 | Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Th-228 | 9.230E-03 | 0.000E+00 | | S1(7) |
| R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-235 4.230E-02 0.000E+00 \$51(11) R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-235 1.380E-01 0.000E+00 \$51(12) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Pb-210 not used 0.000E+00 \$11(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Ra-226 not used 0.000E+00 \$11(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-238 not used 0.000E+00 \$11(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 \$11(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-232 not used 0.000E+00 \$11(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.000E+00 \$11(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.000E+00 \$11(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.000E+00 \$11(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.000E+00 | R012 | Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Th-232 | 9.230E-03 | 0.000E+00 | | S1(9) |
| R012 Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-238 1.380E-01 0.000E+00 \$1(12) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Pa-226 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(12) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Ra-226 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(14) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-28 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(17) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(10) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(10) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(10) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(12) R013 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 \$1(12) R013 Density of cover material (g/cm**3) 1.780E+00 1.500E+00 \$02NExCV R013 Contaminated zone toian rate (m/yr) 1.000E-03 \$02NExC | R012 | Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-234 | 8.660E-01 | 0.000E+00 | | S1(10) |
| R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Pb-210 not used 0.000E+00 W1(3) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Ra-226 not used 0.000E+00 W1(4) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 W1(5) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 W1(9) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.000E+00 W1(9) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.000E+00 W1(10) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 not used 0.000E+00 W1(11) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 W1(12) R013 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 DENSCV R013 Density of cover material (g/cm*3) 1.780E+00 1.500E+00 DENSCV R013 Contaminated zone (g/cm*3) 1.500E+00 1.500E+00 DE | R012 | Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-235 | 4.230E-02 | 0.000E+00 | | S1(11) |
| R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Ra-226 not used 0.000E+00 W1(4) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Tc-99 not used 0.000E+00 W1(7) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 W1(7) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 W1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.000E+00 W1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 not used 0.000E+00 W1(1) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 W1(1) R013 Cover depth (m) 3.600E+00 0.000E+00 VCV R013 Cover material (g/cm**3) 1.500E+00 1.500E+00 VCV R013 Contaminated zone eroison rate (m/yr) 1.000E-03 1.000E-03 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone field capacity 2.000E-01 4.000E-01 VCZ R013 | R012 | Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): U-238 | 1.380E-01 | 0.000E+00 | | S1(12) |
| R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Tc-99 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (6) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (7) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-222 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (9) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (10) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (11) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (12) R013 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (12) R013 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (12) R013 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (2) R013 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 1.500E+00 1.500E+00 DENSCV R013 Contaminated zone tesion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-03 | R012 | Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Pb-210 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | W1(3) |
| R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (7) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-232 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (9) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (9) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (10) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-236 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (12) R013 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (12) R013 Cover depth (m) 3.600E+00 0.000E+00 DENSCV R013 Density of cover material (g/cm**3) 1.780E+00 1.500E+00 VCV R013 Contaminated zone total porosity 1.000E-03 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone total porosity 1.000E-03 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone total porosity 1.000E+01 1.000E+01 PCCZ< | R012 | Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Ra-226 | not used | 0.000E+00 | 1 | W1(4) |
| R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-232 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (9) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (10) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (11) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (2) R013 Cover depth (m) S600E+00 0.000E+00 DENSCV R013 Cover depth erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-04 1.500E+00 DENSCV R013 Cortaminated zone (g/cm**3) 1.500E+00 1.500E+00 DENSCZ R013 Contaminated zone field capacity 1.000E-03 1.000E-03 VCV R013 Contaminated zone total porosity 4.000E-01 4.000E-01 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone bydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.000E+01 2.000E-01 PCCZ R013 Contaminated zone bydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.000E+01 2.000E+00 </td <td>R012</td> <td>Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Tc-99</td> <td>not used</td> <td>0.000E+00</td> <td></td> <td>W1(6)</td> | R012 | Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Tc-99 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | W1(6) |
| R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 I not used 0.000E+00 W1(10) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 I not used 0.000E+00 W1(12) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 I not used 0.000E+00 W1(12) R013 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 I not used 0.000E+00 W1(12) R013 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 I not used 0.000E+00 W1(12) R013 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 I not used 0.000E+00 W1(12) R013 Density of cover material (g/cm**3) 1.780E+00 1.500E+00 DENSCV R013 Density of contaminated zone (g/cm**3) 1.500E+00 1.500E+00 VCV R013 Contaminated zone total porosity 4.000E-01 4.000E-01 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.000E+01 1.000E+01 HCCZ R013 Contaminated zone byarameter 5.300E+00 HCCZ R013 <td>R012</td> <td>Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228</td> <td>not used</td> <td>0.000E+00</td> <td></td> <td> W1(7)</td> | R012 | Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-228 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | W1(7) |
| R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 I not used 0.000E+00 W1(11) R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 I not used 0.000E+00 W1(12) R013 Cover depth (m) 3.600E+00 0.000E+00 COVER0 R013 Density of cover material (g/cm**3) 1.780E+00 1.500E+00 DENSCV R013 Cover depth erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-04 1.000E-03 VCV R013 Density of contaminated zone (g/cm**3) 1.500E+00 VCV R013 Contaminated zone erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-03 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone field capacity 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone field capacity 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone bial mater 5.300E+00 HCZ RCI R013 Contaminated zone bial capacity 2.000E+01 1.000E+01 HCZ R013 Contaminated zone bial capacity 2.000E+01 1.000E+00 | R012 | Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Th-232 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | W1(9) |
| R012 Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 not used 0.000E+00 W1 (12) R013 Cover depth (m) 3.600E+00 0.000E+00 COVER0 R013 Density of cover material (g/cm**3) 1.780E+00 1.500E+00 DENSCV R013 Cover depth erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-04 1.500E+00 VCV R013 Contaminated zone (g/cm**3) 1.500E+00 1.500E+00 VCV R013 Contaminated zone erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-04 1.000E-03 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-01 VCZ VCZ R013 Contaminated zone field capacity 2.000E-01 4.000E-01 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.000E+01 1.000E+01 FCCZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 5.300E+00 HCZ R013 Contaminated zone disld capacity 2.000E+01 HCZ RCZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.3 | R012 | Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-234 | not used | 0.000E+00 | I | W1(10) |
| R013 Cover depth (m) 3.600E+00 0.000E+00 COVER0 R013 Density of cover material (g/cm**3) 1.780E+00 1.500E+00 DENSCV R013 Cover depth erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-04 1.000E-03 VCV R013 Density of contaminated zone (g/cm**3) 1.500E+00 1.500E+00 VCV R013 Contaminated zone erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-03 1.000E-03 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone total porosity 4.000E-01 4.000E-01 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.000E+01 2.000E+01 PCCZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 5.300E+00 BCZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 2.000E+00 WIND R013 Average annual wind speed (m/sec) 2.000E+01 2.000E+00 WIND R013 Huridity in air (g/m**3) not used 8.000E+00 WIND R013 Evapotranspiration coefficient 7.500E | R012 | Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-235 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | W1(11) |
| R013 Density of cover material (g/cm**3) 1.780E+00 1.500E+00 DENSCV R013 Cover depth erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-04 1.000E-03 VCV R013 Density of contaminated zone (g/cm**3) 1.500E+00 1.500E+00 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-03 1.000E-03 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone total porosity 4.000E-01 4.000E-01 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone field capacity 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 FCCZ R013 Contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.000E+01 1.000E+01 HCCZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 5.300E+00 HCZ R013 Average annual wind speed (m/sec) 2.000E+01 2.000E+00 HCZ R013 Humidity in air (g/m**3) not used 8.000E+00 HUMID R013 Evapotranspiration coefficient 7.500E-01 5.000E-01 PRECIP R013 Irrigation (m/yr) 2 | R012 | Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): U-238 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | W1(12) |
| R013 Density of cover material (g/cm**3) 1.780E+00 1.500E+00 DENSCV R013 Cover depth erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-04 1.000E-03 VCV R013 Density of contaminated zone (g/cm**3) 1.500E+00 1.500E+00 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-03 1.000E-03 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone total porosity 4.000E-01 4.000E-01 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone field capacity 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 FCCZ R013 Contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.000E+01 1.000E+01 HCCZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 5.300E+00 HCZ R013 Average annual wind speed (m/sec) 2.000E+01 2.000E+00 HCZ R013 Humidity in air (g/m**3) not used 8.000E+00 HUMID R013 Evapotranspiration coefficient 7.500E-01 5.000E-01 PRECIP R013 Irrigation (m/yr) 2 | | | 1 | • | I | ł |
| R013 Cover depth erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-04 1.000E-03 VCV R013 Density of contaminated zone (g/cm**3) 1.500E+00 1.500E+00 DENSCZ R013 Contaminated zone erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-03 1.000E-03 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone total porosity 4.000E-01 4.000E-01 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone field capacity 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 PCZ R013 Contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.000E+01 1.000E+01 HCCZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 5.300E+00 HCZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 2.000E+00 HCZ R013 Average annual wind speed (m/sec) 2.000E+00 2.000E+00 HUMID R013 Evapotranspiration coefficient 7.500E-01 5.000E-01 PRECIP R013 Evapotranspiration (m/yr) 1.840E-01 1.000E+00 PRECIP R013 Irrigation mode overh | R013 | Cover depth (m) | 3.600E+00 | 0.000E+00 | | COVER0 |
| R013 Density of contaminated zone (g/cm**3) 1.500E+00 1.500E+00 DENSCZ R013 Contaminated zone erósion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-03 1.000E-03 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone total porosity 4.000E-01 4.000E-01 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone total porosity 4.000E-01 2.000E-01 FCCZ R013 Contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.000E+01 1.000E+01 HCZZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 5.300E+00 HCZZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 2.000E+00 HCZ R013 Average annual wind speed (m/sec) 2.000E+00 2.000E+00 HCZ R013 Humidity in air (g/m**3) I not used 8.000E+00 HUMID R013 Evapotranspiration coefficient 7.500E-01 5.000E-01 FCZ R013 Precipitation (m/yr) 2.000E-01 1.000E+00 FCEIP R013 Irrigation mode overhead | R013 | Density of cover material (g/cm**3) | 1.780E+00 | 1.500E+00 | | DENSCV |
| R013 Contaminated zone erosion rate (m/yr) 1.000E-03 1.000E-03 VCZ R013 Contaminated zone total porosity 4.000E-01 4.000E-01 TPCZ R013 Contaminated zone field capacity 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 FCCZ R013 Contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.000E+01 1.000E+01 HCCZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 5.300E+00 BCZ R013 Average annual wind speed (m/sec) 2.000E+00 2.000E+00 WIND R013 Humidity in air (g/m**3) not used 8.000E+00 HUMID R013 Evapotranspiration coefficient 7.500E-01 5.000E-01 PRCIP R013 Precipitation (m/yr) 1.840E-01 1.000E+00 PRCIP R013 Irrigation mode overhead overhead RI R013 Irrigation mode 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RI R013 Irrigation mode Ioverhead overhead | R013 | Cover depth erosion rate (m/yr) | 1.000E-04 | 1.000E-03 | I | vcv |
| R013 Contaminated zone total porosity 4.000E-01 4.000E-01 TPCZ R013 Contaminated zone field capacity 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 FCCZ R013 Contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.000E+01 1.000E+01 HCCZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 5.300E+00 BCZ R013 Average annual wind speed (m/sec) 2.000E+00 2.000E+00 WIND R013 Humidity in air (g/m**3) not used 8.000E+00 HUMID R013 Evapotranspiration coefficient 7.500E-01 5.000E-01 PRECIP R013 Precipitation (m/yr) 1.840E-01 1.000E+00 PRECIP R013 Irrigation (m/yr) 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RI R013 Irrigation (m/yr) 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 PRECIP R013 Irrigation mode overhead overhead RI R013 Runoff coefficient 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 R | R013 | Density of contaminated zone (g/cm**3) | 1.500E+00 | 1.500E+00 | í | DENSCZ |
| R013 Contaminated zone field capacity 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 FCCZ R013 Contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.000E+01 1.000E+01 HCCZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 5.300E+00 BCZ R013 Average annual wind speed (m/sec) 2.000E+00 2.000E+00 WIND R013 Humidity in air (g/m**3) not used 8.000E+00 HUMID R013 Evapotranspiration coefficient 7.500E-01 5.000E-01 EVAPTR R013 Precipitation (m/yr) 1.840E-01 1.000E+00 PRECIP R013 Irrigation (m/yr) 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RI R013 Irrigation mode overhead overhead RI R013 Runoff coefficient 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RUNOFF R013 Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m**2) 1.000E+06 1.000E+06 WAREA | R013 | Contaminated zone erosion rate (m/yr) | 1.000E-03 | 1.000E-03 | I | VCZ |
| R013 Contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.000E+01 1.000E+01 HCCZ R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 5.300E+00 BCZ R013 Average annual wind speed (m/sec) 2.000E+00 2.000E+00 WIND R013 Humidity in air (g/m**3) not used 8.000E+00 HUMID R013 Evapotranspiration coefficient 7.500E-01 5.000E-01 EVAPTR R013 Precipitation (m/yr) 1.840E-01 1.000E+00 PRECIP R013 Irrigation (m/yr) 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RI R013 Irrigation mode overhead overhead RUNOFF R013 Runoff coefficient 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RUNOFF R013 Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m**2) 1.000E+06 1.000E+06 WAREA | R013 | Contaminated zone total porosity | 4.000E-01 | 4.000E-01 | | TPCZ |
| R013 Contaminated zone b parameter 5.300E+00 5.300E+00 BCZ R013 Average annual wind speed (m/sec) 2.000E+00 2.000E+00 WIND R013 Humidity in air (g/m**3) not used 8.000E+00 HUMID R013 Evapotranspiration coefficient 7.500E-01 5.000E-01 EVAPTR R013 Precipitation (m/yr) 1.840E-01 1.000E+00 PRECIP R013 Irrigation (m/yr) 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RI R013 Irrigation mode overhead overhead IDITCH R013 Runoff coefficient 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RUNOFF R013 Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m**2) 1.000E+06 1.000E+06 WAREA | R013 | Contaminated zone field capacity | 2.000E-01 | 2.000E-01 | l · · | FCCZ |
| R013 Average annual wind speed (m/sec) 2.000E+00 2.000E+00 WIND R013 Humidity in air (g/m**3) not used 8.000E+00 HUMID R013 Evapotranspiration coefficient 7.500E-01 5.000E-01 EVAPTR R013 Precipitation (m/yr) 1.840E-01 1.000E+00 PRECIP R013 Irrigation (m/yr) 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RI R013 Irrigation mode overhead overhead IDITCH R013 Runoff coefficient 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RUNOFF R013 Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m**2) 1.000E+06 1.000E+06 WAREA | R013 | Contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) | 5.000E+01 | 1.000E+01 | | HCCZ |
| R013 Humidity in air (g/m**3) not used 8.000E+00 HUMID R013 Evapotranspiration coefficient 7.500E-01 5.000E-01 EVAPTR R013 Precipitation (m/yr) 1.840E-01 1.000E+00 PRECIP R013 Irrigation (m/yr) 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RI R013 Irrigation mode overhead overhead IDITCH R013 Runoff coefficient 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RUNOFF R013 Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m**2) 1.000E+06 1.000E+06 WAREA | R013 | Contaminated zone b parameter | 5.300E+00 | 5.300E+00 | | BCZ |
| R013 Evapotranspiration coefficient 7.500E-01 5.000E-01 EVAPTR R013 Precipitation (m/yr) 1.840E-01 1.000E+00 PRECIP R013 Irrigation (m/yr) 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RI R013 Irrigation mode overhead overhead IDITCH R013 Runoff coefficient 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RUNOFF R013 Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m**2) 1.000E+06 1.000E+06 WAREA | R013 | Average annual wind speed (m/sec) | 2.000E+00 | 2.000E+00 | | WIND |
| R013 Precipitation (m/yr) 1.840E-01 1.000E+00 PRECIP R013 Irrigation (m/yr) 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RI R013 Irrigation mode overhead overhead IDITCH R013 Runoff coefficient 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RUNOFF R013 Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m**2) 1.000E+06 1.000E+06 WAREA | R013 | Humidity in air (g/m**3) | not used | 8.000E+00 | I | HUMID |
| R013 Irrigation (m/yr) 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RI R013 Irrigation mode overhead overhead IDITCH R013 Runoff coefficient 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RUNOFF R013 Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m**2) 1.000E+06 1.000E+06 WAREA | R013 | Evapotranspiration coefficient | 7.500E-01 | 5.000E-01 | I | EVAPTR |
| R013 Irrigation mode overhead overhead IDITCH R013 Runoff coefficient 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RUNOFF R013 Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m**2) 1.000E+06 1.000E+06 WAREA | R013 | Precipitation (m/yr) | 1.840E-01 | 1.000E+00 | | PRECIP |
| R013 Runoff coefficient 2.000E-01 2.000E-01 RUNOFF R013 Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m**2) 1.000E+06 1.000E+06 WAREA | R013 | Irrigation (m/yr) | 2.000E-01 | 2.000E-01 | | RI |
| R013 Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m**2) 1.000E+06 1.000E+06 WAREA | R013 | Irrigation mode | overhead | overhead | l | IDITCH |
| | R013 | Runoff coefficient | 2.000E-01 | 2.000E-01 | I | RUNOFF |
| R013 Accuracy for water/soil computations 1.000E-03 1.000E-03 | R013 | Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m^{**2}) | 1.000E+06 | 1.000E+06 | | WAREA |
| | R013 | Accuracy for water/soil computations | 1.000E-03 | 1.000E-03 | | EPS |

