ES-2 Crash Test Performance

SAE Government Industry Meeting Side Impact Session

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What Is Our Motivation?

- Injury criteria: improve injury measurement capabilities in FMVSS 214 (thorax, abdomen, & pelvis)
- Harmonization: if viable, incorporate ES-2 in FMVSS 214 as an interim harmonized side impact dummy



ES-2 Phase I Full Scale Tests (SAE G/I 2001)

- Results from initial NHTSA R&D testing showed promise that concerns with EUROSID-1 mechanical deficiencies have been mainly addressed with ES-2 upgrade
- Overall, ES-2 responses showed good repeatability in component level and limited sled tests

VEHICLE	DUMMY	TEST	SPEED
		CONFIGURATION	(km/h)
96 Taurus- 4dr*	Eurosid-1	EU Side	48.3
96 Taurus- 4dr	ES-2	EU Side	49.2
95 Metro- 3 dr*	Eurosid-1	EU Side	50.3
96 Metro- 3 dr	ES-2	EU Side	50.5
96 Taurus- 4dr	ES-2	FMVSS 214	53.3
96 Taurus- 4dr	ES-2	FMVSS 214	52.3
98 Chevy Cavalier-	ES-2	US Side NCAP	61.6
4dr			
2000 Grand Am- 2dr	ES-2	US Side NCAP	62.1



NHTSA ES-2 Testing Update

Crash tests* (23 completed)

- High severity/upgrade 214 MDB tests
- 201P pole side impact
- NCAP side impact

Mechanical performance component tests

- Pendulum and rib drop tests
- Seat back pressure maps

Biofidelity tests (total of 19 sled & 10 impactor)

- Head/neck/shoulder sled tests
- Shoulder/thorax/pelvis impactor tests
- Additional abdominal offset sled tests



FMVSS 201P ES-2 Tests

201P – Side Impact			
VEHICLE	BAG	DUMMY	
Dummy Evaluation Tests			
2001 Saturn	none	SIDH3/ES-2	
2001 Saturn	curtain only	SIDH3/ES-2	
1999 Maxima	none	SIDH3/ES-2	
1999 Maxima	head/thorax combo	ES-2	
Fleet Performance Tests			
1999 Volvo S80	curtain plus thorax	SIDH3/ES-2	
1999 Cougar	head/thorax combo	ES-2	
2000 Saab	head/thorax combo	ES-2	
1999 Windstar	head/thorax combo	ES-2	
2002 Explorer	curtain only	SIDH3*/ES-2	



FMVSS 214 ES-2 Tests

FMVSS 214 MDB Upgrade - High Severity/Barrier Development Tests

VEHICLE	BAG	IMPACTOR	DUMMY	TEST CONDITION
1999 Prizm	none	IIHS MDB/F150	ES-2	214 speed/angle
1999 Cadillac Deville	none	IIHS MDB/F150	ES-2	214 speed/angle
1999 Maxima	none	IIHS MDB	ES-2	214 speed/angle
1999 Cadillac Deville	none	IIHS MDB/F150	ES-2	Side NCAP

Side NCAP- 2002 Fleet Performance Tests			
VEHICLE	SIZE/CLASS	BAG	DUMMY
2001 Focus	compact PC	none	SID/ES-2
2003 Corolla	light PC	thorax	SID/ES-2
2002 Impala	medium PC	head/thorax combo	SID/ES-2
2001 LeSabre	heavy PC	thorax	SID/ES-2
2002 Escape	SUV	none	SID/ES-2
2002 Odyssey	van	thorax	SID/ES-2
2002 Tundra	pickup	none	SID/ES-2



Rib Deflection "Flat -Top" Not an Issue

- Of 23 crash tests, corresponding to the measurement of 102 rib deflections for both front and rear dummies, there were three instances of "flat top" observed
 - Two instances attributed to load sharing with other body regions
 - One instance attributed to response reaching maximum deflection
- No "flat top" observed in oblique pendulum & rib drop tests
- Of 19 sled tests, with measurement of 57 rib deflections, there was one instance of "flat top" response in which rib did not bottom out (i.e. deflection at maximum range)



