
Section 3

Health and Nutrition

This section presents statistics on health expenditures and insurance coverage, including Medicare and Medicaid, medical personnel, hospitals, nursing homes and other care facilities, injuries, diseases, disability status, nutritional intake of the population, and food consumption. Summary statistics showing recent trends on health care and discussions of selected health issues are published annually by the U.S. National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) in *Health, United States*. Data on national health expenditures, medical costs, and insurance coverage are compiled by the U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) and appear on the CMS Web site at <http://www.cms.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/> and in the annual *Medicare and Medicaid Statistical Supplement* to the *Health Care Financing Review*. Statistics on health insurance are also collected by NCHS and are published in Series 10 of *Vital and Health Statistics*. NCHS also conducts periodic surveys of nutrient levels in the population, including estimates of food and nutrient intake, overweight and obesity, hypercholesterolemia, hypertension, and clinical signs of malnutrition. Data are published in Series 10 and 11 of *Vital and Health Statistics*. Statistics on hospitals are published annually by the Health Forum, L.L.C.; an American Hospital Association (AHA) company, in AHA Hospital Statistics. The primary source for data on nutrition and on annual per capita consumption of food is *Diet Quality and Food Consumption*, issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Data are available on the Web site at <http://www.ers.usda.gov/Briefing/DietQuality/>.

National health expenditures—CMS compiles estimates of national health expenditures (NHE) to measure spending for health care in the United States. The NHE accounts are structured to show spending by type of expenditure (i.e., hospital care, physician and clinical care, dental care, and other professional care; home health care; retail sales

of prescription drugs; other medical nondurables; vision products and other medical durables; nursing home care and other personal health expenditures; plus other health expenditures such as public health activities, administration, and the net cost of private health insurance; plus medical sector investment, the sum of noncommercial medical research and capital formation in medical sector structures and equipment; and by source of funding (e.g., private health insurance, out-of-pocket payments, and a range of public programs including Medicare, Medicaid, and those operated by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)).

Data used to estimate health expenditures come from existing sources, which are tabulated for other purposes. The type of expenditure estimates rely upon statistics produced by such groups as the AHA, the Census Bureau, and the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Source of funding estimates are constructed using administrative and statistical records from the Medicare and Medicaid programs, the U.S. Department of Defense and VA medical programs, the Social Security Administration, Census Bureau's *Governmental Finances*, state and local governments, other HHS agencies, and other nongovernment sources.

Medicare, Medicaid, and CHIP—Since July 1966, the federal Medicare program has provided two coordinated plans for nearly all people aged 65 and over: (1) a hospital insurance plan, which covers hospital and related services and (2) a voluntary supplementary medical insurance plan, financed partially by monthly premiums paid by participants, which partly covers physicians' and related medical services. Such insurance also applies, since July 1973, to disabled beneficiaries of any age after 24 months of entitlement to cash benefits under the social security or railroad retirement programs and to persons with end stage renal disease. On January 1, 2006,

Medicare began to provide coverage for prescription drugs as mandated by the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA). This benefit is available on a voluntary basis to everyone with Medicare, and beneficiaries pay a monthly premium to enroll in one of Medicare's prescription drug plans.

Medicaid is a health insurance program for certain low-income people. These include: certain low-income families with children; people on supplemental security income; certain low-income pregnant women and children; and people who have very high medical bills. There are special rules for those who live in nursing homes and for disabled children living at home. Medicaid is funded and administered through a state/federal partnership. Although there are broad federal requirements for Medicaid, states have a wide degree of flexibility to design their program. The Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009 (CHIPRA or Public Law 111-3) reauthorized the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). The program went into effect on April 1, 2009. CHIP replaces the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP). It will preserve coverage for the millions of children who rely on CHIP today and provides the resources for states to reach millions of additional uninsured children. CHIP was designed as a federal/state partnership, similar to Medicaid, with the goal of expanding health insurance to children whose families earn too much money to be eligible for Medicaid, but not enough money to purchase private insurance.

Health resources—Hospital statistics based on data from AHA's yearly survey are published annually in *AHA Hospital Statistics* and cover all hospitals accepted for registration by the Association. To be accepted for registration, a hospital must meet certain requirements relating to number of beds, construction, equipment, medical and nursing staff, patient care, clinical records, surgical and obstetrical facilities, diagnostic and treatment facilities, laboratory services, etc. Data obtained from NCHS cover all

U.S. hospitals that meet certain criteria for inclusion. The criteria are published in *Vital and Health Statistics* reports, Series 13. Statistics on the demographic characteristics of persons employed in the health occupations are compiled by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and reported in *Employment and Earnings* (monthly) (see Table 615, Section 12, Labor Force, Employment, and Earnings). Data based on surveys of health personnel and utilization of health facilities providing long-term care, ambulatory care, emergency room care, and hospital care are presented in NCHS Series 13, data from the National Health Interview Survey. Statistics on patient visits to health care providers, as reported in health interviews, appear in NCHS Series 10, data from the National Health Care Survey.

