

Law Enforcement, Courts, and Prisons

This section presents data on crimes committed, victims of crimes, arrests, and data related to criminal violations and the criminal justice system. The major sources of these data are the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS), the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts. BJS issues several reports, including *Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics*, *Criminal Victimization in the United States*, *Prisoners in State and Federal Institutions*, *Census of State Correctional Facilities and Survey of Prison Inmates*, *Census of Jails and Survey of Jail Inmates*, *Parole in the United States*, *Capital Punishment*, and the annual *Expenditure and Employment Data for the Criminal Justice System*. The Federal Bureau of Investigation's major annual reports are *Crime in the United States*, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted*, annual, and *Hate Crimes*, annual, which presents data on reported crimes as gathered from state and local law enforcement agencies.

Legal jurisdiction and law enforcement—Law enforcement is, for the most part, a function of state and local officers and agencies. The U.S. Constitution reserves general police powers to the states. By act of Congress, federal offenses include only offenses against the U.S. government and against or by its employees while engaged in their official duties and offenses which involve the crossing of state lines or an interference with interstate commerce. Excluding the military, there are 52 separate criminal law jurisdictions in the United States: 1 in each of the 50 states, 1 in the District of Columbia, and the federal jurisdiction. Each of these has its own criminal law and procedure and its own law enforcement agencies. While the systems of law enforcement are quite similar among the states, there are often substantial differences in the penalties for like offenses.

Law enforcement can be divided into three parts: Investigation of crimes and

arrests of persons suspected of committing them; prosecution of those charged with crime; and the punishment or treatment of persons convicted of crime.

Crime—There are two major approaches taken in determining the extent of crime. One perspective is provided by the FBI through its Uniform Crime Reporting Program (UCR). The FBI receives monthly and annual reports from law enforcement agencies throughout the country, currently representing 94 percent of the national population. Each month, city police, sheriffs, and state police file reports on the number of index offenses, hate crimes and law enforcement assaults that become known to them. Additionally, data are collected for officers killed in the line of duty.

The FBI Crime Index offenses are as follows: *Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter* is based on police investigations, as opposed to the determination of a medical examiner or judicial body, includes willful felonious homicides and excludes attempts and assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, justifiable homicides, and deaths caused by negligence; *forcible rape* includes forcible rapes and attempts; *robbery* includes stealing or taking anything of value by force or violence or threat of force or violence and includes attempted robbery; *aggravated assault* includes assault with intent to kill; *burglary* includes any unlawful entry to commit a felony or a theft and includes attempted burglary and burglary followed by larceny; *larceny* includes theft of property or articles of value without use of force and violence or fraud and excludes embezzlement, “con games,” forgery, etc.; *motor vehicle theft* includes all cases where vehicles are driven away and abandoned but excludes vehicles taken for temporary use and returned by the taker. Arson was added as the eighth Index offense in April 1979 following a Congressional mandate. *Arson* includes any willful or malicious burning

or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

The monthly Uniform Crime Reports also contain data on crimes cleared by arrest and on characteristics of persons arrested for all criminal offenses. In summarizing and publishing crime data, the FBI depends primarily on the adherence to the established standards of reporting for statistical accuracy, presenting the data as information useful to persons concerned with the problem of crime and criminal law enforcement.

National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS)—A second perspective on crime is provided by this survey of the Bureau of Justice Statistics. Details about the crimes come directly from the victims. No attempt is made to validate the information against police records or any other source.

The NCVS measures rape, robbery, assault, household and personal larceny, burglary, and motor vehicle theft. The NCVS includes offenses reported to the police, as well as those not reported.

Police reporting rates (percent of victimizations) varied by type of crime. In 1994, for instance, 32 percent of the rapes/sexual assaults were reported; 55 percent of the robberies; 40 percent of assaults; 33 percent of personal thefts; 51 percent of the household burglaries; and 78 percent of motor vehicle thefts.

Murder and kidnaping are not covered. Commercial burglary and robbery were dropped from the program during 1977. The so-called victimless crimes, such as drunkenness, drug abuse, and prostitution, also are excluded, as are crimes for which it is difficult to identify knowledgeable respondents or to locate data records.

Crimes of which the victim may not be aware also cannot be measured effectively. Buying stolen property may fall into this category, as may some instances of embezzlement. Attempted crimes of many types probably are under recorded

for this reason. Events in which the victim has shown a willingness to participate in illegal activity also are excluded.

In any encounter involving a personal crime, more than one criminal act can be committed against an individual. For example, a rape may be associated with a robbery or a household offense, such as a burglary, can escalate into something more serious in the event of a personal confrontation. In classifying the survey-measured crimes, each criminal incident has been counted only once—by the most serious act that took place during the incident and ranked in accordance with the seriousness classification system used by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The order of seriousness for crimes against persons is as follows: Rape, robbery, assault, and larceny. Personal crimes take precedence over household offenses.

A *victimization*, basic measure of the occurrence of crime, is a specific criminal act as it affects a single victim. The number of victimizations is determined by the number of victims of such acts. Victimization counts serve as key elements in computing rates of victimization. For crimes against persons, the rates are based on the total number of individuals age 12 and over or on a portion of that population sharing a particular characteristic or set of traits. As general indicators of the danger of having been victimized during the reference period, the rates are not sufficiently refined to represent true measures of risk for specific individuals or households.

An *incident* is a specific criminal act involving one or more victims; therefore the number of incidents of personal crimes is lower than that of victimizations.

Courts—Statistics on criminal offenses and the outcome of prosecutions are incomplete for the country as a whole, although data are available for many states individually. The only national compilations of such statistics were made by the Census Bureau for 1932 to 1945 covering a maximum of 32 states and by the Bureau of Justice Statistics for 1986, 1988, 1990, and 1992 based on a nationally representative sample survey.

The bulk of civil and criminal litigation in the country is commenced and determined in the various state courts. Only when the U.S. Constitution and acts of Congress specifically confer jurisdiction upon the federal courts may civil or criminal litigation be heard and decided by them. Generally, the federal courts have jurisdiction over the following types of cases: Suits or proceedings by or against the United States; civil actions between private parties arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States; civil actions between private litigants who are citizens of different states; civil cases involving admiralty, maritime, or prize jurisdiction; and all matters in bankruptcy. The Administrative Office of the United States Courts has compiled statistics on the caseload of the federal courts annually since 1940.

There are several types of courts with varying degrees of legal jurisdiction. These jurisdictions include original, appellate, general, and limited or special. A court of original jurisdiction is one having the authority initially to try a case and pass judgment on the law and the facts; a court of appellate jurisdiction is one with the legal authority to review cases and hear appeals; a court of general jurisdiction is a trial court of unlimited original jurisdiction in civil and/or criminal cases, also called a "major trial court"; a court of limited or special jurisdiction is a trial court with legal authority over only a particular class of cases, such as probate, juvenile, or traffic cases.

The 94 federal courts of original jurisdiction are known as the U.S. district courts. One or more of these courts is established in every state and one each in the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam. Appeals from the district courts are taken to intermediate appellate

courts of which there are 13, known as U.S. courts of appeals and the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. The Supreme Court of the United States is the final and highest appellate court in the federal system of courts.

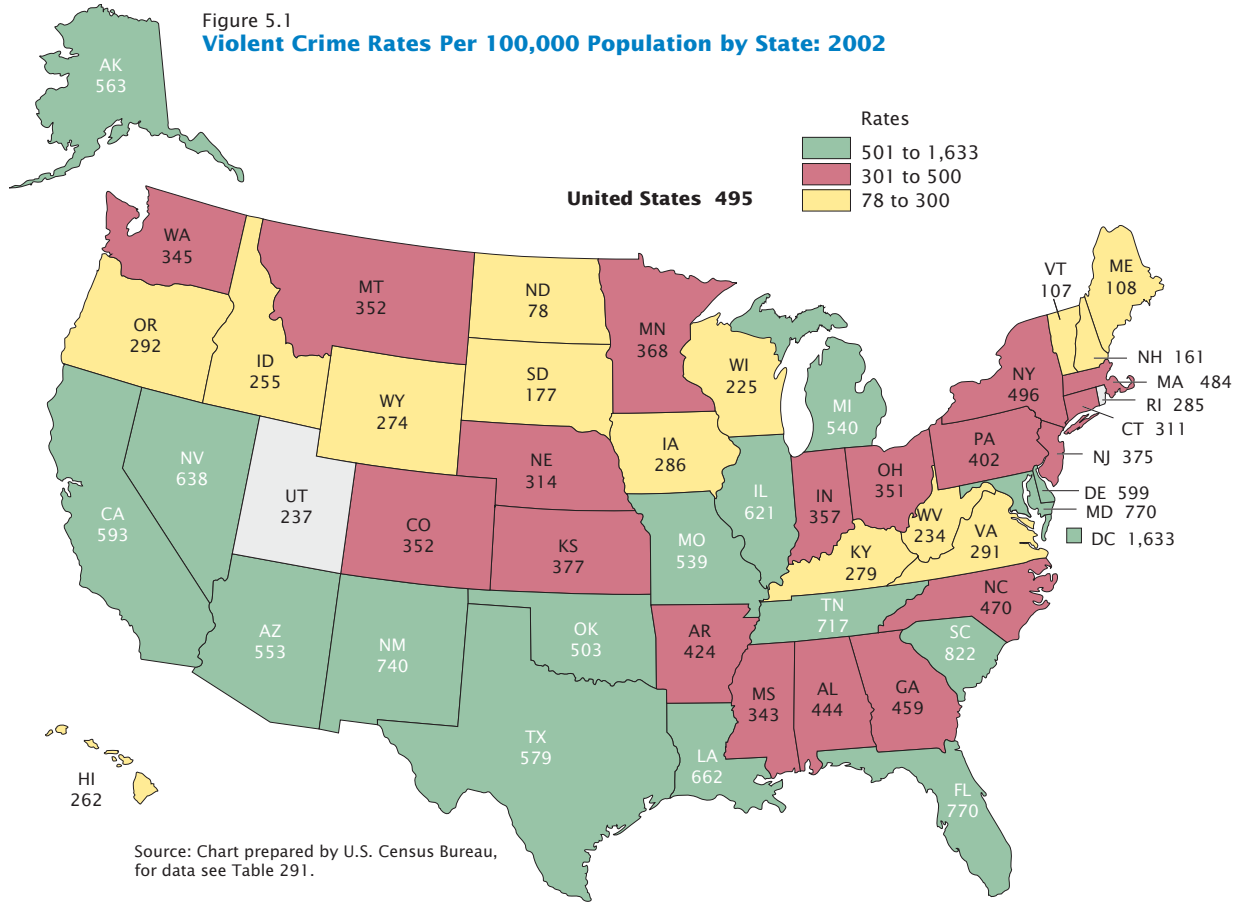
Juvenile offenders—For statistical purposes, the FBI and most states classify as juvenile offenders persons under the age of 18 years who have committed a crime or crimes.

Delinquency cases are all cases of youths referred to a juvenile court for violation of a law or ordinance or for seriously "anti-social" conduct. Several types of facilities are available for those adjudicated delinquent, ranging from the short-term physically unrestricted environment to the long-term very restrictive atmosphere.

Prisoners—Data on prisoners in federal and state prisons and reformatories were collected annually by the Census Bureau until 1950, by the Federal Bureau of Prisons until 1971, transferred then to the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, and, in 1979, to the Bureau of Justice Statistics. Adults convicted of criminal activity may be given a prison or jail sentence. A *prison* is a confinement facility having custodial authority over adults sentenced to confinement of more than 1 year. A *jail* is a facility, usually operated by a local law enforcement agency, holding persons detained pending adjudication and/or persons committed after adjudication to 1 year or less. Nearly every state publishes annual data either for its whole prison system or for each separate state institution.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation and sampling procedures, and measures of statistical reliability pertaining to the National Crime Victimization Survey and Uniform Crime Reporting Program, see Appendix III.

Figure 5.1
Violent Crime Rates Per 100,000 Population by State: 2002



Source: Chart prepared by U.S. Census Bureau, for data see Table 291.

No. 289. Crimes and Crime Rates by Type of Offense: 1980 to 2002

[13,408 represents 13,408,000. Data refer to offenses known to the police. Rates are based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1; 1980, 1990 and 2000, enumerated as of April 1. See source for details. For definitions of crimes, see text, this section.]

Item and year	Violent crime						Property crime			
	Total	Total	Murder ^{1 2}	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Total	Burglary	Larceny/theft	Motor vehicle theft
Number of offenses (1,000):										
1980.....	13,408	1,345	23	83	566	673	12,064	3,795	7,137	1,132
1985.....	12,430	1,328	19	88	498	723	11,103	3,073	6,926	1,103
1987.....	13,509	1,484	20	91	518	855	12,025	3,236	7,500	1,289
1988.....	13,923	1,566	21	92	543	910	12,357	3,218	7,706	1,433
1989.....	14,251	1,646	22	95	578	952	12,605	3,168	7,872	1,565
1990.....	14,476	1,820	23	103	639	1,055	12,655	3,074	7,946	1,636
1991.....	14,873	1,912	25	107	688	1,093	12,961	3,157	8,142	1,662
1992.....	14,438	1,932	24	109	672	1,127	12,506	2,980	7,915	1,611
1993.....	14,145	1,926	25	106	660	1,136	12,219	2,835	7,821	1,563
1994.....	13,990	1,858	23	102	619	1,113	12,132	2,713	7,880	1,539
1995.....	13,863	1,799	22	97	581	1,099	12,064	2,594	7,998	1,472
1996.....	13,494	1,689	20	96	536	1,037	11,805	2,506	7,905	1,394
1997.....	13,195	1,636	18	96	499	1,023	11,558	2,461	7,744	1,354
1998.....	12,486	1,534	17	93	447	977	10,952	2,333	7,376	1,243
1999.....	11,634	1,426	16	89	409	912	10,208	2,101	6,956	1,152
2000.....	11,608	1,425	16	90	408	912	10,183	2,051	6,972	1,160
2001.....	11,877	1,439	16	91	424	909	10,437	2,117	7,092	1,228
2002.....	11,877	1,426	16	95	421	894	10,451	2,152	7,053	1,246
Rate per 100,000 population:										
1980.....	5,950.0	596.6	10.2	36.8	251.1	298.5	5,353.3	1,684.1	3,167.0	502.2
1985.....	5,224.5	558.1	8.0	36.8	209.3	304.0	4,666.4	1,291.7	2,911.2	463.5
1987.....	5,575.5	612.5	8.3	37.6	213.7	352.9	4,963.0	1,335.7	3,095.4	531.9
1988.....	5,694.5	640.6	8.5	37.8	222.1	372.2	5,054.0	1,316.2	3,151.7	586.1
1989.....	5,774.0	666.9	8.7	38.3	234.3	385.6	5,107.1	1,283.6	3,189.6	634.0
1990.....	5,802.7	729.6	9.4	41.1	256.3	422.9	5,073.1	1,232.2	3,185.1	655.8
1991.....	5,898.4	758.2	9.8	42.3	272.7	433.4	5,140.2	1,252.1	3,229.1	659.0
1992.....	5,661.4	757.7	9.3	42.8	263.7	441.9	4,903.7	1,168.4	3,103.6	631.6
1993.....	5,487.1	747.1	9.5	41.1	256.0	440.5	4,740.0	1,099.7	3,033.9	606.3
1994.....	5,373.8	713.6	9.0	39.3	237.8	427.6	4,660.2	1,042.1	3,026.9	591.3
1995.....	5,275.9	684.5	8.2	37.1	220.9	418.3	4,590.5	987.0	3,043.2	560.3
1996.....	5,086.6	636.6	7.4	36.3	201.9	391.0	4,451.0	945.0	2,980.3	525.7
1997.....	4,930.0	611.0	6.8	35.9	186.2	382.1	4,316.3	918.8	2,891.8	505.7
1998.....	4,619.3	567.6	6.3	34.5	165.5	361.4	4,052.5	863.2	2,729.5	459.9
1999.....	4,266.5	523.0	5.7	32.8	150.1	334.3	3,743.6	770.4	2,550.7	422.5
2000.....	4,124.8	506.5	5.5	32.0	145.0	324.0	3,618.3	728.8	2,477.3	412.2
2001.....	4,162.6	504.5	5.6	31.8	148.5	318.5	3,658.1	741.8	2,485.7	430.5
2002.....	4,118.8	494.6	5.6	33.0	145.9	310.1	3,624.1	746.2	2,445.8	432.1

¹ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter. ² The murder and non-negligent homicides that occurred as a result of the events of September 11, 2001, were not included in this table.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/02cius.htm>> (released 27 October 2003).

No. 290. Crimes and Crime Rates by Type and Area: 2002

[In thousands (11,877 represents 11,877,000), except rate. Rate per 100,000 population; see headnote, Table 289. Estimated totals based on reports from city and rural law enforcement agencies representing 96 percent of the national population. For definitions of crimes, see text, this section.]

Type of crime	United States		Metropolitan areas ¹		Other cities		Rural areas	
	Total	Rate	Total	Rate	Total	Rate	Total	Rate
Total	11,877	4,119	10,202	4,409	1,017	4,524	659	1,909
Violent crime.....	1,426	495	1,262	546	91	403	73	213
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter ²	16	6	14	6	1	3	1	4
Forcible rape.....	95	33	78	34	9	39	8	24
Robbery.....	421	146	401	173	14	61	6	17
Aggravated assault.....	894	310	769	332	67	300	58	169
Property crime.....	10,451	3,624	8,939	3,864	926	4,121	585	1,696
Burglary.....	2,152	746	1,778	769	181	805	193	558
Larceny-theft.....	7,053	2,446	6,008	2,596	699	3,108	347	1,005
Motor vehicle theft.....	1,246	432	1,154	499	47	208	46	133

¹ Defined as a core area containing a substantial population nucleus, together with adjacent communities having a high degree of economic and social integration with that core, see Appendix II. ² The murder and non-negligent homicides that occurred as a result of the events of September 11, 2001, were not included in this table.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/02cius.htm>> (released 27 October 2003).

