

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

Internal	neverlue Service					
	Name (as shown or	n your income tax return)	-			
Print or type See Specific Instructions on page 2.	Business name/dis	regarded entity name, if different from above				
	Check appropriate box for federal tax classification: Individual/sole proprietor			☐ Exempt payee		
	Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership)					
The contraction of the contract			(optional)			
See Spe	City, state, and ZIP	2 code				
	List account number	List account number(s) here (optional)				
Par	Taxpa	yer Identification Number (TIN)				
Enter	your TIN in the ap	propriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on the "Name" line	Social security numb	er		
reside entitie	nt alien, sole prop s, it is your emplo	Iding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a prietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other yer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get a</i>	-	-		
	page 3.	A Constitution of the state of	Employer identification	on number		
Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.						
Part	II Certifi	cation				
Under	penalties of perju	ıry, I certify that:				
1. The	e number shown o	on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a num	ber to be issued to me	e), and		
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and						
3. I ar	n a U.S. citizen or	other U.S. person (defined below).				
becau interes genera instruc	se you have failed at paid, acquisition	ons. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you do to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions on abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an independent and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you	, item 2 does not app dividual retirement arr	y. For mortgage angement (IRA), and		
Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person					

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

Form W-9 (Rev. 12-2011) Page **2**

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

- The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,
- The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and
- The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS a percentage of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),
 - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Partnership, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA) name" on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Disregarded entity. Enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. The name of the entity entered on the "Name" line should never be a disregarded entity. The name on the "Name" line must be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income will be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a domestic owner, the domestic owner's name is required to be provided on the "Name" line. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, you must complete an appropriate Form W-8.

Note. Check the appropriate box for the federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on the "Name" line (Individual/sole proprietor, Partnership, C Corporation, S Corporation, Trust/estate).

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the person identified on the "Name" line is an LLC, check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification in the space provided. If you are an LLC that is treated as a partnership for federal tax purposes, enter "P" for partnership. If you are an LLC that has filed a Form 8832 or a Form 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If you are an LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulation section 301.7701-3 (except for employment and excise tax), do not check the LLC box unless the owner of the LLC (required to be identified on the "Name" line) is another LLC that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. If the LLC is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the appropriate tax classification of the owner identified on the "Name" line.

Form W-9 (Rev. 12-2011) Page **3**

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name/ disregarded entity name" line.

Exempt Payee

If you are exempt from backup withholding, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the "Exempt payee" box in the line following the "Business name/disregarded entity name," sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

Note. If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following payees are exempt from backup withholding:

- 1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2),
 - 2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities,
- 3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,
- 4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or
- 5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:

- 6. A corporation,
- 7. A foreign central bank of issue,
- 8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States
- 9. A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
 - 10. A real estate investment trust,
- 11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,
 - 12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a),
 - 13. A financial institution.
- 14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or
- 15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 15.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 9
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 5 and 7 through 13. Also, C corporations.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 5
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 1	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 7 ²

¹See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4 indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on the "Name" line must sign. Exempt payees, see Exempt Payee on page 3.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 3, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- **3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Form W-9 (Rev. 12-2011) Page **4**

- **4. Other payments.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
Individual Two or more individuals (joint account)	The individual The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account '
Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee ¹ The actual owner ¹
Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
7. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust 9. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	Legal entity ⁴ The corporation
Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC12. A broker or registered nominee	The partnership The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- · Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to *phishing@irs.gov*. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: *spam@uce.gov* or contact them at *www.ftc.gov/idtheft* or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 1.