The CMS's *Health Care Financing Review* and its annual *Medicare and Medicaid Statistical Supplement* present data for hospitals and nursing homes as well as extended care facilities and home health agencies. These data are based on records of the Medicare program and differ from those of other sources because they are limited to facilities meeting federal eligibility standards for participation in Medicare.

Disability and illness—General health statistics, including morbidity, disability, injuries, preventive care, and findings from physiological testing are collected by NCHS in its National Health Interview Survey and its National Health and Nutrition Examination Surveys and appear in *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 10 and 11, respectively. Annual incidence data on notifiable diseases are compiled by the Public Health Service (PHS) at its Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in Atlanta, Georgia, and are published as a supplement to its *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* (MMWR). The list of diseases is revised annually and includes those which, by mutual agreement of the states and PHS, are communicable diseases of national importance.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation, and sampling procedures and measures of reliability applicable to data from NCHS and CMS, see Appendix III.

Table 130. National Health Expenditures—Summary, 1960 to 2008, and Projections, 2009 to 2019

[In billions of dollars (27 represents \$27,000,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and Island Areas]

Year	Private expenditures			Public expenditures			Health services and supplies					
	Total expenditures ¹	Out-of-pocket	Insurance	Total	Federal	State and local	Total ³	Hospital care	Physician and clinical services	Prescription drugs	Nursing home care	
												Total ²
1960.	27	21	13	6	7	3	4	25	9	5	3	1
1961.	29	22	13	6	7	3	4	26	10	6	3	1
1962.	32	24	14	7	8	4	4	29	11	6	3	1
1963.	35	26	15	8	9	4	5	31	12	7	3	1
1964.	39	29	17	9	10	4	5	34	13	8	3	1
1965.	42	32	18	10	10	5	6	37	14	8	4	1
1966.	46	32	18	10	14	8	6	41	16	9	4	2
1967.	52	33	18	10	19	12	7	47	18	10	4	2
1968.	59	37	21	12	22	14	8	53	21	11	5	3
1969.	66	41	23	13	25	16	9	59	24	12	5	3
1970.	75	47	25	15	28	18	10	67	28	14	5	4
1971.	83	51	26	18	32	21	12	74	31	16	6	5
1972.	93	57	29	21	36	23	13	83	34	17	6	5
1973.	103	63	32	23	40	25	15	93	38	19	7	6
1974.	117	69	34	26	47	30	17	106	45	22	7	7
1975.	133	77	37	30	56	36	19	121	52	25	8	8
1976.	152	89	41	37	63	43	20	139	60	28	9	10
1977.	173	102	45	45	71	47	23	159	67	33	9	12
1978.	194	114	48	52	80	54	26	179	76	35	10	14
1979.	220	128	52	60	91	61	30	203	87	41	11	16
1980.	253	147	58	69	106	72	35	233	101	47	12	18
1981.	294	171	65	81	123	83	39	271	118	55	13	21
1982.	331	195	72	94	136	92	44	305	134	61	15	23
1983.	365	215	78	105	150	103	47	336	145	68	17	26
1984.	402	238	86	119	163	113	50	371	155	77	20	28
1985.	439	262	95	131	177	123	54	409	165	90	22	31
1986.	471	277	103	136	194	133	61	439	177	100	24	34
1987.	513	301	109	149	212	144	68	478	190	112	27	36
1988.	574	344	119	176	230	155	75	535	207	127	31	40
1989.	639	383	125	205	256	174	82	596	227	142	35	46
1990.	714	427	136	234	287	194	93	667	252	158	40	53
1991.	782	456	140	255	326	223	102	731	277	175	44	58
1992.	849	485	143	275	364	253	111	794	300	190	48	62
1993.	912	512	145	295	400	279	121	853	317	201	51	65
1994.	962	526	143	308	436	304	132	900	330	211	54	68
1995.	1,017	551	146	325	465	328	138	953	341	221	61	74
1996.	1,068	580	152	343	489	348	140	1,002	352	229	68	80
1997.	1,125	614	162	359	512	365	146	1,054	365	241	78	84
1998.	1,190	662	175	385	528	372	156	1,111	376	256	89	90
1999.	1,265	709	184	417	556	390	166	1,180	395	270	105	91
2000.	1,353	756	193	455	596	418	179	1,264	417	289	121	95
2001.	1,469	807	200	498	662	465	197	1,376	451	313	138	102
2002.	1,602	881	211	551	722	509	213	1,498	488	338	158	106
2003.	1,735	957	225	605	779	552	227	1,623	527	367	174	110
2004.	1,855	1,015	235	646	840	600	240	1,734	566	394	189	115
2005.	1,983	1,083	248	691	900	641	258	1,852	608	422	200	121
2006.	2,113	1,137	255	728	976	710	266	1,975	649	447	217	125
2007.	2,240	1,201	270	760	1,039	755	283	2,090	688	473	227	132
2008.	2,339	1,232	278	783	1,107	817	290	2,181	718	496	234	138
2009, proj.	2,472	1,269	284	809	1,203	919	285	2,306	761	528	246	144
2010, proj.	2,570	1,304	292	829	1,266	966	300	2,395	789	536	260	149
2011, proj.	2,703	1,353	300	862	1,350	985	365	2,519	827	556	275	156
2012, proj.	2,850	1,407	311	894	1,444	1,057	386	2,655	876	582	288	164
2013, proj.	3,025	1,484	327	942	1,541	1,131	410	2,817	932	612	303	173
2014, proj.	3,225	1,584	348	1,005	1,642	1,207	435	3,003	996	647	322	183
2015, proj.	3,442	1,697	372	1,076	1,744	1,282	462	3,202	1,063	684	344	194
2016, proj.	3,684	1,814	395	1,149	1,870	1,376	493	3,426	1,138	728	368	205
2017, proj.	3,936	1,926	417	1,220	2,010	1,483	527	3,660	1,213	777	395	218
2018, proj.	4,204	2,040	441	1,291	2,164	1,601	563	3,909	1,292	828	425	231
2019, proj.	4,483	2,154	466	1,361	2,328	1,728	600	4,170	1,374	882	458	246

