Update & Review of Tire Issues

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TREAD Act

- HR 5164 signed into law on November 1, 2000
- Transportation Recall Enhancement, Accountability, and Documentation (TREAD) Act
- 3 Sections relate to tire performance items (Sections 10, 11, & 13)



Section 10 - Tire Standard Upgrade

 Revise and Update tire standards: FMVSS Nos. 109 and 119

 Rulemaking must be completed by June 1, 2002



Section 11 - Improved Tire Information

Tire Labeling

- Improve labeling for consumers to easily identify tires involved in a recall
- Initiate rulemaking within 30 days
- Complete rulemaking by June 1, 2002

Inflation Levels and Load Limits

- Consumer information on tire load limits
- Consumer information on maintaining proper tire inflation levels
- No statutory deadlines established



Section 13 - Tire Pressure Warning

- Require a warning system in the vehicle to indicate when the tire is significantly under-inflated
- Complete rulemaking by November 1, 2001
- Requirement must become effective 2 years after completion of rulemaking



NHTSA Tire Testing - Phase 1

- Purpose: To focus on developing proposals for a high speed test and endurance test.
- Tested 12 brands with different sizes and speed ratings.
- Shearography analysis before and after testing
- Compared with a baseline FMVSS No. 109 and GTS-2000 proposal



9 P-Metric Tires Tested

•	Bridgestone	Potenza RE92	P205/65R15	92H
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- Pirelli P4000 P205/60R15 90H
- P205/65R15 94H Michelin Energy MXV4
- Hankook Optimo Plus II P205/65R15 92H
- Dunlop D65 Touring
- BFS Futura 2000 ATD
- Firestone Wilderness AT
- Cooper National XT 5000
- Firestone ATX



P205/70R14 93T

P205/75R14 95S

P255/70R16 109S

P225/60R16 97S

P235/75R15 105S



3 LT Tires Tested

- Michelin XPC 4x4
 LT235/70R16 105H; Load Range C
- Goodyear Wrangler AT/S LT235/75R15; Load Range C
- Yokohama Geolander H/T LT225/75R16 110S; Load Range D



NHTSA Tire Testing - Phase 2

 Purpose: To focus on likely agency proposal for a high speed test and endurance test.

 Tested 12 brands with different sizes and speed ratings.

Shearography analysis before and after testing



8 P-Metric Tires Tested

Toyo Proxes H4 P225/60R16 97H

Uniroyal Tiger Paw P225/60R16 97H

Dunlop D65 Touring P205/65R15 92T

Goodyear Regatta 2 P205/65R15 92T

BFGoodrich Cientra Plus P235/75R15 105S

Cooper Lifeliner II P235/75R15 105S

Firestone Wilderness AT P235/75R15 105S

Michelin XH4 P235/75R15 105S



4 LT Tires Tested

- Pirelli Scorpion P/T LT235/75R16 104S; Load Range C
- Yokohama Geolander A/T
 LT235/75R15 104S; Load Range C
- Goodyear Wrangler H/T LT245/75R16 120R; Load Range E
- Bridgestone R273 SWPII
 LT245/75R16 120Q; Load Range E



Overview of Test Results

- Test results are in the public docket (online at http://dms.dot.gov) NHTSA-2000-8011
- All tires completed baseline Endurance test
- As expected, more failures occurred at higher speed and at lower inflation pressure
- Low pressure test also conducted on some tires that completed endurance test
- All tires passed low pressure performance at 140 kPa (20 psi)



Key Test Results

- All tires completed baseline High Speed test (used parameters specified in GTS-2000 proposal)
- As expected more failures occurred at combination of high load, low inflation, and long duration
- Failures included: tread separation, belt separation, sidewall blowout, chunking



Bead Unseating: Test Results

Testing to proposed bead unseating wedge test:

- Point of application is more realistic
- Comparison with current bead unseating test method
- 60 tires tested to each procedure
- Results show good correlation between forces to unseat bead in modified FMVSS No. 109 and wedge test



Road Hazard Test: Test Results

Testing to Road Hazard Impact Test:

- Proposed replacement for Strength test
- Based on SAE J1981 recommended practice
- 60 tires with different aspect ratios (55, 65, 75) tested to current test, modified current test, and to SAE J1981
- Only one tire had air loss or damage



Aging Effects: Test Results

Dynamic Aging tests using O₂/N₂ mix as filling gas

- Tires run for 250 hours
- 1 of 12 tire brands tested failed

Oven Aging

2 of 12 tire brands tested failed

Adhesion(Peel) Test – American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) D413

- Adhesion test performed on tires: 1) with no conditioning; 2) after 24-hour test; and
 3) after 50-hour test
- Trend shows lower peel strength with longer conditioning



Outline of FMVSS No. 139, the new tire standard

- Light Vehicle Standard for vehicles up to 10,000 lbs GVWR
 - o High Speed test: Upgraded
 - Endurance test: Upgraded
 - o Low Pressure Performance test: New
 - Bead Unseating test: Upgraded
 - Road Hazard Impact test: Upgraded
 - o Aging Effects test: New



High Speed Test: Overview

- Purpose: To evaluate tire performance during high speed operation
- Upgrade: Mainly through higher test speed
- Test Parameters:
 - o Speed: 140/150/160 km/h (87/93/99 mph)
 - o Inflation Pressure: 220 kPa (32 psi) for P-metric
 - Load: 85% of maximum load rating
 - Duration: 30 minutes at each speed step
 - o Ambient: 40°C (104°F)