No. 291. Crime Rates by State, 2000 to 2002, and by Type, 2002

[Offenses known to the police per 100,000 population. Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1; 2000 enumerated as of April 1. For definitions of crimes, see text, this section]

State	2002											
	Violent crime								Property crime			
	2000. total	2001. total	Total	Total	Mur- der ¹	For- cible rape	Rob- bery	Aggra- vated assault	Total	Bur- glary	Lar- ceny/ theft	Motor vehicle theft
United States	4,125	4,163	4,119	495	6	33	146	310	3,624	746	2,446	432
Alabama	4,546	4,319	4,465	444	7	37	133	268	4,021	949	2,762	310
Alaska	4,249	4,236	4,310	563	5	79	76	403	3,746	607	2,755	384
Arizona	5,830	6,077	6,386	553	7	30	147	370	5,833	1,083	3,694	1,057
Arkansas	4,115	4,134	4,158	424	5	28	93	298	3,733	857	2,625	251
California	3,740	3,903	3,944	593	7	29	185	373	3,350	679	2,038	633
Colorado	3,983	4,219	4,348	352	4	46	79	223	3,995	703	2,778	514
Connecticut	3,233	3,118	2,997	311	2	21	117	170	2,686	494	1,858	334
Delaware ²	4,478	4,053	3,939	599	3	44	143	409	3,340	663	2,298	379
District of Columbia ³	7,277	7,710	8,022	1,633	46	46	672	869	6,389	906	3,802	1,681
Florida	5,695	5,570	5,421	770	6	40	195	529	4,650	1,061	3,060	530
Georgia	4,751	4,646	4,507	459	7	25	157	270	4,048	864	2,740	444
Hawaii	5,199	5,386	6,044	262	2	30	97	133	5,782	1,022	3,964	796
Idaho	3,186	3,133	3,173	255	3	37	18	197	2,918	555	2,167	196
Illinois ⁴	4,239	4,098	4,016	621	8	34	201	379	3,396	644	2,396	356
Indiana	3,752	3,831	3,750	357	6	30	107	214	3,393	692	2,372	329
Iowa	3,234	3,301	3,448	286	2	27	40	217	3,163	635	2,330	198
Kansas ⁴	4,409	4,321	4,087	377	3	38	80	256	3,710	725	2,720	266
Kentucky ⁴	2,960	2,938	2,903	279	5	27	75	173	2,624	681	1,729	214
Louisiana	5,423	5,338	5,098	662	13	34	159	456	4,436	1,012	2,974	450
Maine	2,620	2,688	2,656	108	1	29	21	57	2,548	538	1,900	110
Maryland	4,816	4,867	4,747	770	9	25	246	490	3,948	729	2,626	623
Massachusetts	3,026	3,099	3,094	484	3	28	112	343	2,610	517	1,679	414
Michigan	4,110	4,082	3,874	540	7	53	118	362	3,334	706	2,133	495
Minnesota	3,488	3,584	3,535	268	2	45	78	142	3,268	559	2,433	276
Mississippi	4,004	4,185	4,159	343	9	39	117	178	3,816	1,031	2,454	332
Missouri	4,528	4,776	4,602	539	6	26	124	383	4,064	753	2,819	492
Montana ⁴	3,880	3,689	3,513	352	2	26	31	293	3,161	362	2,604	196
Nebraska	4,096	4,330	4,257	314	3	27	79	206	3,943	597	2,975	375
Nevada	4,269	4,266	4,498	638	8	43	236	351	3,860	872	2,184	801
New Hampshire	2,433	2,322	2,220	161	1	35	32	93	2,059	379	1,527	153
New Jersey	3,161	3,225	3,024	375	4	16	162	193	2,650	511	1,723	416
New Mexico	5,519	5,324	5,078	740	8	55	119	557	4,338	1,058	2,879	401
New York	3,100	2,925	2,804	496	5	20	191	280	2,308	400	1,660	247
North Carolina	4,919	4,938	4,721	470	7	26	147	291	4,251	1,196	2,756	299
North Dakota	2,288	2,418	2,406	78	1	26	9	43	2,328	354	1,814	161
Ohio	4,042	4,178	4,107	351	5	42	157	148	3,756	868	2,513	375
Oklahoma	4,559	4,607	4,743	503	5	45	85	369	4,240	1,007	2,868	366
Oregon	4,845	5,044	4,868	292	2	35	78	177	4,576	730	3,377	469
Pennsylvania	2,995	2,961	2,841	402	5	30	139	228	2,439	451	1,722	266
Rhode Island	3,476	3,685	3,589	285	4	37	86	159	3,304	600	2,248	456
South Carolina	5,347	4,753	5,297	822	7	48	141	627	4,475	1,065	3,000	411
South Dakota	2,320	2,332	2,279	177	1	47	15	113	2,101	399	1,595	108
Tennessee	4,890	5,153	5,019	717	7	40	162	508	4,302	1,057	2,788	458
Texas	4,956	5,153	5,190	579	6	39	173	361	4,611	976	3,163	471
Utah	4,476	4,243	4,452	237	2	41	49	145	4,216	653	3,229	333
Vermont	2,987	2,769	2,530	107	2	20	13	72	2,423	566	1,733	125
Virginia	3,028	3,178	3,140	291	5	25	95	166	2,849	435	2,160	253
Washington	5,106	5,152	5,107	345	3	45	96	202	4,761	905	3,189	667
West Virginia	2,603	2,560	2,515	234	3	18	37	176	2,281	537	1,528	216
Wisconsin	3,209	3,321	3,253	225	3	23	87	113	3,028	513	2,267	247
Wyoming	3,298	3,588	3,581	274	3	30	19	222	3,307	49	2,668	149

¹ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter. ² Forcible rape figures furnished by the state-level uniform crime reporting (UCR) program administered by the Delaware State Bureau of Investigation were not in accordance with the national UCR guidelines; therefore, it was necessary that the forcible rape count be estimated. ³ Includes offenses reported by the police at the National Zoo. ⁴ Complete data were not available; therefore, it was necessary for the crime counts to be estimated for Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky, and Montana for all years shown.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/02cius.htm>> (released 27 October 2003).

No. 292. Crime Rates by Type—Selected Large Cities: 2002

[Offenses known to the police per 100,000 population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. For definitions of crimes, see text, this section]

City ranked by population size, 2002 ¹	Violent crime						Property crime			
	Crime index, total	Total	Murder	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Total	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft
New York, NY	3,100.1	789.6	7.3	20.9	336.8	424.7	2,310.4	372.3	1,603.7	334.4
Los Angeles, CA	4,986.0	1,349.5	17.1	36.9	448.9	846.6	3,636.5	662.4	2,083.6	890.5
Chicago, IL	(NA)	(NA)	22.1	(NA)	630.7	845.5	5,008.9	869.6	3,280.1	859.2
Houston, TX	7,313.9	1,223.1	12.5	43.7	549.5	617.4	6,090.9	1,318.5	3,599.2	1,173.1
Philadelphia, PA	5,471.1	1,315.9	18.9	67.9	581.9	647.2	4,155.2	737.7	2,544.8	872.7
Phoenix, AZ	7,823.5	727.6	12.6	29.2	290.0	395.8	7,095.9	1,199.7	4,072.4	1,823.9
San Diego, CA	3,951.9	567.1	3.7	26.0	128.3	409.1	3,384.8	602.3	1,937.7	844.8
Dallas, TX	9,024.7	1,370.8	15.8	52.8	647.7	654.5	7,653.9	1,639.3	4,535.4	1,479.3
San Antonio, TX	7,873.3	817.1	8.4	38.8	176.8	593.1	7,056.2	1,118.1	5,457.6	480.4
Las Vegas, NV	4,924.8	778.6	11.9	42.8	327.3	396.5	4,146.3	965.4	2,098.2	1,082.7
Jurisdiction, NV ²	4,829.5	2,072.8	41.8	73.6	653.6	1,303.8	6,766.7	1,496.8	2,970.0	2,480.0
Detroit, MI	2,601.7	445.6	2.8	40.8	89.1	312.8	2,156.1	326.1	1,470.3	359.7
San Jose, CA	6,360.4	288.9	2.0	33.8	119.1	134.0	6,071.5	92.0	4,136.9	942.7
Honolulu, HI	6,032.5	935.0	13.9	54.8	365.3	501.0	5,097.4	1,201.7	3,087.1	808.7
San Francisco, CA	5,299.0	752.4	8.4	26.1	398.4	319.5	4,546.6	738.5	3,038.5	769.6
Jacksonville, FL	6,632.5	915.6	11.7	36.0	262.1	605.8	5,717.0	1,192.5	3,820.7	703.8
Columbus, OH	9,257.7	908.0	11.3	94.0	489.3	313.2	8,349.7	2,244.7	5,038.6	1,066.5
Austin, TX	6,267.1	467.1	3.6	37.3	171.2	254.9	5,800.1	1,008.5	4,334.5	457.1
Baltimore, MD	8,318.6	2,054.9	37.7	26.5	702.5	1,288.2	6,263.7	1,305.3	3,981.4	977.0
Memphis, TN	9,947.2	1,572.4	22.5	78.0	640.7	831.2	8,374.8	2,469.7	4,513.5	1,391.7
Charlotte-Mecklenburg, NC	7,512.7	1,172.3	10.4	44.7	447.2	670.0	6,340.4	1,625.7	3,997.7	717.0
Milwaukee, WI	7,647.8	954.8	18.3	53.0	527.9	354.7	6,693.0	1,143.0	4,363.3	1,186.8
Boston, MA	5,986.5	1,166.1	10.1	61.9	424.7	669.6	4,820.2	642.1	2,988.4	1,189.7
El Paso, TX	4,585.6	661.1	2.4	37.5	97.7	523.5	3,924.6	377.2	3,208.0	339.4
Seattle, WA	8,004.3	705.4	4.5	26.2	271.7	403.0	7,298.9	1,256.7	4,610.0	1,432.9
Washington, DC	7,767.9	1,595.6	45.9	45.9	653.5	850.2	6,172.4	905.1	3,661.4	1,605.9
Denver, CO	5,511.1	534.2	8.8	55.2	205.0	265.2	4,976.9	1,049.6	2,646.7	1,280.7
Nashville, TN	8,209.5	1,549.1	11.2	71.9	371.0	1,094.9	6,660.4	1,332.2	4,474.5	853.7
Fort Worth, TX	8,021.0	759.7	9.5	57.5	295.1	397.7	7,261.3	1,743.3	4,813.1	704.9
Portland, OR	7,955.7	828.5	3.7	65.0	237.6	522.2	7,127.2	1,047.0	5,129.0	951.1
Oklahoma City, OK	9,743.2	822.3	7.4	86.8	228.1	500.0	8,920.9	1,622.4	6,573.5	725.0
Tucson, AZ	9,692.9	909.8	9.1	65.3	260.8	574.6	8,783.1	1,297.7	6,286.4	1,199.0
New Orleans, LA	6,418.9	937.1	53.1	33.3	410.2	440.6	5,481.8	978.9	2,946.6	1,556.3
Cleveland, OH	9,600.2	1,322.3	16.6	128.6	678.0	499.1	5,577.9	1,682.2	2,753.1	1,142.6
Long Beach, CA	4,034.3	757.8	14.0	30.1	314.5	399.2	3,276.4	711.6	1,782.7	782.1
Albuquerque, NM	7,817.0	1,068.7	11.1	64.0	283.1	710.4	6,748.4	1,191.7	4,671.4	885.3
Kansas City, MO	10,039.5	1,352.4	18.5	67.0	449.2	817.6	8,687.1	1,782.2	5,397.3	1,507.7
Fresno, CA	7,648.1	852.6	9.5	35.6	333.6	473.9	6,795.6	1,009.6	4,167.7	1,618.3
Virginia Beach, VA	3,671.4	219.1	0.7	31.5	101.1	85.8	3,452.3	522.6	2,736.6	193.1
Atlanta, GA	11,355.2	2,289.1	34.9	63.4	957.1	1,233.8	9,066.0	1,964.2	5,443.5	1,658.3
Sacramento, CA	7,294.3	840.6	11.1	43.8	410.9	374.7	6,453.8	1,189.4	3,684.6	1,579.7
Mesa, AZ	7,907.8	684.9	5.2	30.6	140.0	509.1	7,222.9	1,175.9	4,840.5	1,206.5
Oakland, CA	7,213.4	1,366.9	26.1	60.1	592.0	688.6	5,846.5	1,026.7	3,308.6	1,511.2
Tulsa, OK	7,568.5	1,086.3	6.5	61.1	226.4	792.3	6,482.2	1,586.4	4,000.0	895.8
Omaha, NE	7,303.2	717.9	6.6	43.9	253.2	414.1	6,585.3	817.1	4,691.8	1,076.4
Minneapolis, MN	6,820.9	1,056.1	12.0	92.7	459.5	491.8	5,764.9	1,135.5	3,750.1	879.3
Miami, FL	8,957.3	1,906.9	17.1	25.3	713.9	1,150.5	7,050.4	1,572.9	4,191.1	1,286.4
Colorado Springs, CO	5,407.1	507.8	6.6	60.8	121.7	318.7	4,899.3	1,028.3	3,444.7	426.3
Saint Louis, MO	14,285.7	2,124.3	31.4	38.5	798.3	1,256.1	12,161.3	1,999.7	7,375.6	2,786.1
Wichita, KS	6,930.4	680.8	5.8	59.8	228.9	386.4	6,249.6	1,282.1	4,463.2	504.3
Santa Ana, CA	3,435.6	550.8	6.6	18.8	248.6	276.8	2,884.8	349.6	1,850.8	684.4
Pittsburgh, PA	5,762.1	1,107.6	13.7	43.2	471.8	578.9	4,654.5	962.8	2,951.0	740.7
Arlington, TX	6,784.0	633.1	4.0	43.7	228.3	357.1	6,150.9	1,046.0	4,527.5	577.4
Anaheim, CA	3,587.0	408.5	5.0	23.5	136.7	243.2	3,178.5	586.7	2,042.3	549.6
Cincinnati, OH	8,506.8	1,275.2	21.0	105.0	718.0	431.2	7,231.6	1,929.6	4,240.4	1,061.6
Toledo, OH	8,468.1	1,008.9	8.9	58.6	436.8	504.6	7,459.2	1,841.8	4,599.0	1,018.4
Tampa, FL	11,149.6	1,981.9	11.7	64.3	735.5	1,170.4	9,167.7	1,980.0	5,069.9	2,117.7
Buffalo, NY	6,436.8	1,271.7	14.6	62.6	550.7	643.8	5,165.2	1,305.5	3,085.2	774.4
Saint Paul, MN	6,076.1	805.4	4.4	65.5	332.1	403.1	5,271.0	1,103.1	3,426.9	741.0
Aurora, CO	6,222.4	630.9	5.5	68.6	188.5	353.3	5,591.5	749.4	3,632.8	1,209.3
Corpus Christi, TX	7,328.1	711.9	6.6	83.9	176.3	445.1	6,616.2	1,235.7	4,881.6	499.0
Raleigh, NC	6,248.8	688.9	6.7	37.1	244.2	400.9	5,559.9	1,344.2	3,746.5	469.2
Newark, NJ	6,378.8	1,143.3	23.3	31.5	561.1	527.4	5,235.5	806.7	2,160.3	2,268.4
Anchorage, AK	5,114.5	643.9	6.7	95.0	142.9	399.2	4,470.6	569.1	3,462.7	438.9
Lexington, KY	4,746.3	541.7	5.7	44.4	237.3	254.4	4,204.6	924.5	3,034.0	246.0
Riverside, CA	5,731.1	765.9	7.6	35.5	232.9	489.9	4,965.2	954.5	3,077.0	933.7
Louisville, KY	5,950.2	785.1	13.5	18.9	383.5	369.2	5,165.1	1,356.2	2,971.4	837.5
Mobile, AL ³	6,996.5	536.4	15.6	41.7	293.1	185.9	6,460.2	1,399.4	4,495.9	564.8
Saint Petersburg, FL	8,056.8	1,703.9	8.9	47.8	395.6	1,251.6	6,352.9	1,397.6	4,064.2	891.0

NA Not available. ¹ The rates for forcible rape, violent crime, and crime index are not shown because the forcible rape figures were not in accordance with national Uniform Crime Reporting guidelines. ² Due to reporting changes or annexations, figures are not comparable to previous years. ³ Beginning in 2002, Mobile, Alabama, population includes a redistribution of jurisdiction with the Mobile County Sheriff's Department.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/02Cius.htm>> (released 27 October 2003).

No. 293. Murder Victims—Circumstances and Weapons Used or Cause of Death: 1990 to 2002

[Based solely on police investigation. For definition of murder, see text, this section]

Characteristic	1990	2000	2001	2002	Characteristic	1990	2000	2001	2002
Murders, total	20,273	13,230	14,061	14,274	Unknown	24.8	30.8	32.3	32.7
Percent distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0					
CIRCUMSTANCES					TYPE OF WEAPON OR CAUSE OF DEATH				
Felonies, total	20.8	16.8	16.8	16.4	Guns	64.3	65.5	63.2	66.8
Robbery	9.2	8.1	7.7	7.8	Handguns	49.8	51.2	49.3	51.1
Narcotics	6.7	4.5	4.1	4.7	Cutting or stabbing	17.4	13.5	13.0	12.5
Sex offenses	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.4	Blunt objects ¹	5.4	4.7	4.8	4.8
Other felonies	3.7	3.7	4.5	3.5	Personal weapons ²	5.5	7.0	6.8	6.7
Suspected felonies	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	Strangulations, asphyxiations	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.7
Argument, total	34.4	31.8	29.9	29.1	Fire	1.4	1.0	0.8	0.7
Property or money	2.5	1.6	1.4	1.4	All other ³	4.0	6.4	9.4	6.8
Romantic triangle	2.0	0.9	0.8	0.9					
Other arguments	29.8	29.3	27.7	26.7					
Other motives	19.4	20.2	20.4	21.4					

¹ Refers to club, hammer, etc. ² Hands, fists, feet, etc. ³ Includes poison, drowning, explosives, narcotics, and unknown.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/02cius.htm> (released 27 October 2003).