¹ Includes medical research and medical facilities construction, not shown separately. ² Includes other private expenditures, not shown separately. ³ Includes other objects of expenditure, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group," <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 131. National Health Expenditures by Type: 1990 to 2008

[In billions of dollars (714.2 represents \$714,200,000,000), except percent. Excludes Puerto Rico and Island Areas]

Type of expenditure	1990	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total	714.2	1,352.9	1,735.2	1,855.4	1,982.5	2,112.5	2,239.7	2,338.7
Annual percent change ¹	11.8	6.9	8.3	6.9	6.9	6.6	6.0	4.4
Percent of gross domestic product	12.3	13.6	15.6	15.6	15.7	15.8	15.9	16.2
Private expenditures	427.4	756.5	956.6	1,015.5	1,082.8	1,136.8	1,201.0	1,232.0
Health services and supplies	401.0	705.5	894.0	947.6	1,008.5	1,058.7	1,112.6	1,138.1
Out-of-pocket payments	136.1	192.6	224.7	234.8	247.5	254.9	270.3	277.8
Insurance premiums ²	233.7	454.8	604.6	646.1	691.0	727.6	759.7	783.2
Other	31.1	58.0	64.7	66.6	70.0	76.1	82.6	77.2
Medical research	1.0	2.5	3.3	3.4	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.7
Medical structures and equipment ³	25.4	48.5	59.3	64.5	70.5	74.2	84.1	89.2
Public expenditures	286.8	596.4	778.6	839.9	899.8	975.7	1,038.7	1,106.7
Percent federal of public	67.6	70.0	70.9	71.4	71.3	72.7	72.7	73.8
Health services and supplies	265.8	558.6	729.5	786.0	843.4	916.8	977.1	1,043.1
Medicare ⁴	109.5	224.4	282.4	311.3	339.8	403.4	432.2	469.2
Public assistance medical payments ⁵	78.7	207.4	282.3	303.4	325.3	325.1	345.0	362.0
Temporary disability insurance ⁶	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Workers' compensation, medical ⁶	17.4	25.3	31.8	32.4	32.2	32.2	33.0	33.1
Defense Dept. hospital, medical	10.4	13.7	21.8	24.5	26.2	29.1	31.7	33.1
Maternal, child health programs	1.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7
Public health activities	20.0	43.0	53.6	53.8	56.4	60.6	64.8	69.4
Veterans' hospital, medical care	10.8	18.9	26.3	27.7	29.6	31.7	33.8	38.1
Medical vocational rehabilitation	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
State and local hospitals ⁷	13.2	13.7	16.8	17.9	18.8	19.4	20.7	22.1
Other ⁸	3.8	9.0	11.3	11.8	11.8	12.0	12.6	12.8
Medical research	11.7	23.0	32.1	35.5	37.0	37.8	38.2	38.9
Medical structures and equipment ³	9.2	14.7	17.0	18.4	19.4	21.1	23.5	24.7

¹ Change from immediate prior year. ² Covers insurance benefits and amount retained by insurance companies for expenses, additions to reserves, and profits (net cost of insurance). ³ Represents expenditures for total medical sector acquisitions of structures and equipment including structures that house medical professionals' offices. ⁴ Represents expenditures for benefits and administrative cost from federal hospital and medical insurance trust funds under Old Age, Survivors, Disability and Health Insurance (OASDHI) programs; see text, this section. ⁵ Payments made directly to suppliers of medical care (primarily Medicaid). ⁶ Includes medical benefits paid under public law by private insurance carriers, state governments, and self-insurers. ⁷ Expenditures not offset by other revenues. ⁸ Covers expenditures for Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Indian Health Service; school health and other programs.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Group," <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 132. National Health Expenditures by Object, 1990 to 2008, and Projections, 2009