ES-2 and Flat-Top

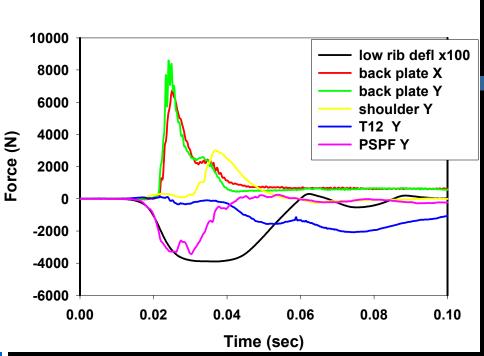
There are a number of causes of rib deflection flat-top*

Unacceptable	Acceptable
 Rib binding Shoulder binding Load sharing with back-plate 	 Load sharing with other body regions Attenuation of input load Maximum range

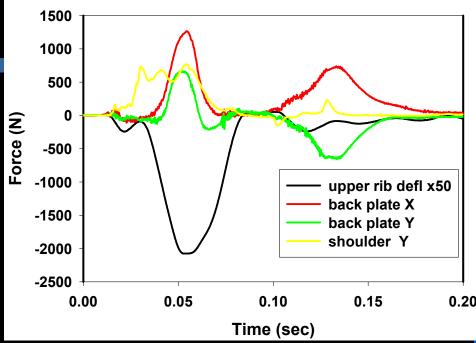


Load Sharing With the Shoulder...

Prizm/IIHS MDB with ES-2
Driver Loads vs Upper Rib Deflection



Cougar/201 Pole with ES-2 Driver Loads vs Upper Rib Deflection





Deficiencies Noted in ES-2

Potential back plate interaction with seat

Manufacturers can take advantage of this by designing seats to "grab" the back plate & offload the thorax

High and early back plate loads may affect injury criteria



Back Plate/Seat Interaction

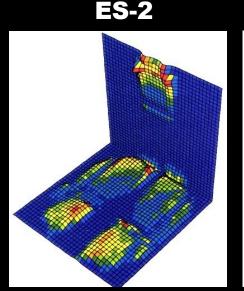
 Seat back pressure map measurements indicate that corners of ES-2 torso back plate are areas of high pressure

.SID-H3 only contacts at ~T-1 location (stiff, upright posture)

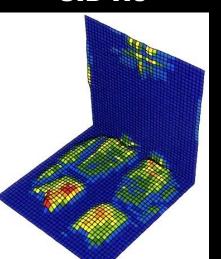
ES-2 contact area is larger than SID-H3, but located high as well, indicating

relatively stiff torso

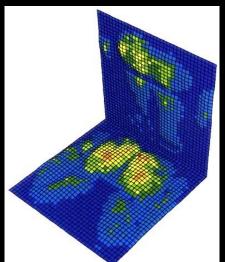
Back Pressure Maps With 40 lb. Frontal Force Applied