^{*}Note. Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

UNICOR Recycling Facility Customer Registration Form

Corporation Name		
Billing Address:		
Telephone:		
Fax:		
Email Address:		
Point of Contact		
Sales:		
Point of Contact		
Billing:		
Federal Tax ID#:		
Dun&Bradstreet #:		
Type of Business (i.e., small, minority, women owned, government, federal, state, county, local)		
Note: Federal Tax ident	ification number can l	oe used to collect and report on any
delinquent amount arisin	ng out of relationship	with the government.
		Customer Signature
to surveillance. Items pur recycled/recovered/reused and regulations. Any item returned to UNICOR for r	chased at UNICOR's R in accordance with all as purchased at UNICO ecycling at the custome	federal, state, and local laws, ordinances R and later deemed unusable may be r's expense.
(To be completed by UNI	COR Business Office &	Forwarded to CSC)
SAP Customer #:	Approved by:	Date:

Form # RBG0003

BUSINESS CREDIT APPLICATION

outside credit-reporting agency.

Business Name	Date	
Address	City	
State Zip Cod	e	
Billing Address if	different than above:	
Address	City	
State Z	ip Code	
Owner/Manager	Tel. No	
FAX No	E-Mail	
How long in busines	s	
Previous Business N	ame if Applicable	
Trade References:		
Name	Address	Phone:
Pending lawsuits ag		
IF purchasing autho The Recycling Busin over \$1,000 are to under \$1,000 are to	an outside credit-reporting rity is granted: ess Group terms and condition	ons of sale are COD: purchases y Order or Credit Card; purchases
granted, may be wit	nurawn at any time.	
Signature	Title	Date

Notice: All transactions conducted by this business will be reported to an

Certification of Recovery/Recycling

I,	, as	a duly authorized agent of
	, affirm that all r	non-working Monitors/CRTs
purchased by		_ are repaired or recycled in
accordance with all ap	plicable local, state, and federal laws	and regulations. All glass
and circuit boards fron	n unrepaired monitors/CRTs are comp	oletely recycled with none of
these materials being la	andfilled or dumped. I agree to inspe	ctions of my facilities at any
time by Federal Prison	Industries, Inc. (UNICOR) represent	atives and have obtained the
same right of inspectio	on by UNICOR from any company acc	cepting material from
	, which was originall	y purchased from UNICOR.
	agrees to indemnify	and hold harmless UNICOR,
it's officers, agents, an	d representatives from any and all cla	ims arising from disposition
of this material by		it's agents, or customers.
	will be responsible for all	liabilities associated with the
proper care, handling a	and disposition of all materials.	
	s to all current and future purchases un	nless specifically waived by
both parties in writing.		
Signed:		
Printed Name:		
Date:		

Form # - RBG0001

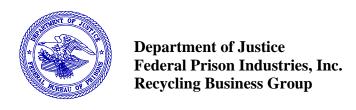
Customer Certification and Letter of Assurance

We understand that Federal Prison Industries (UNICOR) may provide us with products, including hardware, software, and/or technology, that may be subject to United States and other government export control regulations and restrictions. We also understand that, under these restrictions, UNICOR's delivery of these products to us may take place only after UNICOR has received written assurances from us.

Accordingly, we hereby agree:

- ÷ That we will not transfer, export, or re-export, directly or indirectly, any products acquired from UNICOR to Cuba, Iran, Iraq, North Korea, Libya, Sudan, and/or Syria, or any nationals thereof, or to any other country subject to restriction under applicable laws and regulations, and that we are not located in, under control of, or a national or resident of any such country.
- ÷ That we will not use the products in any activity related to the development, production, use, or maintenance of "Weapons of Mass Destruction", including without limitation, uses related to nuclear, missile, and/or chemical/biological development and that we will not transfer, export, or re-export, directly or indirectly to any party engaged in any such activity; if we are engaged in such activities, we acknowledge that we could be subject to BXA licensing requirements.
- ÷ That we will not transfer, export, or re-export, directly or indirectly to any party listed as prohibited from receiving products by the U.S. Government or prohibited by applicable law and that we are not on, or under control of anybody on any such list.
- ÷ That we will comply with all applicable regulations and restrictions whenever we transfer, export, or re-export products obtained from UNICOR.
- ÷ That we have not changed the verbiage from the template received from UNICOR and if changes are necessary we will contact UNICOR.