[In billions of dollars (714.2 represents \$714,200,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and Island Areas]

Object of expenditure	1990	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 proj.
Total	714.2	1,352.9	1,735.2	1,855.4	1,982.5	2,112.5	2,239.7	2,338.7	2,472.2
Spent by—									
Consumers	369.9	647.4	829.3	881.0	938.5	982.5	1,030.0	1,060.9	1,092.3
Out-of-pocket	136.1	192.6	224.7	234.8	247.5	254.9	270.3	277.8	283.5
Private insurance	233.7	454.8	604.6	646.1	691.0	727.6	759.7	783.2	808.7
Public	286.8	596.4	778.6	839.9	899.8	975.7	1,038.7	1,106.7	1,203.4
Other ¹	57.5	109.0	127.3	134.5	144.3	154.3	171.0	171.1	176.5
Spent for—									
Health services and supplies	666.8	1,264.1	1,623.5	1,733.6	1,851.9	1,975.4	2,089.7	2,181.3	2,306.2
Personal health care expenses	607.6	1,139.2	1,447.5	1,549.9	1,655.2	1,762.9	1,866.4	1,952.3	2,068.3
Hospital care	251.6	416.9	527.4	566.5	607.5	649.4	687.6	718.4	760.6
Physician and clinical services	157.5	288.6	366.7	393.6	422.4	446.5	472.6	496.2	527.6
Dental services	31.5	62.0	76.9	81.5	86.3	90.7	96.4	101.2	104.4
Other professional services ²	18.2	39.1	49.0	52.9	55.9	58.4	62.2	65.7	69.6
Home health care	12.6	30.5	38.0	42.7	48.1	53.0	59.3	64.7	72.2
Prescription drugs	40.3	120.6	174.2	188.8	199.7	217.0	226.8	234.1	246.3
Other nondurable medical products	22.5	29.8	32.1	32.7	34.0	35.3	37.4	39.0	40.8
Durable medical equipment ³	11.3	19.4	22.4	22.8	23.8	24.7	25.5	26.6	27.0
Nursing home care	52.6	95.3	110.5	115.2	120.7	125.1	132.4	138.4	144.1
Other personal health care	9.6	37.1	50.4	53.3	56.9	62.7	66.3	68.1	75.7
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance ⁴	39.3	81.8	122.3	129.8	140.3	152.0	158.4	159.6	162.8
Public health activities	20.0	43.0	53.6	53.8	56.4	60.6	64.8	69.4	75.2
Medical research ⁵	12.7	25.6	35.5	38.9	40.7	41.8	42.5	43.6	48.0
Medical structures and equipment ⁶	34.7	63.2	76.3	83.0	90.0	95.3	107.5	113.9	117.9

¹ Includes nonpatient revenues, privately funded construction, and industrial implant. ² Includes services of registered and practical nurses in private duty, podiatrists, optometrists, physical therapists, clinical psychologists, chiropractors, naturopaths, and Christian Science practitioners. ³ Includes expenditures for eyeglasses, hearing aids, orthopedic appliances, artificial limbs, crutches, wheelchairs, etc. ⁴ Includes administrative expenses of federally financed health programs. ⁵ Research and development expenditures of drug companies and other manufacturers and providers of medical equipment and supplies are excluded from research expenditures, but are included in the expenditure class in which the product falls. ⁶ Represents expenditures for total medical sector acquisitions of structures and equipment including structures that house medical professionals' offices.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group," <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 133. Health Services and Supplies—Per Capita Consumer Expenditures by Object: 1990 to 2008

[In dollars, except percent. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimates of total U.S. population as of July 1, excluding Armed Forces and federal employees abroad and civilian population of outlying areas. Excludes research, structures, and equipment]

Object of expenditure	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total, national ¹	2,627	3,545	4,474	5,588	5,912	6,260	6,612	6,926	7,164
Annual percent change ²	10.6	4.7	6.1	7.4	5.8	5.9	5.6	4.7	3.4
Hospital care	991	1,268	1,476	1,815	1,932	2,053	2,174	2,279	2,359
Physician and clinical services	621	821	1,022	1,262	1,342	1,428	1,495	1,566	1,629
Dental services	124	166	219	265	278	292	304	319	332
Other professional services ³	72	106	138	169	180	189	195	206	216
Home health care	50	114	108	131	146	163	178	197	212
Prescription drugs	159	227	427	600	644	675	726	752	769
Other nondurable medical products	88	95	106	110	112	115	118	124	128
Durable medical equipment ³	44	57	69	77	78	80	83	85	87
Nursing home care	207	276	337	380	393	408	419	439	455
Other personal health care	38	86	131	173	182	192	210	220	224
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance	155	216	290	421	443	474	509	525	524
Public health activities	79	115	152	185	184	191	203	215	228
Total, private consumer ⁴	1,457	1,753	2,292	2,855	3,004	3,172	3,289	3,414	3,484
Hospital care	430	443	558	706	753	796	856	890	927
Physician and clinical services	384	491	597	742	789	851	891	934	959
Dental services	120	158	209	248	261	274	285	299	308
Other professional services ³	49	68	88	106	113	116	120	126	131
Home health care	20	39	44	36	37	38	38	39	41
Prescription drugs	130	178	329	439	465	489	479	486	483
Other nondurable medical products	86	90	100	104	105	108	111	116	120
Durable medical equipment ³	36	44	53	54	55	57	58	60	60
Nursing home care	87	99	130	135	135	137	140	150	155
Net cost of private health insurance	115	144	184	284	293	308	311	314	302