No. 294. Murder Victims by Age, Sex, and Race: 2002

Age	Sex				Race			
	Total	Male	Female	Unknown	White	Black	Other	Unknown
Total	14,274	10,932	3,316	26	6,857	6,834	385	198
Percent of total	100	77	23	-	48	48	3	1
Under 18 yrs. old	1,383	879	502	2	700	622	48	13
18 yrs. old and over	12,597	9,842	2,751	4	6,033	6,100	335	129
Infant (under 1 yr. old)	185	96	89	-	107	71	4	3
1 to 4 yrs. old	338	185	151	2	179	139	16	4
5 to 8 yrs. old	89	36	53	-	53	33	3	-
9 to 12 yrs. old	92	50	42	-	53	35	4	-
13 to 16 yrs. old	392	283	109	-	180	198	11	3
17 to 19 yrs. old	1,205	1,035	170	-	525	629	40	11
20 to 24 yrs. old	2,810	2,400	408	2	1,131	1,598	58	23
25 to 29 yrs. old	2,077	1,758	319	-	816	1,180	49	32
30 to 34 yrs. old	1,617	1,232	385	-	681	868	53	15
35 to 39 yrs. old	1,356	988	366	2	685	633	24	14
40 to 44 yrs. old	1,152	825	327	-	628	476	41	7
45 to 49 yrs. old	864	630	234	-	490	339	26	9
50 to 54 yrs. old	574	416	158	-	341	213	16	4
55 to 59 yrs. old	360	250	110	-	240	101	15	4
60 to 64 yrs. old	249	183	66	-	174	60	10	5
65 to 69 yrs. old	166	105	61	-	119	44	2	1
70 to 74 yrs. old	156	96	60	-	115	35	4	2
75 yrs. old and over	298	153	145	-	216	70	7	5
Age unknown	294	211	63	20	124	112	2	56

- Represents zero.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/02cius.htm> (released 27 October 2003).

No. 295. Murder Victims of September 11, 2001, Terrorist Attacks by Race, Sex, and Location

Race	Sex				Race	Sex			
	Total	Male	Female	Un-known		Total	Male	Female	Un-known
ALL LOCATIONS					PENTAGON				
Total	2,973	2,256	712	5	Total	184	108	71	5
White	2,401	1,879	522	-	White	120	79	41	-
Black	265	162	103	-	Black	49	21	28	-
Other	173	117	56	-	Other	2	2	-	-
Unknown	134	98	31	5	Unknown	13	6	2	5
WORLD TRADE CENTER					SOMERSET COUNTY, PA				
Total	2,749	2,128	621	-	Total	40	20	20	-
White	2,245	1,782	463	-	White	36	18	18	-
Black	213	140	73	-	Black	3	1	2	-
Other	170	114	56	-	Other	1	1	-	-
Unknown	121	92	29	-	Unknown	-	-	-	-

- Represents zero.

Source: US Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/02cius.htm> (Released 27 October 2002).

No. 296. Homicide Trends: 1976 to 2000

[Rate per 100,000 inhabitants. Not all agencies which report offence information to the FBI also submit supplemental data on homicides. To account for the total number of homicides. To account for the total number of homicide victims, the data was weighted to match national and state estimates prepared by the FBI; hence, columns may not equal total.]

Year	Estimated number of victims	Homicide Rate by gender of victim			Estimated number of homicide victims		Homicide Rate by race of victim			Estimated number of homicide victims		
		Rate	Male	Female	Male	Female	White	Black	Other	White	Black	Other
1976	18,780	8.8	13.6	4.2	14,171	4,590	5.1	37.1	7.9	9,585	8,745	387
1977	19,120	8.8	13.7	4.2	14,397	4,710	5.4	36.2	7.6	10,041	8,669	377
1978	19,560	9.0	14.0	4.1	14,895	4,642	5.6	35.1	7.1	10,568	8,572	367
1979	21,460	9.7	15.4	4.4	16,428	5,017	6.1	37.5	8.9	11,625	9,311	470
1980	23,040	10.2	16.2	4.5	17,788	5,232	6.3	37.7	5.7	12,275	9,767	327
1981	22,520	9.8	15.6	4.3	17,405	5,096	6.2	36.4	6.1	12,163	9,862	348
1982	21,010	9.1	14.1	4.3	15,902	5,093	5.9	32.3	6.5	11,643	8,880	399
1983	19,310	8.3	12.8	3.9	14,588	4,703	5.3	29.4	6.4	10,604	8,200	417
1984	18,690	7.9	12.1	3.9	13,910	4,741	5.2	27.2	5.4	10,490	7,678	377
1985	18,980	8.0	12.1	4.0	14,079	4,881	5.2	27.5	5.4	10,589	7,891	399
1986	20,610	8.6	13.2	4.1	15,471	5,109	5.3	31.3	6.2	10,916	9,107	484
1987	20,100	8.3	12.5	4.2	14,811	5,288	5.1	30.6	5.2	10,526	9,000	424
1988	20,680	8.5	12.9	4.2	15,414	5,238	4.9	33.3	4.0	10,184	9,959	344
1989	21,500	8.7	13.6	4.0	16,407	5,085	4.9	34.9	4.2	10,325	10,566	390
1990	23,440	9.4	15.1	4.0	18,304	5,115	5.4	37.7	4.2	11,279	11,488	400
1991	24,700	9.8	15.7	4.2	19,270	5,394	5.5	39.3	6.0	11,661	12,226	608
1992	23,760	9.3	14.9	4.0	18,513	5,217	5.3	37.2	5.4	11,229	11,777	573
1993	24,530	9.5	15.0	4.2	18,937	5,550	5.3	38.7	5.5	11,278	12,435	601
1994	23,330	9.0	14.4	3.8	18,294	5,007	5.0	36.4	4.6	10,773	11,856	526
1995	21,610	8.2	12.9	3.7	16,551	5,023	4.8	31.6	4.9	10,371	10,444	585
1996	19,650	7.4	11.7	3.3	15,152	4,470	4.3	28.3	4.1	9,482	9,477	512
1997	18,210	6.8	10.7	3.0	14,057	4,124	3.9	26.1	4.1	8,619	8,842	524
1998	16,910	6.3	9.7	3.0	12,753	4,139	3.8	23.0	2.9	8,389	7,931	393
1999	15,533	5.7	8.8	2.7	11,704	3,800	3.5	20.5	3.3	7,777	7,139	458
2000	15,517	5.5	8.5	2.6	11,766	3,717	3.3	20.5	2.7	7,526	7,393	398

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Homicide Trends in the United States, 1976-2000*. See also: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/htius.pdf>

No. 297. Homicide Victims by Race and Sex: 1980 to 2001

[Rates per 100,000 resident population in specified group. Excludes deaths to nonresidents of United States. Beginning 1999, deaths classified according to the tenth revision of the *International Classification of Diseases*; see text, Section 2, and footnote 3]

Year	Homicide victims						Homicide rate ²				
	Total ¹	White		Black		Total ¹	White		Black		
		Male	Female	Male	Female		Male	Female	Male	Female	
1980	24,278	10,381	3,177	8,385	1,898	10.7	10.9	3.2	66.6	13.5	
1985	19,893	8,122	3,041	6,616	1,666	8.3	8.2	2.9	48.4	11.0	
1987	21,103	7,979	3,149	7,518	1,969	8.7	7.9	3.0	53.3	12.6	
1988	22,032	7,994	3,072	8,314	2,089	9.0	7.9	2.9	58.0	13.2	
1989	22,909	8,337	2,971	8,888	2,074	9.2	8.2	2.8	61.1	12.9	
1990	24,932	9,147	3,006	9,981	2,163	10.0	9.0	2.8	69.2	13.5	
1991	26,513	9,581	3,201	10,628	2,330	10.5	9.3	3.0	72.0	14.2	
1992	25,488	9,456	3,012	10,131	2,187	10.0	9.1	2.8	67.5	13.1	
1993	26,009	9,054	3,232	10,640	2,297	10.1	8.6	3.0	69.7	13.6	
1994	24,926	9,055	2,921	10,083	2,124	9.6	8.5	2.6	65.1	12.4	
1995	22,895	8,336	3,028	8,847	1,936	8.7	7.8	2.7	56.3	11.1	
1996	20,971	7,570	2,747	8,183	1,800	7.9	7.0	2.5	51.5	10.2	
1997	19,846	7,343	2,570	7,601	1,652	7.4	6.7	2.3	47.1	9.3	
1998	18,272	6,707	2,534	6,873	1,547	6.8	6.1	2.2	42.1	8.6	
1999 ³	16,889	6,162	2,466	6,214	1,434	6.2	5.6	2.2	37.5	7.8	
2000	16,765	5,925	2,414	6,482	1,385	6.1	5.3	2.1	38.6	7.5	
2001	20,308	8,254	3,074	6,780	1,446	7.1	7.2	2.6	38.3	7.4	

¹ Includes races not shown separately. ² Rate based on enumerated population figures as of April 1 for 1980, 1990 and 2000; July 1 estimates for other years. ³ Effective with data for 1999, causes of death are classified by The Tenth Revision International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10), replacing the Ninth Revision (ICD-9) used for 1979-98 data. Breaks in the comparability of some cause of death statistics result from changes in category titles, changes in the structure and content of the classification, and changes in coding rules used to select the underlying cause of death. In ICD-9, the category Homicide also includes death as a result of legal intervention. ICD-10 has two separate categories for these two causes of death. Some caution should be used in comparing data between 1998 and 1999.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital Statistics of the United States*, annual; and *National Vital Statistics Reports (NVSR)* (formerly *Monthly Vital Statistics Report*); and unpublished data.

No. 298. Forcible Rape—Number and Rate: 1980 to 2002

[For definition of rape, see text, this section]

Item	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
NUMBER										
Total	82,990	102,560	97,460	96,250	96,153	93,144	89,411	90,186	90,863	95,136
By force	63,599	86,541	85,249	84,053	84,931	82,823	79,697	81,111	82,004	86,564
Attempt.	19,391	16,019	12,211	12,197	11,222	10,321	9,714	9,075	8,859	8,572
RATE										
Per 100,000 population	36.8	41.1	37.1	36.3	35.9	34.5	32.8	32.0	31.8	33.0
Per 100,000 females	71.6	80.5	72.5	71.0	70.4	67.4	64.1	62.7	62.6	64.8
PERCENT CHANGE IN RATE¹										
Per 100,000 population	6.1	8.1	-5.6	-2.2	-1.0	-4.1	-5.2	-2.4	-1.4	3.8

¹ From immediate prior year.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Population-at-Risk Rates and Selected Crime Indicators*, annual.

No. 299. Rape and Sexual Assault—Reports to Police and Medical Attention: 1992 - 2000

[Rate per 100,000 inhabitants. Data is for the period 1992 to 2000].

Injury Status and Police Report	Completed rape		Attempted rape		Sexual assault	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total victimizations	131,950	100	98,970	100	135,550	100
Not injured	-	-	60,010	61	112,520	83
Injured	131,950	100	38,960	39	23,020	17
Serious injury	7,180	5	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Minor injury	42,630	33	25,450	26	12,390	9
Undetermined injury	81,140	61	10,730	11	8,590	6
Reported to police	47,960	36	33,560	34	34,830	26
By victim	23,890	18	24,040	24	21,560	16
By other household member	10,080	8	(B)	(B)	4,970	4
By someone else	13,990	11	6,010	6	8,310	6
Not reported	83,700	63	64,600	65	99,840	74
Medical treatment received:						
Total injured	131,950	100	38,960	100	23,020	100
Treated	42,230	32	12,490	32	6,250	27

- Represents zero. B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Rape and Sexual Assault: Reporting to Police and Medical Attention, 1992-2000*, Series NCJ 194530, August 2002.

No. 300. Violence by Intimate Partners by Sex, 1993 to 2001, and by Type of Crime, 2001

[Violent acts covered include murder, rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated and simple assault. Intimate partners involve current spouses, former spouses, current boy/girlfriends, and former boy/girlfriends. Based on the National Criminal Victimization Survey; see text, this section, and Appendix III. See Appendix III]

Year and type of crime	All persons		Females		Males	
	Number	Rate ¹	Number	Rate per 100,000 ¹	Number	Rate ¹
1993	1,228,760	580.9	1,072,090	982.0	156,670	153.1
1994	1,148,210	537.2	1,003,190	908.9	145,020	140.3
1995	1,063,520	493.0	953,700	855.8	109,820	105.3
1996	1,008,860	462.8	879,290	781.7	129,570	122.8
1997	953,780	432.7	848,480	747.3	105,300	98.5
1998	1,054,260	475.7	896,030	780.9	158,230	146.7
1999	783,120	347.7	672,330	578.4	110,790	101.6
2000	630,530	277.2	547,310	466.5	83,220	75.5
2001, total	691,710	293.6	588,490	496.7	103,220	77.8
Rape or sexual assault	41,740	18.2	41,740	35.2	(B)	(B)
Robbery	60,630	26.4	44,060	37.2	16,570	14.9
Aggravated assault	117,480	51.1	81,140	68.5	36,350	32.6
Simple assault	471,860	205.2	421,550	355.8	50,310	45.1

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of derived figure. In this case, 10 or fewer sample cases.

¹ Rates are the number of victimizations per 100,000 persons.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Intimate Partner Violence*, Series NCJ 197838, February 2003.

No. 301. Hate Crimes—Number of Incidents, Offenses, Victims, and Known Offenders by Bias Motivation: 2002

[The FBI collected statistics on hate crimes from 12,073 law enforcement agencies representing over 247 million inhabitants in 2002. Hate crime offenses cover incidents motivated by race, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity/national origin, and disability]

Bias motivation	Incidents reported	Offenses	Victims ¹	Known offenders ²
Total	7,462	8,832	9,222	7,314
Race, total	3,642	4,393	4,580	4,011
Anti-White	719	888	910	1,064
Anti-Black	2,486	2,967	3,076	2,510
Anti-American Indian/Alaskan native	62	68	72	52
Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander	217	268	280	242
Anti-multi-racial group	158	202	242	143
Ethnicity/national origin, total	1,102	1,345	1,409	1,247
Anti-Hispanic	480	601	639	656
Anti-other ethnicity/national origin	622	744	770	591
Religion, total	1,426	1,576	1,659	568
Anti-Jewish	931	1,039	1,084	317
Anti-Catholic	53	58	71	21
Anti-Protestant	55	57	58	34
Anti-Islamic	155	170	174	103
Anti-other religious group	198	217	237	73
Anti-multireligious group	31	32	32	18
Anti-atheism/agnosticism/etc	3	3	3	2
Sexual orientation, total	1,244	1,464	1,513	1,438
Anti-male homosexual	825	957	984	1,022
Anti-female homosexual	172	207	221	172
Anti-homosexual	222	259	267	225
Anti-heterosexual	10	26	26	6
Anti-bisexual	15	15	15	13
Disability, total	45	47	50	47
Anti-physical	20	20	20	21
Anti-mental	25	27	30	26
Multiple bias	3	7	11	3

¹ The term "victim" may refer to a person, business, institution, or a society as a whole. ² The term "known offender" does not imply that the identity of the suspect is known, but only that an attribute of the suspect is identified which distinguishes him/her from an unknown offender.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Hate Crime Statistics*, annual. See also <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/02hate.pdf>> released October 2003) and subsequent updates because of late data submissions.

No. 302. Hate Crimes Reported, by State: 2002

[See headnote, Table 301]

State	Number of participating agencies	Population covered (1,000)	Agencies submitting incidents	Incidents reported	State	Number of participating agencies	Population covered (1,000)	Agencies submitting incidents	Incidents reported
United States	12,073	247,247	1,868	7,462	Missouri	144	2,955	19	64
Alabama	31	260	2	2	Montana	93	881	6	13
Alaska	1	267	1	7	Nebraska	203	1,363	17	74
Arizona	88	5,024	29	238	Nevada	35	2,173	7	62
Arkansas	7	388	-	-	New Hampshire	107	654	19	27
California	726	35,057	243	1,648	New Jersey	557	8,590	220	570
Colorado	190	4,252	30	96	New Mexico	49	1,181	3	15
Connecticut	84	2,839	50	129	New York	505	19,155	63	693
Delaware	50	807	8	13	North Carolina	446	8,242	29	62
District of Columbia	2	571	2	14	North Dakota	74	563	7	18
Florida	489	16,660	93	257	Ohio	400	8,245	63	363
Georgia	76	1,559	10	31	Oklahoma	301	3,494	19	44
Hawaii	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	Oregon	172	3,509	24	61
Idaho	117	1,330	14	43	Pennsylvania	849	11,086	26	92
Illinois	59	4,639	46	155	Rhode Island	48	1,070	7	38
Indiana	163	4,476	25	77	South Carolina	310	4,104	35	70
Iowa	221	2,863	18	46	South Dakota	130	735	4	4
Kansas	339	2,367	13	55	Tennessee	443	5,796	54	129
Kentucky	341	3,663	38	76	Texas	969	21,698	82	347
Louisiana	159	3,419	13	15	Utah	59	1,790	17	54
Maine	180	1,291	14	36	Vermont	57	566	10	18
Maryland	148	5,458	26	211	Virginia	399	7,258	54	291
Massachusetts	305	5,822	90	430	Washington	246	6,037	47	174
Michigan	619	9,815	164	416	West Virginia	336	1,758	16	41
Minnesota	279	4,844	71	203	Wisconsin	370	5,438	13	32
Mississippi	66	943	3	3	Wyoming	31	291	4	5

- Represents or rounds to zero. ¹ Did not report.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Hate Crime Statistics*, annual. See also <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/02hate.pdf>> (released: October 2003) and subsequent updates because of late data submissions.

