

An Approach for a Rapid HIV Antibody Home-Use Oral Fluid Test

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Agenda

- Intended Use Statement
- Product Demonstration
- OTC Oral Fluid Home-Use Test Kit Configuration
 - Internal Control
 - Interpretation
 - Clinical Performance
- Proposed Studies
- Labeling/Packaging Concept
- Conclusion



Rapid HIV Antibody Home-Use Oral Fluid Test

Intended Use Statement

The Rapid HIV Antibody Home-Use Oral Test is a single-use, qualitative test system to detect antibodies to HIV-1 and HIV-2 in oral fluid. The Rapid HIV Antibody Home-Use Oral Fluid Test is intended to enable testing for individuals.



Product Demonstration Specimen Collection



- Place the flat pad above the teeth against the outer gum.
 - Gently swab completely around the outer gums, one time around, using the flat pad.
- The product works by collecting antibodies from the gum.
- Insert Flat Pad of device into the bottom of Developer Vial.
- Start timing test.
- Fluid will travel up result window.
- Read results after 20 minutes but not more than 40 minutes.



Rapid HIV Antibody Home-Use Oral Fluid Test Kit Configuration

- Pre-test information and risk assessment pamphlet
- Pictorial-based collection, testing, and interpretation sheet
- Important post-test support information
- Single-Use Device (individually packaged)
- Developer vial (individually packaged)
- Test stand (built into package)
- No hazardous components

No significant risk to user from test kit contents



Internal Control

- Indication that a sample has been collected
- Indication conjugate was active
- Indication that the test is working properly





Interpretation

- Negative: Single line appears in the C (control) triangle
 - A negative result indicates the absence of HIV antibodies in their sample.
- Preliminary Positive: Two lines appear
 - One at the C (control) triangle and the other at the T (test) triangle
 - May indicate the presence of HIV antibodies in their sample.







Clinical Performance

- Clinical performance of our product using oral fluid has been demonstrated in clinical studies conducted to support product approval (PMA BP010047)
- Proven ease of use through CLIA waiver
 - Granted on January 31, 2003
 - HIV-1 fingerstick whole blood
 - Granted on September 30, 2003
 - HIV-1 venipuncture whole blood
 - Granted on June 25, 2004
 - HIV-1 and HIV-2 whole blood (fingerstick/venipuncture) and oral fluid



Rapid HIV Antibody Oral Fluid Test Clinical Populations

Negative Population

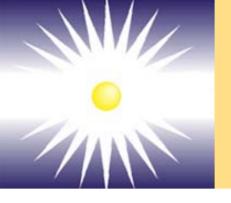
Subjects known to be low risk, negative for HIV

Positive Population

Subjects included patients at various clinical stages of HIV infection, including AIDS patients

High Risk Population

 Subjects included those with unknown HIV status who were at risk for infection



Rapid HIV Antibody Oral Fluid Test Performance Summary

(PMA BP010047)



Rapid HIV Antibody Oral Fluid Test CLIA Waiver Studies-Demographics of Study Population

Gender and Age Summary								
Site	Mala	Famala	Age Categories					
Site	Male	Female	20-30	31-40	41-50	51+		
1	16	9	10	9	5	1		
2	8	18	15	3	5	3		
3	11	14	3	5	7	10		
4	14	12	6	7	4	9		
Total	49	53	34	24	21	23		
% of Total	48%	52%	33.3%	23.5%	20.6%	22.5%		

Demographic Summary								
Site	Hispanic	Caucasian	African- American	Asian	American -Indian	Alaska-Pacific Islander	Other	
1	8	10	2	2	0	1	2	
2	0	24	1	0	0	0	1	
3	2	1	22	0	0	0	0	
4	0	20	0	0	2	1	3	
Total	10	55	25	2	2	2	6	
% of Total	9.8%	53.9%	24.9%	1.96%	1.96%	1.96%	5.9%	



Rapid HIV Antibody Oral Fluid Test CLIA Waiver Studies-Demographics of Study Population

	Educational Demographic Summary								
Site	Grades 11-12	GED	Some College	2-Year Degree	4-Year Degree	Graduate Degree	Technical School		
1	2	1	13	2	5	2	1		
2	0	0	6	2	23	8	1		
3	3	3	7	2	8	2	1		
4	7	0	11	2	3	2	2		
Total	12	4	37	8	39	14	5		
% of Total	12%	4%	36%	8%	38%	14%	5%		

Note: Some of the subjects checked more than one box; therefore total responses are greater than 102.

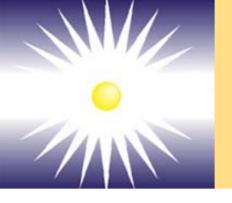
	Professional Experience Summary									
Site	Medical Lab Diagnostic Testing		Used Rapid Test(s)		Seen OraQuick Device in Use		Used OraQuick Device		Certified HIV Counselor/Tester	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
1	0	25	1	24	1	24	1	24	11	14
2	1	25	4	22	0	26	0	26	4	22
3	0	25	3	22	0	25	0	25	11	14
4	0	26	0	26	0	26	0	26	0	26
Total	1	101	8	94	1	101	1	101	26	76
% of Total	1%	99%	8%	92%	1%	99%	1%	99%	25%	75%



Rapid HIV Antibody Oral Fluid Test CLIA Waiver Studies – Results

- The Untrained user study validated device safety and efficacy
- The User study validated the accuracy of device interpretation by untrained users