¹ Includes private and public health expenditures. ² Change from immediate prior year. ³ See footnotes for corresponding objects in Table 132. ⁴ Represents out-of-pocket payments and private health insurance.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group," <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 134. Public Expenditures for Health Services and Supplies: 2008

[In millions of dollars (1,043,129 represents \$1,043,129,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and Island Areas. Excludes research, structures, and equipment]

Type of selected service	Selected health services								
	Total	Federal	State and local	Medicare ² (OASDHI)	Workers' compensation ³	Public assistance ⁴	Defense Dept. ⁵	Veterans	
Total ¹	1,043,129	773,984	269,145	469,209	33,107	361,962	33,064	38,077	
Hospital care	409,050	330,701	78,349	211,326	6,989	128,148	16,062	26,518	
Physician and clinical services	172,296	144,634	27,662	102,722	11,982	39,569	6,888	4,345	
Prescription drugs	87,031	72,505	14,526	52,081	3,233	23,914	5,179	2,429	
Nursing home care	86,170	62,110	24,061	25,731	—	56,782	—	3,658	
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance	65,933	45,538	20,396	24,897	8,016	29,062	3,385	209	
Public health activities	69,431	10,464	58,967	—	—	—	—	—	

— Represents zero. ¹ Includes other items not shown separately. ² Covers hospital and medical insurance payments and administrative costs under Old-Age, Survivors, Disability and Health Insurance (OASDHI) program. ³ Medical benefits. ⁴ Covers Medicaid and other medical public assistance. Excludes funds paid into Medicare trust fund by states to cover premiums for public assistance recipients and medically indigent persons. ⁵ Includes care for retirees and military dependents.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group," <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 135. Personal Health Care—Third-Party Payments and Private Consumer Expenditures, 1990 to 2008, and Projections, 2009

[In billions of dollars (607.6 represents \$607,600,000,000), except percent. See headnote, Table 136]

Item	1990	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009, proj.
Personal health care expenditures	607.6	1,139.2	1,447.5	1,549.9	1,655.2	1,762.9	1,866.4	1,952.3	2,068.3
Third-party payments, total	471.4	946.6	1,222.8	1,315.1	1,407.7	1,508.0	1,596.1	1,674.5	1,784.8
Percent of personal health care	77.6	83.1	84.5	84.8	85.0	85.5	85.5	85.8	86.3
Private insurance payments	204.7	402.8	522.0	560.3	599.8	634.6	665.1	691.2	718.5
Public expenditures	236.2	486.8	637.3	689.4	739.3	798.8	850.1	907.8	989.2
Other ¹	30.5	57.0	63.5	65.3	68.7	74.6	81.0	75.5	77.1
Private consumer expenditures ²	340.8	595.4	746.7	795.1	847.3	889.5	935.4	969.0	1,002.1
Percent met by private insurance	60.1	67.6	69.9	70.5	70.8	71.3	71.1	71.3	71.7
Hospital care	109.2	157.8	205.0	220.7	235.5	255.7	268.4	282.2	291.6
Percent met by private insurance	89.6	91.3	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.8	91.7	91.8	92.0
Physician and clinical services	97.4	168.8	215.7	231.4	251.6	266.3	282.0	291.9	306.3
Percent met by private insurance	69.0	80.9	82.6	82.7	82.6	82.6	82.5	82.8	83.1
Prescription drugs	33.0	92.9	127.5	136.2	144.6	143.1	146.7	147.0	149.8
Percent met by private insurance	32.2	64.0	65.4	66.1	66.3	67.2	66.7	67.0	67.3

¹ Includes nonpatient revenues and industrial implant health services. ² Includes expenditures, not shown separately. Represents out-of-pocket payments and private health insurance benefits. Excludes net cost of insurance.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group," <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 136. Personal Health Care Expenditures by Object and Source of Payment: 2008

[In millions of dollars (1,952,255 represents \$1,952,255,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and Island Areas. Covers all expenditures for health services and supplies, except net cost of insurance and administration, public health activities, and administration for government and philanthropic agencies for fund-raising activities]