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| Sens Parameter Input Default (If different from user input) Name Not Density of saturated none (g/cmt*3) 1.5002t00 DEMAQ R041 Saturated none total porosity 4.3002t00 4.0002t01 DEMAQ R041 Saturated none hydroulic conductivity (h/yr) 2.0002t01 R023 R041 Saturated none hydroulic conductivity (h/yr) 2.0002t01 R024 R041 Saturated none hydroulic conductivity (h/yr) 2.0002t01 R023 R044 Kater table dop rate (m/yz) 1.0002t01 1.0002t01 R047 R044 Kell pump instace dopth (m below water table) 1.0002t01 1.0002t01 R047 R044 Kell pumping rate (m*1/yz) 2.5001t02 1.0002t01 R047 R044 Kell pumping rate (m*1/yz) 2.5001t02 R057 R057 R044 Kell pumping rate (m*1/yz) 1.5002t00 1.0002t01 R057 R045 Ummate (m* | 1 | | User | 1 | Used by RESRAD | Parameter |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------|
| 8014 Saturated zone total porosity 4.3000-01 4.0000-01 175% 8014 Saturated zone sifed opacity 4.0000-01 2.0000-01 175% 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic conductivity (n/yr) 2.5000-01 175% 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic conductivity (n/yr) 1.0000-02 175% 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic conductivity (n/yr) 1.0000-01 175% 8014 Keter table drop rate (n/yr) 1.0000-01 1.0000-01 175% 8014 Nodel in book water table) 1.0000-01 1.0000-01 176% 8014 Nodel in constrate (n*f)ry: I 176% 10000-01 176% 8014 Nodel in constrate (n*f)ry: I 1.0000-00 4.0000-01 176% 8015 Unsatt zone 1, tablesing (n/m*3) 1.6000-01 4.0000-01 170% 8015 Unsatt zone 1, indensity (n/m*3) 1.6000-01 170% 170% 8015 Unsatt zone 1, indensity (n/m*3) 1.6000-01 <td>Menu</td> <td>Parameter</td> <td></td> <td>' Default</td> <td></td> <td>Name</td> | Menu | Parameter | | ' Default | | Name |
| 8014 Saturated zone total porosity 4.3000-01 4.0000-01 175% 8014 Saturated zone sifed opacity 4.0000-01 2.0000-01 175% 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic conductivity (n/yr) 2.5000-01 175% 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic conductivity (n/yr) 1.0000-02 175% 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic conductivity (n/yr) 1.0000-01 175% 8014 Keter table drop rate (n/yr) 1.0000-01 1.0000-01 175% 8014 Nodel in book water table) 1.0000-01 1.0000-01 176% 8014 Nodel in constrate (n*f)ry: I 176% 10000-01 176% 8014 Nodel in constrate (n*f)ry: I 1.0000-00 4.0000-01 176% 8015 Unsatt zone 1, tablesing (n/m*3) 1.6000-01 4.0000-01 170% 8015 Unsatt zone 1, indensity (n/m*3) 1.6000-01 170% 170% 8015 Unsatt zone 1, indensity (n/m*3) 1.6000-01 <td></td> <td></td> <td>+</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td> </td> | | | + | • | | |
| 8014 Saturated zone effective porosity 4.0008-01 2.0008-01 FCS2 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic onductivity (m/yr) 2.0008-02 NOS2 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic ordatint 1.0008-02 2.0008-01 NOS2 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic ordatint 1.0008-02 2.0008-01 NOS2 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic ordatint 1.0008-03 1.0008-03 NOS2 8014 Mell pump intake depth (m below water table) 1.0008-03 1.0008-03 NUBWT 8014 Mell pump intake depth (m below water table) 1.0008-00 1.0008-01 NUBWT 8015 Mumber of unsaturated zone strata 5 1 NS 8015 Unsat. zone 1, toil density (g/cm**3) 1.6008-01 PESS272(1) 8015 Unsat. zone 1, noil-epicity 5.2008-01 4.0008-01 PESS27(1) 8015 Unsat. zone 1, noil-epicity 5.2008-01 4.0008-01 PESS27(1) 8015 Unsat. zone 1, noil-epicity 5.2008-01 | R014 | Density of saturated zone (g/cm**3) | 1.500E+00 | 1.500E+00 | | DENSAQ |
| 8014 Saturated zone field capacity 4.0002-01 ICS2 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic conductivity (n/yr) 2.5002+00 1.0002+02 NCS4 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic conductivity (n/yr) 2.5002+00 2.0002+02 NCS4 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic conductivity (n/yr) 1.0002+01 1.0002+01 NCS4 8014 Wat Table dop zake (m/yr) 1.0002+01 1.0002+01 NCDEL 8014 Model Nodel Node on Mass-Balance (MD) ND ND ND NODEL 8014 Model Number of unsaturated zone strata 5 1 NS 8015 Unsat. zone 1, chickmass (n) 1.0002+00 4.0002+01 NS 8015 Unsat. zone 1, chickmass (n) 1.0002+00 1.5002+00 ICEND2(1) 8015 Unsat. zone 1, chickmass (n) 1.0002+00 1.5002+00 ICEND2(1) 8015 Unsat. zone 1, chickmass (n) 1.0002+00 1.5002+00 ICEU1(1) 8015 Unsat. zone 2, noil density (g/cm*3) <td>R014</td> <td>Saturated zone total porosity</td> <td>4.300E-01</td> <td>4.000E-01</td> <td></td> <td>TPSZ</td> | R014 | Saturated zone total porosity | 4.300E-01 | 4.000E-01 | | TPSZ |
| 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 2.5008401 1.0008402 NESK 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic gradient 1.000240 2.0002402 NESK 8014 Saturated zone hydraulic gradient 1.0008403 2.0002402 NESK 8014 Water table dorp zate (m/yr) 1.0008403 1.0008403 WET 8014 Water table dorp zate (m*3/yr) 1.0008403 1.0008401 WET 8014 Water table dorp zate (m*3/yr) 2.5008403 1.0008401 WET 8014 Water of unsaturated zone strats 5 1 NS 8025 Unsat. zone 1, tolid porsity 5.2008400 1.5008400 H(1) 8015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 5.2008400 1.5008400 FUU(1) 8015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 4.500840 1.5008400 FUU(2) 8015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (n) 1.5008401 1.5008400 FUU(2) 8015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (n) 1.5008400 <td< td=""><td>R014</td><td>Saturated zone effective porosity</td><td>4.000E-01</td><td>2.000E-01</td><td> '</td><td>EPSZ</td></td<> | R014 | Saturated zone effective porosity | 4.000E-01 | 2.000E-01 | ' | EPSZ |
| 2024 Saturated zone hydraulic gradient 1.0008-02 2.0008-02 NEW 2014 Saturated zone b parameter 5.0008-00 5.3008-00 NEW 2014 Water table dop zate (m/yr) 1.0008-01 1.0008-01 NEW 2014 Weil purp incake depth (m blow water table) 1.0008-01 1.0008-01 NEW 2014 Model: Nondispersion (ND) or Mass-balance (MB) ND ND NW 2015 Mumber of unsaturated zone strata 5 1 NE NE 2015 Onsat. zone 1, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.6008+00 4.0008+00 DESSU2(1) 2015 Onsat. zone 1, effective poresity 5.2008-01 DESSU2(1) 2015 Onsat. zone 1, effective poresity 5.2008-01 BU2(1) 2015 Unsat. zone 1, effective poresity 1.0008-01 BU2(1) 2016 Unsat. zone 2, chickness (m) 4.6008+00 0.0002+00 BU2(1) 2015 Unsat. zone 2, chickness (m) 4.6008+00 0.0002+00 | R014 | Saturated zone field capacity | 4.000E-01 | 2.000E-01 | ' | FCSZ |
| 8014 Saturated zone b parameter 5.0002+00 5.3005+00 NBZ 8014 Water table dop rate (m/yr) 1.0002-03 VWT 8014 Wall pump intak deepth (m below water table) 1.0002-03 VWT 8014 Wall pump intak deepth (m below water table) ND ND ND NDDEL 8014 Wall pumping rate (m*-3/yr) 2.5002+02 2.5002+02 NDDEL 8015 Number of unsaturated zone strata 5 1 NB 8015 Unsat. zone 1, soil denity (g/cm*3) 1.6002+00 1.5002-00 PESU2(1) 8015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 5.2005-01 4.0002-01 PECU2(1) 8015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 1.0002-01 PECU2(1) 8015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) 4.5002+01 2.0002-01 PECU2(1) 8015 Unsat. zone 2, totickness (m) 4.6002+01 5.3002+00 PECU2(1) 8015 Unsat. zone 2, totickness (m) 4.6002+01 1.0002+01 PEC | R014 | Saturated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) | 2.500E+01 | 1.000E+02 | | HCSZ |
| R014 Water table drop rate (m/yr) 1.000E-03 1.000E-03 INTERP R014 Well pump intake depth (m below water table) N.00E-01 INTERP R014 Well pumping rate (m**3/yr) 2.500E+02 2.500E+02 INTERP R015 Wunder of unsaturated zone atrata 5 1 INTERP R015 Unsat. zone 1, thickness (m) 1.000E+00 4.000E+00 INTERP R015 Unsat. zone 1, all density (g/cm**3) 1.630E+00 INTERP INTERP R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 5.200E-01 INTERP INTERP R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 4.500E-01 2.000E-01 INTERP R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 4.500E-01 2.000E-01 INTERP R015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) 1.500E+00 0.00E+00 INTERP R015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) 1.500E+00 1.00E+01 INTERP R015 Unsat. zone 2, total proroity 3.30E+00 1.500E+00 | R014 | Saturated zone hydraulic gradient | 1.000E-02 | 2.000E-02 | | HGWT |
| B014 Well pump intake depth (m below water table) 1.000E+01 1.000E+01 DWIBMT B014 Medel: Nondispersion (ND) or Mass-Balance (MB) ND ND ND NO B015 Number of unsaturated exone strata 5 1 NS B015 Number of unsaturated sone strata 5 1 H(1) B015 Onsat. zone 1, thickness (n) 1.000E+00 4.000E+01 H(1) B015 Onsat. zone 1, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E+01 FU2(1) B015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 1.000E+01 2.000E+01 FU2(1) B015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 1.000E+00 2.000E+01 FU2(1) B015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 1.000E+00 3.000E+00 H(2) B015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 1.690E+00 0.000E+00 H(2) B015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 3.0400E-01 2.000E+01 H(2) B015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E+02 | R014 | Saturated zone b parameter | 5.000E+00 | 5.300E+00 | | BSZ |
| R014 Model: kondispersion (ND) or Mass-Balance (MB) ND ND MODEL R014 Well pupping rate (m**3/yr) 2.5008402 2.8008402 UW R015 Number of unsaturated zone strata 5 1 NS R015 Onat. zone 1, thickness (m) 1.0008400 4.6008400 H(1) R015 Unst. zone 1, total porosity 5.2008401 4.6008400 PDSX02(1) R015 Unst. zone 1, total porosity 1.0008401 4.6008401 FU92(1) R015 Unst. zone 1, idid apacity 4.5008401 2.0008401 FU92(1) R015 Unst. zone 1, hydrallic conductivity (m/yr) 1.5008401 0.0008401 FU92(1) R015 Unst. zone 2, clid hersity (g/cm**3) 1.6008400 1.5008400 FU92(2) R015 Unst. zone 2, clid hersity (g/cm**3) 1.6008400 1.5008400 FU92(2) R015 Unst. zone 2, field capacity 3.4008401 1.5008400 FU92(2) R015 Unst. zone 2, field capacity 7.000840 | R014 | Water table drop rate (m/yr) | 1.000E-03 | 1.000E-03 | | VWT |
| R014 Well pumping rate (m**3/yr) 2.500E+02 UM R015 Number of unsaturated zone strata 5 1 NS R015 Unsat. zone 1, thickness (n) 1.000E+00 H(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.630E+00 DENSU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, effective porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E+01 DENSU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, feffective porosity 1.000E+01 2.000E+01 DENSU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, soil-specific b parameter 1.100E+01 5.300E+01 DEU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) 4.600E+01 5.300E+00 DEU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.690E+00 1.500E+00 H(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.690E+00 1.500E+00 DENSU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.690E+00 DENSU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil-specific b parameter 2.000E+00 HC02(2) | R014 | Well pump intake depth (m below water table) | 1.000E+01 | 1.000E+01 | | DWIBWT |
| R015 Number of unsaturated zone strata 5 1 NS R015 Unsat. zone 1, thickness (m) 1.0008+00 4.0008+00 H(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, total porosity 5.2008-01 4.0008+00 DENSUZ(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, total porosity 5.2008-01 4.0008+01 FUUZ(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 4.5008-01 2.0008-01 FUUZ(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, soll-specific b parameter 1.1008+01 5.3008+00 HC2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) 4.6008+00 0.0002+01 HC2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 3.4008-01 4.0002+01 HC2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.0008-02 2.0002-01 HC2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.0008-02 2.0002-01 HC2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 2.2008+03 1.0002+01 | R014 | Model: Nondispersion (ND) or Mass-Balance (MB) | ND | ND | | MODEL |
| R015 Unsat. zone 1, thickness (m) 1.000E+00 4.000E+00 PH(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.630k+00 1.500k+00 DENSUZ(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, effective porosity 1.000E-01 2.000E-01 PEU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 4.500E-01 2.000E-01 PEU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 4.500E-01 2.000E-01 PEU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 1.500E+00 PEU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) 4.600E+00 0.000E+00 PEU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 3.400E-01 4.000E+01 PEU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 3.300E-01 2.000E+01 PEU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 2.200E+03 1.00E+01 PEU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 2.200E+01 BU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, coil-specific b paramete | R014 | Well pumping rate (m**3/yr) | 2.500E+02 | 2.500E+02 | | UW |
| R015 Unsat. zone 1, thickness (m) 1.000E+00 4.000E+00 PH(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.630k+00 1.500k+00 DENSUZ(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, effective porosity 1.000E-01 2.000E-01 PEU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 4.500E-01 2.000E-01 PEU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 4.500E-01 2.000E-01 PEU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 1.500E+00 PEU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) 4.600E+00 0.000E+00 PEU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 3.400E-01 4.000E+01 PEU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 3.300E-01 2.000E+01 PEU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 2.200E+03 1.00E+01 PEU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 2.200E+01 BU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, coil-specific b paramete | | | 1 | I | 1 | 1 |
| R015 Unsat. zone 1, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.630E+00 1.500E+00 DENSU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E-01 PUU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 4.500E-01 2.000E-01 PUU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 4.500E-01 2.000E-01 PUU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 1.500E+00 1.000E+01 PUU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) 4.600E+00 0.000E+00 PUU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, cold porosity 3.400E-01 1.500E+00 PUU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, cold porosity 3.400E-01 4.000E-01 PUU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E-02 2.000E+01 PUU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, diferctive porosity 3.300E-01 2.000E+01 PUU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E+01 0.000E+00 HCU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total p | R015 | Number of unsaturated zone strata | 5 | 1 | | NS |
| R015 Unsat. zone 1, total porosity 5.202E-01 4.000E-01 TPU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, effective porosity 1.000E-01 2.000E-01 FCU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 4.500E-01 2.000E-01 FCU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, soll-specific b parameter 1.100E/01 5.300E/00 BU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 1.500E-02 1.000E/01 HCU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 1.600E/01 1.500E/00 PEDU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, effective porosity 3.400E-01 4.000E-01 PEDU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soll density (g/cm**3) 1.600E/01 PEDU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soll-specific b parameter 2.000E/01 2.000E/01 PEDU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soll-specific b parameter 2.000E/01 5.300E/00 PEU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E/01 0.000E/01 PEU2(3) R015 Unsat. | R015 | Unsat. zone 1, thickness (m) | 1.000E+00 | 4.000E+00 | | H(1) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 1, effective porosity 1.000E-01 2.000E-01 FCU2 (1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 4.500E-01 2.000E-01 FCU2 (1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, soil-specific b parameter 1.100E+01 5.300E+00 HCU2 (1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 1.500E+02 1.000E+00 HC2 R015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) 4.600E+00 0.000E+00 HC2 R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 3.400E-01 4.000E+01 FPU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E-02 2.000E+00 FPU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E-02 2.000E+00 FPU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E-02 2.000E+00 FPU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E+01 0.000E+00 FU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 2.130E+01 0.000E+00 FU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field | R015 | Unsat. zone 1, soil density (g/cm**3) | 1.630E+00 | 1.500E+00 | | DENSUZ(1) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 4.500E-01 2.000E-01 FCUZ (1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, soll-specific b parameter 1.100E+01 5.300E+00 BUZ (1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 1.500E+02 1.000E+01 HCUZ (1) R015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) 4.600E+00 0.000E+00 HCZ R015 Unsat. zone 2, soll density (g/cm**3) 1.690E+00 1.500E+00 HCZ R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 3.400E-01 4.000E-01 FCUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E-02 2.000E-01 FCUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil-specific b parameter 2.000E+00 5.300E+00 HCUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E+01 0.000E+00 HCUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.300E+00 HCUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E+01 4.000E+01 HCUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil-de | R015 | Unsat. zone 1, total porosity | 5.200E-01 | 4.000E-01 | | TPUZ(1) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 1, soil-specific b parameter 1.100E+01 5.300E+00 BUZ(1) R015 Unsat. zone 1, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 1.500E+02 1.000E+01 HCUZ(1) R015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) 4.600E+00 0.000E+00 H(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.690E+00 1.500E+00 PDENSUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, effective porosity 3.300E+01 4.000E-01 FUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E-02 2.000E-01 FUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 2.200E+03 1.000E+00 BUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E+01 1.000E+00 BUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, toid-density (g/cm**3) 1.300E+00 BUZ(2) BUS(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, toid-density (g/cm**3) 1.300E+00 BUZ(2) BUS(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, toid-density (g/cm**3) 1.300E+00 BUS(2) BUS(2) R015 | R015 | Unsat. zone 1, effective porosity | 1.000E-01 | 2.000E-01 | | EPUZ(1) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 1, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 1.500E-02 1.000E+01 HCU2(1) R015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) 4.600E+00 0.000E+00 HCU2 R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 1.690E+00 1.500E+00 HCU2 R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 3.400E-01 TPU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 3.300E-01 2.000E-01 FCU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 7.000E-02 2.000E-01 FCU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil-specific b parameter 2.000E+00 5.000E+01 BU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E+01 0.000E+01 BU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.300E+00 1.500E+00 BUSU2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.000E-01 EVD2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.000E-01 2.000E+01 BU2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil-specific b parameter 3.000E+00 | R015 | Unsat. zone 1, field capacity | 4.500E-01 | 2.000E-01 | · | FCUZ(1) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) 4.600E+00 0.000E+00 H (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.690E+00 1.500E+00 DENSU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 3.400E-01 4.000E-01 TPU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E-02 2.000E-01 FCU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E-02 2.000E-01 FCU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 2.200E+03 1.000E+01 HCU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E+01 0.000E+00 HCU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E-01 HCU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.000E-01 2.000E+01 HCU2 (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.000E-01 2.000E+01 HCU2 (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.000E+01 2.000E+01 HCU2 (3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) <t< td=""><td>R015</td><td>Unsat. zone 1, soil-specific b parameter</td><td>1.100E+01</td><td>5.300E+00</td><td> ' '</td><td>BUZ(1)</td></t<> | R015 | Unsat. zone 1, soil-specific b parameter | 1.100E+01 | 5.300E+00 | ' ' | BUZ(1) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.690E+00 1.500E+00 DENSU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 3.400E-01 4.000E-01 FPUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, effective porosity 3.300E-01 2.000E-01 FPUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E-02 2.000E+01 FCUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil-specific b parameter 2.