Country Profile | President's Malaria Initiative (PMI)

UGANDA

April 2012



At a Glance: Uganda

Population (2012): 35.8 million

Population at risk of malaria (2010): 100%²

Estimated annual malaria deaths/100,000 population (2008): 103³

Under-five mortality rate (2011): 90/1,000 live births, or approximately 1 in 11 children die before their fifth birthday⁴

- US Census Bureau, International Data Base 2012
- ² WHO World Malaria Report 2011
- 3 WHO World Health Statistics 2011
- Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) 2011

Background

In Uganda, malaria is the leading cause of morbidity and mortality, accounting for 25 to 40 percent of outpatient visits to health facilities, 15 to 20 percent of all hospital admissions, and 9 to 14 percent of all hospital deaths. Nearly half of inpatient deaths among children under the age of five are attributed to malaria. In most parts of Uganda, temperature and rainfall allow stable, year-round malaria transmission at high levels with relatively little seasonal variability.

The President's Malaria Initiative (PMI)

Uganda is one of 19 focus countries benefiting from the President's Malaria Initiative (PMI), which is led by the U.S. Agency for International Development and implemented together with the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. PMI was launched in 2005 as a five-year (fiscal year [FY] 2006–2010), \$1.265 billion expansion of U.S. Government resources to reduce the burden of malaria and help relieve poverty on the African continent. The 2008 Lantos-Hyde Act authorized an extension of PMI funding through FY 2013. With congressional authorization and the subsequent launch of the U.S. Government's Global Health Initiative, PMI's goal was expanded to achieve Africa-wide impact by halving the burden of malaria in 70 percent of the at-risk populations on the continent (i.e., approximately 450 million residents), thereby removing malaria as a major public health problem and promoting development throughout the African region.

To reach its goal, PMI works with national malaria control programs and coordinates its activities with national and international partners, including the Roll Back Malaria Partnership; The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria; the World Health Organization (WHO); the World Bank; the U.K. Department for International Development; numerous nongovernmental organizations, including faith-based and community groups; and the private sector.

Key Interventions

In line with Uganda's national malaria control strategy, PMI supports four major malaria prevention and treatment measures:

- Insecticide-treated mosquito nets (ITNs)
- Indoor residual spraying (IRS)
- Intermittent preventive treatment for pregnant women (IPTp) with sulfadoxine-pyrimethamine (SP)
- <u>Diagnosis with rapid diagnostic tests (RDTs) or microscopy and treatment with artemisinin-based combination therapy (ACT)</u>

Progress to Date

The table below shows key results from household surveys.

Uganda Malaria Indicators	PMI Baseline (DHS 2006)	MIS 2009	DHS 2011
All-cause under-five mortality rate	137/1,000	-	90/1,000
Proportion of households with at least one ITN	16%	47%	60%
Proportion of children under five years old who slept under an ITN the previous night	10%	33%	43%
Proportion of pregnant women who slept under an ITN the previous night	10%	44%	47%
Proportion of women who received two or more doses of IPTp during their last pregnancy in the last two years	16%	32%	25%
Preliminary report			

Uganda is in its seventh year as a PMI focus country. With support from PMI and its partners, malaria control interventions are being implemented, and vital commodities are being distributed to vulnerable populations.

PMI Contributions ^{1,2}	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Cumulative	
IRS: Houses sprayed	103,329	446,117	575,903	567,035	878,875	908,627	n/a³	
IRS: Residents protected	488,502	1,865,956	2,211,388	2,262,578	2,794,839	2,839,173	n/a³	
ITNs procured	376,444	1,132,532	480,000	765,940	1,009,000	709,000	3,763,916	
ITNs distributed	305,305	683,777	999,894	651,203	294,139	221,325	3,152,466	
ITNs sold with PMI marketing support	586,284	932,033	1,115,074	281,955	0	0	2,915,346	
ITNs procured by other donors and distributed with PMI support	-	369,900	0	0	2,431,815	125,017	2,810,732	
ACTs procured	261,870	0	1,140,480	0	2,085,120	2,085,120	3,487,470	
ACTs distributed	227,827	0	0	1,140,480	0	545,310	1,913,617	
ACTs procured by other donors and distributed with PMI support	-	8,709,140	112,330	4,459,918	0	0	13,281,388	
RDTs procured	0	0	0	0	1,309,000	1,346,650	1,330,650	
RDTs distributed	0	0	0	0	34,000	296,985	295,055	
SP treatments procured	0	0	18,333	72,666	39,367	26,666	144,366	
SP treatments distributed	0	0	2,556	45,780	40,063	26,666	107,270	
Health workers trained in treatment with ACTs	2,844	12,637	9,159	1,356	0	485	n/a⁴	
Health workers trained in malaria diagnosis	-	0	100	1,115	941	1,651	n/a⁴	
Health workers trained in IPTp use	168	807	649	724	870	5,341	n/a⁴	

The data reported in this table are up-to-date as of September 30, 2011.

² The cumulative count of commodities procured and distributed takes into account the three-month overlap between Year 5 (covering the 2010 calendar year) and Year 6 (covering the 2011 fiscal year).

³ A cumulative count of the number of houses sprayed and residents protected is not provided since some areas have been sprayed on more than one occasion

⁴ A cumulative count of individual health workers trained is not provided since some health workers have been trained on more than one occasion.

PMI Funding	FY 2005 Jump start funds	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012
Budget (in millions)	\$0.5	\$9.5	\$21.5	\$21.8	\$21.6	\$35.0	\$34.9	\$33.0

For details on FY 2012 PMI activities in Uganda, please see the **Uganda Malaria Operational Plan**: http://www.pmi.gov/countries/mops/fy12/uganda_mop_fy12.pdf.