Untrained Users Rate of Correct Test Results							
Negative Sample Low Positive Sample High Positive Sample Total							
98.5% (197/200) 95% C.I. (95.7%-99.7%)	98.0% (196/200) 95% C.I. (95.0%-99.5%)	99.5% (199/200) 95% C.I. (97.3%-99.9%)	99.5% (592/600) 95% C.I. (97.4%-99.4%)				



Rapid HIV Antibody Oral Fluid Test CLIA Waiver Interferent Study

CLIA Waiver Interferent Study conducted with both positive and negative population with no effect on device performance

Interferents

- Tooth brushing
- Alcoholic beverages
- Tobacco products
- Mouthwash
- Drugs of abuse

Procedural

- Temperature variation 2-40°C
- Movement of device during operation
 - Shaking
 - Rocking
- Device on uneven surface



Proposed Validation Studies

- Untrained user study to validate device safety and efficacy
- User study to validate the accuracy of interpretation by untrained users
- User study to validate ability of labeling and printed materials to ensure counseling and linkage to care
- Post-market non-clinical study to evaluate counseling and linkage to care



Proposed Untrained User Study to Validate Device Safety and Efficacy

Study Objective

- Validate that the OTC HIV Oral Fluid Home-Use test can be carried out effectively by the expected untrained user population
 - Verify efficacy of sample collection
 - Verify accuracy of result interpretation



User Study to Validate the Efficacy of Sample Collection by Untrained Users

- Study population will reflect demographics of expected users
- Untrained users will collect oral fluid specimens after reading product labeling
- Devices will be interpreted for presence of control line (valid test result)
- Acceptance criteria (proportion of test devices with valid test results) will be developed prior to the study in order to assure verification of efficacy of sample collection in untrained users
- Size of user study population will be sufficient to provide statistical verification of result



User Study to Validate the Accuracy of Interpretation by Untrained Users

- Study population will reflect demographics of expected users
- Untrained users will interpret test results after reading product labeling
- Untrained users will interpret results generated using a panel of positive and negative test specimens
- Each test result will be interpreted by untrained and trained user
- Acceptance criteria (concordance with interpretation by trained user) will be developed prior to the study to assure verification of accuracy of test interpretation in untrained users
- Size of user study population will be sufficient to provide statistical verification of result



Validate Ability of Labeling and Printed Materials to Ensure Counseling and Linkage to Care

- Study population will reflect demographics of expected users
- Size of user study population will be sufficient to provide statistical verification of result
- Study will focus on ability of user to understand:
 - Options available for pre/post counseling and linkages to care
 - Key messaging such as "Window Period" for HIV, Risk Factors and potential for False Positive/Negative Results



OTC HIV Home-Use Oral Fluid Test Interpretation of Results

Proposed approach to bilingual (Spanish/English) instructions on how to interpret the results

Negative Result	Positive Result
Explain Risk FactorDescribe Potential for False	Use term "preliminary" positive (reflex to "seek counseling")
Negative (Window of Detection) • Recommend Retest in 3	 Referral to Care by Providing Access to 24X7 Post-test Counseling
Months Based on Risk Factor Self Assessment	 Explain Potential for False Positive and the need for confirmatory testing and counseling



Educate with Packaging

- Counseling and linkages to care
 - Pre-testing counseling information in packaging with additional support by phone, web-site with linkage to local public health services and community-based organizations
 - Post-testing counseling through phone, web-site, local public health services and community-based organizations
 - Access to multilingual counselors
- Manufacturer 1-800-number for assistance



Proposed Post Market Non-Clinical Studies

Post Marketing Studies

- Anonymous
- Collect demographics age, sex, race, and risk behavior factors
- Provide counseling options used during their decision and testing process
- Evaluate effectiveness of counseling and linkage to care

Website

 Potential to collect survey data that will capture the same information as above

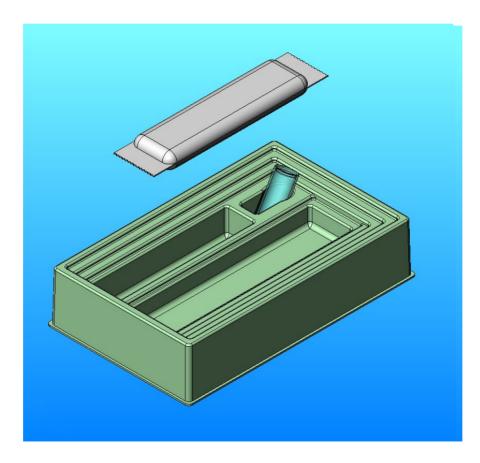


Conceptual Package Design

- Preliminary packaging criteria
 - Promote methodical step-by-step procedure
 - Enable multiple visual options to communicate
 - Minimize "missed steps" or "race through" procedure sequencing



Conceptual Package Design*



*Patent Pending



Conclusion

- The performance of the Rapid HIV Antibody Oral Fluid Test has clinical performance that is appropriate and effective for OTC use
- Product packaging & labeling will direct the user through the correct test sequence
 - Package design will ensure user engages with product labeling prior to accessing the device
 - Correct use, including counseling and linkages to care, will be reinforced by repetitive instructions for use and pictorial/ graphical representations
- Studies will be conducted to demonstrate that lay users are able to understand the instructions for use and use the device effectively
- Pre and post test instructions will direct the user to appropriate counseling and linkages to care
- Post-market surveillance will monitor effectiveness



Thank You