Signature/Title	Date	Company Name
Form # DDC0002		



Material Disposition Checklist – Form # RBG0010c

UNICOR warrants the disposition of recyclable materials processed in its operations for compliance to all applicable federal, state and local regulations. Additionally, landfilling or overseas disposition is only acceptable under severely limited conditions. To insure the highest standards of recycling are achieved, UNICOR requires buyers to certify the ultimate disposition of all materials.

By completing this checklist, you are agreeing that your company/organization is in compliance with federal, state and local regulations. UNICOR has guaranteed to their material providers that "due diligence" process has been completed to ensure them that all vendors and reprocessors utilized by UNICOR follow all requirements that meet all federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations.

A copy of your check list and certifications will be provided to UNICOR's customers on a requested basis.

As a prerequisite to future purchases and a pre-audit step to current agreements, your cooperation is solicited to complete the attached forms.

Email: Duane.Lamper@usdoj.gov Rj qpg<792/744/974;

Purchaser's Certification of Material Disposition Checklist

General Information: Facility Name: Location (processing facility) Street Address: City: County: State, Zip Code: Principal Site Contact: Name/Title: Telephone: Fax: E-mail: Person Completing this Form: Name/Title: Telephone: Fax: E-mail: Date:

Ownership				
Facility Occupant:				
Name and address of legal owner of the property, if leased:				
Has ownership changed in the last 3 years? If so, list names (of businesses), contacts, phone & fax numbers of former owners.				
Name:				
Address:				
Contact:				
Phone/Fax:				
Years in Business:				
Size of facility sq. ft. Production/Storage				
Number of Employees: Production Administrative				
EPA number is:				
What are the waste stream characterization codes specified in the EPA applications? (e.g., D001)?				
Which items are determined as Exempt Small Quantity Generator?				
Which items are determined as Small Quantity Generator? Which items are determined as Large Quantity Generator?				
In the past five years has your company had any citations from the EPA or a State regulatory agency? Yes No If yes, specify dates, places, agency, and resolution.				

Other regulatory licenses/permits:	
Specify and forward a copy of any certifications related to your oper	ration:
especify and forward a copy of any <u>extrications</u> related to your oper	ation.
International Association of Electronics Recyclers (IAER) Are you a member of IAER? (yes/no)	(yes/no)
ISO 9001:2000, Quality Management Systems	(yes/no)
ISO 14001:2004, Environmental Management Systems	(yes/no)
Do you have an environmental management system (EMS)?	(yes/no)
Are regular environmental, health and safety audits completed? Are copies on file for review?	
Specify any pending or completed litigation against your company wyears:	ithin the past five
Summary of operations and services offered:	
Do you carry Environmental liability protection? yes Is so, please provide a schedule or copy of the insurance polic amount of insurance coverage. Do you carry General Liability insurance? yes no How much coverage? yes no	no ey and indicate
Do you carry any other type of insurance? yes no What type?	
Reprocessors: Permits (indicate permit number assigned): Air permit Storm water permit Solid waste permit Business permit Zoning permit Transportation/licensure	

Reprocessors:			
Identify federal, state and local enviro	onmental agency conta	icts:	
RCRA/Hazardous Waste:			
Air:			
Water:			
Solid Waste:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Health & Safety:			
As a purchaser of material from Feder my responsibility to meet environmen UNICOR policy.			
What do you do with the electronic equivalent UNICOR?	quipment or componer	nts you receive	from
Refurbish equipment for use by anoth	er user?	yes	no
Demanufacture equipment and sell co		yes	no
Send materials to a metals reclamation	n plant or smelter	yes	no
Process the plastic, metal and glass an	d ship these to	yes	no
other companies for use in pro	duction of recycled pr	roducts?	
Subcontract the work to another facili	ty?	yes	no
Do you process items domestically?		yes	no
Export Information: If exported, can you provide evidence shipping documents, or custom If exported, can you provide evidence Similar to that for domestic material legally imported and are in laws?	ns manifests? of due diligence arkets? Can you prov		at all materials
What materials does your company re Provide for each vendor, cer			nd buyer.
Monitors/Terminal/CRTsYes	No		
These are Re-sold (includes, but not li		pair/refurbish c	or combination
with other material.) Yes			,
If yes, answer the following:			
Sold as retail or wholesale?			
Are any buyers non-US Companies?			
Are any exported, by your company o	or by any customer?		
If exported provide export destination		ner	
If processed domestically provide end	buyer information		