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E+01 0.000E+00 H(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E-01 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E-01 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 4.000E-01 2.000E-01 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil-specific b parameter 3.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 4.000E-01 2.000E-01 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraul | R015 | Unsat. zone 1, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) | 1.500E-02 | 1.000E+01 | | HCUZ(1) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.690E+00 1.500E+00 DENSU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 3.400E-01 4.000E-01 FPUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, effective porosity 3.300E-01 2.000E-01 FPUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E-02 2.000E+01 FCUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil-specific b parameter 2.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E+01 0.000E+00 H(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E-01 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E-01 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 4.000E-01 2.000E-01 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil-specific b parameter 3.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 4.000E-01 2.000E-01 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraul | | | | ļ | 1 | I |
| R015 Unsat. zone 2, total porosity 3.400E-01 4.000E-01 TPUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, effective porosity 3.300E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E-02 2.000E-01 EPUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil-specific b parameter 2.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 2.200E+03 1.000E+01 HCUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E+01 0.000E+00 HCUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.300E+00 1.500E+00 H(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E-01 EPUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.000E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.900E-01 2.000E-01 BUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000E+02 1.000E+01 H(4) R015 | Ř015 | Unsat. zone 2, thickness (m) | 4.600E+00 | 0.000E+00 | | Н(2) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 2, effective porosity 3.300E-01 2.000E-01 EPU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E-02 2.000E-01 BUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil-specific b parameter 2.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 2.200E+03 1.000E+01 HCU2(2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E+01 0.000E+00 HCU3(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 1.300E+00 1.500E+00 DENSUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E-01 TUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.000E-01 2.000E-01 EPU2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.900E-01 2.000E-01 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000E+02 1.000E+01 HCU2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.680E+01 HCU2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil de | R015 | Unsat. zone 2, soil density (g/cm**3) | 1.690E+00 | 1.500E+00 | | DENSUZ(2) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 2, field capacity 7.000E-02 2.000E+01 FCUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil-specific b parameter 2.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 2.200E+03 1.000E+01 HCUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E+01 0.000E+00 HCUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.300E+00 1.500E+00 HCUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E-01 TPUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, effective porosity 4.000E-01 2.000E+01 FCUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000E+01 2.000E-01 BUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000E+02 1.000E+00 BUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) 1.680E+01 0.000E+00 BUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 H(4) | R015 | Unsat. zone 2, total porosity | 3.400E-01 | 4.000E-01 | | TPUZ(2) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 2, soil-specific b parameter 2.000±00 5.300±00 BUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 2, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 2.200±03 1.000±01 HCUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130±01 0.000±00 H (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.300±00 1.500±00 DENSUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200±01 4.000±01 TEUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, effective porosity 4.000±01 2.000±01 EPUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.000±01 2.000±01 BUZ (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000±00 1.000±01 BUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000±02 1.000±01 BUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) 1.680±01 0.000±00 BUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.310±00 1.500±00 DENSUZ (4) R015 | R015 | Unsat. zone 2, effective porosity | 3.300E-01 | 2.000E-01 | | EPUZ(2) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 2, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 2.200E+03 1.000E+01 HCU2 (2) R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E+01 0.000E+00 H(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.300E+00 1.500E+00 DENSUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E-01 TPUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.000E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.900E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil-specific b parameter 3.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000E+02 1.000E+01 HCUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) 1.680E+01 0.000E+00 HCUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 H(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, total porosity 4.900E-01 4.000E-01 DENSUZ (4) R015 <td>R015</td> <td>Unsat. zone 2, field capacity</td> <td>7.000E-02</td> <td>2.000E-01</td> <td></td> <td>FCUZ(2)</td> | R015 | Unsat. zone 2, field capacity | 7.000E-02 | 2.000E-01 | | FCUZ(2) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) 2.130E+01 0.000E+00 H(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.300E+00 1.500E+00 DENSUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E-01 TPUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, effective porosity 4.000E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.900E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil-specific b parameter 3.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000E+02 1.000E+01 HCU2 (3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) 1.680E+01 0.000E+00 HCU2 (3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 HCU2 (3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, total porosity 4.900E-01 0.000E+00 H(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.900E-01 1.500E+00 DENSUZ(4) R015 Uns | R015 | Unsat. zone 2, soil-specific b parameter | 2.000E+00 | 5.300E+00 | | BUZ (2) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.300E+00 DENSUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E-01 TFUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, effective porosity 4.000E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.900E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil-specific b parameter 3.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000E+02 1.000E+01 HCU2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) 1.680E+01 0.000E+00 HCU2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, coil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 HCU2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, coil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 HCU2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, effective porosity 4.900E-01 4.000E+01 H(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.900E-01 4.000E+01 EPUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soi | R015 | Unsat. zone 2, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) | 2.200E+03 | 1.000E+01 | | HCUZ(2) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.300E+00 DENSUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E-01 TFUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, effective porosity 4.000E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.900E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil-specific b parameter 3.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000E+02 1.000E+01 HCU2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) 1.680E+01 0.000E+00 HCU2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, coil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 HCU2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, coil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 HCU2(3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, effective porosity 4.900E-01 4.000E+01 H(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.900E-01 4.000E+01 EPUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soi | | | 1 | I | 1 | |
| R015 Unsat. zone 3, total porosity 5.200E-01 4.000E-01 TPUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, effective porosity 4.000E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.900E-01 2.000E-01 FCUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil-specific b parameter 3.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000E+02 1.000E+01 HCUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) 1.680E+01 0.000E+00 H(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 DENSUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, effective porosity 4.300E-01 4.000E-01 TPUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter 5.000E+00 5.300E+00 EPUZ(4) <td>R015</td> <td>Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m)</td> <td>2.130E+01</td> <td>0.000E+00</td> <td></td> <td>Н(3)</td> | R015 | Unsat. zone 3, thickness (m) | 2.130E+01 | 0.000E+00 | | Н(3) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 3, effective porosity 4.000E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.900E-01 2.000E-01 FCUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil-specific b parameter 3.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000E+02 1.000E+01 HCUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) 1.680E+01 0.000E+00 H(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 DENSUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, effective porosity 4.300E-01 2.000E-01 TPUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter 5.000E+00 5.300E+00 EPUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter 5.000E+00 5.300E+00 EPUZ (4) <td>R015</td> <td>Unsat. zone 3, soil density (g/cm**3)</td> <td> 1.300E+00</td> <td>1.500E+00</td> <td></td> <td>DENSUZ(3)</td> | R015 | Unsat. zone 3, soil density (g/cm**3) | 1.300E+00 | 1.500E+00 | | DENSUZ(3) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 3, field capacity 4.900E-01 2.000E-01 FCUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil-specific b parameter 3.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000E+02 1.000E+01 HCUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) 1.680E+01 0.000E+00 HCUZ(3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 H(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, total porosity 4.900E-01 4.000E-01 DENSUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter 5.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(4) | R015 | Unsat. zone 3, total porosity | 5.200E-01 | 4.000E-01 | | TPUZ(3) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 3, soil-specific b parameter 3.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000E+02 1.000E+01 HCUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) 1.680E+01 0.000E+00 H(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 DENSUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, total porosity 4.900E-01 4.000E-01 TPUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, effective porosity 4.300E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 FCUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter 5.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ (2) | R015 | Unsat. zone 3, effective porosity | 4.000E-01 | 2.000E-01 | | EPUZ(3) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 9.000E+02 1.000E+01 HCUZ (3) R015 Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) 1.680E+01 0.000E+00 H(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 DENSU2 (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, total porosity 4.900E-01 4.000E-01 TPUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, effective porosity 4.300E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 FCUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter 5.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ (4) | R015 | Unsat. zone 3, field capacity | 4.900E-01 | 2.000E-01 | · · · | FCUZ(3) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) 1.680E+01 0.000E+00 H(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 DENSUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, total porosity 4.900E-01 4.000E-01 TPUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, effective porosity 4.300E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 FCUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter 5.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(4) | R015 | Unsat. zone 3, soil-specific b parameter | 3.000E+00 | 5.300E+00 | | BUZ (3) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 DENSUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, total porosity 4.900E-01 4.000E-01 TPUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, effective porosity 4.300E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 FCUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter 5.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(4) | R015 | Unsat. zone 3, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) | 9.000E+02 | 1.000E+01 | | HCUZ(3) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.310E+00 1.500E+00 DENSUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, total porosity 4.900E-01 4.000E-01 TPUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, effective porosity 4.300E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 FCUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter 5.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(4) | | | 1 | I | 1 | 1 |
| R015 Unsat. zone 4, total porosity 4.900E-01 4.000E-01 TPUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, effective porosity 4.300E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 FCUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter 5.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ (4) | R015 | Unsat. zone 4, thickness (m) | 1.680E+01 | 0.000E+00 | · · | H(4) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 4, effective porosity 4.300E-01 2.000E-01 EPUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 FCUZ (4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter 5.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ (4) | R015 | Unsat. zone 4, soil density (g/cm**3) | 1.310E+00 | 1.500E+00 | | DENSUZ(4) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 4, field capacity 4.800E-01 2.000E-01 FCUZ(4) R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter 5.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ(4) | R015 | Unsat. zone 4, total porosity | 4.900E-01 | 4.000E-01 | i | TPUZ(4) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter 5.000E+00 5.300E+00 BUZ (4) | R015 | Unsat. zone 4, effective porosity | 4.300E-01 | 2.000E-01 | | EPUZ(4) |
| | R015 | Unsat. zone 4, field capacity | 4.800E-01 | 2.000E-01 | I | FCUZ(4) |
| R015 Unsat. zone 4, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 6.000E+01 1.000E+01 HCUZ(4) | R015 | Unsat. zone 4, soil-specific b parameter | 5.000E+00 | 5.300E+00 | l | BUZ(4) |
| | R015 | Unsat. zone 4, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) | 6.000E+01 | 1.000E+01 | | HCUZ(4) |