SID-H3



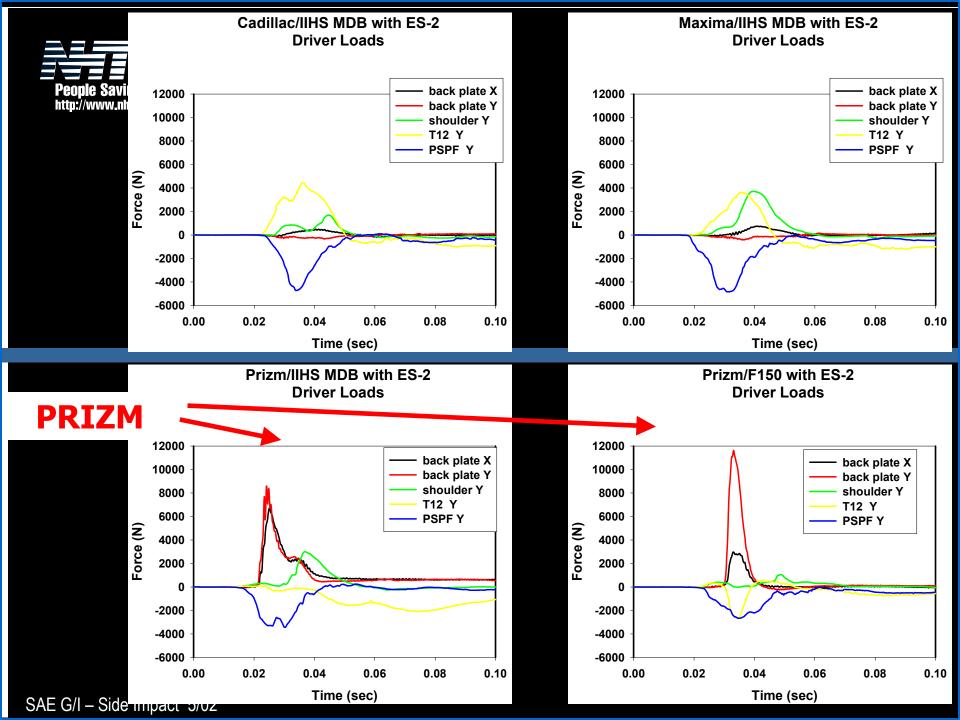
50th% male volunteer





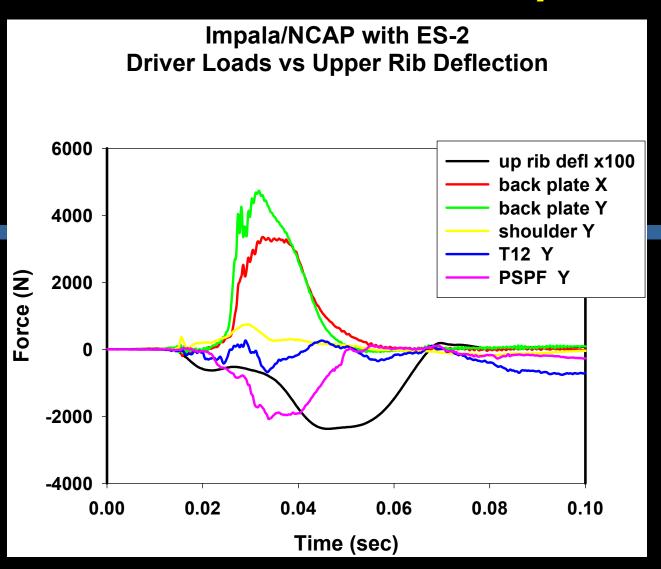
Back Plate/Seat Interaction

- Data for two out of seventeen vehicle models crash tested suggest back plate "grabbing" by intruding structure. Large back plate loads occurring early in time relative to the lower spine loads were observed.
- Back plate loads and corresponding momentum contribution were low for the remaining fifteen vehicle models.





Back Plate "Grabbing" in Side NCAP Test of Impala





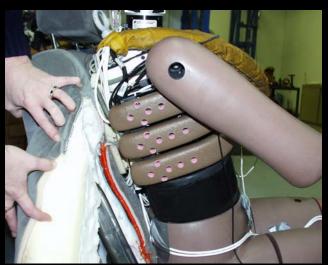
Side View of ES-2 Dummy in Seats



Prizm



Maxima



Impala



Focus

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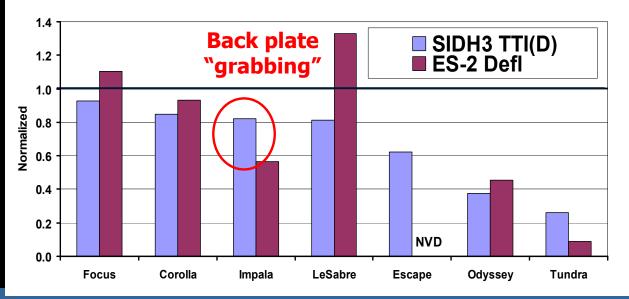


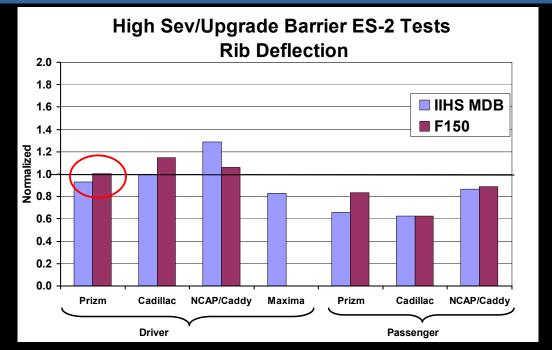
The high and

"early" back plate loads may result in reduced injury criteria values??