No. 303. Robbery and Property Crimes by Type and Selected Characteristic: 1990 to 2002

[For definition of crime, see text, this section]

Characteristic of offenses	Number of offenses (1,000)				Rate per 100,000 inhabitants				Average value lost (dol.)	
	1990	2000	2001	2002	1990	2000	2001	2002	2001	2002
Robbery, total ¹	639	408	424	421	256.3	144.9	148.5	145.9	1,208	1,281
Type of crime:										
Street or highway	359	188	188	180	144.2	66.7	65.7	62.4	914	1,045
Commercial house	73	57	61	61	29.5	20.1	21.4	21.3	1,888	1,676
Gas station	18	12	12	11	7.1	4.1	4.2	3.9	717	679
Convenience store	39	26	28	27	15.6	9.3	9.7	9.4	615	665
Residence	62	50	53	57	25.1	17.7	18.7	19.7	1,289	1,340
Bank	9	9	10	10	3.8	3.1	3.6	3.4	4,046	4,763
Weapon used:										
Firearm	234	161	170	173	94.1	57.0	59.5	60.1	(NA)	(NA)
Knife or cutting instrument	76	36	38	37	30.7	12.8	13.2	12.8	(NA)	(NA)
Other dangerous weapon	61	53	53	44	24.5	18.9	18.7	15.2	(NA)	(NA)
Strongarm	268	159	163	167	107.7	56.4	57.1	57.8	(NA)	(NA)
Burglary, total	3,074	2,050	2,117	2,152	1,232.2	728.4	741.8	746.2	1,533	1,549
Forcible entry	2,150	1,297	1,332	1,346	864.5	460.7	466.9	466.8	(NA)	(NA)
Unlawful entry	678	615	646	662	272.8	218.7	226.3	229.5	(NA)	(NA)
Attempted forcible entry	245	138	139	144	98.7	49.0	48.6	50.0	(NA)	(NA)
Residence	2,033	1,335	1,380	1,416	817.4	474.3	483.8	491.0	1,465	1,482
Nonresidence	1,041	715	736	736	418.5	254.1	225.1	233.7	1,659	1,678
Occurred during the night ¹	1,135	699	721	731	456.4	248.3	252.6	253.4	(NA)	(NA)
Occurred during the day ¹	1,151	836	867	903	462.8	297.2	303.8	313.1	(NA)	(NA)
Larceny-theft, total	7,946	6,972	7,092	7,053	3,185.1	2,477.3	2,484.6	2,445.8	787	699
Pocket picking	81	36	33	32	32.4	12.7	11.7	11.3	453	328
Purse snatching	82	37	39	39	32.8	13.2	13.5	13.5	351	332
Shoplifting	1,291	959	979	986	519.1	340.7	343.1	341.8	183	187
From motor vehicles	1,744	1,754	1,833	1,866	701.3	623.3	642.4	647.0	708	692
Motor vehicle accessories	1,185	677	723	756	476.3	240.6	254.0	262.1	437	432
Bicycles	443	312	291	277	178.2	110.9	102.1	96.0	315	257
From buildings	1,118	914	944	883	449.4	324.6	330.7	306.3	1,055	1,013
From coin-operated machines	63	46	52	52	25.4	16.2	18.2	18.2	288	250
Other	1,940	2,232	2,198	2,162	780.0	793.0	770.1	749.7	1,193	984
Motor vehicles, total ²	1,636	1,160	1,228	1,246	655.8	412.2	430.5	432.1	6,630	6,701
Automobiles	1,304	877	917	919	524.3	311.5	321.4	318.8	(NA)	(NA)
Trucks and buses	238	209	221	230	95.5	74.1	77.8	79.7	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Includes other crimes not shown separately. ² Includes other types of motor vehicles not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Population-at-Risk Rates and Selected Crime Indicators*, annual.

No. 304. Violent Victimitizations Reported to the Police: 1992 to 2000

[In percent. Data is for the period of 1992 to 2000. Offender characteristics are based on victim's perception. See source for details. For definitions of crimes, see text, this section]

Characteristic of offender	Percent of the victimizations reported to the police					
	Violent crimes					
	All	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Simple assault	Serious violent crime ¹
Total	43	31	57	55	38	53
Gender						
Male	43	² 32	56	54	38	52
Female	40	² 13	55	55	37	53
Both	63	² 59	74	75	56	74
Race						
White	42	29	55	54	38	50
Black	47	39	59	59	38	58
Number of offenders						
One	42	31	55	53	38	50
Two	55	44	65	64	44	64
Three or more	51	28	57	62	42	59
Relationship to victim						
Nonstranger	41	27	59	55	37	51
Intimate	54	24	72	63	53	55
Other relative	50	48	53	61	47	57
Friend/acquaintance	36	27	55	52	31	48
Stranger	45	41	56	55	39	55
Don't know relationship	43	² 39	62	53	32	55
Drug/alcohol use						
Using drugs/alcohol	51	32	58	60	48	55
Not using drugs/alcohol	33	23	50	47	30	43
Don't know	45	39	58	55	37	55

¹ Includes rape, sexual assault, robbery and aggravated assault. ² Based on 10 or fewer sample cases.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Reporting Crime to the Police: 1992-2000*, Series NCJ 195710, March 2003.

No. 305. Criminal Victimization and Victimization Rates: 1995 to 2002

[Based on National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section and Appendix III]

Type of crime	Number of victimizations (1,000)				Victimization rates ¹			
	1995	2000	2001	2002	1995	2000	2001	2002
All crimes, total	39,926	25,893	24,216	23,036	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Personal crimes ²	10,436	6,597	5,932	5,497	46.2	29.1	25.9	23.7
Crimes of violence	10,022	6,323	5,744	5,341	44.5	27.9	25.1	23.1
Completed violence	2,960	2,044	1,828	1,753	12.9	9.0	8.0	7.6
Attempted/threatened violence	7,061	4,279	3,916	3,588	31.6	18.9	17.1	15.5
Rape/sexual assault	363	261	248	248	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.1
Rape/attempted rape	252	147	146	168	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.7
Rape	153	92	84	90	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.4
Attempted rape	99	55	63	78	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3
Sexual assault	112	114	102	80	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3
Robbery	1,171	732	631	513	5.3	3.2	2.8	2.2
Completed/property taken	753	520	427	386	3.5	2.3	1.9	1.7
With injury	224	160	174	170	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.7
Without injury	529	360	253	216	2.4	1.6	1.1	0.9
Attempted to take property	418	212	204	127	1.8	0.9	0.9	0.5
With injury	84	66	68	43	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2
Without injury	335	146	136	84	1.4	0.6	0.6	0.4
Assault	8,487	5,330	4,865	4,581	37.6	23.5	21.2	19.8
Aggravated	2,050	1,293	1,222	990	8.8	5.7	5.3	4.3
With injury	533	346	392	316	2.4	1.5	1.7	1.4
Threatened with weapon	1,517	946	831	674	6.4	4.2	3.6	2.9
Simple	6,437	4,038	3,643	3,591	28.9	17.8	15.9	15.5
With minor injury	1,426	989	845	907	6.0	4.4	3.7	3.9
Without injury	5,012	3,048	2,798	2,684	22.9	13.4	12.2	11.6
Personal theft	414	274	188	155	1.7	1.2	0.8	0.7
Property crimes	29,490	19,297	18,284	17,539	279.5	178.1	166.9	159.0
Household burglary	5,004	3,444	3,140	3,056	47.4	31.8	28.7	27.7
Completed	4,232	2,909	2,687	2,597	40.0	26.9	24.5	23.5
Attempted forcible entry	773	534	453	458	7.4	4.9	4.1	4.2
Motor vehicle theft	1,717	937	1,009	989	16.2	8.6	9.2	9.0
Completed	1,163	642	724	781	10.8	5.9	6.6	7.1
Attempted	554	295	285	208	5.5	2.7	2.6	1.9
Theft	22,769	14,916	14,135	13,495	215.9	137.7	129.0	122.3
Completed	21,857	14,300	13,672	13,040	207.6	132.0	124.8	118.2
Attempted	911	616	463	455	8.4	5.7	4.2	4.1

X Not applicable. ¹ Per 1,000 persons age 12 or older or per 1,000 households. ² The victimization survey cannot measure murder because of the inability to question the victim. ³ Includes pocket picking, purse snatching, and attempted purse snatching. ⁴ Includes thefts in which the amount taken was not ascertained.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization*, annual; and *Criminal Victimization 2002, Changes 2001-02 with Trends 1993-2002*, Series NCJ-194610. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cv02.pdf>>.

No. 306. Victimization Rates by Type of Violent Crime and Characteristic of the Victim: 2002

[Rate per 1,000 persons age 12 years or older. Based on National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section, and Appendix III]

Characteristic of the victim	Crimes of violence							
	All crime	Total	Rape/sexual assault	Robbery	Total	Aggravated	Simple	Personal theft
Total	23.7	23.1	1.1	2.2	19.8	4.3	15.5	0.7
Male	26.1	25.5	0.3	2.9	22.3	5.2	17.1	0.6
Female	21.5	20.8	1.8	1.6	17.4	3.4	14.0	0.7
12 to 15 yrs. old	45.3	44.4	2.1	3.0	39.3	5.0	34.3	¹ 0.9
16 to 19 yrs. old	58.8	58.2	5.5	4.0	48.6	11.9	36.7	¹ 0.6
20 to 24 yrs. old	49.0	47.4	2.9	4.7	39.8	10.1	29.7	¹ 1.6
25 to 34 yrs. old	26.8	26.3	0.6	2.8	22.8	5.2	17.6	¹ 0.5
35 to 49 yrs. old	18.8	18.1	0.5	1.5	16.1	3.5	12.7	¹ 0.7
50 to 64 yrs. old	11.0	10.7	0.2	1.6	8.9	1.7	7.2	¹ 0.3
65 yrs. old and over	4.0	3.4	0.1	1.0	2.2	0.7	1.5	¹ 0.6
White	23.5	22.8	0.8	1.9	20.0	4.1	15.9	¹ 0.7
Black	28.6	27.9	2.5	4.1	21.3	6.7	14.6	¹ 0.7
Other	15.1	14.7	1.2	2.4	11.0	0.9	10.1	¹ 0.4
Hispanic	24.0	23.6	0.7	3.2	19.7	6.1	13.7	¹ 0.4
Non-Hispanic	23.8	23.0	1.1	2.1	19.8	4.1	15.8	¹ 0.7
Household income:								
Less than \$7,500	47.2	45.5	2.5	6.3	36.7	11.2	25.5	¹ 1.7
\$7,500-\$14,999	32.0	31.5	3.2	4.1	24.2	5.8	18.4	¹ 0.5
\$15,000-\$24,999	30.8	30.0	2.1	2.9	25.0	6.1	18.9	¹ 0.8
\$25,000-\$34,999	27.4	27.0	1.2	2.9	22.9	4.1	18.9	¹ 0.3
\$35,000-\$49,999	26.0	25.6	0.9	2.2	22.4	5.2	17.2	¹ 0.4
\$50,000-\$74,999	19.3	18.7	0.2	2.1	16.5	2.5	14.0	¹ 0.6
\$75,000 or more	19.7	19.0	0.4	1.0	17.6	2.8	14.8	¹ 0.7

¹ Based on 10 or fewer sample cases.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization*, annual; and series NCJ-199994. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cv02.pdf>>.

No. 307. Victim-Offender Relationship in Crimes of Violence, by Characteristics of the Criminal Incident: 2002

[In percent. Covers only crimes of violence. Based on National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section, and Appendix III]

Characteristics of incident	Total	Rape/ sexual assault	Robbery	Assault		
				Total	Aggra- vated ¹	Simple
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Victim/offender relationship: ²						
Relatives	9	2	7	9	10	9
Well-known	29	40	20	30	23	31
Casual acquaintance	15	26	2	15	11	16
Stranger	47	32	70	46	55	43
Time of day: ³						
6 a.m. to 6 p.m.	54	37	47	56	43	59
6 p.m. to midnight	33	34	37	33	39	31
Midnight to 6 a.m.	12	29	17	11	18	9
Location of crime:						
At or near victim's home or lodging	32	31	34	32	34	31
Friend's/relative's/neighbor's home	9	17	6	9	9	9
Commercial places	11	17	4	12	11	12
Parking lots/garages	8	2	15	7	9	7
School	15	4	4	17	7	20
Streets other than near victim's home	14	14	28	13	19	11
Other ⁴	11	16	10	11	11	11
Victim's activity: ⁵						
At work or traveling to or from work	19	12	11	20	20	20
School	14	4	9	15	9	17
Activities at home	26	32	24	26	28	26
Shopping/errands	3	5	3	3	3	3
Leisure activities away from home	22	30	21	22	25	21
Traveling	8	8	20	7	8	7
Other ⁶	7	8	11	7	7	7
Distance from victim's home: ⁷						
Inside home or lodging	17	31	22	15	16	15
Near victim's home	17	6	15	18	18	18
1 mile or less	20	13	29	19	18	19
5 miles or less	23	26	13	25	23	25
50 miles or less	20	19	19	20	21	20
More than 50 miles	3	4	2	3	4	3
Weapons:						
No weapons present	77	92	47	79	4	100
Weapons present	23	8	53	21	96	-
Firearm	8	5	29	6	27	-
Other type of weapon ⁸	15	3	24	15	69	-

- Represents zero. ¹ An aggravated assault is any assault in which an offender possesses or uses a weapon or inflicts serious injury. ² Excludes "don't know" relationships. ³ Excludes "not known and not available" time of day. ⁴ Includes areas on public transportation or inside station, in apartment yard, park, field, playground, or other areas. ⁵ Excludes "don't know" and "not available" victim activity. ⁶ Includes sleeping. ⁷ Excludes "don't know" and "not available" distance from victim's home. ⁸ Includes knives, other sharp objects, blunt objects, and other types of weapons.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization*, annual; and series NCJ-199994, August 2003. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cv02.pdf>>.

No. 308. Property Victimization Rates by Selected Household Characteristic: 2002

[Victimizations per 1,000 households. Based on National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Total	Burglary	Motor vehicle theft	Theft
Race:				
White	157.6	26.0	7.5	124.1
Black	173.7	41.3	17.2	115.2
Other	139.8	19.4	12.5	107.9
Ethnicity:				
Hispanic	210.1	30.3	17.7	162.1
Non-Hispanic	153.3	27.4	8.0	118.0
Household income:				
Less than \$7,500	188.9	51.4	¹ 3.2	134.3
\$7,500-\$14,999	166.7	31.8	8.1	126.8
\$15,000-\$24,999	172.1	33.8	9.9	128.5
\$25,000-\$34,999	161.7	27.8	12.6	121.2
\$35,000-\$49,999	175.4	27.3	11.3	136.9
\$50,000-\$74,999	158.3	24.6	9.2	124.5
\$75,000 or more	169.8	21.0	5.9	142.9
Residence:				
Urban	215.3	40.5	17.1	157.7
Suburban	145.3	22.4	7.5	115.4
Rural	118.3	22.6	2.2	93.5
Form of tenure:				
Home owned	136.4	23.9	6.5	105.9
Home rented	207.0	35.7	14.2	157.1

¹ Based on 10 or fewer sample cases.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization*, annual; and series NCJ-199994. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cv02.pdf>>.

No. 309. Persons Arrested by Charge and Selected Characteristics: 2002

[10,452.2 represents 10,452,200. Represents arrests (not charges) reported by approximately 10,280 agencies with a total 2002 population of approximately 215 million as estimated by FBI. Age and sex data is mandatory, while race data is optional and not always reported with arrest data; hence, two different total number of arrests]

Offense charged	Total arrests (1,000)									
	Total	Male	Female	Total	White	Black	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian or Pacific Islander		
Total	10,452.2	8,047.3	2,404.8	10,428.3	7,279.8	2,890.3	135.1	123.0		
Serious crimes ¹ :	1,711.4	1,250.2	461.3	1,708.2	1,107.0	557.3	18.9	24.8		
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	10.8	9.6	1.2	10.8	5.1	5.5	(Z)	(Z)		
Forcible rape	21.5	21.2	0.3	21.5	13.4	7.5	(Z)	(Z)		
Robbery	83.8	75.3	8.5	83.8	36.2	46.1	(Z)	0.9		
Aggravated assault	357.6	285.0	72.6	357.0	224.4	124.3	4.0	4.2		
Burglary	218.2	189.5	28.8	217.9	151.8	61.8	1.9	2.5		
Larceny/theft	892.5	563.3	329.2	890.4	599.5	265.7	10.8	14.3		
Motor vehicle theft	114.4	95.6	18.8	114.3	67.1	43.6	1.2	2.4		
Arson	12.6	10.7	1.9	12.5	9.5	2.8	(Z)	(Z)		
All other nonserious crimes:										
Other assaults	985.2	749.3	235.9	983.0	646.1	313.8	12.2	11.0		
Forgery and counterfeiting	88.5	53.2	35.3	88.3	60.3	26.2	(Z)	1.3		
Fraud	258.1	140.7	117.5	257.2	173.6	80.4	1.4	1.8		
Stolen property—buying, receiving, possessing	96.6	79.4	17.3	96.5	56.5	38.3	0.6	1.0		
Weapons: carrying, possessing etc.	124.8	114.7	10.1	124.6	75.9	46.5	0.9	1.4		
Prostitution and commercialized vice	63.1	21.8	41.3	63.0	36.0	25.2	(Z)	1.4		
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).	71.2	65.4	5.9	71.2	52.7	16.8	0.7	1.0		
Drug abuse violations	1,191.4	977.1	214.3	1,190.0	767.7	405.9	7.1	9.1		
Offenses against family and children	102.2	76.9	25.3	101.9	69.2	29.9	1.2	1.6		
Driving under the influence	1,067.2	881.6	185.6	1,064.2	931.9	106.3	16.0	10.0		

Z Less than 500. ¹ Includes arson.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual.