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| | | User | 1 | Used by RESRAD | Parameter |
|------|----------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Menu | Parameter | Input | Default | (If different from user input) | Name |
| | | + · · | | + | <u> </u> |
| R015 | Unsat. zone 5, thickness (m) | 1.220E+01 | 0.000E+00 | | н(5) |
| R015 | Unsat. zone 5, soil density (g/cm**3) | 1.500E+00 | 1.500E+00 | | DENSUZ(5) |
| R015 | Unsat. zone 5, total porosity | 5.200E-01 | | | TPUZ(5) |
| R015 | Unsat. zone 5, effective porosity | 1.500E-01 | | | EPUZ(5) |
| R015 | Unsat. zone 5, field capacity | 3.200E-01 | | | FCUZ(5) |
| R015 | Unsat. zone 5, soil-specific b parameter | 8.000E+00 | | | BUZ (5) |
| R015 | Unsat. zone 5, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) | 1.000E-01 | 1.000E+01 | | HCUZ(5) |
| 2016 | Distribution of States for Dr. 010 | | 1 | | 1 |
| R016 | Distribution coefficients for Pb-210 | | | 1 | |
| R016 | Contaminated zone (cm**3/g) | 1.000E+02 | | | DCNUCC (3) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 1 (cm**3/g) | 1.000E+02 | | | DCNUCU(3,1) |
| R016 | - | 1.000E+02 | | | DCNUCU (3,2) |
| R016 | | 1.000E+02 | | | DCNUCU(3,3) |
| R016 | | 1.000E+02 | | | DCNUCU(3,4) |
| R016 | - | 1.000E+02 | | | DCNUCU(3,5) |
| R016 | | | 1.000E+02 | | DCNUCS (3) |
| R016 | · | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | | ALEACH(3) |
| R016 | Solubility constant | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | not used | SOLUBK(3) |
| | | | | | |
| R016 | · | | | | |
| R016 | Contaminated zone (cm**3/g) | 7.000E+01 | 7.000E+01 | | DCNUCC(4) |
| R016 | | 7.000E+01 | 7.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(4,1) |
| R016 | | 7.000E+01 | | | DCNUCU(4,2) |
| R016 | - - | 7.000E+01 | | | DCNUCU(4,3) |
| R016 | - | 7.000E+01 | | | DCNUCU(4,4) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 5 (cm**3/g) | 7.000E+01 | 7.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(4,5) |
| R016 | Saturated zone (cm**3/g) | 7.000E+01 | 7.000E+01 | | DCNUCS (4) |
| R016 | Leach rate (/yr) | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 2.454E-05 | ALEACH(4) |
| R016 | Solubility constant | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | not used | SOLUBK(4) |
| D016 | Distribution confinitions for me 00 | | 1 | | |
| R016 | Distribution coefficients for Tc-99 | | | 1 | |
| R016 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | | DCNUCC (6) |
| R016 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | | DCNUCU(6,1) |
| R016 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | | DCNUCU (6,2) |
| R016 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | l | DCNUCU (6,3) |
| R016 | · | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | | DCNUCU (6,4) |
| R016 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | | DCNUCU (6,5) |
| R016 | · _ | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | | DCNUCS (6) |
| R016 | - | 0.000E+00 | • | • | ALEACH(6) |
| R016 | Solubility constant | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | h not used | SOLUBK(6) |
| P016 | Distribution coefficients for mb 220 | | 1 | | 1 |
| R016 | | | | 1 | |
| R016 | Contaminated zone (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | | | $\begin{array}{c} DCNUCC (7) \\ DCNUCU (7, 1) \end{array}$ |
| R016 | - | 6.000E+04 | | | DCNUCU(7,1) DCNUCU(7,2) DCNUCU(7,2) |
| R016 | | 6.000E+04 | | | DCNUCU(7,2) |
| R016 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 6.000E+04 | | | DCNUCU(7,3) |
| R016 | -, -, -, | 6.000E+04 | | • | DCNUCU $(7, 4)$ |
| R016 | · | 6.000E+04 | • | • | DCNUCU (7,5) |
| R016 | · | 6.000E+04 | | | DCNUCS (7) |
| R016 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | | ALEACH(7) |
| R016 | Solubility constant | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | not used | SOLUBK(7) |