Object of expenditure	Private Payments						Public	Third party payments ²
	Total	Total	Consumer		Other ¹			
			Total	Out-of-pocket payments		Private health insurance		
Total	1,952,255	1,044,490	968,957	277,778	691,179	75,533	907,765	1,674,477
Hospital care	718,360	309,310	282,209	23,197	259,013	27,101	409,050	695,164
Physician and clinical services	496,165	323,869	291,919	50,117	241,802	31,950	172,296	446,048
Dental services	101,230	93,907	93,773	44,606	49,167	134	7,323	56,624
Other professional services ³	65,700	43,336	39,797	16,419	23,378	3,539	22,364	49,281
Home health care	64,666	13,535	12,368	6,555	5,813	1,167	51,131	58,111
Prescription drugs	234,073	147,042	147,042	48,528	98,513	—	87,031	185,544
Other nondurable medical products	38,976	36,502	36,502	36,502	—	—	2,473	2,473
Durable medical equipment ³	26,556	18,141	18,141	14,947	3,194	—	8,415	11,609
Nursing home care	138,447	52,277	47,206	36,908	10,299	5,071	86,170	101,540
Other personal health care	68,083	6,571	—	—	—	6,571	61,511	68,082

— Represents zero. ¹ Includes nonpatient revenues and industrial implant. ² Covers private health insurance, other private payments (excluding out-of-pocket payments) and government. ³ See footnotes for corresponding objects on Table 132.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group," <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 137. Hospital Care, Physician and Clinical Service, Nursing Home Care, and Prescription Drug Expenditures by Source of Payment: 1990 to 2008

[In billions of dollars (251.6 represents \$251,600,000,000). Personal health care expenditures, excludes Puerto Rico and Island Areas]

Source of payment	1990	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Hospital care, total	251.6	416.9	527.4	566.5	607.5	649.4	687.6	718.4
Out-of-pocket payments	11.3	13.7	17.2	18.6	19.8	21.1	22.3	23.2
Third-party payments	240.3	403.2	510.2	547.8	587.8	628.3	665.3	695.2
Private health insurance	97.9	144.1	187.7	202.1	215.7	234.6	246.1	259.0
Other private funds	10.4	21.9	24.7	25.3	26.9	30.6	34.0	27.1
Public	132.0	237.2	297.7	320.5	345.1	363.1	385.1	409.1
Federal	101.7	191.9	241.0	259.7	277.5	291.1	307.6	330.7
State and local	30.3	45.3	56.7	60.7	67.6	72.0	77.5	78.3
Medicare ¹	67.8	124.4	152.9	165.3	179.1	187.4	196.2	211.3
Medicaid ²	26.7	71.1	90.3	96.8	105.1	110.8	119.5	122.7
Physician and clinical services, total	157.5	288.6	366.7	393.6	422.4	446.5	472.6	496.2
Out-of-pocket payments	30.2	32.2	37.6	40.1	43.8	46.3	49.2	50.1
Third-party payments	127.4	256.5	329.1	353.6	378.6	400.2	423.4	446.0
Private health insurance	67.2	136.6	178.1	191.4	207.8	220.0	232.7	241.8
Other private funds	11.3	22.2	26.0	26.5	27.4	29.0	30.7	32.0
Public	48.8	97.6	125.1	135.7	143.4	151.2	160.0	172.3
Federal	38.0	78.9	102.6	112.0	118.3	125.5	132.7	144.6
State and local	10.8	18.7	22.5	23.7	25.1	25.7	27.2	27.7
Medicare ¹	29.4	58.2	73.5	80.8	86.0	91.3	95.3	102.7
Medicaid ²	7.0	19.1	25.4	27.8	29.7	31.0	33.2	36.2
Nursing home care, total	52.6	95.3	110.5	115.2	120.7	125.1	132.4	138.4
Out-of-pocket payments	19.0	28.7	30.5	30.9	31.6	32.6	35.4	36.9
Third-party payments	33.6	66.6	79.9	84.2	89.1	92.5	96.9	101.5
Private health insurance	2.9	7.9	8.7	8.7	8.9	9.2	9.8	10.3
Other private funds	3.8	4.5	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	5.2	5.1
Public	26.9	54.1	67.1	71.3	75.8	78.8	81.9	86.2
Federal	16.3	36.4	46.0	49.1	51.9	54.3	57.2	62.1
State and local	10.6	17.8	21.1	22.2	24.0	24.5	24.7	24.1
Medicare ¹	1.7	10.1	14.7	16.9	19.0	21.0	23.4	25.7
Medicaid ²	24.1	42.0	49.7	51.5	53.7	54.5	54.9	56.3
Prescription drugs, total	40.3	120.6	174.2	188.8	199.7	217.0	226.8	234.1
Out-of-pocket payments	22.4	33.4	44.1	46.2	48.8	46.9	48.9	48.5
Third-party payments	17.9	87.2	130.1	142.6	150.9	170.1	177.8	185.5
Private health insurance	10.6	59.5	83.4	90.0	95.8	96.2	97.8	98.5
Other private funds	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Public	7.3	27.7	46.6	52.5	55.1	73.9	80.0	87.0
Federal	3.2	15.9	27.8	31.4	32.6	58.7	65.4	72.5
State and local	4.0	11.8	18.9	21.1	22.5	15.2	14.7	14.5
Medicare ¹	0.2	2.1	2.5	3.4	3.9	39.6	46.0	52.1
Medicaid ²	5.1	20.2	32.5	36.3	37.2	19.1	18.8	19.4