No. 310. Percentage of Students in Grades 9-12 Who Reported Carrying a Weapon: 1993 to 2001

[Percentages are based on students who reported carrying a weapon at least one day during the previous thirty days]

Student Characteristics	Anywhere					On school property				
	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001
Total	22.1	20.0	18.3	17.3	17.4	11.8	9.8	8.5	6.9	6.4
Sex										
Male	34.3	31.1	27.7	28.6	29.3	17.9	14.3	12.5	11.0	10.2
Female	9.2	8.3	7.0	6.0	6.2	5.1	4.9	3.7	2.8	2.9
Race/ethnicity ¹										
White	(2)	(2)	(2)	16.4	17.9	(2)	(2)	(2)	6.4	6.1
Black	(2)	(2)	(2)	17.2	15.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	5.0	6.3
Hispanic	(2)	(2)	(2)	18.7	16.5	(2)	(2)	(2)	7.9	6.4
Asian	(2)	(2)	(2)	13.0	10.6	(2)	(2)	(2)	6.5	7.2
American Indian	(2)	(2)	(2)	21.8	31.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	11.6	16.4
Pacific Islander	(2)	(2)	(2)	25.3	17.4	(2)	(2)	(2)	9.3	10.0
Grade										
9th	25.5	22.6	22.6	17.6	19.8	12.6	10.7	10.2	7.2	6.7
10th	21.4	21.1	17.4	18.7	16.7	11.5	10.4	7.7	6.6	6.7
11th	21.5	20.3	18.2	16.1	16.8	11.9	10.2	9.4	7.0	6.1
12th	19.9	16.1	15.4	15.9	15.1	10.8	7.6	7.0	6.2	6.1

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.

Source: National Center for Education Statistics, *Indicators of School Crime and Safety*, 2003.

No. 311. Number of School-Associated Violent Deaths Occurring at and Away From School: 1992 to 2002

[At school includes on school property, on the way to or from school, and while attending or traveling to or from a school sponsored event]

School year	Total student, staff, and nonstudent school-associated violent deaths ¹	Homicides of youth ages 5-19	
		Homicides at school	Homicides away from school
Total 1992-2000	390	234	24,406
1995-1996	53	32	3,303
1996-1997	48	28	2,950
1997-1998	57	34	2,728
1998-1999	47	33	2,366
1999-2000	² 32	² 26	2,124
2000-2001	² 27	² 21	2,045
2001-2002	² 31	² 14	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² Preliminary data.

Source: National Center for Education Statistics, *Indicators of School Crime and Safety*, 2003.

No. 312. Juvenile Arrests for Selected Offenses: 1980 to 2002

[169,439 represents 169,439,000. Juveniles are persons under 18 years of age]

Offense	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Number of contributing agencies . . .	8,178	10,765	10,037	10,026	9,472	9,589	9,502	9,904	10,281	10,946
Population covered (1,000)	169,439	204,543	206,762	195,805	194,925	194,612	195,324	204,965	215,380	220,157
NUMBER										
Violent crime, total	77,220	97,103	123,131	104,455	100,273	90,201	81,715	78,450	78,443	71,059
Murder	1,475	2,661	2,812	2,184	1,887	1,587	1,131	1,027	1,069	1,014
Forcible rape	3,668	4,971	4,556	4,228	4,127	3,988	3,544	3,402	3,504	3,553
Robbery	38,529	34,944	47,240	39,788	36,419	29,989	26,125	24,206	23,408	19,491
Aggravated assault	33,548	54,527	68,523	58,255	57,840	54,637	50,915	49,815	50,462	47,001
Weapon law violations	21,203	33,123	46,506	40,145	39,358	34,122	31,307	28,514	29,290	26,786
Drug abuse, total	86,685	66,300	149,236	148,783	155,444	148,066	138,774	146,594	146,758	133,557
Sale and manufacturing	13,004	24,575	34,077	32,558	30,761	29,312	26,134	26,432	24,649	22,086
Heroin/cocaine	1,318	17,511	19,187	17,465	15,855	15,094	12,686	11,000	10,535	8,832
Marijuana	8,876	4,372	10,682	11,489	11,208	10,808	10,770	11,792	10,552	9,962
Synthetic narcotics	465	346	701	614	671	813	722	945	911	974
Dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	2,345	2,346	3,507	2,990	3,027	2,597	1,956	2,695	2,651	2,318
Possession	73,681	41,725	115,159	116,225	124,683	118,754	112,640	120,162	122,109	111,471
Heroin/cocaine	2,614	15,194	21,253	17,560	18,328	16,278	13,445	12,586	11,734	10,969
Marijuana	64,465	20,940	82,015	87,712	94,046	91,467	89,523	95,962	97,088	85,769
Synthetic narcotics	1,524	1,155	2,047	1,713	1,987	1,916	1,581	2,052	2,237	2,805
Dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	5,078	4,436	9,844	9,240	10,322	9,093	8,091	9,832	11,050	11,928

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/02cius.htm>> (released 27 October 2003).

No. 313. Immigration and Naturalization Service Enforcement Activities: 1990 to 2000

[For year ending September 30. See text, Section 8]

Item	Unit	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Deportable aliens located	1,000	1,169.9	1,094.7	1,394.6	1,650.0	1,536.5	1,679.4	1,714.0	1,814.7
Border Patrol	1,000	1,103.4	1,031.7	1,324.2	1,549.9	1,413.0	1,555.8	1,579.0	1,676.4
Southwestern border	1,000	(NA)	979.1	1,271.4	1,507.0	1,368.7	1,516.7	1,537.0	1,643.7
Mexican	1,000	1,054.8	999.9	1,293.5	1,523.1	1,387.7	1,522.9	1,534.5	1,636.9
Canadian	1,000	5.7	3.4	3.5	2.7	2.9	2.3	2.7	2.2
Other	1,000	42.8	28.4	27.2	24.0	22.4	30.5	41.8	37.3
Number of seizures by									
Border Patrol	Number	17,275	9,134	9,327	11,129	11,792	14,401	16,803	17,269
Value of seizures by Border Patrol	Mill. dol. . . .	843.6	1,622.0	2,011.8	1,256.0	1,094.6	1,405.0	2,004.0	1,945.0
Narcotics	Mill. dol. . . .	797.8	1,555.7	1,965.3	1,208.8	1,046.3	1,340.0	1,919.0	1,848.0
Aliens expelled:									
Formal removals ¹	1,000	30.0	45.7	45.2	69.7	114.4	173.0	180.3	184.8
Voluntary departures ²	1,000	1,022.5	1,029.1	1,313.8	1,573.4	1,440.7	1,570.1	1,574.5	1,675.3

NA Not available. ¹ Include deportations, exclusions, and removals. ² Includes aliens under docket control required to depart and voluntary departures not under docket control.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services, *Statistical Yearbook*, annual. See also <<http://www.immigration.gov/graphics/shared/aboutus/statistics/index.htm>>.

No. 314. Drug Use by Arrestees in Major U.S. Cities by Type of Drug and Sex: 2003

[Percent testing positive. Based on data from the Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring Program]

City	Male				Female			
	Any drug ¹	Marijuana	Cocaine	Opiates	Any drug ¹	Marijuana	Cocaine	Opiates
Albuquerque, NM	70.3	41.6	35.0	11.2	70.0	29.4	38.1	13.8
Atlanta, GA	73.5	41.8	49.8	3.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Chicago, IL	86.0	53.2	50.6	24.9	66.7	38.9	33.3	22.2
Cleveland, OH	74.9	48.9	39.0	5.4	72.4	27.2	52.7	6.7
Dallas, TX	63.8	39.1	32.7	6.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Denver, CO	72.6	42.3	38.3	6.8	75.1	34.3	52.5	6.1
Indianapolis, IN	66.4	44.8	35.3	5.1	79.9	42.0	55.7	5.7
Las Vegas, NV	70.0	34.4	21.9	6.4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Los Angeles, CA	68.9	40.7	23.5	2.0	63.0	29.6	25.9	0.0
New Orleans, LA	79.6	50.8	47.6	14.0	62.2	30.3	37.3	13.3
New York, NY	72.7	43.1	35.7	15.0	73.3	36.7	50.0	23.3
Oklahoma City, OK	73.5	54.9	24.6	3.0	78.4	43.3	35.3	5.6
Philadelphia, PA	68.8	45.8	30.3	11.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Phoenix, AZ	76.8	40.9	23.4	4.4	78.5	31.6	28.1	6.1
Portland, OR	72.7	38.4	29.7	15.0	84.4	35.2	39.6	22.0
Sacramento, CA	81.1	49.2	21.6	6.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
San Antonio, TX	65.2	41.9	30.5	9.1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
San Diego, CA	71.2	41.0	10.3	5.1	72.6	29.1	15.2	8.7
San Jose, CA	63.7	35.4	12.9	3.1	72.8	29.1	10.1	3.4
Seattle, WA	69.4	37.2	36.6	6.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Tucson, AZ	76.4	44.1	42.5	4.2	73.2	29.0	40.0	9.7
Washington, DC	65.8	37.4	26.5	9.8	66.7	29.1	30.9	10.9

NA Not available. ¹ Includes other drugs not shown separately.

Source: U.S. National Institute of Justice, *2003 Annual Report on Drug Use Among Adult and Juvenile Arrestees*, June 2004.

No. 315. Drug Arrest Rates for Drug Abuse Violations, 1990 to 2002, and by Region, 2002

[Rate per 100,000 inhabitants. Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1, except 1990, enumerated as of April 1. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Offense	2002							
	1990	1995	2000	Total	Region			
					North-east	Midwest	South	West
Drug arrest rate, total	435.3	564.7	587.1	505.8	474.1	371.6	524.4	604.9
Sale and/or manufacture	139.0	140.7	122.7	99.5	126.7	74.5	99.7	99.6
Heroin or cocaine ¹	93.7	83.7	60.8	48.7	87.2	23.2	49.9	37.3
Marijuana	26.4	32.7	34.2	27.1	29.4	28.5	25.3	26.7
Synthetic or manufactured drugs	2.7	3.9	6.4	7.0	4.3	5.0	11.8	4.7
Other dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	16.2	20.3	21.2	16.7	5.9	17.8	10.0	31.0
Possession	296.3	423.9	464.4	406.3	347.4	297.1	424.7	505.3
Heroin or cocaine ¹	144.4	157.4	138.7	113.4	116.7	44.6	127.5	146.1
Marijuana	104.9	192.7	244.4	200.5	198.1	190.3	239.0	165.2
Synthetic or manufactured drugs	6.6	8.5	12.0	14.7	8.0	10.3	20.5	15.5
Other dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	40.4	65.4	69.4	77.7	24.7	51.9	37.7	178.4

¹ Includes other derivatives such as morphine, heroin, and codeine.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius01/01crime.pdf>> (released 27 October 2003).

No. 316. Federal Drug Seizures by Type of Drug: 1990 to 2003

[In pounds. For year ending September 30. Reflects the combined drug seizure effort of the Drug Enforcement Administration, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the U.S. Customs Service, and beginning October 1993 the U.S. Border Patrol within the jurisdiction of the United States as well as maritime seizures by the U.S. Coast Guard. Based on reports to the Federal-wide Drug Seizure System, which eliminates duplicate reporting of a seizure involving more than one federal agency]

Drug	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total	745,003	1,662,592	1,762,763	2,084,881	2,663,510	2,985,794	2,914,817	2,661,455	2,963,208
Heroin	1,515	3,406	3,592	3,212	2,539	3,694	5,503	6,113	5,206
Cocaine	211,828	244,888	221,491	259,896	288,952	235,059	232,748	226,431	257,804
Cannabis	531,660	1,414,298	1,537,680	1,821,773	2,372,019	2,747,041	2,676,566	2,428,911	2,700,198
Marijuana	514,723	1,382,396	1,536,018	1,821,241	2,370,261	2,723,059	2,676,212	2,427,542	2,699,856
Hashish	16,937	31,902	1,662	532	1,758	23,982	354	1,369	342

Source: U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration, unpublished data from Federal-wide Drug Seizure System.

No. 317. Authorized Intercepts of Communication—Summary: 1980 to 2003

[Data for jurisdictions with statutes authorizing or approving interception of wire or oral communication]

Item	1980	1985	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Jurisdictions: ¹												
With wiretap statutes	28	32	40	41	46	45	45	45	45	46	47	47
Reporting interceptions	22	22	25	19	24	24	26	28	26	25	20	24
Intercept applications authorized	564	784	872	1,156	1,254	1,279	1,482	1,489	1,266	1,561	1,358	1,442
Intercept installations	524	722	812	1,024	1,035	1,094	1,245	1,277	1,139	1,405	1,273	1,367
Federal	79	235	321	527	574	563	562	595	472	481	490	576
State	445	487	491	497	461	531	683	682	667	924	783	791
Intercepted communications, average ²	1,058	1,320	1,487	2,028	1,969	2,081	1,858	1,921	1,769	1,565	1,708	3,004
Incriminating	315	275	321	459	422	418	350	390	402	333	403	993
Persons arrested ³	1,871	2,469	2,057	2,577	2,464	3,086	3,450	4,372	3,411	3,683	3,060	3,674
Convictions ³	259	660	420	494	502	542	911	654	736	732	493	843
Major offense specified:												
Gambling	199	206	116	95	114	98	93	60	49	82	82	49
Drugs	282	434	520	732	821	870	955	978	894	1,167	1,052	1,104
Homicide and assault	13	25	21	30	41	31	55	62	72	52	58	80
Racketeering	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	98	105	93	153	139	76	70	72	96
Other	70	119	215	201	173	187	228	250	175	190	94	113

NA Not available. ¹ Jurisdictions include federal government, states, and District of Columbia. ² Average per authorized installation. ³ Based on information received from intercepts installed in year shown; additional arrests/convictions will occur in subsequent years but are not shown here.

Source: Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, *Report on Applications for Orders Authorizing or Approving the Interception of Wire, Oral or Electronic Communications (Wiretap Report)*, annual. See also <<http://www.uscourts.gov/wiretap03/2003wtxt.pdf>> (issued April 2004).

No. 318. Background Checks for Firearm Transfers: 1994 to 2002

[In thousands (45,717 represents 45,717,000), except rates. For "Interim period" of 1994 to November 29, 1998, covered handgun purchases from licensed firearm dealers; beginning November 29, 1998 (effective date for the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act, P.L. 103-159, 1993) covers the transfer of both handguns and long guns from a federal firearms licensee, as well as purchases from pawnshops and retail gun shops]

Inquiries and rejections	1994-2002, period ¹	Interim period					Permanent Brady		
		1994	1995	1996	1997	1998 ²	1999 ³	2000	2002
Applications and rejections:									
Applications received	45,717	2,483	2,706	2,593	2,574	3,277	8,621	7,699	7,806
Applications rejected	976	62	41	70	69	90	204	153	136
Rejection rate	2.1	2.5	1.5	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.4	2.0	1.7

¹ Represents from the Inception of the Brady Act on March 1, 1994 to 2002. ² For period January 1 to November 29, 1998. Counts are from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and may include multiple transactions for the same application. ³ For period November 30 to December 31, 1999. Counts are from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and may include multiple transactions for the same application.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Background Checks for Firearm Transfers, 2002*, Series NCJ 200116, September 2003.

No. 319. Firearm Use by Offenders: 1997

[In percent. Based on the Survey of Inmates in State and Federal Correctional Facilities]

Characteristic	Percent of prison inmates		Characteristic	Percent of prison inmates		Characteristic	Percent of prison inmates	
	State	Federal		State	Federal		State	Federal
TYPE OF FIREARM ¹			Property	3.1	2.9	Criminal history		
Total	18.4	14.8	Drug	8.1	8.7	First-time offender	22.3	9.5
Handgun	15.3	12.8	Public order	19.1	27.3	Recidivist	17.2	18.4
Rifle	1.3	1.3	Gender			Use of firearm ²	100.0	100.0
Shotgun	2.4	2.0	Male	19.1	15.5	Fired	49.1	12.8
INMATES WHO CARRIED FIREARMS			Female	7.3	6.2	Killed/injured victim	22.8	5.0
Age			24 or younger	29.4	19.1	Other	26.3	7.8
Offense:			25 to 34	16.5	15.5	Brandished to:	73.2	46.2
Violent	30.2	35.4	35 or older	14.8	13.6	Scare someone	48.6	29.3
						Defend self	41.1	24.9

¹ Percents of subtotals may not add to totals because inmates may have had more than one firearm. ² Percents of subtotals may not add to totals because inmates may have used a firearm in more than one way.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Firearm Use by Offenders*, Series NCJ 189369, November 2001. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/fuo.pdf>>.

No. 320. General Purpose Law Enforcement Agencies—Number and Employment: 2000

[Includes both full-time and part-time employees. State police data are based on the 49 primary law enforcement agencies; Excludes agencies that perform primarily court-related duties.]

Type of Agency	Number of agencies ¹	Number of employees					
		Full-time			Part-time		
		Total	Sworn	Civilian	Total	Sworn	Civilian
2000 Total	15,785	946,766	661,979	284,787	86,039	37,872	48,174
Local police	12,666	565,915	440,920	124,995	62,197	27,351	34,853
Sheriff	3,070	293,823	164,711	129,112	23,025	10,426	12,599
State police	49	87,028	56,348	30,680	817	95	722

¹ The number of agencies reported here is the result of a weighted sample and not an exact enumeration.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Law Enforcement Management and Administrative Statistics, 2000*, series NCJ 184481, November 2001.

No. 321. Casework Loads in DNA Laboratories: 1997 and 2000

[Based on the National Study of DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) Laboratories' Survey, which obtained data from 110 of the approximately 120 known public forensic DNA laboratories]

Case status	1997	2000	Percent Change	Case status	1997	2000	Percent Change
Convicted offender ²	115,681	177,184	53	Backlog of work Casework	6,800	15,981	135
Work analyzed Casework ¹	14,289	24,790	73	Convicted offender	286,819	265,329	-7
				Full-time employees	672	893	33

¹ Casework refers to cases received by forensic crime laboratories which involve criminal incident under investigation. ² Convicted offender samples are DNA samples collected from persons convicted of a crime, normally a violent crime or felony. The samples are to be analyzed, and the results are to be included in a DNA database.