RESRAD, Version 6.4 Th Limit = 180 days 05/19/2009 10:29 Page 9 Summary : EGL Vadose Zone Analysis

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Site-Specific Parameter Summary (continued)

| | | User | | Used by RESRAD | Parameter |
|------|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Menu | Parameter | Input | Default | (If different from user input) | Name |
| | | | | · • | |
| R016 | Distribution coefficients for Th-232 | I | | ł | I |
| R016 | Contaminated zone (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | | DCNUCC (9) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 1 (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | | DCNUCU(9,1) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 2 (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | | DCNUCU(9,2) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 3 (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | | DCNUCU(9,3) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 4 (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | | DCNUCU(9,4) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 5 (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | | DCNUCU(9,5) |
| R016 | Saturated zone (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | · | DCNUCS (9) |
| R016 | Leach rate (/yr) | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 2.870E-08 | ALEACH(9) |
| R016 | Solubility constant | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | not used | SOLUBK(9) |
| | | I | l | | 1 |
| R016 | Distribution coefficients for U-234 | I | 1 | | 1 |
| R016 | Contaminated zone (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCC(10) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 1 (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(10,1) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 2 (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | · | DCNUCU(10,2) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 3 (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(10,3) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 4 (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(10,4) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 5 (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(10,5) |
| R016 | Saturated zone (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCS(10) |
| R016 | Leach rate (/yr) | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 3.433E-05 | ALEACH(10) |
| R016 | Solubility constant | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | not used | SOLUBK(10) |
| I | | 1 | ł | 1 | 1 |
| R016 | Distribution coefficients for U-235 | 1 | I | I | 1 |
| R016 | Contaminated zone (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCC (11) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 1 (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(11,1) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 2 (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(11,2) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 3 (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | 1 | DCNUCU (11, 3) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 4 (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCU (11, 4) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 5 (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 |) | DCNUCU (11,5) |
| R016 | Saturated zone (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCS(11) |
| R016 | Leach rate (/yr) | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 3.433E-05 | ALEACH(11) |
| R016 | Solubility constant | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | not used | SOLUBK(11) |
| | ļ | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| R016 | Distribution coefficients for U-238 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| R016 | Contaminated zone (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | | | DCNUCC (12) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 1 (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | | | DCNUCU (12,1) |
| R016 | - | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCU (12,2) |
| R016 | | 5.000E+01 | | | DCNUCU (12, 3) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 4 (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | - | | DCNUCU (12, 4) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 5 (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCU (12,5) |
| R016 | Saturated zone (cm**3/g) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | I | DCNUCS (12) |
| R016 | Leach rate (/yr) | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 3.433E-05 | ALEACH(12) |
| R016 | Solubility constant | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | not used | SOLUBK(12) |

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| | l | User | 1 | Used by RESRAD | Parameter |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Menu | Parameter | Input | Default | (If different from user input) | Name |
| | <u> </u> | 1 | l | <u>├</u> | |
| R016 | Distribution coefficients for daughter Ac-227 | | | | |
| R016 R016 | Contaminated zone (cm**3/g) | 2.000E+01 | | | DCNUCC(1) |
| | Unsaturated zone 1 (cm**3/g) | 2.000E+01 | 2.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(1,1) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 2 (cm**3/g) | 2.000E+01 | 2.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(1,2) |
| R016 | | 2.000E+01 | 2.000E+01 | • | DCNUCU(1,3) |
| R016 R016 | | 2.000E+01 | | | DCNUCU (1,4) |
| R016 | | 2.000E+01 | | | DCNUCU (1,5) |
| R016 | | 2.000E+01 | | • | DCNUCS(1) |
| R016 | | 0.000E+00 | | 8.540E-05 | ALEACH(1) |
| ROID | Solubility constant | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | not used | SOLUBK(1) |
| R016 | Distribution coefficients for daughter Pa-231 | 1 | | 1 | 1 |
| R016 | | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | 1 | DCNUCC (2) |
| R016 | | | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(2,1) |
| R016 | | | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCU (2, 2) |
| R016 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCU (2, 3) |
| R016 | | | 5.000E+01 | 1 | DCNUCU (2, 4) |
| R016 | | | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCU (2, 5) |
| R016 | | ' 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | DCNUCS (2) |
| R016 | Leach rate (/yr) | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | , 3.433E-05 | ALEACH(2) |
| R016 | Solubility constant | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | not used | SOLUBK(2) |
| | - - | 1 | | | 1 |
| R016 | Distribution coefficients for daughter Ra-228 | 1 | ł | 1 | ł |
| R016 | Contaminated zone (cm**3/g) | 7.000E+01 | 7.000E+01 | | DCNUCC (5) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 1 (cm**3/g) | 7.000E+01 | 7.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(5,1) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 2 (cm**3/g) | 7.000E+01 | 7.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(5,2) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 3 (cm**3/g) | 7.000E+01 | 7.000E+01 | | DCNUCU (5,3) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 4 (cm**3/g) | 7.000E+01 | 7.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(5,4) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 5 (cm**3/g) | 7.000E+01 | 7.000E+01 | | DCNUCU(5,5) |
| R016 | Saturated zone (cm**3/g) | 7.000E+01 | 7.000E+01 | | DCNUCS(5) |
| R016 | Leach rate (/yr) | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 2.454E-05 | ALEACH(5) |
| R016 | Solubility constant | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | not used | SOLUBK(5) |
| I | | 1 | 1 | | I |
| R016 | Distribution coefficients for daughter Th-230 | 1 | I | l | I |
| R016 | Contaminated zone (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | I | DCNUCC (8) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 1 (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | | DCNUCU(8,1) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 2 (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | | DCNUCU(8,2) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 3 $(cm**3/g)$ | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | | DCNUCU(8,3) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 4 (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | | DCNUCU(8,4) |
| R016 | Unsaturated zone 5 (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | | DCNUCU(8,5) |
| R016 | Saturated zone (cm**3/g) | 6.000E+04 | 6.000E+04 | | DCNUCS (8) |
| R016 | Leach rate (/yr) | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 2.870E-08 | ALEACH(8) |
| R016 | Solubility constant | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | not used | SOLUBK(8) |
| 0017 | Inhalation anto (mtt2/up) | | | | |
| R017 | Inhalation rate (m**3/yr) | | 8.400E+03 | | INHALR |
| R017 R017 | Mass loading for inhalation (g/m**3) Exposure duration | 1.000E-04 | | | MLINH |
| R017 | | 3.000E+01 | | | ED |
| R017 | Shielding factor, inhalation | • | 4.000E-01 | | SHF3 |
| R017 | Shielding factor, external gamma | | 7.000E-01 | | SHF1 |
| KUL/ | Fraction of time spent indoors | 1 2.0008-01 | 5.000E-01 | | FIND |

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| 1 | | User | I | Used by RESRAD | Parameter |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| Menu | Parameter | Input | Default | (If different from user input) | Name |
| | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| R017 | Fraction of time spent outdoors (on site) | 2.500E-01 | 2.500E-01 | | FOTD |
| R017 | Shape factor flag, external gamma | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | >0 shows circular AREA. | FS |
| R017 | Radii of shape factor array (used if $FS = -1$): | | I | | |
| R017 | Outer annular radius (m), ring 1: | not used | 5.000E+01 | | RAD_SHAPE(1) |
| R017 | Outer annular radius (m), ring 2: | not used | 7.071E+01 | | RAD_SHAPE(2) |
| R017 | Outer annular radius (m), ring 3: | not used | 0.000E+00 | | RAD_SHAPE(3) |
| R017 | Outer annular radius (m), ring 4: | not used | 0.000E+00 | | RAD_SHAPE(4) |
| R017 | Outer annular radius (m), ring 5: | not used | 0.000E+00 | | RAD_SHAPE(5) |
| R017 | Outer annular radius (m), ring 6: | not used | 0.000E+00 | | RAD_SHAPE(6) |
| R017 [| Outer annular radius (m), ring 7: | not used | 0.000E+00 | | RAD_SHAPE(7) |
| R017 | Outer annular radius (m), ring 8: | not used | 0.000E+00 | | RAD_SHAPE(8) |
| R017 | Outer annular radius (m), ring 9: | not used | 0.000E+00 | | RAD_SHAPE(9) |
| R017 | Outer annular radius (m), ring 10: | not used | 0.000E+00 | | RAD_SHAPE(10) |
| R017 | Outer annular radius (m), ring 11: | not used | 0.000E+00 | | RAD_SHAPE(11) |
| R017 | Outer annular radius (m), ring 12: | not used | 0.000E+00 | | RAD_SHAPE(12) |
| I | | I | I | 1 | l |
| R017 | Fractions of annular areas within AREA: | I | I | 1 | · · |
| R017 | Ring 1 | not used | 1.000E+00 | | FRACA (1) |
| R017 | Ring 2 | not used | 2.732E-01 | | FRACA (2) |
| R017 | Ring 3 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | FRACA (3) |
| R017 | Ring 4 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | FRACA (4) |
| R017 | Ring 5 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | FRACA (5) |
| R017 | Ring 6 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | FRACA (6) |
| R017 | Ring 7 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | FRACA (7) |
| R017 | Ring 8 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | FRACA (8) |
| R017 | Ring 9 | not used | 0.000E+00 | · | FRACA (9) |
| R017 | Ring 10 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | FRACA (10) |
| R017 | Ring 11 | not used | 0.000E+00 | l | FRACA (11) |
| R017 | Ring 12 | not used | 0.000E+00 | | FRACA (12) |
| I | | I | 1 | l | I |
| R018 | Fruits, vegetables and grain consumption (kg/yr) | 1.600E+02 | 1.600E+02 | | DIET(1) |
| R018 | Leafy vegetable consumption (kg/yr) | 1.400E+01 | 1.400E+01 | | DIET(2) |
| R018 | Milk consumption (L/yr) | 9.200E+01 | 9.200E+01 | | DIET(3) |
| R018 | Meat and poultry consumption (kg/yr) | 6.300E+01 | 6.300E+01 | · | DIET(4) |
| R018 | Fish consumption (kg/yr) | not used | 5.400E+00 | | DIET(5) |
| R018 | Other seafood consumption (kg/yr) | not used | 9.000E-01 | | DIET(6) |
| R018 | Soil ingestion rate (g/yr) | 3.650E+01 | 3.650E+01 | | SOIL |
| R018 | Drinking water intake (L/yr) | 5.100E+02 | 5.100E+02 | | DWI |
| R018 | Contamination fraction of drinking water | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | | FDW |
| R018 | Contamination fraction of household water | not used | 1.000E+00 | | FHHW |
| R018 | Contamination fraction of livestock water | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | | FLW |
| R018 | Contamination fraction of irrigation water | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | | FIRW |
| R018 | Contamination fraction of aquatic food | not used | 5.000E-01 | | FR9 |
| R018 | Contamination fraction of plant food | -1 | -1 | 0.500E+00 | FPLANT |
| R018 | Contamination fraction of meat | -1 | -1 | 0.100E+01 | FMEAT |
| R018 | Contamination fraction of milk | -1 . | -1 | 0.100E+01 | FMILK |
| I | | 1 | 1 | ! | I |
| R019 | Livestock fodder intake for meat (kg/day) | 6.800E+01 | 6.800E+01 | ļ | LF15 |
| R019 | Livestock fodder intake for milk (kg/day) | 5.500E+01 | 5.500E+01 | | LFI6 |
| R019 | Livestock water intake for meat (L/day) | 5.000E+01 | 5.000E+01 | | LWI5 |