2002 Side NCAP Fleet Performance Tests- Driver

ES-2 rib deflection vs SID TTI(D)

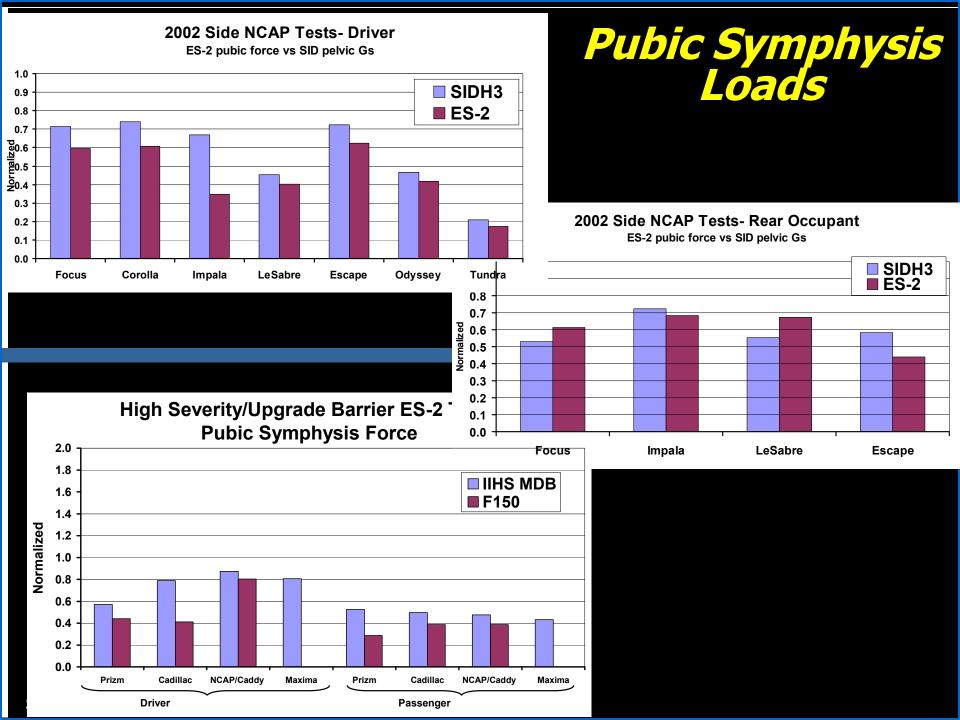






Deficiencies Noted in ES-2

- Potential back plate interaction with seat
- Double peak in pubic symphysis load
 - Magnitudes are small
 - All values are well below the threshold





Pole Tests Performance

- ES-2 demonstrated ability to detect usefulness of head protection
 - Head/neck/shoulder kinematics comparable to SIDH3
 - Head loading levels and timing similar to SIDH3
- Existing ES-2 rib deflection criterion indicate higher level of thoracic injury than the measured SIDH3 TTI(D) in the same vehicles