Source: US Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Survey of DNA Crime Laboratories, 2001*, Series NCJ 191191, January 2002.

No. 322. Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted: 1990 to 2002

[Covers officers killed feloniously and accidentally in line of duty; includes federal officers. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Item	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001 ¹	2002
OFFICERS KILLED									
Total killed	132	133	113	133	142	107	134	218	132
Northeast	13	16	17	16	6	11	13	79	10
Midwest	20	19	21	25	19	17	32	26	22
South	68	63	47	55	70	56	67	68	65
West	23	32	18	30	36	22	19	38	28
Puerto Rico	8	2	10	7	9	1	3	7	7
Outlying areas, foreign countries	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Feloniously killed	65	74	61	70	61	42	51	142	56
Firearms	56	62	57	68	58	41	47	61	51
Handgun	47	43	50	50	40	25	33	46	38
Rifle	8	14	6	12	17	11	10	11	10
Shotgun	1	5	1	6	1	5	4	4	3
Knife	3	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	1
Bomb	-	8	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Personal weapons	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-
Other	4	2	2	-	1	1	3	80	4
Accidentally killed	67	59	52	63	81	65	83	76	76
ASSAULTS									
Population (1,000) ²	197,426	191,759	165,264	184,825	193,098	207,124	204,599	213,645	216,343
Number of—									
Agencies represented	9,343	8,503	7,803	8,120	8,153	9,832	8,940	9,773	9,987
Police officers	410,131	428,379	371,964	411,015	452,361	462,782	452,531	471,096	482,762
Total assaulted	72,091	57,762	46,608	52,149	60,673	55,971	58,398	57,463	58,066
Firearm	3,651	2,354	1,878	2,110	2,126	1,772	1,749	1,841	1,889
Knife or cutting instrument	1,647	1,356	871	971	1,098	999	1,015	1,168	1,056
Other dangerous weapon	7,423	6,414	5,069	5,800	7,415	7,560	8,132	8,233	8,326
Hands, fists, feet, etc	59,370	47,638	38,790	43,268	50,034	45,640	47,502	46,221	46,795

- Represents zero. ¹ The 72 officers feloniously slain during the events of September 11, 2001 are included in data for 2001. ² Represents the number of persons covered by agencies shown.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted*, annual.

No. 323. U.S. Supreme Court—Cases Filed and Disposition: 1980 to 2002

[Statutory term of court begins first Monday in **October**]

Action	1980	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total cases on docket	5,144	6,316	7,565	7,692	8,083	8,445	8,965	9,176	9,406
Appellate cases on docket	2,749	2,351	2,456	2,432	2,387	2,413	2,305	2,210	2,190
From prior term	527	365	361	347	326	321	351	324	321
Docketed during present term	2,222	1,986	2,095	2,085	2,061	2,092	1,954	1,886	1,869
Cases acted upon ¹	2,324	2,042	2,130	2,142	2,092	2,096	2,024	1,932	1,899
Granted review	167	114	92	75	72	78	85	82	83
Denied, dismissed, or withdrawn	1,999	1,802	1,945	1,990	1,940	1,958	1,842	1,751	1,727
Summarily decided	90	81	62	36	44	34	63	57	46
Cases not acted upon	425	309	326	290	295	317	281	278	291
Pauper cases on docket	2,371	3,951	5,098	5,253	5,689	6,024	6,651	6,958	7,209
Cases acted upon	2,027	3,436	4,514	4,616	4,951	5,273	5,736	6,139	6,488
Granted review	17	27	13	14	9	14	14	6	8
Denied, dismissed, or withdrawn	1,968	3,369	4,439	4,581	4,926	5,239	5,658	6,114	6,459
Summarily decided	32	28	55	14	11	16	61	13	17
Cases not acted upon	344	515	584	637	738	751	915	819	721
Original cases on docket	24	14	11	7	7	8	9	8	7
Cases disposed of during term	7	3	5	1	2	-	2	1	1
Total cases available for argument	264	201	145	138	124	124	138	137	139
Cases disposed of	162	131	93	97	94	87	89	90	87
Cases argued	154	125	90	96	90	83	86	88	84
Cases dismissed or remanded without argument	8	6	3	1	4	4	3	2	3
Cases remaining	102	70	52	41	30	37	49	47	52
Cases decided by signed opinion	144	121	87	93	84	79	83	85	79
Cases decided by per curiam opinion	8	4	3	1	4	2	4	3	5
Number of signed opinions	123	112	75	91	75	74	77	76	71

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes cases granted review and carried over to next term, not shown separately.

Source: Office of the Clerk, Supreme Court of the United States, unpublished data.

No. 324. U.S. District Courts—Civil Cases Commenced and Pending: 2000 to 2003

[For years ending June 30]

Type of case	Cases commenced				Cases pending			
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2000	2001	2002	2003
Cases total ¹	263,049	253,354	268,071	254,499	249,692	251,335	270,667	261,608
Contract actions ¹	54,444	45,438	36,845	32,356	38,262	35,685	33,237	30,789
Recovery of overpayments ²	25,636	16,116	6,737	3,466	12,107	8,987	5,342	2,713
Real property actions	6,481	7,296	7,731	7,503	4,249	5,458	6,485	6,302
Tort actions	40,877	34,071	56,565	46,295	63,116	60,320	76,907	65,562
Personal injury	36,867	30,194	52,654	42,233	59,232	56,459	72,962	61,496
Personal injury product liability ¹	15,349	12,569	35,074	24,255	31,772	29,953	46,264	34,655
Asbestos	7,893	5,656	24,844	3,718	4,949	6,247	21,045	5,606
Other personal injury	21,518	17,625	17,580	17,978	27,460	26,506	26,698	26,841
Personal property damage	4,010	3,877	3,911	4,062	3,884	3,861	3,945	4,066
Actions under statutes ¹	161,187	166,535	166,920	168,332	144,053	149,862	154,027	158,943
Civil rights ¹	41,226	40,979	40,172	40,567	44,259	43,703	43,589	43,981
Employment	21,404	21,121	20,881	20,777	24,456	23,803	23,778	23,618
Bankruptcy suits	3,378	3,012	3,792	3,342	2,555	2,216	2,921	2,522
Commerce (ICC rates, etc.)	1,007	554	578	574	444	459	453	455
Environmental matters	894	1,794	848	935	1,355	2,264	2,134	2,296
Prisoner petitions	57,706	59,159	55,596	55,112	43,560	46,157	44,210	44,306
Forfeiture and penalty	2,246	2,143	2,062	2,120	1,772	1,694	1,787	1,932
Labor laws	14,229	14,880	17,706	17,290	11,267	11,484	14,084	14,621
Protected property rights ³	8,745	8,143	8,500	8,613	7,858	7,491	8,094	8,654
Securities commodities and exchanges	2,500	3,152	3,559	3,449	3,578	4,187	4,659	5,227
Social Security laws	14,365	17,530	17,868	17,483	13,667	16,182	17,489	17,526
Tax suits	938	961	1,147	1,232	1,068	971	1,115	1,106
Freedom of information	335	350	284	266	380	371	348	347

¹ Includes other types not shown separately. ² Includes enforcement of judgments in student loan cases, and overpayments of veterans benefits. ³ Includes copyright, patent, and trademark rights.

Source: Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, *Statistical Tables for the Federal Judiciary*, annual.

No. 325. U.S. District Courts—Offenders Convicted and Sentenced to Prison and Length of Sentence: 2001

Most serious offense of conviction	Offenders convicted	Convicted offenders sentenced to prison	Mean length of sentence (mo.) ¹	Most serious offense of conviction	Offenders convicted	Convicted offenders sentenced to prison	Mean length of sentence (mo.) ¹
Total ²	68,533	51,057	56.5	Possession	1,840	1,652	79.0
Violent offenses	2,604	2,399	90.8	Trafficking and manufacturing	23,248	21,422	73.5
Property offenses	12,349	7,744	24.1	Public-order offenses	4,347	2,686	39.3
Fraudulent offenses ³	10,359	6,537	22.2	Regulatory offenses	1,410	597	23.5
Embezzlement	780	463	16.5	Other offenses ⁵	2,937	2,089	43.8
Fraud ⁴	8,328	5,318	22.9	Tax law violations	492	276	21.8
Forgery	105	58	19.6	Weapons	4,925	4,541	86.9
Other offenses ³	1,990	1,207	34.7	Immigration	10,050	9,065	29.2
Larceny	1,393	755	28.3	Misdemeanors	9,100	1,515	10.0
Drug offenses ³	25,088	23,074	73.8				

¹ Excludes sentences of life, death, and indeterminate sentences. ² Total may include offenders for whom offense category could not be determined. ³ Includes offenses not shown separately. ⁴ Excludes tax fraud. ⁵ Includes tax fraud.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 2000*, Series NCJ 194067, August 2002.

No. 326. Federal Prosecutions of Public Corruption: 1980 to 2002

[As of Dec. 31. Prosecution of persons who have corrupted public office in violation of Federal Criminal Statutes]

Prosecution Status	1980	1985	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total: ¹ Indicted	727	1,157	1,176	1,165	1,051	984	1,057	1,174	1,134	1,000	1,087	1,136
Convicted	602	997	1,084	969	878	902	853	1,014	1,065	938	920	1,011
Awaiting trial	213	256	300	332	323	244	327	340	329	327	437	413
Federal officials: Indicted	123	563	615	571	527	456	459	442	480	441	502	478
Convicted	131	470	583	488	438	459	392	414	460	422	414	429
Awaiting trial	16	90	103	124	120	64	83	85	101	92	131	119
State officials: Indicted	72	79	96	99	61	109	51	91	115	92	95	110
Convicted	51	66	79	97	61	83	49	58	80	91	61	132
Awaiting trial	28	20	28	17	23	40	20	37	44	37	75	50
Local officials: Indicted	247	248	257	248	236	219	255	277	237	211	224	299
Convicted	168	221	225	202	191	190	169	264	219	183	184	262
Awaiting trial	82	49	98	96	89	60	118	90	95	89	110	118

¹ Includes individuals who are neither public officials nor employees but who were involved with public officials or employees in violating the law, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, *Federal Prosecutions of Corrupt Public Officials, 1970-1980 and Report to Congress on the Activities and Operations of the Public Integrity Section*, annual.

No. 327. Computer Related Crime Prosecuted by Prosecutors' Offices: 2001

[In percent]

Type of computer crime prosecuted	Percent of prosecutors' offices				
	Full-time offices (population served)				Part-time
	All offices	Large (1,000,000 or more)	Medium (250,000 to 999,999)	Small (under 250,000)	
Any computer-related crime	41.5	97.0	72.9	44.2	16.8
Credit card fraud	27.4	93.5	61.2	28.2	7.4
Bank card fraud ¹	22.3	83.3	50.9	22.6	6.9
Computer sabotage ²	4.6	53.6	14.4	3.8	0.5
Theft of intellectual property	3.2	40.7	13.4	2.3	0.5
Transmitting child pornography	30.0	87.1	67.1	30.4	10.8
Identity theft	18.2	80.0	51.9	17.2	4.5

¹ ATM or debit. ² To hinder the normal function of a computer system through the introduction of worms, viruses, or logic bombs.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prosecutors in State Courts*, 2001.

No. 328. Per Capita Justice Expenditure and Employment of State and Local Governments by State: 1999

[State and local expenditure and employment data per 10,000 population estimated as of July 1]

State	Expenditure per capita (dollars)				Full-time equivalent justice employment per 10,000 population ¹			
	Total justice system	Police protection	Judicial and legal	Corrections	Total justice system	Police protection	Judicial and legal	Corrections
United States	442.1	189.8	89.9	162.4	67.4	30.2	13.3	23.9
Alabama	295.0	145.3	57.9	91.7	55.2	28.1	11.1	15.9
Alaska	724.9	283.4	195.1	246.4	70.1	26.9	20.9	22.3
Arizona	472.4	201.8	105.0	165.6	73.0	30.8	17.7	24.6
Arkansas	279.7	126.2	48.4	105.1	54.9	28.5	6.8	19.5
California	602.9	240.9	169.2	192.8	65.1	28.0	14.7	22.4
Colorado	438.3	180.9	74.3	183.1	61.2	28.4	12.5	20.4
Connecticut	455.0	193.6	107.8	153.6	68.4	30.7	12.0	25.7
Delaware	561.1	194.0	109.8	257.3	79.7	29.8	20.1	29.8
District of Columbia	1,212.3	592.1	66.8	553.4	139.6	78.8	6.5	54.3
Florida	503.1	224.2	84.0	194.9	79.0	33.3	17.2	28.5
Georgia	364.8	144.6	63.1	157.2	70.7	28.2	10.9	31.5
Hawaii	429.7	182.5	136.4	110.8	70.6	28.9	22.8	18.9
Idaho	384.2	149.1	75.7	159.3	55.9	25.2	10.7	20.0
Illinois	418.2	224.4	70.6	123.3	69.7	36.4	13.2	20.1
Indiana	283.2	124.5	50.0	108.7	53.6	26.7	9.5	17.4
Iowa	314.7	135.8	82.7	96.2	48.6	23.7	10.9	14.1
Kansas	355.0	161.6	74.4	119.0	67.8	33.0	13.4	21.5
Kentucky	302.8	109.6	69.2	124.0	53.5	24.1	14.2	15.2
Louisiana	410.7	183.3	76.3	151.2	76.7	34.3	15.1	27.3
Maine	257.4	122.5	50.9	84.0	46.2	25.6	6.6	14.0
Maryland	451.1	191.2	87.8	172.1	73.3	33.2	13.1	27.0
Massachusetts	464.8	218.7	99.8	146.3	66.1	35.7	11.0	19.4
Michigan	439.3	172.3	83.2	183.7	59.6	24.9	11.5	23.2
Minnesota	363.6	166.8	85.2	111.6	48.5	21.5	11.5	15.6
Mississippi	281.7	135.7	53.6	92.5	59.7	30.0	10.2	19.4
Missouri	324.5	153.9	56.2	114.4	68.3	30.7	13.0	24.6
Montana	339.5	134.5	71.0	134.0	52.0	24.2	11.0	16.8
Nebraska	284.0	128.8	54.3	100.9	53.6	25.9	10.4	17.2
Nevada	542.7	231.7	107.8	203.2	70.4	30.7	16.2	23.5
New Hampshire	299.0	141.8	69.7	87.4	49.1	26.4	9.2	13.5
New Jersey	518.4	236.6	113.9	167.9	82.5	39.3	24.4	18.8
New Mexico	440.6	194.1	85.2	161.3	75.4	29.3	15.9	30.2
New York	630.1	292.4	113.4	224.2	92.6	44.7	15.6	32.4
North Carolina	350.9	155.4	58.1	137.5	64.4	27.6	8.2	28.5
North Dakota	243.3	102.9	66.2	74.3	46.2	22.3	11.6	12.3
Ohio	424.2	179.4	95.6	149.3	68.3	28.0	17.6	22.6
Oklahoma	301.6	119.9	51.1	130.6	63.1	31.6	11.1	20.4
Oregon	463.5	184.3	74.6	204.6	60.9	24.6	13.6	22.8
Pennsylvania	424.4	171.2	79.6	173.7	60.2	25.0	14.2	20.9
Rhode Island	408.1	179.2	94.7	134.2	58.1	29.2	11.8	17.2
South Carolina	330.9	147.0	43.9	140.0	69.4	33.3	8.8	27.3
South Dakota	268.0	115.3	49.2	103.5	49.4	22.1	9.8	17.5
Tennessee	323.3	151.0	70.2	102.1	58.9	29.6	9.6	19.8
Texas	387.6	148.5	60.0	179.2	71.1	27.8	10.5	32.8
Utah	400.4	161.4	80.7	158.4	53.3	24.2	11.7	17.5
Vermont	248.1	102.8	81.2	64.2	47.3	21.8	10.3	15.1
Virginia	388.3	156.6	67.9	163.8	66.1	25.4	9.6	31.0
Washington	418.3	162.0	83.8	172.5	55.8	23.3	12.5	20.0
West Virginia	228.0	87.3	55.7	85.0	40.0	20.2	11.3	8.5
Wisconsin	448.6	196.6	79.3	172.8	60.2	28.6	10.2	21.4
Wyoming	482.6	189.2	100.9	192.5	69.0	34.0	14.1	21.0

¹ Population based on Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, Series P-25, No. 1045, as of March 1999.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Justice Expenditure and Employment in the United States, 1999*, Series NCJ 191746, February 2002.

No. 329. Delinquency Cases Disposed by Juvenile Courts by Reason for Referral: 1990 to 2000

[In thousands (1,317 represents 1,317,000), except rate. A delinquency offense is an act committed by a juvenile for which an adult could be prosecuted in a criminal court. Disposition of a case involves taking a definite action such as waiving the case to criminal court, dismissing the case, placing the youth on probation, placing the youth in a facility for delinquents, or such actions as fines, restitution, and community service]

Reason for referral	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
All delinquency offenses	1,317	1,414	1,482	1,522	1,666	1,768	1,796	1,811	1,743	1,667	1,612
Case rate ¹	51.4	54.0	55.2	55.3	59.4	61.9	62.0	61.7	58.8	55.5	52.5
Violent offenses	94	106	114	118	132	137	128	109	100	86	81
Criminal homicide	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Forcible rape	5	6	6	7	7	7	6	6	5	4	5
Robbery	28	32	33	35	38	40	38	34	29	25	22
Aggravated assault	59	66	72	73	84	87	81	67	64	55	52
Property offenses	773	849	862	834	868	888	874	846	779	703	661
Burglary	564	615	619	594	609	630	621	601	539	481	452
Larceny	145	155	160	151	146	142	145	142	131	113	109
Motor vehicle theft	341	382	382	372	392	424	413	398	355	321	299
Arson	70	71	70	62	62	54	54	52	45	38	37
Delinquency offenses	660	692	749	810	925	1001	1048	1101	1103	1100	1079
Simple assault	132	143	162	177	198	219	223	248	254	255	248
Vandalism	99	113	119	119	130	127	123	118	117	111	107
Drug law violations	71	65	73	92	131	166	185	194	194	191	193
Obstruction of justice	80	74	78	94	110	122	150	166	169	172	179
Other ²	278	297	317	328	356	368	367	375	370	371	352

¹ Number of cases disposed per 1,000 youth (ages 10 to 17) at risk. ² Includes such offenses as stolen property offenses, trespassing, weapons offenses, other sex offenses, liquor law violations, disorderly conduct, and miscellaneous offenses.