Summary : EGL Vadose Zone Analysis

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| 1 | | User | I | Used by RESRAD | Parameter |
|------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Menu | Parameter | Input | Default | (If different from user input) | Name |
| | | | | | { |
| R019 | Livestock water intake for milk (L/day) | 1.600E+02 | 1.600E+02 | | LWI6 |
| R019 | Livestock soil intake (kg/day) | 5.000E-01 | 5.000E-01 | | LSI |
| R019 | Mass loading for foliar deposition $(g/m^{**}3)$ | 1.000E-04 | 1.000E-04 | | MLFD |
| R019 | Depth of soil mixing layer (m) | 1.500E-01 | 1.500E-01 | | DM |
| R019 | Depth of roots (m) | 9.000E-01 | 9.000E-01 | | DROOT |
| R019 | Drinking water fraction from ground water | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | | FGWDW |
| R019 | Household water fraction from ground water | not used | 1.000E+00 | | FGWHH |
| R019 | Livestock water fraction from ground water | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | | FGWLW |
| R019 | Irrigation fraction from ground water | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | | FGWIR |
| | | | | 1 | 1 |
| R19B | Wet weight crop yield for Non-Leafy (kg/m**2) | 7.000E-01 | 7.000E-01 | | YV(1) |
| R19B | Wet weight crop yield for Leafy (kg/m**2) | 1.500E+00 | 1.500E+00 | | YV(2) |
| R19B | . Wet weight crop yield for Fodder (kg/m**2) | 1.100E+00 | 1.100E+00 | | YV (3) |
| R19B | Growing Season for Non-Leafy (years) | 1.700E-01 | | | TE(1) |
| R19B | Growing Season for Leafy (years) | 2.500E-01 | | | TE(2) |
| R19B | Growing Season for Fodder (years) | 8.000E-02 | 8.000E-02 | | TE(3) |
| R19B | Translocation Factor for Non-Leafy | 1.000E-01 | 1.000E-01 | | TIV(1) |
| R19B | Translocation Factor for Leafy | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | | TIV(2) |
| R19B | Translocation Factor for Fodder | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | | TIV(3) |
| R19B | Dry Foliar Interception Fraction for Non-Leafy | 2.500E-01 | 2.500E-01 | | RDRY(1) |
| R19B | Dry Foliar Interception Fraction for Leafy | 2.500E-01 | 2.500E-01 | | RDRY(2) |
| R19B | Dry Foliar Interception Fraction for Fodder | 2.500E-01 | 2.500E-01 | | RDRY(3) |
| R19B | Wet Foliar Interception Fraction for Non-Leafy | 2.500E-01 | 2.500E-01 | | RWET(1) |
| R19B | Wet Foliar Interception Fraction for Leafy | 2.500E-01 | 2.500E-01 | | RWET(2) |
| R19B | Wet Foliar Interception Fraction for Fodder | 2.500E-01 | 2.500E-01 | | RWET(3) |
| R19B | Weathering Removal Constant for Vegetation | 2.000E+01 | 2.000E+01 | ' | WLAM |
| | | 1 | | |] |
| C14 | C-12 concentration in water (g/cm**3) | not used | 2.000E-05 | | C12WTR |
| C14 | C-12 concentration in contaminated soil (g/g) | not used | 3.000E-02 | | C12CZ |
| C14 | Fraction of vegetation carbon from soil | not used | 2.000E-02 | | CSOIL |
| C14 | Fraction of vegetation carbon from air | not used | 9.800E-01 | | CAIR |
| C14 | C-14 evasion layer thickness in soil (m) | not used | 3.000E-01 | • | DMC |
| C14 | C-14 evasion flux rate from soil (1/sec) | not used | 7.000E-07 | | EVSN |
| C14 | C-12 evasion flux rate from soil (1/sec) | not used | 1.000E-10 | | REVSN |
| C14 | Fraction of grain in beef cattle feed | not used | 8.000E-01 | | AVFG4 |
| C14 | Fraction of grain in milk cow feed | not used | 2.000E-01 | | AVFG5 |
| | | 1 | 1 | | 1 |
| STOR | Storage times of contaminated foodstuffs (days): | | 1 4007+07 | 1 | |
| STOR | Fruits, non-leafy vegetables, and grain | 1.400E+01 | • | | STOR_T(1) |
| STOR | Leafy vegetables | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | | { STOR_T(2) |
| STOR | Milk | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | 1 | STOR_T(3) |
| STOR | Meat and poultry | 2.000E+01 | 2.000E+01 | · | STOR_T(4) |
| STOR | Fish | 7.000E+00 | 7.000E+00 | ·, | STOR_T(5) |
| STOR | Crustacea and mollusks | 7.000E+00 | 7.000E+00 | | STOR_T(6) |
| STOR | Well water | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | | STOR_T(7) |
| STOR | Surface water | 1.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | | STOR_T(8) |
| STOR | Livestock fodder | 4.500E+01 | 4.500E+01 | · · · · | STOR_T(9) |
| | Thiskness of huilding foundation (-) | | | I · · · | |
| R021 | Thickness of building foundation (m) | not used | 1.500E-01 | I | FLOOR1 |
| R021 | Bulk density of building foundation $(g/cm^{*}3)$ | not used | 2.400E+00 | 1 | DENSFL |

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Site-Specific Parameter Summary (continued)

| Menu | Parameter | User Input | Default | Used by RESRAD (If different from user input) | Parameter Name |
|------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| R021 | Total porosity of the cover material | not used | 4.000E-01 | | TPCV |
| R021 | Total porosity of the building foundation | not used | 1.000E-01 | | TPFL |
| R021 | Volumetric water content of the cover material | not used | 5.000E-02 | | PH2OCV |
| R021 | Volumetric water content of the foundation | not used | 3.000E-02 | | PH2OFL |
| R021 | Diffusion coefficient for radon gas (m/sec): | 1 | | l | I |
| R021 | in cover material | not used | 2.000E-06 | | DIFCV |
| R021 | in foundation material | not used | 3.000E-07 | | DIFFL |
| R021 | in contaminated zone soil | not used | 2.000E-06 | | DIFCZ |
| R021 | Radon vertical dimension of mixing (m) | not used | 2.000E+00 | | HMIX |
| R021 | Average building air exchange rate (1/hr) | not used | 5.000E-01 | | REXG |
| R021 | Height of the building (room) (m) | not used | 2.500E+00 | | HRM |
| R021 | Building interior area factor | not used | 0.000E+00 | | FAI |
| R021 | Building depth below ground surface (m) | not used | -1.000E+00 | | DMFL |
| R021 | Emanating power of Rn-222 gas | not used | 2.500E-01 | | EMANA(1) |
| R021 | Emanating power of Rn-220 gas | not used | 1.500E-01 | | EMANA (2) |
| | | | | | 1 |
| TITL | Number of graphical time points | 512 | | | NPTS . |
| TITL | Maximum number of integration points for dose | 17 | | | LYMAX |
| TITL | Maximum number of integration points for risk | 1 | | | KYMAX |
| | | 1 | <u> </u> | 1 | 1 |

Summary of Pathway Selections

| Pathway | User Selection |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 1 external gamma | active |
| 2 inhalation (w/o radon) | active |
| 3 plant ingestion | active |
| <pre>4 meat ingestion 5 milk ingestion</pre> | active |
| 6 aquatic foods | suppressed |
| 7 drinking water | active |
| 8 soil ingestion | active |
| 9 radon | suppressed |
| Find peak pathway doses | active |

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| Conta | minated Zone | Dimensions | Initial Soil | Concentrations, pCi/g |
|------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Are | a: 88221.00 | square meters | Pb-210 | 7.690E-03 |
| Thicknes | s: 33.60 | meters | Ra-226 | 7.690E-03 |
| Cover Dept | h: 3.60 | meters | Tc-99 | 2.110E-01 |
| • | | | Th-228 | 9.230E-03 |
| | | | Th-232 | 9.230E-03 |
| | | | U-234 | 8.660E-01 |
| | | | U-235 | 4.230E-02 |
| | | | U-238 | 1.380E-01 |

Total Dose TDOSE(t), mrem/yr

Basic Radiation Dose Limit = 2.500E+01 mrem/yr

Total Mixture Sum M(t) = Fraction of Basic Dose Limit Received at Time (t)

| t (years): | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | 3.000E+00 | 1.000E+01 | 3.000E+01 | 1.000E+02 | 3.000E+02 | 1.000E+03 |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| TDOSE (t): | 1.026E-19 | 7.579E-20 | 5.369E-20 | 7.497E-20 | 1.207E-19 | 1.357E-19 | 5.327E-01 | 4.034E-04 |
| M(t): | 4.104E-21 | 3.032E-21 | 2.148E-21 | 2.999E-21 | 4.830E-21 | 5.430E-21 | 2.131E-02 | 1.614E-05 |

Maximum TDOSE(t): 9.160E-01 mrem/yr at t = 246.9 ± 0.5 years

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 2.469E+02 years

Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation excludes radon)

| | Ground | | Inhalation | | Radon | | Plar | t | Meat | 2 | Mil) | c | Soil | L |
|------------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 6.890E-23 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Tc-99 | | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-232 | 1.600E-19 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-234 | 9.952E-25 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 1.004E-31 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 1.877E-27 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| | , | | <u></u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 1.601E-19 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |

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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 2.469E+02 years

Water Dependent Pathways

| | Wate | er | Fis | h | Rade | on | Plar | nt | Meat | t | Mill | k | All Path | nways* |
|------------------------------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 7.453E-01 | | 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 1.320E-01 | | 0.000E+00 1.762E-03 | | 0.000E+00 3.689E-02 | | 6.890E-23 9.160E-01 | |
| Th-228 Th-232 | 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 1.600E-19 | |
| U-234 U-235 | 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 | | 9.952E-25 1.004E-31 | |
| U-238 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.877E-27 | 0.0000 |
| Total | 7.453E-01 | 0.8137 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.320E-01 | 0.1441 | 1.762E-03 | 0.0019 | 3.689E-02 | 0.0403 | 9.160E-01 | 1.0000 |

۰.

*Sum of all water independent and dependent pathways.

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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 0.000E+00 years

Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation excludes radon)

| | Grou | nd | Inhala | tion | Rado | n | Plar | nt | Meat | t | Mil} | ¢ | Soil | L |
|-------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 1.980E-32 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 5.548E-23 | 0.0005 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 1.018E-19 | 0.9918 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-232 | 7.846E-22 | 0.0076 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-234 | 4.063E-30 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 1.256E-27 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| | | <u></u> | <u> </u> | <u></u> | I.uu. 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 1.026E-19 | 1.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 0.000E+00 years

Water Dependent Pathways

| | Water Fish | | Radon | | Plant | | Meat | | Milk | | All Pathways* | | | |
|-------------------|------------|----------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|---------------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. | _mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.980E-32 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 5.548E-23 | 0.0005 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.018E-19 | 0.9918 |
| Th-232 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 7.846E-22 | 0.0076 |
| U-234 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 4.063E-30 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.256E-27 | 0.0000 |
| | | <u> </u> | | | Las | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.026E-19 | 1.0000 |

*Sum of all water independent and dependent pathways.

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RESRAD, Version 6.4 T½ Limit = 180 days 05/19/2009 10:29 Page 17 Summary : EGL Vadose Zone Analysis

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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 1.000E+00 years

Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation excludes radon)

| 2 11 | Ground Inhalation | | tion | Radon | | Plant | | Meat | | Milk | | Soil | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 1.923E-32 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 5.553E-23 | 0.0007 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 7.092E-20 | 0.9357 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-232 | 4.819E-21 | 0.0636 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-234 | 2.847E-29 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 1.258E-27 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | |
| Total | 7.579E-20 | 1.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 1.000E+00 years

Water Dependent Pathways

| | Wate | Water | | Fish | | Radon | | nt | Meat | : | Mil} | ¢ | All Path | ways* |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|----------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.923E-32 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 5.553E-23 | 0.0007 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 7.092E-20 | 0.9357 |
| Th-232 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 4.819E-21 | 0.0636 |
| U-234 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 2.847E-29 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.258E-27 | 0.0000 . |
| | | | | | <u></u> | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 7.579E-20 | 1.0000 |

 $^{\ast}\ensuremath{\mathsf{Sum}}$ of all water independent and dependent pathways.

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 3.000E+00 years

. .

Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation excludes radon)

| | Ground Inhalation | | tion | Radon | | Plant | | Meat | | Milk | | Soil | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 1.813E-32 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 5.562E-23 | 0.0010 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 3.444E-20 | 0.6414 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-232 | 1.920E-20 | 0.3575 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-234 | 1.508E-28 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 1.262E-27 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 5.369E-20 | 1.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 3.000E+00 years

Water Dependent Pathways

| | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| | Wate | ∍r | Fis | h | Rado | on | Plan | ıt | Meat | : | Mill | ¢ | All Path | ways* |
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.813E-32 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 5.562E-23 | 0.0010 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 3.444E-20 | 0.6414 |
| Th-232 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.920E-20 | 0.3575 |
| U-234 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.508E-28 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.262E-27 | 0.0000 |
| . <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | | |
| Total | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 5.369E-20 | 1.0000 |

 $^{\star} \mathrm{Sum}$ of all water independent and dependent pathways.