— Represents zero. ¹ Medicare expenditures come from federal funds. ² Medicaid expenditures come from federal, state, and local funds.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group," <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 138. Consumer Price Indexes of Medical Care Prices: 1980 to 2009

[1982–1984 = 100. Indexes are annual averages of monthly data based on components of consumer price index for all urban consumers; for explanation, see text, Section 14 and Appendix III]

Year	Medical care, total	Medical care services					Medical care commodities		Annual percent change ³		
		Total ¹	Professional services			Hospital and related services	Total ²	Prescription drugs and medical supplies	Medical care, total	Medical care services	Medical care commodities
			Total ¹	Physicians	Dental						
1980 . . .	74.9	74.8	77.9	76.5	78.9	69.2	75.4	72.5	11.0	11.3	9.3
1985 . . .	113.5	113.2	113.5	113.3	114.2	116.1	115.2	120.1	6.3	6.1	7.2
1990 . . .	162.8	162.7	156.1	160.8	155.8	178.0	163.4	181.7	9.0	9.3	8.4
1995 . . .	220.5	224.2	201.0	208.8	206.8	257.8	204.5	235.0	4.5	5.1	1.9
2000 . . .	260.8	266.0	237.7	244.7	258.5	317.3	238.1	285.4	4.1	4.3	3.2
2003 . . .	297.1	306.0	261.2	267.7	292.5	394.8	262.8	328.3	4.0	4.5	2.5
2004 . . .	310.1	321.3	271.5	278.3	306.9	417.9	269.3	337.1	4.4	5.0	2.5
2005 . . .	323.2	336.7	281.7	287.5	324.0	439.9	276.0	349.0	4.2	4.8	2.5
2006 . . .	336.2	350.6	289.3	291.9	340.9	468.1	285.9	363.9	4.0	4.1	3.6
2007 . . .	351.1	369.3	300.8	303.2	358.4	498.9	290.0	369.2	4.4	5.3	1.4
2008 . . .	364.1	384.9	311.0	311.3	376.9	534.0	296.0	378.3	3.7	4.2	2.1
2009 . . .	375.6	397.3	319.4	320.8	388.1	567.9	305.1	391.1	3.2	3.2	3.1

¹ Includes other services not shown separately. ² Includes other commodities not shown separately. ³ Percent change from the immediate prior year.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, "CPI Detailed Report, Data for January 2010," <http://www.bls.gov/cpi/cpi_dr.htm>. See also "Monthly Labor Review Online," <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/mlr/>>.

Table 139. Average Annual Expenditures Per Consumer Unit for Health Care: 2006 to 2008

[In dollars, except percent. See text, Section 13 and headnote, Table 679. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Item	Health care, total		Drugs and medical supplies ¹			Percent distribution		
	Amount	Percent of total expenditures	Health insurance	Medical services	medical supplies ¹	Health insurance	Medical services	Drugs and medical supplies ¹
2006	2,766	5.7	1,465	670	631	53.0	24.2	22.8
2007	2,853	5.7	1,545	709	599	54.2	24.9	21.0
2008	2,976	5.9	1,653	727	596	55.5	24.4	20.0
Age of reference person:								
Under 25 years old	682	2.3	389	143	150	57.0	21.0	22.0
25 to 34 years old	1,737	3.6	983	472	282	56.6	27.2	16.2
35 to 44 years old	2,499	4.2	1,341	711	447	53.7	28.5	17.9
45 to 54 years old	2,930	4.8	1,523	838	570	52.0	28.6	19.5
55 to 64 years old	3,825	7.0	1,945	1,022	858	50.8	26.7	22.4
65 to 74 years old	4,779	11.5	2,901	853	1,025	60.7	17.8	21.4
75 years old and over	4,413	13.9	2,783	728	902	63.1	16.5	20.4
Race of reference person:								
White and other	3,169	6.0	1,743	787	638	55.0	24.8	20.1
Black	1,595	4.3	1,015	292	288	63.6	18.3	18.1
Origin of reference person:								
Hispanic	1,571	3.6	816	407	349	51.9	25.9	22.2
Non-Hispanic	3,160	6.1	1,763	768	628	55.8	24.3	19.9
Region of residence:								
Northeast	3,035	5.5	1,758	693	584	57.9	22.8	19.2
Midwest	3,049	6.4	1,729	717	602	56.7	23.5	19.7
South	2,849	6.1	1,592	655	603	55.9	23.0	21.2
West	3,057	5.5	1,588	881	588	51.9	28.8	19.2
Size of consumer unit:								
One person	1,821	6.0	1,070	387	363	58.8	21.3	19.9
Two or more persons	3,448	5.9	1,892	865	691	54.9	25.1	20.0
Two persons	3,972	7.4	2,204	937	830	55.5	23.6	20.9
Three persons	2,944	4.9	1,615	716	613	54.9	24.3	20.8
Four persons	3,039	4.6	1,700	798	540	55.9	26.3	17.8
Five persons or more	3,022	4.6	1,527	946	548	50.5	31.3	18.1
Income before taxes:								
Quintiles of income:								
Lowest 20 percent	1,624	7.3	985	296	342	60.7	18.2	21.1
Second 20 percent	2,457	7.7	1,438	476	543	58.5	19.4	22.1
Third 20 percent	2,886	6.8	1,667	625	593	57.8	21.7	20.5
Fourth 20 percent	3,518	6.0	1,869	980	669	53.1	27.9	19.0
Highest 20 percent	4,391	4.5	2,306	1,255	830	52.5	28.6	18.9
Education:								
Less than a high school graduate	2,008	6.7	1,204	359	444	60.0	17.9	22.1
High school graduate	2,733	6.7	1,576	576	580	57.7	21.1	21.2
High school graduate with some college	2,788	5.9	1,490	721	578	53.4	25.9	20.7
Associate's degree	3,158	5.9	1,770	796	592	56.0	25.2	18.7
Bachelor's degree	3,477	5.3	1,893	933	651	54.4	26.8	18.7
Master's, professional, doctoral degree	4,270	5.4	2,286	1,193	791	53.5	27.9	18.5