Endurance Test: Overview

- Purpose: To evaluate tire performance for an extended duration
- Upgrade: Mainly through higher test speed and higher load for a longer duration
- Test Parameters
 - o Test Speed: 120 km/h (75 mph)
 - o Inflation Pressure: 180 kPa (26 psi): P-metric tires
 - o Test Load: 90/100/110% of maximum
 - o Duration: 8/10/22 hours
 - o Ambient: 40°C (104°F)



Low Pressure Performance Test: Overview (1 of 2)

- Purpose: To evaluate tire performance at TPMS low pressure threshold (New Requirement)
- One of the two alternatives will be selected for final rule
- Test Parameters Alternative 1
 - Use same tire that completed Endurance test
 - o Test Speed: 120 km/h (75 mph)
 - o Inflation Pressure: 140 kPa (20 psi):P-metric tires
 - o Test Load: 100% of the maximum load rating
 - o Duration: 90minutes o Ambient: 40°C (104°F)



Low Pressure Performance Test: Overview (2 of 2)

Test Parameters - Alternative 2

- Use same tire that completed Endurance test
- o Test Speed: 140/150/160 km/h (87/93/99 mph)
- o Inflation Pressure: 140 kPa (20 psi): P-metric tires
- o Test Load: 67% of the maximum load rating
- o Duration: 30 minutes at each speed
- o Ambient: 40°C (104°F)



Bead Unseating Test: Overview

- Purpose: To evaluate tire resistance to bead becoming unseated from the rim during severe vehicle maneuvers
- Upgrade: Mainly through point of application of force
- Test: Toyota wedge test
- Test parameters
 - o Force: 2.0 times maximum tire load limit
 - o Inflation pressure: 180 kPa (26 psi) for P-metric tires



Road Hazard Impact Test: Overview

- Purpose: To evaluate tire impacting a road hazard such as a pothole or curb
- Upgrade: Mainly through new test method-SAE J1981, Road Hazard Impact Test for Wheel and Tire Assemblies
- Test parameters:
 - Inflation pressure: 180 kPa (26 psi) for P-metric tires
 - o Initial point of striker: 80 degrees to vertical



Aging Effects Test: Overview

- Purpose: To evaluate tire performance as a result of aging
- New Requirement: Three alternatives proposed for aging effects test; one will be selected for final rule:
 - Alternative 1: Adhesion test using ASTM Standard D 413-98
 - Alternative 2: Long term durability endurance test
 - Alternative 3: Oven aging test



Aging Effects Test: Alt. No. 1 of 3

- Alternative 1 = Adhesion test evaluates force to separate adjacent belts
- Test Parameters for 24-hr conditioning
 - o Speed: 120 km/h (75 mph)
 - o Inflation Pressure: 180 kPa (26 psi)
 - o Load: 90/100/110 % of maximum load rating
 - Duration: 8 hours at each load
 - o Ambient: 40°C(104°F)
- Specimen then used for Adhesion test
 - Minimum Peel strength of 30 lbs/in proposed



Aging Effects Test: Alt. No. 2 of 3

- Alternative 2 = Long term durability endurance test
- Test parameters
 - o Test speed: 96 km/h (60 mph)
 - Inflation pressure: 275 kPa (40 psi)
 - o Filling gas: 50% O₂ and 50% N₂
 - Load: 111% of maximum load rating
 - o Duration: 250 hours
 - o Ambient: 40°C (104°F)



Aging Effects Test: Alt. No. 3 of 3

- Alternative 3 = Oven aging test
- Oven Aging: 14 days at 75°C
- Test parameters after oven aging
 - o Test speed: 120 km/h (75 mph)
 - o Inflation pressure: 180 kPa (26 psi)
 - Test load: 90/100/110% of maximum load rating
 - o Duration: 8 hours at each load
 - o Ambient: 40°C (104°F)



FMVSS No. 139 Effective Date (1of 2)

- Agency proposed <u>two</u> alternatives for effective dates:
- Alternative 1 = with phase-in
 - o 2-year phase-in for P-metric tires
 - Would require production data from manufacturers to enforce for Year 1
 - Beginning September 1, 2003: 50% of P-metric tires must meet new requirements
 - Beginning September 1, 2004: 100% of P-metric tires must meet new requirements
 - Beginning September 1, 2005: 100% of LT tires must meet new requirements



FMVSS No. 139 Effective Date (2of 2)

- Alternative 2 = no phase-in
 - No phase-in for P-metric tires
 - Would not require production data from manufacturers to enforce
 - Beginning September 1, 2003: 100% of Pmetric tires must meet new requirements
 - Beginning September 1, 2004: 100% of LT tires must meet new requirements



Proposals For Labeling Requirements

- NPRM issued on December 19, 2001
 - NHTSA Docket No. 11157
 - o Applicable to vehicles with GVWR < 10,000 lbs.
 - Tire Identification Number (TIN)
 - Load Limits/Load Index
 - o Maximum inflation pressure
 - Vehicle placard content & location
- Comment period closed February 19, 2002
 - Agency received approximately 40 comments



SUMMARY

Three Tire-related Rulemakings in progress:

- 1. Labeling NPRM: Published December 19, 2001
 - Comment period closed February 19, 2002
 - Reviewing comments and developing final rule
 - Final Rule due by June 1, 2002
- 2. TPMS Final Rule: Soon
- 3. Tire Upgrade NPRM: Published March 5, 2002
 - Comment period closes: June 5, 2002 (extended 30 days from May 6)
 - Agency will proceed to final rule after reviewing all comments