Summary : EGL Vadose Zone Analysis

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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 1.000E+01 years

Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation excludes radon)

| | Grou | nd | Inhala | tion | Rado | on | Plar | nt | Meat | t. | Mil} | ĸ | Soil | L |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 1.474E-32 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 5.597E-23 | 0.0007 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 2.748E-21 | 0.0366 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-232 | 7.217E-20 | 0.9626 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-234 | 1.360E-27 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 1.275E-27 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | | <u></u> | |
| Total | 7.497E-20 | 1.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 1.000E+01 years

Water Dependent Pathways

| | Wate | er | Fis | h | Rado | on | Plar | it | Meat | ĩ | Mill | ¢ | All Path | nways* |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. |
| .Pb-210 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.474E-32 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 5.597E-23 | 0.0007 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 2.748E-21 | 0.0366 |
| Th-232 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 7.217E-20 | 0.9626 |
| U-234 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.360E-27 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.275E-27 | 0.0000 |
| | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | |
| Total | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0:000E+00 | 0.0000 | 7.497E-20 | 1.0000 |

 $\star {\tt Sum}$ of all water independent and dependent pathways.

RESRAD, Version 6.4 T'z Limit = 180 days 05/19/2009 10:29 Page 20 Summary : EGL Vadose Zone Analysis

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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 3.000E+01 years

Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation excludes radon)

| | Grou | nd | Inhala | tion | Rado | on | Pla | nt | Meat | E . | Mil | ¢ | Soil | L |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 8.173E-33 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 5.696E-23 | 0.0005 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 2.003E-24 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-232 | 1.207E-19 | 0.9995 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-234 | 1.174E-26 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 1.315E-27 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 1.207E-19 | 1.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) \cdot As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 3.000E+01 years

Water Dependent Pathways

| | Wate | er | Fis | n | Rado | on | Plar | it | Mea | t | Mill | c | All Path | nways* |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------|------------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 8.173E-33 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 5.696E-23 | 0.0005 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 2.003E-24 | 0.0000 |
| Th-232 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.207E-19 | 0.9995 |
| U-234 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.174E-26 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.315E-27 | 0.0000 |
| | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | · | | | |
| Total | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | -1.207E-19 | 1.0000 |

*Sum of all water independent and dependent pathways.

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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 1.000E+02 years

Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation excludes radon)

| • | Grou | nd | Inhala | tion | . Rado | on | Plar | nt | Mea | t | Mil | c | Soil | L |
|-------------------|-----------|---------|------------|--------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 6.057E-23 | 0.0004 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | `0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-232 | 1.357E-19 | 0.9996 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-234 | 1.383E-25 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 1.468E-27 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| | | <u></u> | | | | ·································· | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 1.357E-19 | 1.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) . As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 1.000E+02 years

Water Dependent Pathways

| Radio- | Wate | er | Fis | 'n | Rade | on | Plan | ņt | Meat | : | Mill | k | All Path | hways* |
|---------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 6.057E-23 | 0.0004 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-232 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.357E-19 | 0.9996 |
| U-234 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.383E-25 | 0.0000 |
| ·U-235 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.468E-27 | 0.0000 |
| | | | | | · | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.357E-19 | 1.0000 |

 $^{\star} {\rm Sum}$ of all water independent and dependent pathways.

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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 3.000E+02 years

Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation excludes radon)

| | Grou | nd | Inhala | tion | Rado | on | Pla | nt | Mea | t | Mil) | ¢ | Soil | 1 |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-------------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 7.218E-23 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-232 | 1.698E-19 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-234 | 1.562E-24 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 1.367E-31 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 2.068E-27 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 1.699E-19 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 3.000E+02 years

Water Dependent Pathways

| | Wat | er | Fis | h | Rado | , n | Pla | nt | Meat | t | Mill | ¢ | All Path | nways* |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------|-----------|----------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 7.218E-23 | 0.0000 |
| Tc-99 | 4.334E-01 | 0.8136 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 7.678E-02 | 0.1441 | 1.027E-03 | 0.0019 | 2.147E-02 | 0.0403 | 5.327E-01 | 1.0000 |
| Th-228 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-232 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.698E-19 | 0.0000 |
| U-234 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.562E-24 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.367E-31 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 2.068E-27 | 0.0000 |
| | | | | · · · · · · | | | <u>.</u> | | | <u> </u> | | | <u></u> | <u> </u> |
| Total | 4.334E-01 | 0.8136 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 7.678E-02 | 0.1441 | 1.027E-03 | 0.0019 | 2.147E-02 | 0.0403 | 5.327E-01 | 1.0000 |

 $\star Sum of all water independent and dependent pathways.$

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 1.000E+03 years

Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation excludes radon)

| | Grou | nd | Inhala | tion | Rado | on | Plar | nt | Meat | t | Mill | ĸ | Soil | L |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 | 1.334E-22 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-228 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-232 | 3.723E-19 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000É+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-234 | 3.938E-23 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-235 | 1.576E-30 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| U-238 | 1.202E-26 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| | | | <u></u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 3.724E-19 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 1.000E+03 years

Water Dependent Pathways

| | Wate | er | Fis | h | Rado | on | Plar | nt | Mea | t | Mil | k | All Path | ways* |
|-------------------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|
| Radio- Nuclide | mrem/yr | fract. |
| Pb-210 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Ra-226 Tc-99 | 0.000E+00 3.282E-04 | | 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 5.815E-05 | | 0.000E+00 7.775E-07 | | 0.000E+00 1.626E-05 | | 1.334E-22 | |
| Th-228 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 |
| Th-232 U-234 | 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 | | 3.723E-19 3.938E-23 | |
| U-235 | 0.000E+00 | | 1.576E-30 | |
| U-238 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 1.202E-26 | 0.0000 |
| Total | 3.282E-04 | 0.8136 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0000 | 5.815E-05 | 0.1441 | 7.775E-07 | 0.0019 | 1.626E-05 | 0.0403 | 4.034E-04 | 1.0000 |

 $\star {\rm Sum}$ of all water independent and dependent pathways.

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Dose/Source Ratios Summed Over All Pathways Parent and Progeny Principal Radionuclide Contributions Indicated

| Parent | Product | Thread | | DSR | (j,t) At T: | ime in Yea: | rs (mrem, | /yr)/(pCi/o | g) | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| (i) | (j) | Fraction | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | 3.000E+00 | 1.000E+01 | 3.000E+01 | 1.000E+02 | 3.000E+02 | 1.000E+03 |
| Pb-210+D | Pb-210+D | 1.000E+00 | 2.575E-30 | 2.500E-30 | 2.357E-30 | 1.917E-30 | 1.063E-30 | 1.348E-31 | 3.694E-34 | 3.980E-43 |
| Ra-226+D | Ra-226+D | 1.000E+00 | 7.214E-21 | 7.221E-21 | 7.233E-21 | 7.278E-21 | 7.407E-21 | 7.876E-21 | 9.386E-21 | 1.735E-20 |
| Ra-226+D | Pb-210+D | 1.000E+00 | 4.023E-32 | 1.192E-31 | 2.706E-31 | 7.380E-31 | 1.667E-30 | 2.837E-30 | 3.738E-30 | 8.329E-30 |
| Ra-226+D | ∑DSR(j) | | 7.214E-21 | 7.221E-21 | 7.233E-21 | 7.278E-21 | 7.407E-21 | 7.876E-21 | 9.386E-21 | 1.735E-20 |
| Tc-99 | Tc-99 | 1.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 2.524E+00 | 1.912E-03 |
| Th-228+D | Th-228+D | 1.000E+00 | 1.103E-17 | 7.683E-18 | 3.731E-18 | 2.977E-19 | 2.170E-22 | 2.269E-33 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| Th-232 | Th-232 | 1.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| Th-232 | Ra-228+D | 1.000E+00 | 1.508E-24 | 4.300E-24 | 8.990E-24 | 1.896E-23 | 2.652E-23 | 3.017E-23 | 4.054E-23 | 1.140E-22 |
| Th-232 | Th-228+D | 1.000E+00 | 8.501E-20 | 5.221E-19 | 2.080E-18 | 7.819E-18 | 1.308E-17 | 1.470E-17 | 1.840E-17 | 4.033E-17 |
| Th-232 | ∑DSR(j) | | 8.501E-20 | 5.221E-19 | 2.080E-18 | 7.819E-18 | 1.308E-17 | 1.470E-17 | 1.840E-17 | 4.033E-17 |
| U-234 | U-234 | 1.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| U-234 | Th-230 | 1.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| U-234 | Ra-226+D | 1.000E+00 | 4.691E-30 | 3.287E-29 | 1.741E-28 | 1.571E-27 | 1.356E-26 | 1.597E-25 | 1.804E-24 | 4.548E-23 |
| U-234 | Pb-210+D | 1.000E+00 | 1.313E-41 | 1.959E-40 | 2.259E-39 | 5.744E-38 | 1.256E-36 | 3.312E-35 | 5.751E-34 | 2.027E-32 |
| U-234 | ∑DSR(j) | | 4.691E-30 | 3.287E-29 | 1.741E-28 | 1.571E-27 | 1.356E-26 | 1.597E-25 | 1.804E-24 | 4.548E-23 |
| U-235+D | U-235+D | 1.000E+00 | 1.591E-39 | 1.595E-39 | 1.603E-39 | 1.630E-39 | 1.711E-39 | 2.027E-39 | 3.291E-39 | 1.793E-38 |
| U-235+D | Pa-231 | 1.000E+00 | 5.881E-39 | 1.768E-38 | 4.141E-38 | 1.260E-37 | 3.810E-37 | 1.446E-36 | 6.477E-36 | 8.868E-35 |
| U-235+D | Ac-227+D | 1.000E+00 | 3.844E-35 | 2.670E-34 | 1.387E-33 | 1.169E-32 | 8.425E-32 | 6.061E-31 | 3.231E-30 | 3.725E-29 |
| U-235+D | ∑DSR(j) | | 3.845E-35 | 2.670E-34 | 1.388E-33 | 1.169E-32 | 8.425E-32 | 6.061E-31 | 3.231E-30 | 3.725E-29 |
| U-238 | U-238 | 5.400E-05 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| U-238 +D | U-238+D | 9.999E-01 | 9.099E-27 | 9.113E-27 | 9.142E-27 | 9.241E-27 | 9.531E-27 | 1.062E-26 | 1.447E-26 | 4.270E-26 |
| U-238+D | U-234 | 9.999E-01 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| U-238+D | Th-230 | 9.999E-01 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| U-238+D | Ra-226+D | 9.999E-01 | 3.325E-36 | 4.992E-35 | 5.838E-34 | 1.561E-32 | 3.912E-31 | 1.522E-29 | 5.173E-28 | 4.438E-26 |
| Ú-238+D | Pb-210+D | 9.999E-01 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 5.605E-45 | 4.358E-43 | 2.836E-41 | 2.646E-39 | 1.508E-37 | 1.917E-35 |
| U-238+D | ∑DSR(j) | | 9.099E-27 | 9.113E-27 | 9.142E-27 | 9.241E-27 | 9.532E-27 | 1.064E-26 | 1.499E-26 | 8.708E-26 |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | · ···· ··· ··· ··· ··· | | | <u> </u> | | | |

The DSR includes contributions from associated (half-life \leq 180 days) daughters.