<u>CPUs</u> YesNo				
These are Re-sold (includes, but not limited to sale after repair/refurbish, or combination				
with other material.) YesNo				
If yes, answer the following:				
Sold as retail or wholesale?				
Are any buyers non-US Companies?				
Are any exported, by your company or by any customer?				
If exported provide export destination (Country) and customer				
If processed domestically provide end buyer information				
Printers/Copiers/Fax MachinesYesNo				
These are Re-sold (includes, but not limited to sale after repair/refurbish, or combination				
with other material.) YesNo				
If yes, answer the following:				
Sold as retail or wholesale?				
Sold as retail or wholesale?Are any buyers non-US Companies?				
Are any exported, by your company or by any customer?				
If exported provide export destination (Country) and customer				
If processed domestically provide end buyer information				
Mainframes/ServersYesNo				
These are Re-sold (includes, but not limited to sale after repair/refurbish, or combination				
with other material.) YesNo				
If yes, answer the following:				
Sold as retail or wholesale?				
Are any buyers non-US Companies?				
Are any exported, by your company or by any customer?				
If exported provide export destination (Country) and customer				
If processed domestically provide end buyer information				

Components/IC Boards/Phone equipment/RadiosYesNo				
These are Re-sold (includes, but not limited to sale after repair/refurbish, or combination				
with other material.)				
Yes No				
If yes, answer the following:				
Sold as retail or wholesale? Are any buyers non-US Companies? Are any exported, by your company or by any customer?				
				If exported provide export destination (Country) and customer
				If processed domestically provide end buyer information
Scrap Metals/PlasticsYesNo These are Re-sold (includes, but not limited to sale after repair/refurbish, or combination with other material.) YesNo If yes, answer the following: Sold as retail or wholesale? Are any buyers non-US Companies? Are any exported, by your company or by any customer? If exported provide export destination (Country) and customer If processed domestically provide end buyer information				
Other Material (Specify)				
Is this re-sold (includes, but not limited to sale after repair/refurbish, or combination with				
other material.)?				
Yes No				
If yes, answer the following:				
Sold as retail or wholesale?				
Are any buyers non-US Companies?				
Are any exported, by your company or by any customer?				
If exported provide export destination (Country) and customer				
If processed domestically provide end buyer information				

Does your operation create any Hazardous Material waste? Yes No If yes, specify what type of waste (Batteries, mercury, etc.), and the final disposition (name and address of disposer or
recycler)
What other wastes are created, and what is their final disposition?
Are any wastes landfilled? Yes No
If yes, specify by material description, quantity per month, and the address and name of
the landfill.

Certificate of Relationship/Association Disclosure

I hereby certify that I am not related to any inmate confined within the Federal Bureau of Prisons (BOP) nor do I have any business venture or social association with any inmate in BOP custody. I also attest that I do not have any business or social association with a member of an inmate's family, nor do I represent any business or company, which is owned or operated by a member of an inmate's family. My signature below attests to these facts.

CERTIFICATION: Pursuant to 28 United States Code 1746, I certify under penalty of perjury that the above statement is true and correct.

declare (or certify, verify, or state) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on this day of, 200
Signature:
Printed Name:
Company Name:
Address:

Form # - RGB0011

Certification of No-Landfill

I,	_, as a duly authorized agent of
	, affirm that all material
purchased from a UNICOR Recycling Factory is either	r re-sold, reprocessed, or repaired
for reuse. None of the material purchased from a UNI	COR Recycling Factory will be
placed in a landfill or exported for dumping.	
This agreement applies to all current and future purcha	ses unless specifically waived by
both parties in writing prior to purchase.	
Signed:	
Printed Name:	
Date:	

Form # - RBG0015