DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO TAX AND TRADE BUREAU WASHINGTON, D.C. 20220

November 18, 2010

Mr. Tim Baggs Charge Beverage Corporation 4260 South Shore Boulevard Lake Oswego, OR 97035

Dear Mr. Baggs:

By letter dated November 17, 2010, the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) advised you that it had reviewed the regulatory status of your products, "Core High Gravity HG Green," "Core High Gravity HG Orange," and "Lemon Lime Core Spiked," each of which contains caffeine that has been directly added to an alcohol beverage and packaged in combined caffeine and alcohol form. The FDA letter warned you that as it is used in your products, caffeine is an unsafe food additive, and therefore your products are adulterated under section 402(a)(2)(C) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), 21 U.S.C. § 342(a)(2)(C). Among other things, the FDA letter stated that "FDA is not aware of any publicly available data to establish affirmatively safe conditions of use for caffeine added directly to alcoholic beverages and packaged in a combined form."

The Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau (TTB) enforces the labeling provisions of the Federal Alcohol Administration Act (FAA Act), 27 U.S.C. § 205(e). While TTB regulates the labeling of alcohol beverages, it is FDA's responsibility to evaluate the safety of ingredients added to alcohol beverages, pursuant to FDA's authority under the FFDCA. TTB is hereby putting you on notice that FDA's determination that a product is adulterated under the FFDCA would have consequences under the FAA Act. It is TTB's position that adulterated malt beverages are mislabeled within the meaning of the FAA Act.

Subject to the jurisdictional requirements of the FAA Act, mislabeled malt beverages, including adulterated products, may not be sold or shipped, delivered for sale or shipment, or otherwise introduced or received in interstate or foreign commerce, or removed from customs custody for consumption, by a producer, importer, or wholesaler, or other industry member subject to 27 U.S.C § 205(e). TTB may pursue action to suspend or to revoke the FAA Act basic permit of industry members who willfully violate the conditions of their permit with respect to mislabeled, adulterated products. See 27 U.S.C. § 204(e). Violations of the labeling provisions of the FAA Act are punishable as misdemeanors and the Government may seek injunctive relief to prevent and restrain such violations. TTB also may seek an offer

¹ We are sending copies of this letter to the brewers who have obtained certificates of label approval for these products from TTB.

Page 2 – Mr. Tim Baggs Charge Beverage Corporation

in compromise covering the liability arising with respect to such violations in the sum of not more than \$500 for each offense. See 27 U.S.C. § 207. Under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, TTB officers may, in appropriate circumstances, temporarily detain any alcohol beverage container that is being removed in violation of law, or seek a voluntary detention agreement with the industry member. See 26 U.S.C. § 5311.

TTB reminds you that each producer is responsible for ensuring that the ingredients in its alcohol beverage products comply with the laws and regulations that FDA administers. An approved certificate of label approval (COLA) or formula from TTB does not imply or otherwise constitute a determination that the product complies with the FFDCA, including a determination as to whether the product is adulterated because it contains an unapproved food additive. Therefore, if FDA determines that your alcohol beverage products are adulterated under the FFDCA, their sale or shipment in interstate or foreign commerce by an industry member subject to the provisions of 27 U.S.C. § 205(e) constitutes a violation of the FAA Act even if the products are covered by a COLA or an approved formula. It is each producer's responsibility to ensure that its alcohol beverages are in compliance with the requirements of the FFDCA.

FDA provided you with fifteen (15) days to advise them of the specific steps you have taken to correct the violation identified above and to assure that similar violations do not occur. The FDA letter provided that your response should include any documentation necessary to show that correction has been achieved. Finally, the FDA letter provided that if you cannot complete all corrections within the 15 days, you should explain the reason for your delay and the date by which each such item will be corrected and documented. We ask that you similarly advise TTB within that same time period of the steps that you have taken to correct any violations of the FAA Act and the date by which each violation will be corrected. You should send your response to Susan Berndt, Assistant Director, Advertising, Labeling and Formulation Division, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau, Suite 400 West, 1310 G Street, NW, Washington, DC 20220.

Sincerely,

Signed by Gracie Joy

Gracie Joy
Assistant Director
Advertising, Labeling and Formulation Division

cc: Cold Spring Brewing Company
City Brewery, City Brewing Company LLC
Thunderbolt Brewing Co. Associated Brewing Co.
High Falls Brewing Company