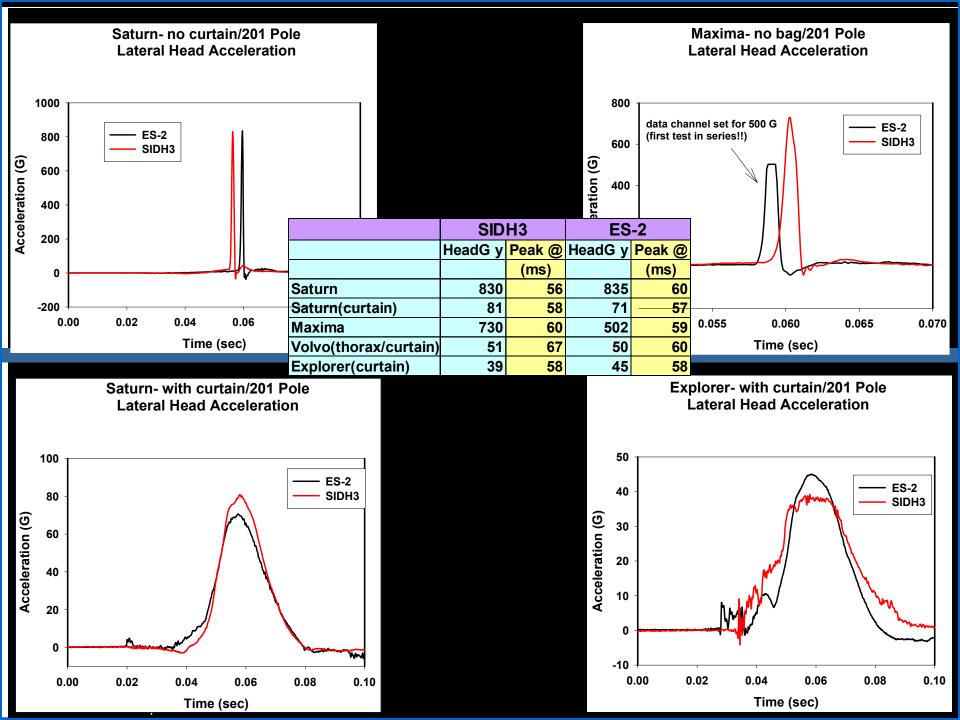


Saturn/curtain — ES-2



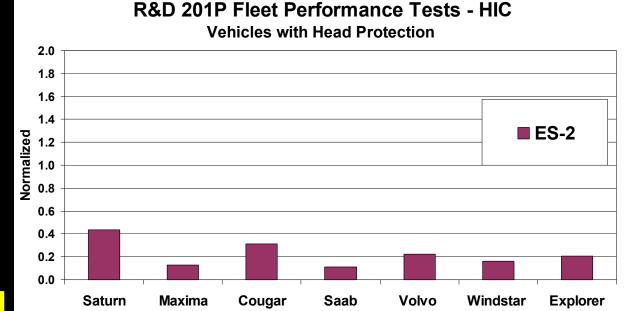
Maxima/bag — ES-2

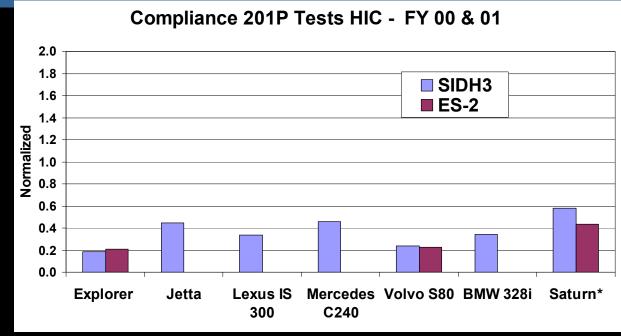






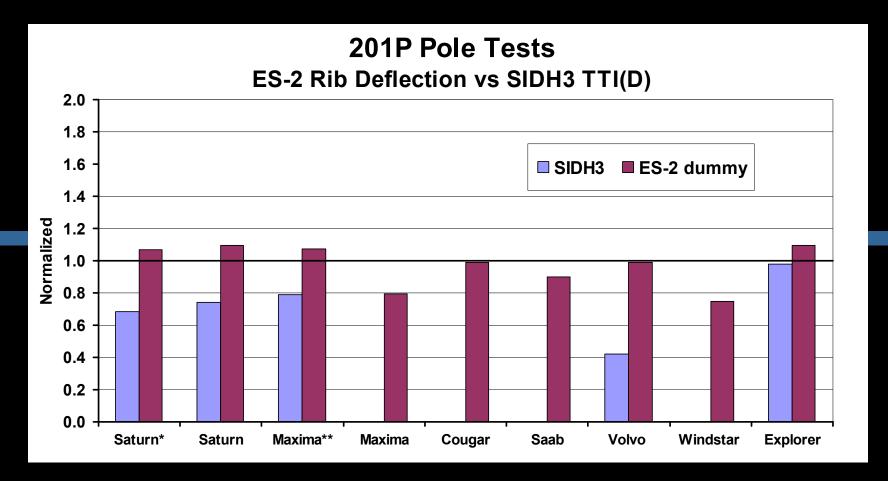
ES-2 & SIDH3 are similar in their ability to detect usefulness of head protection!