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Single Radionuclide Soil Guidelines G(i,t) in pCi/g
Basic Radiation Dose Limit = 2.500E+01 mrem/yr

| Nuclide | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (i) | t= 0.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | 3.000E+00 | 1.000E+01 | 3.000E+01 | 1.000E+02 | 3.000E+02 | 1.000E+03 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Pb-210 | *7.634E+13 | *7.634E+13 | *7.634E+13 | *7.634E+13 | *7.634E+13 | *7.634E+13 | *7.634E+13 | *7.634E+13 |
| Ra-226 | *9.885E+11 | *9.885E+11 | *9.885E+11 | *9.885E+11 | *9.885E+11 | *9.885E+11 | *9.885E+11 | *9.885E+11 |
| Tc-99 | *1.697E+10 | *1.697E+10 | *1.697E+10 | *1.697E+10 | *1.697E+10 | *1.697E+10 | 9.903E+00 | 1.308E+04 |
| Th-228 | *8.195E+14 | *8.195E+14 | *8.195E+14 | *8.195E+14 | *8.195E+14 | *8.195E+14 | *8.195E+14 | *8.195E+14 |
| Th-232 | *1.097E+05 | *1.097E+05 | *1.097E+05 | *1.097E+05 | *1.097E+05 | *1.097E+05 | *1.097E+05 | *1.097E+05 |
| U-234 | *6.247E+09 | *6.247E+09 | *6.247E+09 | *6.247E+09 | *6.247E+09 | *6.247E+09 | *6.247E+09 | *6.247E+09 |
| U-235 | *2.161E+06 | *2.161E+06 | *2.161E+06 | *2.161E+06 | *2.161E+06 | *2.161E+06 | *2.161E+06 | *2.161E+06 |
| U-238 | *3.361E+05 | *3.361E+05 | *3.361E+05 | *3.361E+05 | *3.361E+05 | *3.361E+05 | *3.361E+05 | *3.361E+05 |
| | ···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | |

*At specific activity limit

Summed Dose/Source Ratios DSR(i,t) in (mrem/yr)/(pCi/g) and Single Radionuclide Soil Guidelines G(i,t) in pCi/g at tmin = time of minimum single radionuclide soil guideline and at tmax = time of maximum total dose = 246.9 ± 0.5 years

| Nuclide | Initial | tmin | DSR(i,tmin) | G(i,tmin) | DSR(i,tmax) | G(i,tmax) |
|---------|-----------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| (i) | (pCi/g) | (years) | | (pCi/g) | | (pCi/g) |
| | | | | | | ····· |
| Pb-210 | 7.690E-03 | 0.000E+00 | 2.575E-30 | *7.634E+13 | 0.000E+00 | *7.634E+13 |
| Ra-226 | 7.690E-03 | 1.000E+03 | 1.735E-20 | *9.885E+11 | 8.959E-21 | *9.885E+11 |
| Tc-99 2 | 2.110E-01 | 246.9 ± 0.5 | 4.341E+00 | 5.759E+00 | 4.341E+00 | 5.759E+00 |
| Th-228 | 9.230E-03 | 0.000E+00 | 1.103E-17 | *8.195E+14 | 0.000E+00 | *8.195E+14 |
| Th-232 | 9.230E-03 | 1.000E+03 | 4.033E-17 | *1.097E+05 | 1.733E-17 | *1.097E+05 |
| U-234 8 | 8.660E-01 | 1.000E+03 | 4.548E-23 | *6.247E+09 | 1.149E-24 | *6.247E+09 |
| U-235 4 | 4.230E-02 | 1.000E+03 | 3.725E-29 | *2.161E+06 | 2.374E-30 | *2.161E+06 |
| U-238 1 | 1.380E-01 | 1.000E+03 | 8.708E-26 | *3.361E+05 | 1.360E-26 | *3.361E+05 |
| | | | | | | |

*At specific activity limit

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Individual Nuclide Dose Summed Over All Pathways Parent Nuclide and Branch Fraction Indicated

| Nuclide | Parent (i) | THF(1) | t= | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | 3.000E+00 | DOSE(j,t), 1.000E+01 | | 1.000E+02 | 3.000E+02 | 1.000E+03 |
|------------------|--------------------|-----------|----|-----------|------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | | 1.0007.00 | | 1 0005 33 | 1 0038 30 | 1 0127 22 | 1 4745 22 | 0 1727 22 | 0.0007.00 | | |
| | | 1.000E+00 | | | | | 1.474E-32 0.000E+00 | | | | |
| | | 1.000E+00 | | | | | 0.000E+00 | | | | |
| Pb-210 Pb-210 | | 1.000E+00 | | | | | 0.000E+00 | | | | |
| | | 9.999E-01 | | | | | 1.474E-32 | | | | |
| PD-210 | ∑DOSE(j |). | | 1.9806-32 | 1.9236-32 | 1.813E-32 | 1.4/4E-32 | 2.099E-32 | 2.182E-32 | 2.8/3E-32 | 6.4U3E-32 |
| Ra-226 | Ra-226 | 1.000E+00 | | 5.548E-23 | 5.553E-23 | 5.562E-23 | 5.597E-23 | 5.696E-23 | 6.057E-23 | 7.218E-23 | 1.334E-22 |
| Ra-226 | U-234 | 1.000E+00 | | 4.063E-30 | 2.847E-29 | 1.508E-28 | 1.360E-27 | 1.174E-26 | 1.383E-25 | 1.562E-24 | 3.938E-23 |
| Ra-226 | U-238 | 9.999E-01 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 2.100E-30 | 7.139E-29 | 6.124E-27 |
| Ra-226 | ∑DOSE(j |) | | 5.548E-23 | 5.553E-23 | 5.563E-23 | 5.597E-23 | 5.697E-23 | 6.070E-23 | 7.374E-23 | 1.728E-22 |
| Tc-99 | Tc-99 | 1.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 5.327E-01 | 4.034E-04 |
| m) 200 | m1- 000 | 1 0005.00 | | 1 0100 10 | 7 0007 00 | 2 4445 20 | 2 7400 21 | 2 0025 24 | 0.00000.00 | 0.0007.00 | 0.00071.00 |
| | | 1.000E+00 | | | | | 2.748E-21 | | | | |
| | | 1.000E+00 | | | | | 7.217E-20 | | | | |
| Th-228 | ∑DOSE(j |) | | 1.0268-19 | /.5/4E-20 | 5.3638-20 | 7.491E-20 | 1.2078-19 | 1.35/E-19 | 1.6985-19 | 3./238-19 |
| Th-232 | Th-232 | 1.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| Ra-228 | Th-232 | 1.000E+00 | | 1.392E-26 | 3.968E-26 | 8.298E-26 | 1.750E-25 | 2.448E-25 | 2.785E-25 | 3.742E-25 | 1.053E-24 |
| U-234 | U-234 | 1.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| U-234 | U-238 | 9.999E-01 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| U-234 | ∑DOSE(j |) | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| m) 000 | | 1 0000.00 | | | 0.0007.000 | 0.0007/00 | | 0.000=.00 | 0.0007.00 | 0.0007.00 | 0.0005.00 |
| Th-230 | | 1.000E+00 | | | | | 0.000E+00 | | | | |
| Th-230 | | 9.999E-01 | | | | | 0.000E+00 | | | | |
| Th-230 | ∑DOSE(j |) | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.0006+00 |
| U-235 | U-235 | 1.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| Pa-231 | U-235 | 1.000E+00 | ., | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| Ac-227 | U-235 | 1.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 1.367E-31 | 1.576E-30 |
| U-238 | U-238 [.] | 5.400E-05 | | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| U-238 | U-238 | 9.999E-01 | | 1.256E-27 | 1.258E-27 | 1.262E-27 | 1.275E-27 | 1.315E-27 | 1.466E-27 | 1.997E-27 | 5.893E-27 |
| U-238 | ∑DOSE(j |) | | 1.256E-27 | 1.258E-27 | 1.262E-27 | 1.275E-27 | 1.315E-27 | 1.466E-27 | 1.997E-27 | 5.893E-27 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

THF(i) is the thread fraction of the parent nuclide.

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Individual Nuclide Soil Concentration Parent Nuclide and Branch Fraction Indicated

| Nuclide (j) | Parent (i) | THF(i) | t= | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E+00 | 3.000E+00 | S(j,t), 1.000E+01 | | 1.000E+02 | 3.000E+02 | 1.000E+03 |
|----------------|---------------|-----------|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | · | | | | | | | | | |
| Pb-210 | Pb-210 | 1.000E+00 | | 7.690E-03 | 7.455E-03 | 7.005E-03 | 5.635E-03 | 3.025E-03 | 3.430E-04 | 6.823E-07 | 2.395E-16 |
| Pb-210 | Ra-226 | 1.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 2.353E-04 | 6.842E-04 | 2.049E-03 | 4.626E-03 | 7.104E-03 | 6.799E-03 | 4.935E-03 |
| Pb-210 | U-234 | 1.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 1.736E-11 | 4.614E-10 | 1.619E-08 | 3.784E-07 | 9.227E-06 | 1.173E-04 | 1.351E-03 |
| Pb-210 | U-238 | 9.999E-01 | | 0.000E+00 | 1.963E-18 | 1.571E-16 | 1.857E-14 | 1.338E-12 | 1.168E-10 | 4.893E-09 | 2.035E-07 |
| Pb-210 | ∑s(j): | | | 7.690E-03 | 7.690E-03 | 7.689E-03 | 7.684E-03 | 7.651E-03 | 7.456E-03 | 6.917E-03 | 6.287E-03 |
| Ra-226 | Ra-226 | 1.000E+00 | | 7.690E-03 | 7.686E-03 | 7.679E-03 | 7.655E-03 | 7.585E-03 | 7.346E-03 | 6.703E-03 | 4.865E-03 |
| Ra-226 | U-234 | 1.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 1.688E-09 | 1.519E-08 | 1.686E-07 | 1.512E-06 | 1.661E-05 | 1.446E-04 | 1.435E-03 |
| Ra-226 | U-238 | 9.999E-01 | | 0.000E+00 | 2.542E-16 | 6.862E-15 | 2.539E-13 | 6.838E-12 | 2.509E-10 | 6.596E-09 | 2.230E-07 |
| Ra-226 | ∑S(j): | | | 7.690E-03 | 7.686E-03 | 7.679E-03 | 7.655E-03 | 7.587E-03 | 7.363E-03 | 6.848E-03 | 6.301E-03 |
| Tc-99 | Tc-99 | 1.000E+00 | | 2.110E-01 | 2.088E-01 | 2.046E-01 | 1.903E-01 | 1.549E-01 | 7.526E-02 | 9.574E-03 | 7.030E-06 |
| Th-228 | Th-228 | 1.000E+00 | | 9.230E-03 | 6.425E-03 | 3.113E-03 | 2.464E-04 | 1.756E-07 | 1.698E-18 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| Th-228 | Th-232 | 1.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 1.721E-04 | 1.147E-03 | 5.209E-03 | 8.857E-03 | 9.228E-03 | 9.228E-03 | 9.228E-03 |
| Th-228 | ∑S(j): | | | 9.230E-03 | 6.597E-03 | 4.260E-03 | 5.455E-03 | 8.857E-03 | 9.228E-03 | 9.228E-03 | 9.228E-03 |
| Th-232 | Th-232 | 1.000E+00 | | 9.230E-03 | 9.230E-03 | 9.230E-03 | 9.230E-03 | 9.230E-03 | 9.230E-03 | 9.230E-03 | 9.230E-03 |
| Ra-228 | Th-232 | 1.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 1.048E-03 | 2.801E-03 | 6.465E-03 | 8.980E-03 | 9.228E-03 | 9.228E-03 | 9.228E-03 |
| U-234 | U-234 | 1.000E+00 | | 8.660E-01 | 8.660E-01 | 8.659E-01 | 8.657E-01 | 8.650E-01 | 8.628E-01 | 8.564E-01 | 8.344E-01 |
| U-234 | U-238 | 9.999E-01 | | 0.000E+00 | 3.912E-07 | 1.173E-06 | 3.911E-06 | 1.172E-05 | 3.898E-05 | 1.161E-04 | 3.775E-04 |
| U-234 | ∑s(j): | | | 8.660E-01 | 8.660E-01 | 8.659E-01 | 8.657E-01 | 8.650E-01 | 8.628E-01 | 8.565E-01 | 8.348E-01 |
| Th-230 | U-234 | 1.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 7.795E-06 | 2.339E-05 | 7.794E-05 | 2.337E-04 | 7.778E-04 | 2.323E-03 | 7.618E-03 |
| Th-230 | U-238 | 9.999E-01 | | 0.000E+00 | 1.761E-12 | 1.585E-11 | 1.760E-10 | 1.583E-09 | 1.756E-08 | 1.572E-07 | 1.714E-06 |
| Th-230 | ∑S(j): | | | 0.000E+00 | 7.795E-06 | 2.339E-05 | 7.794E-05 | 2.337E-04 | 7.778E-04 | 2.323E-03 | 7.620E-03 |
| U-235 | U-235 | 1.000E+00 | | 4.230E-02 | 4.230E-02 | 4.230E-02 | 4.229E-02 | 4.226E-02 | 4.216E-02 | 4.187E-02 | 4.087E-02 |
| Pa-231 | U-235 | 1.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 8.950E-07 | 2.685E-06 | 8.946E-06 | 2.681E-05 | 8.910E-05 | 2.649E-04 | 8.557E-04 |
| Ac-227 | U-235 | 1.000E+00 | | 0.000E+00 | 1.410E-08 | 1.242E-07 | 1.284E-06 | 9.538E-06 | 6.222E-05 | 2.369E-04 | 8.278E-04 |
| U-238 | U-238 | 5.400E-05 | | 7.452E-06 | 7.452E-06 | 7.451E-06 | 7.449E-06 | 7.444E-06 | 7.426E-06 | 7.376E-06 | 7.201E-06 |
| U-238 | U-238 | 9.999E-01 | | 1.380E-01 | 1.380E-01 | 1.380E-01 | 1.379E-01 | 1.379E-01 | 1.375E-01 | 1.366E-01 | 1.333E-01 |
| U-238 | ∑S(j): | | | 1.380E-01 | 1.380E-01 | 1.380E-01 | 1.380E-01 | 1.379E-01 | 1.375E-01 | 1.366E-01 | 1.333E-01 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

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_ THF(i) is the thread fraction of the parent nuclide.

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RESCALC.EXE execution time = 3.61 seconds