Source: National Center for Juvenile Justice, Pittsburgh, PA, *Juvenile Court Statistics*, annual. See also <<http://www.ojdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/index.html>>.

No. 330. Delinquency Cases and Case Rates by Sex and Race: 1992 to 2000

[A delinquency offense is an act committed by a juvenile for which an adult could be prosecuted in a criminal court. Disposition of a case involves taking a definite action such as waiving the case to criminal court, dismissing the case, placing the youth on probation, placing the youth in a facility for delinquents, or such actions as fines, restitution, and community service.]

Sex, race, and offense	Number of cases disposed			Case rate ¹		
	1992	1999	2000	1992	1999	2000
Male, total	1,195,200	1,270,000	1,216,500	86.6	82.4	77.2
Person	243,800	281,600	267,700	17.7	18.3	17.0
Property	694,500	535,400	499,400	50.3	34.8	31.7
Drugs	64,000	160,900	160,700	4.6	10.4	10.2
Public order	193,000	292,100	288,700	14.0	19.0	18.3
Female, total	286,900	397,100	396,000	21.9	27.2	26.5
Person	64,900	103,800	101,300	5.0	7.1	6.8
Property	167,800	167,700	162,000	12.8	11.5	10.8
Drugs	8,700	30,400	32,400	0.7	2.1	2.2
Public order	45,600	95,300	100,300	3.5	6.5	6.7
White, total	975,600	1,137,400	1,111,100	45.3	47.9	46.0
Person	177,300	241,700	229,500	8.2	10.2	9.5
Property	607,000	492,800	462,700	28.2	20.8	19.2
Drugs	37,500	135,600	145,800	1.7	5.7	6.0
Public order	153,800	267,300	273,200	7.1	11.3	11.3
Black, total	453,500	473,600	445,000	112.1	102.2	92.5
Person	121,700	132,400	128,100	30.1	28.6	26.6
Property	221,300	181,400	171,200	54.7	39.2	35.6
Drugs	33,500	51,300	42,600	8.3	11.1	8.9
Public order	77,100	108,500	103,100	19.1	23.4	21.4
Other races, total	53,000	56,100	56,400	40.5	33.9	32.3
Person	9,700	11,200	11,500	7.4	6.8	6.6
Property	34,000	28,900	27,500	26.0	17.4	15.8
Drugs	1,600	4,400	4,800	1.2	2.6	2.7
Public order	7,600	11,600	12,700	5.8	7.0	7.3

¹ Cases per 1,000 youth (ages 10 to 17) at risk.

Source: National Center for Juvenile Justice, Pittsburgh, PA, *Juvenile Court Statistics*, annual. See also <<http://www.ojdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/index.html>>.

No. 331. Child Abuse and Neglect Cases Substantiated and Indicated—Victim Characteristics: 1990 to 2002

[Based on reports alleging child abuse and neglect that were referred for investigation by the respective child protective services agency in each state. The reporting period may be either calendar or fiscal year. The majority of states provided duplicated counts. Children are counted each time they were subjects of an investigation report. In 2001, the data are from 51 States. Victims are children whose alleged maltreatments have been substantiated, indicated, or assessed as maltreatments. A substantiated case represents a type of investigation disposition that determines that there is sufficient evidence under State law to conclude that maltreatment occurred or that the child is at risk of maltreatment. An indicated case represents a type of disposition that concludes that there was a reason to suspect maltreatment had occurred, but the level of evidence does not reach the State standard. An alternative response-victim case represents a type of disposition that identifies child as a victim within the alternative response system.]

ITEM	1990		1999		2000		2002	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TYPES OF SUBSTANTIATED MALTREATMENT								
Victims, total¹	690,658	(X)	783,632	(X)	864,837	(X)	897,168	(X)
Neglect	338,770	49.1	439,094	56.0	517,118	59.8	525,131	58.5
Physical abuse	186,801	27.0	167,703	21.4	167,713	19.4	167,168	18.6
Sexual abuse	119,506	17.3	88,801	11.3	87,770	10.2	88,688	9.9
Emotional maltreatment	45,621	6.6	59,842	7.6	66,965	7.7	58,029	6.5
Medical neglect	(NA)	(NA)	18,809	2.4	25,498	3.0	18,128	2.0
SEX OF VICTIM								
Victims, total	742,519	100.0	779,787	100.0	864,837	100.0	897,168	100.0
Male	323,339	43.5	371,588	47.7	413,744	47.8	429,637	47.9
Female	369,919	49.8	402,051	51.6	446,230	51.6	463,675	51.7
AGE OF VICTIM								
Victims, total	731,282	100.0	780,145	100.0	864,837	100.0	897,168	100.0
1 year and younger	97,101	13.3	109,597	14.1	133,094	15.4	142,189	15.9
2 to 5 years old	172,791	23.6	186,178	23.9	205,790	23.8	218,000	24.3
6 to 9 years old	157,681	21.6	196,639	25.2	212,186	24.5	207,862	23.2
10 to 13 years old	135,130	18.5	157,879	20.2	176,071	20.4	188,492	21.0
14 to 17 years old	103,383	14.1	117,436	15.1	126,207	14.6	135,070	15.1
18 and over	4,880	0.7	4,101	0.5	992	0.1	994	0.1

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ A child may be a victim of more than one maltreatment. Therefore, the total for this item adds up to more than 100%.

No. 332. Child Abuse and Neglect Cases Reported and Investigated by State: 2002

[See headnote, Table 331]

State	Population under 18 years old	Number of reports ¹	Number of children subject of an investigation ²	Number of child victims ³	State	Population under 18 years old	Number of reports ¹	Number of children subject of an investigation ²	Number of child victims ³
U.S.⁴	72,894,483	1,811,974	3,136,751	897,168	MO.	1,397,461	53,116	80,653	9,810
AL	1,107,108	20,544	32,682	9,903	MT.	216,320	10,336	17,078	1,995
AK	192,428	10,002	10,002	7,950	NE.	439,393	7,463	12,262	3,909
AZ	1,476,856	33,151	52,288	5,114	NV.	572,590	13,195	22,491	5,008
AR	677,522	18,697	26,237	7,302	NH.	308,371	7,509	10,564	962
CA	9,452,391	260,924	512,880	132,181	NJ.	2,127,391	39,148	70,786	8,103
CO	1,151,118	27,889	40,552	7,570	NM.	500,506	13,995	22,997	6,273
CT	872,853	34,513	53,414	12,818	NY.	4,613,251	155,678	262,643	79,049
DE	189,698	5,163	8,042	1,304	NC.	2,068,840	63,747	127,702	35,523
DC	112,128	5,049	8,243	3,032	ND.	146,812	4,109	7,089	1,493
FL	3,882,271	142,547	254,856	122,131	OH.	2,879,927	68,236	110,495	50,141
GA	2,268,477	69,108	126,677	41,206	OK.	873,560	39,592	68,971	13,721
HI	295,514	3,619	7,318	3,744	OR.	855,107	17,763	27,913	9,228
ID	370,439	6,475	9,412	1,947	PA.	2,863,452	24,330	24,330	5,057
IL	3,254,523	58,704	137,321	28,160	RI.	239,248	7,211	10,772	3,247
IN	1,594,857	33,336	50,163	20,416	SC.	979,163	18,579	30,937	10,738
IA	698,045	23,215	34,793	12,202	SD.	195,625	8,411	8,411	3,961
KS	696,519	17,504	26,696	6,425	TN.	1,404,661	28,348	37,525	8,494
KY	931,588	41,218	62,738	16,945	TX.	6,102,316	129,956	210,375	48,808
LA	1,185,674	23,493	37,825	10,971	UT.	713,012	18,965	29,386	10,282
ME	279,058	4,474	8,121	3,746	VT.	139,662	3,194	4,000	1,447
MD	1,379,925	(NA)	(NA)	15,843	VA.	1,779,408	20,619	40,552	7,571
MA	1,463,340	38,445	64,343	34,995	WA.	1,513,360	18,423	28,718	4,673
MI	2,570,264	72,999	190,164	28,830	WV.	389,171	15,052	24,089	6,635
MN	1,252,125	17,770	26,344	9,982	WI.	1,338,064	42,087	42,087	11,628
MS	760,747	11,670	18,009	4,003	WY.	122,344	2,403	4,355	692

NA Not available. ¹ The number of investigations includes assessments. The number of investigations is based on the total number of investigations that received a disposition in 2001. ² The number of Children Subject of an Investigation of Assessment is based on the total number of children for whom an alleged maltreatment was substantiated, indicated, or assessed to have occurred or the child was at risk of occurrence. ³ Victims are defined as children subject of a substantiated, indicated, or alternative response-victim maltreatment. ⁴ Includes estimates for States that did not report.

Source of Tables 331 and 332: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration on Children, Youth and Families. *Child Maltreatment 2002* (Washington, DC: U. S. Government Printing Office, 2004).

No. 333. Characteristics of Missing Children: 1999

Characteristic	Estimated number of children	Percent distribution	Characteristic	Estimated number of children	Percent distribution
RUNAWAY CHILDREN			FAMILY ABDUCTED CHILDREN		
Characteristic of Episode:			Characteristic of child:		
Season:			Age:		
Winter	335,400	20	0 to 3	43,400	21
Spring	333,600	20	3 to 5 years old	47,100	23
Summer	655,100	39	6 to 11 years old	71,000	35
Fall	343,300	20	12 to 14 years old	35,200	17
Number of miles traveled from home:			15 to 17 years old	7,200	4
2 or less	139,900	8	Gender:		
3 to 10	503,100	30	Male	100,300	49
12 to 50	521,900	31	Female	103,500	51
52 to 100	160,100	10	Race/Ethnicity:		
More than 101	210,600	13	White	119,400	59
No information	147,300	9	Black	23,900	12
Child left the State			Hispanic	40,600	20
Yes	147,600	9	Other	16,200	8
No	1,393,000	83	Family Structure:		
No information	142,300	8	Single Parent	85,500	42
Duration			One parent and partner	35,300	17
8 hours to 23 hours	307,400	18	Relative or foster parent	30,300	15
25 hours to 6 days	975,700	58	Episode outcome:		
1 week to less than 1 month	248,000	15	Child returned	1,676,200	99

Source: Office of Justice Programs, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, *National Incidence Studies of Missing, Abducted, Runaway and Thrownaway Children*, October 2002. See also <<http://www.missingkids.com/enUS/documents/nismart2overview.pdf>> (issued October 2002).

No. 334. Jail Inmates by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1990 to 2001

[As of June 30. Excludes federal and state prisons or other correctional institutions; institutions exclusively for juveniles; state-operated jails in Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, and Vermont; and other facilities which retain persons for less than 48 hours. Data based on the Annual Survey of Jails, which is a sample survey and subject to sampling variability. Due to rounding, inmates may not add to total]

Characteristic	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total inmates	405,320	507,044	567,079	592,462	605,943	621,149	631,240	665,475
Male	365,821	448,000	498,678	520,581	528,998	543,120	551,007	581,411
Female	37,198	51,300	59,296	63,791	67,487	70,414	72,621	76,817
Juveniles	2,301	7,800	9,105	8,090	9,458	7,613	7,613	7,248
White non-Hispanic	169,600	203,300	230,300	244,900	249,900	260,500	271,700	291,800
Black non-Hispanic	172,300	220,600	237,900	244,000	251,800	256,300	256,200	264,900
Hispanic	58,100	74,400	88,900	91,800	93,800	94,100	93,000	9,800
Other ¹	5,400	8,800	10,000	11,800	10,400	10,200	10,300	10,800

¹ Includes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, and Pacific Islanders.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, through 1994, *Jail Inmates*, annual; beginning 1995, *Prison and Jail Inmates at Midyear*, annual.

No. 335. State and Federal Correctional Facilities—Inmates and Staff: 1990 to 2000

[Covers all state and Federal correctional institutions or places of confinement such as prisons, prison farms, boot camps, and community based halfway houses and work release centers. Excludes jails and other regional detention centers, private facilities, facilities for the military, Immigration and Naturalization Service, Bureau of Indian Affairs, U.S. Marshall Service, and correctional hospital wards not operated by correctional authorities]

Characteristic	1990	1995	2000	Characteristic	1990	1995	2000
FACILITIES			INMATES				
Total	1,287	1,464	1,668	Total	715,649	1,023,572	1,305,253
Type of facility:				Male	675,624	961,210	1,219,225
Confinement	1,037	1,160	1,208	Female	40,025	62,362	86,028
Community	250	304	460	Type of facility:			
Federal	80	77	84	Confinement	698,570	992,333	1,244,574
State	1,207	1,387	1,584	Community	17,079	31,239	60,679
Size of facility:				Federal	56,821	80,960	110,974
Fewer than 500	816	817	860	State	658,828	942,612	1,194,279
500-999	260	283	305	Custody level:			
1,000-2,499	185	309	438	Maximum/close/high	150,205	202,174	244,797
2,500 or more	26	55	65	Medium	292,372	415,688	509,558
Age of facility:				Minimum/low	219,907	366,227	474,353
Less than 10 years	314	497	444	Not classified	53,165	39,483	76,545
10-19 years old	163	273	398	STAFF			
20-49 years old	373	366	380	Total	264,201	347,320	430,033
50-99 years old	379	310	290	Federal	18,451	25,379	32,700
100 years old or more	58	45	81	State	245,750	321,941	397,333
Not reported	-	9	75				

- Represents zero.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Census of State and Federal Correctional Facilities, 2000*.

No. 336. Prisoners Under Jurisdiction of State and Federal Correctional Authorities—Summary by State: 1990 to 2002

[For years ending December 31]

State	2002, advance					State	2002, advance				
	1990	2000	2001	Total	Percent change, 2001-2002		1990	2000	2001	Total	Percent change, 2001-2002
U.S. ¹	773,919	1,391,261	1,404,032	1,440,655	2.6	MO	14,943	27,543	28,757	30,099	4.7
AL ²	15,665	26,332	26,741	27,947	4.5	MT	1,425	3,105	3,328	3,290	-1.1
AK ³	2,622	4,173	4,571	4,398	-3.8	NE	2,403	3,895	3,937	4,058	3.1
AZ ³	14,261	26,510	27,710	29,359	6.0	NV	5,322	10,063	10,233	10,478	2.4
AR	7,322	11,915	12,594	13,090	3.9	NH	1,342	2,257	2,392	2,451	2.5
CA	97,309	163,001	159,444	162,317	1.8	NJ	21,128	29,784	28,142	27,891	-0.9
CO	7,671	16,833	17,448	18,833	7.9	NM	3,187	5,342	5,668	5,989	5.7
CT ²	10,500	18,355	19,196	20,720	7.9	NY	54,895	70,199	67,533	67,065	-0.7
DC ^{2,4}	3,471	6,921	7,003	6,778	-3.2	NC	18,411	31,266	32,253	32,803	1.7
DE	9,947	7,456	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	ND	483	1,076	1,111	1,112	0.1
FL ³	44,387	71,319	72,404	75,210	3.9	OH	31,822	45,833	45,281	45,646	0.8
GA ³	22,411	44,232	45,937	47,445	3.3	OK ⁴	12,285	23,181	22,780	23,385	2.7
HI ²	2,533	5,053	5,431	5,423	-0.1	OR	6,492	10,580	11,410	12,086	5.9
ID	1,961	5,535	5,984	6,204	3.7	PA	22,290	36,847	38,062	40,168	5.5
IL ³	27,516	45,281	44,348	42,693	-3.7	RI ²	2,392	3,286	3,241	3,520	8.6
IN	12,736	20,125	20,966	21,611	3.1	SC	17,319	21,778	22,576	23,715	5.0
IA ³	3,967	7,955	7,962	8,398	5.5	SD	1,341	2,616	2,790	2,898	3.9
KS	5,775	8,344	8,577	8,935	4.2	TN	10,388	22,166	23,671	24,989	5.6
KY	9,023	14,919	15,424	15,933	3.3	TX	50,042	166,719	162,070	162,003	0.0
LA	18,599	35,207	35,810	35,736	-0.2	UT	2,496	5,637	5,399	5,567	4.3
ME ⁵	1,523	1,679	1,704	1,900	11.5	VT ²	1,049	1,697	1,741	1,863	7.0
MD	17,848	23,538	23,752	24,162	1.7	VA	17,593	30,168	31,662	33,729	6.5
MA ^{3,5}	8,345	10,722	10,588	10,329	-2.4	WA	7,995	14,915	15,159	16,062	6.0
MI ^{3,5}	34,267	47,718	48,849	50,591	3.6	WV	1,565	3,856	4,215	4,544	7.8
MN	3,176	6,238	6,606	7,129	7.9	WI	7,465	20,754	21,495	22,133	3.0
MS	8,375	20,241	21,460	22,705	5.8	WY	1,110	1,680	1,684	1,737	3.1

NA Not available. ¹ State-level data excludes Federal inmates. ² Includes both jail and prison inmates (State has combined jail and prison system). ³ Numbers are for custody rather than jurisdiction counts. ⁴ The transfer of responsibility for sentenced felons from the District of Columbia to the Federal System was completed by the year end 2001. Since June 30, 2000, the inmate population in the District of Columbia has dropped by 5,825 inmates. Approximately 58% of the growth in the Federal System in the last 6 months of 2001 was the result of this transfer of responsibility. ⁵ 1980 and 1990, data are for custody counts; thereafter, jurisdiction counts are reported.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 2002*, Series NCJ 195189; and earlier reports.