ES-2 Detects High Thoracic Loads in a Side Pole Test



Saturn*	no bag
Saturn	curtain only
Maxima**	no bag
Maxima	combo
Cougar	combo

Saab	combo
Volvo	thorax/curtain
Windstar	combo
Explorer	curtain only



Upgrade FMVSS 214 MDB/High Severity Tests Performance

ES-2 Research Findings

- ES-2 demonstrated excellent durability
- Rib deflections within maximum range (max range reached only in IIHS MDB to Caddy test at NCAP speed)
- ES-2 demonstrated ability to detect high abdominal loads due to intruding armrest in IIHS MDB to Cadillac test



IIHS MDB to Deville



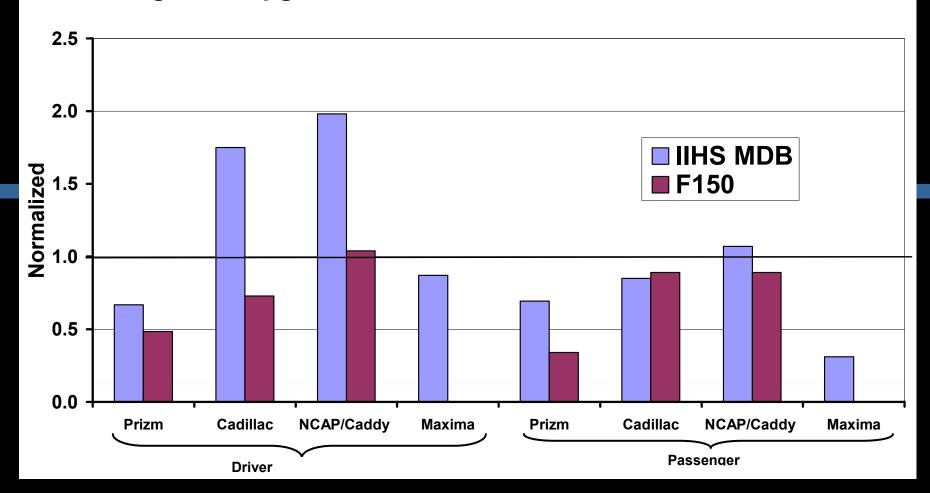
F150 to Deville





ES-2 Detected Intruding Armrest in IIHS MDB Cadillac Test

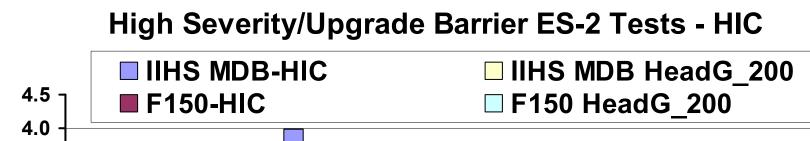
High Sev/Upgrade Barrier ES-2 Tests- Abdomen Force

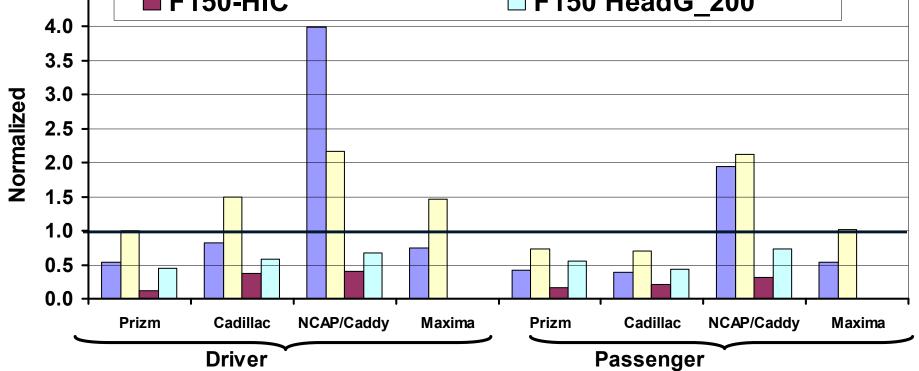






Head Acc_200=102 Gs

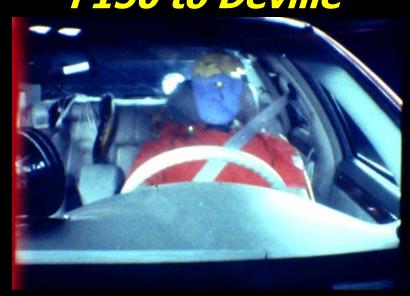




IIHS to Deville



F150 to Deville



IIHS to Prizm



F150 to Prizm





Side NCAP Fleet Tests Performance

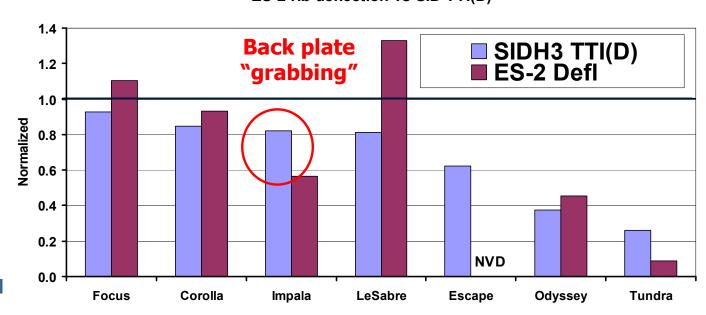
VEHICLE	SIZE/CLASS
2001 Focus	compact PC
2003 Corolla	light PC
2002 Impala	medium PC
2001 LeSabre	heavy PC
2002 Escape	SUV
2002 Odyssey	van
2002 Tundra	pickup

Exceeded one or more ES-2 injury criteria limits

All vehicles passed the SID injury criteria

■ ES-2 rib deflection maximum range reached only in one rib measurement for the LeSabre driver where both the door and hinge at A-pillar collapsed

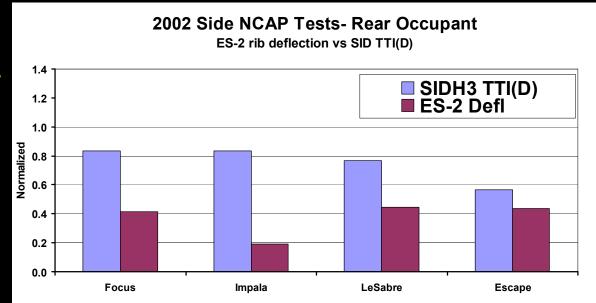
2002 Side NCAP Fleet Performance Tests- Driver ES-2 rib deflection vs SID TTI(D)

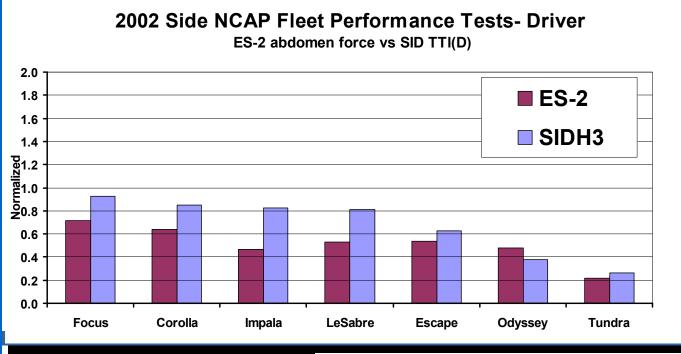




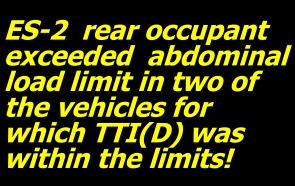
EU/214 Criteria Limits TTI=85/90 Defl=42 mm

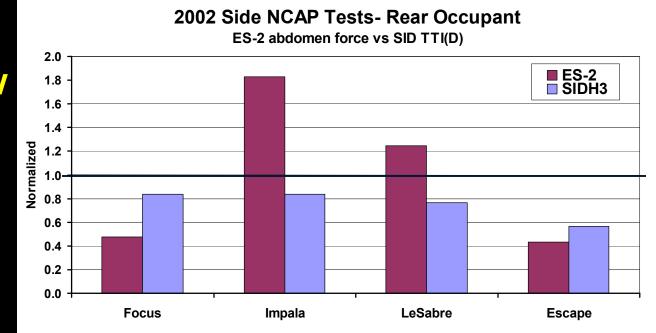
ES-2 driver rib deflection exceeded limit for two of the vehicles for which TTI(D) was within the limits!











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Findings

- Rib binding is gone
- Dummy is durable
- Back plate/seat interaction is an issue:
 - Possible solutions
 - Internal dummy fix
 - Placing a limit on back plate loads
 - Use of protective shield
- ES-2 demonstrated ability to detect usefulness of head protection
- ES2 exceeded thoracic and abdominal injury threshold in some vehicles (SID did not)