No. 337. Adults on Probation, in Jail or Prison, or on Parole: 1980 to 2002

[As of December 31, except jail counts as of June 30]

Year	Percent of adult population						
	Total ¹	Probation	Jail	Prison	Parole	Male	Female
1980	1,840,400	(NA)	1,118,097	² 182,288	319,598	220,438	(NA)
1981	2,006,600	(NA)	1,225,934	² 195,085	360,029	225,539	(NA)
1982	2,192,600	(NA)	1,357,264	207,853	402,914	224,604	(NA)
1983	2,475,100	(NA)	1,582,947	221,815	423,898	246,440	(NA)
1984	2,689,200	(NA)	1,740,948	233,018	448,264	266,992	(NA)
1985	3,011,500	1.7	1,968,712	254,986	487,593	300,203	2,606,000
1986	3,239,400	1.8	2,114,621	272,735	526,436	325,638	2,829,100
1987	3,459,600	1.9	2,247,158	294,092	562,814	355,505	3,021,000
1988	3,714,100	2.0	2,356,483	341,893	607,766	407,977	3,223,000
1989	4,055,600	2.2	2,522,125	393,303	683,367	456,803	3,501,600
1990	4,348,000	2.3	2,670,234	403,019	743,382	531,407	3,746,300
1991	4,535,600	2.4	2,728,472	424,129	792,535	590,442	3,913,000
1992	4,762,600	2.5	2,811,611	441,781	850,566	658,601	4,050,300
1993	4,944,000	2.6	2,903,061	455,500	909,381	676,100	4,215,800
1994	5,141,300	2.7	2,981,022	479,800	990,147	690,371	4,377,400
1995	5,335,100	2.8	3,077,861	499,300	1,078,542	679,421	4,513,000
1996	5,482,700	2.8	3,164,996	510,400	1,127,528	679,733	4,629,900
1997	5,725,800	2.9	3,296,513	557,974	1,176,564	694,787	4,825,300
1998	6,126,100	3.1	3,670,441	584,372	1,224,469	696,385	(NA)
1999	6,331,400	3.1	3,779,922	596,485	1,287,172	714,457	(NA)
2000	6,437,400	3.1	3,826,209	613,534	1,316,333	723,898	(NA)
2001	6,574,100	3.1	3,931,731	623,628	1,330,007	732,333	(NA)
2002, advance	6,684,100	3.1	3,955,165	658,228	1,367,856	753,141	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Totals may not add due to individuals having multiple correctional statuses. ² Estimated.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Correctional Populations in the United States*, annual.

No. 338. Federal and State Prisoners, by Sex: 1980 to 2002

[Prisoners, as of **December 31**. Includes all persons under jurisdiction of Federal and State authorities rather than those in the custody of such authorities. Represents inmates sentenced to maximum term of more than a year]

Year	Total	Rate ¹	State	Male	Female	Year	Total	Rate ¹	State	Male	Female
1980	315,974	139	295,363	303,643	12,331	1992	846,277	332	780,571	799,776	46,501
1981	353,673	154	331,504	339,375	14,298	1993	932,074	359	857,675	878,037	54,037
1982	395,516	171	371,864	379,075	16,441	1994	1,016,691	389	936,896	956,566	60,125
1983	419,346	179	393,015	401,870	17,476	1995	1,085,022	411	1,001,359	1,021,059	63,963
1984	443,398	188	415,796	424,193	19,205	1996	1,137,722	427	1,048,907	1,068,123	69,599
1985	480,568	202	447,873	459,223	21,345	1997	1,195,498	445	1,100,511	1,121,663	73,835
1986	522,084	217	485,553	497,540	24,544	1998	1,245,402	461	1,141,720	1,167,802	77,600
1987	560,812	231	521,289	533,990	26,822	1999	1,304,074	476	1,189,799	1,221,611	82,463
1988	603,732	247	560,994	573,587	30,145	2000	1,331,278	470	1,204,323	1,246,234	85,044
1989	680,907	276	633,739	643,643	37,264	2001	1,345,217	470	1,208,708	1,260,033	85,184
1990	739,980	297	689,577	699,416	40,564	2002	1,380,370	476	1,237,330	1,291,326	89,044
1991	789,610	313	732,914	745,808	43,802						

¹ Rate per 100,000 estimated population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in State and Federal Institutions on December 31*, annual.

No. 339. Prisoners Under Sentence of Death by Characteristic: 1980 to 2002

[As of **December 31**. Excludes prisoners under sentence of death who remained within local correctional systems pending exhaustion of appellate process or who had not been committed to prison]

Characteristic	1980	1990	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total ¹	688	2,346	2,727	2,905	3,064	3,242	3,328	3,465	3,540	3,601	3,577	3,557
White	418	1,368	1,575	1,653	1,732	1,833	1,864	1,917	1,960	1,989	1,968	1,931
Black and other	270	978	1,152	1,252	1,332	1,409	1,464	1,548	1,580	1,612	1,609	1,626
Under 20 years	11	8	13	19	20	17	16	16	16	11	4	4
20 to 24 years	173	168	211	231	264	288	275	273	251	237	192	153
25 to 34 years	334	1,110	1,066	1,088	1,068	1,088	1,077	1,108	1,108	1,103	1,099	1,058
35 to 54 years	186	1,006	1,330	1,449	1,583	1,711	1,809	1,897	1,958	2,019	2,043	2,069
55 years and over	10	64	96	103	111	138	151	171	194	223	243	273
Years of school completed:												
7 years or less	68	178	185	186	191	196	205	208	201	214	212	215
8 years	74	186	183	198	195	201	206	218	221	233	236	234
9 to 11 years	204	775	885	930	979	1,040	1,069	1,122	1,142	1,157	1,145	1,130
12 years	162	729	887	939	995	1,037	1,084	1,128	1,157	1,184	1,183	1,173
More than 12 years	43	209	244	255	272	282	288	301	307	315	304	294
Unknown	163	279	332	382	422	486	476	488	499	490	501	511
Marital status:												
Never married	268	998	1,222	1,320	1,412	1,507	1,555	1,645	1,689	1,749	1,763	1,746
Married	229	632	671	707	718	739	740	752	731	739	716	709
Divorced ²	217	726	823	863	924	996	1,033	1,068	1,107	1,105	1,102	1,102
Time elapsed since sentencing:												
Less than 12 months	185	231	262	280	287	306	262	293	259	208	151	147
12 to 47 months	389	753	716	755	784	816	844	816	800	786	734	609
48 to 71 months	102	438	422	379	423	447	456	482	499	507	476	468
72 months and over	38	934	1,316	1,476	1,560	1,673	1,766	1,874	1,969	2,092	2,220	2,333
Legal status at arrest:												
Not under sentence	384	1,345	1,562	1,662	1,764	1,881	1,957	2,036	2,088	2,202	2,189	2,165
Parole or probation ³	115	578	754	800	866	894	880	879	886	921	918	909
Prison or escaped	45	128	102	103	110	112	116	127	125	126	135	141
Unknown	170	305	298	325	314	355	375	423	428	344	339	342

¹ Revisions to the total number of prisoners were not carried to the characteristics except for race. ² Includes persons married but separated, widows, widowers, and unknown. ³ Includes prisoners on mandatory conditional release, work release, leave, AWOL, or bail: 28 in 1990, 33 in 1993 and 1995, 31 in 1994 and 1996, 30 in 1997, 26 in 1998, 21 in 1999 and 2000, and 17 in 2001 and 2002.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment*, annual. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cp02.pdf>> (Released November 2003).

No. 340. Movement of Prisoners Under Sentence of Death: 1980 to 2002

[Prisoners reported under sentence of death by civil authorities. The term "under sentence of death" begins when the court pronounces the first sentence of death for a capital offense]

Status	1980	1990	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Under sentence of death,												
Jan. 1	595	2,243	2,580	2,727	2,905	3,064	3,242	3,328	3,465	3,540	3,601	3,577
Received death sentence	203	244	282	306	310	299	256	285	272	214	155	159
White	125	147	146	162	168	174	146	145	157	122	89	83
Black	77	94	130	136	138	119	106	132	104	86	61	73
Dispositions other than executions	101	108	108	112	105	99	89	93	112	76	109	108
Executions	-	23	38	31	56	45	74	68	98	85	66	71
Under sentence of death,												
Dec. 31	688	2,346	2,727	2,905	3,064	3,242	3,328	3,465	3,540	3,601	3,577	3,557
White	418	1,368	1,575	1,653	1,732	1,833	1,864	1,917	1,960	1,989	1,968	1,931
Black	268	940	1,111	1,197	1,275	1,358	1,406	1,486	1,514	1,535	1,538	1,554

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes races other than White or Black.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment*, annual. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cp02.pdf>>.

No. 341. Prisoners Executed Under Civil Authority by Sex and Race: 1930 to 2003

[Excludes executions by military authorities. The Army (including the Air Force) carried out 160 (148 between 1942 and 1950; 3 each in 1954, 1955, and 1957; and 1 each in 1958, 1959, and 1961). Of the total, 106 were executed for murder (including 21 involving rape), 53 for rape, and 1 for desertion. The Navy carried out no executions during the period]

Year or period	Total ¹	Male	Female	White	Black	Executed for murder		
						Total ¹	White	Black
All years, 1930-2003	4,744	4,702	42	2,319	2,369	4,219	2,232	1,933
1930 to 1939	1,667	1,656	11	827	816	1,514	803	687
1940 to 1949	1,284	1,272	12	490	781	1,064	458	595
1950 to 1959	717	709	8	336	376	601	316	280
1960 to 1967	191	190	1	98	93	155	87	68
1968 to 1976	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1977 to 2003	885	875	10	568	303	885	568	303
1985	18	18	-	11	7	18	11	7
1986	18	18	-	11	7	18	11	7
1987	25	25	-	13	12	25	13	12
1988	11	11	-	6	5	11	6	5
1989	16	16	-	8	8	16	8	8
1990	23	23	-	16	7	23	16	7
1991	14	14	-	7	7	14	7	7
1992	31	31	-	19	11	31	19	11
1993	38	38	-	23	14	38	23	14
1994	31	31	-	20	11	31	20	11
1995	56	56	-	33	22	56	33	22
1996	45	45	-	31	14	45	31	14
1997	74	74	-	45	27	74	45	27
1998	68	66	2	48	18	68	48	18
1999	98	98	-	61	33	98	61	33
2000	85	83	2	49	35	85	49	35
2001	66	63	3	48	17	66	48	17
2002	71	69	2	53	18	71	53	18
2003	65	65	-	44	20	65	44	20

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes races other than White or Black. ² Includes 25 armed robbery, 20 kidnapping, 11 burglary, 8 espionage (6 in 1942 and 2 in 1953), and 6 aggravated assault.

Source: Through 1978, U.S. Law Enforcement Assistance Administration; thereafter, U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Correctional Populations in the United States*, annual; and *Capital Punishment*, annual.

No. 342. Prisoners Under Sentence of Death and Executed Under Civil Authority by State: 1977 to 2003

[Alaska, District of Columbia, Hawaii, Iowa, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, North Dakota, Rhode Island, Vermont, West Virginia, and Wisconsin are jurisdictions without a death penalty]

State	1977 to 2003					State	1977 to 2003					State	1977 to 2003				
	2003	2000	2001	2002	2003		2003	2000	2001	2002	2003		2003	2000	2001	2002	2003
U.S.	885	85	66	71	65	IL	12	-	-	-	-	OK	69	11	18	7	14
AL	28	4	-	2	3	IN	11	-	2	-	2	OR	2	-	-	-	-
AZ	22	3	-	-	-	KY	2	-	-	-	-	PA	3	-	-	-	-
AR	25	2	1	-	1	LA	27	1	-	1	-	SC	28	1	-	3	-
CA	10	1	1	1	-	MD	3	-	-	-	-	TN	1	1	-	-	-
DE	13	1	2	-	-	MS	6	-	-	2	-	TX	313	40	17	33	24
FL	57	6	1	3	3	MO	61	5	7	6	2	UT	6	-	-	-	-
GA	34	-	4	4	3	NE	3	-	-	-	-	VA	89	8	2	4	2
ID	1	-	-	-	-	NV	9	-	1	-	-	WA	4	-	1	-	-
						NC	30	1	5	2	7	WY	1	-	-	-	-

- Represents zero.

Source: Through 1978, U.S. Law Enforcement Assistance Administration; thereafter, U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment*, annual.

No. 343. Fire Losses—Total and Percent Change: 1980 to 2002

[5,579 represents \$5,579,000,000. Includes allowance for uninsured and unreported losses but excludes losses to government property and forests. Represents incurred losses]

Year	Total (mil. dol.)	Per capita ¹ (dol.)	Year	Total (mil. dol.)	Per capita ¹ (dol.)	Year	Total (mil. dol.)	Per capita ¹ (dol.)
1980	5,579	24.56	1988	9,626	39.11	1996	12,544	47.29
1981	5,625	24.53	1989	9,514	38.33	1997	12,940	48.32
1982	5,894	25.61	1990	9,495	38.07	1998	11,510	45.59
1983	6,320	27.20	1991	11,302	44.82	1999	12,428	45.58
1984	7,602	32.35	1992	13,588	53.28			
1985	7,753	32.70	1993	11,331	43.96	2000	13,457	47.68
1986	8,488	35.21	1994	12,778	49.08	2001	17,118	60.00
1987	8,504	34.96	1995	11,887	45.23	2002	15,540	53.89

¹ Based on U.S. Census Bureau resident population as of July 1. ² Excludes fire losses related to 9/11 Terrorist attack.

Source: Insurance Information Institute, New York, NY, *The Fact Book, Property/Casualty Insurance Facts*, annual (copyright).

No. 344. Fires—Number and Loss, by Type and Property Use: 1999 to 2002

[Number of 1,823 represents 1,823,000 and property loss of 10,024 represents \$10,024,000,000. Based on annual sample survey of fire departments. No adjustments were made for unreported fires and losses. Property loss includes direct property loss only]

Type and property use	Number (1,000)				Property loss (mil. dol.)			
	1999	2000	2001	2002	1999	2000	2001	2002
Fires, total	1,823	1,708	1,734	1,688	10,024	11,207	24,402	10,377
Structure	523	506	521	519	8,490	8,501	24,314	8,742
Outside of structure ³	64	69	75	71	123	214	86	121
Brush and rubbish	724	670	623	603	-	-	-	-
Vehicle	369	349	351	330	1,324	1,381	1,512	1,392
Other	143	114	164	165	87	111	111	82
Structure by property use:								
Public assembly	16	15	15	14	412	365	336	342
Educational	8	7	7	7	71	108	170	92
Institutional	8	7	7	7	23	20	27	26
Stores and offices	29	24	26	24	659	587	23,155	604
Residential	383	380	396	401	5,092	5,674	5,643	6,055
1-2 family units ⁴	283	284	295	301	4,123	4,639	4,652	5,005
Apartments	88	85	88	88	842	886	864	926
Other residential ⁵	12	11	13	12	127	149	127	124
Storage ⁶	36	33	34	32	7,137	694	930	627
Industry, utility, defense ⁶	18	15	13	12	671	778	858	658
Special structures	25	25	23	22	187	275	195	338

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes \$1 billion in property damage in the Cerro Grande, New Mexico Wildland Fire. Property loss by specific property type was not available. ² Includes \$33.4 billion in property loss that occurred due to the events of September 11, 2001. ³ Includes outside storage, crops, timber, etc. ⁴ Includes mobile homes. ⁵ Includes hotels and motels, college dormitories, boarding houses, etc. ⁶ Data underreported as some incidents were handled by private fire brigades or fixed suppression systems which do not report. ⁷ Includes estimated losses of \$515 million due to two power plant fires.

Source: National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA, "2002 U.S. Fire Loss", *NFPA Journal*, November 2003, and prior issues (copyright 2003).

No. 345. Fires and Property Loss for Incendiary and Suspicious Fires and Civilian Fire Deaths and Injuries, by Selected Property Type: 1999 to 2002

[523 represents 523,000. Based on sample survey of fire departments]

Characteristic	1999	2000	2001	2002	Characteristic	1999	2000	2001	2002
NUMBER (1,000)					CIVILIAN FIRE DEATHS				
Structure fires, total	523	506	521	519	Deaths, total¹	3,570	4,045	26,196	3,380
Structure fires of incendiary or suspicious origin	72	75	-	-	Residential property	2,920	3,445	3,140	2,695
Fires of incendiary origin	44	46	46	45	One- and two-family dwellings	2,375	2,920	2,650	2,280
Fires of suspicious origin	28	29	-	-	Apartments	520	500	460	390
					Vehicles	470	465	485	565
PROPERTY LOSS³ (mil. dol.)					CIVILIAN FIRE INJURIES				
Structure fires, total	8,490	8,501	24,314	8,742	Injuries, total¹	21,875	22,350	21,100	18,425
Structure fires of incendiary or suspicious origin	1,281	1,340	-	-	Residential property	16,425	17,400	15,575	14,050
Fires of incendiary origin	828	792	534,453	919	One- and two-family dwellings	11,550	12,575	11,400	9,950
Fires of suspicious origin	453	548	-	-	Apartments	4,500	4,400	3,800	3,700
					Vehicles	1,850	1,600	1,875	1,125

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes other not shown separately. ² Includes 2,451 civilian deaths due to the events of September 11, 2001. ³ Direct property loss only. ⁴ Includes 800 civilian injuries due to the events of September 11, 2001. ⁵ Includes \$33.4 billion in property loss due to the events of September 11, 2001.

Source: National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA, "2002 U.S. Fire Loss", *NFPA Journal*, November 2003, and prior issues (copyright 2003).