¹ Includes prescription and nonprescription drugs.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Consumer Expenditure Survey*, annual, <<http://www.bls.gov/cex/>>.

Table 140. Medicare Disbursements by Type of Beneficiary: 1990 to 2009

[In millions of dollars (109,709 represents \$109,709,000,000). For years ending Sept. 30. Distribution of benefits by type is estimated and subject to change. See headnote, Table 145]

Selected type of beneficiary	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008 ¹	2009
Total disbursements	109,709	180,096	219,276	336,876	380,457	434,829	455,076	499,837
HI, Part A disbursements ²	66,687	114,883	130,284	184,142	184,901	202,827	230,240	241,618
Benefits	65,722	113,394	125,992	181,934	185,100	203,990	226,275	237,946
Aged	58,503	100,107	110,261	155,925	157,273	172,748	184,267	201,135
Disabled	7,218	13,288	15,731	26,009	27,827	31,242	33,524	36,811
SMI, Part B disbursements ²	43,022	65,213	88,992	151,537	161,647	179,651	177,709	200,931
Benefits	41,498	63,490	88,875	147,449	154,381	172,698	183,289	197,263
Aged	36,837	54,830	76,340	122,905	127,848	142,839	151,298	162,403
Disabled	4,661	8,660	12,535	24,544	26,534	29,859	31,991	34,860
SMI, Part D disbursements ²	(X)	(X)	(X)	1,198	33,909	52,351	47,126	57,288
Benefits	(X)	(X)	(X)	73	33,506	51,336	46,734	56,889
Transitional assistance benefit payments	(X)	(X)	(X)	1,125	229	10	-	-

— Represents or rounds to zero. X Not applicable. ¹ A transfer of expenditures between Parts A and B took place during 2008 that corrected for accounting errors that happened during FY 2005–2007. The transfer is reflected in the “Benefits” data and is the sum of “Aged, Disabled, and Transfer.” The Part A “Benefits” total increased by \$8,484,000,000 while Part B “Benefits” total decreased by the same amount. ² Other types, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Trustees Report and Trust Funds, and unpublished data. See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/ReportsTrustFunds/>>.

Table 141. Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)—Enrollment and Expenditures by State: 2000 and 2009

[(3,357.4 represents 3,357,400) For year ending September 30. This program provides health benefits coverage to children living in families whose incomes exceed the eligibility limits for Medicaid. Although it is generally targeted to families with incomes at or below 200 percent of the federal poverty level, each state may set its own income eligibility limits, within certain guidelines. States have three options: they may expand their Medicaid programs, develop a separate child health program that functions independently of Medicaid, or do a combination of both. See text, this section, regarding the change from SCHIP to CHIP]

State	Enrollment ¹ (1,000)		Expenditures ² (mil. dol.)		State	Enrollment ¹ (1,000)		Expenditures ² (mil. dol.)	
	2000	2009	2000	2009		2000	2009	2000	2009
U.S.	3,357.4	7,717.3	1,928.8	7,319.0	MO	72.8	103.7	41.2	100.9
AL	37.6	110.2	31.9	116.4	MT	8.3	25.7	4.3	31.4
AK	13.4	11.7	18.1	16.2	NE	11.4	48.1	6.1	36.7
AZ	59.6	105.1	29.4	194.3	NV	15.9	34.0	9.0	22.7
AR	1.9	101.3	1.5	79.5	NH	4.3	13.2	1.6	13.3
CA	484.4	1,748.1	187.3	1,139.2	NJ	89.0	167.0	46.9	442.5
CO	34.9	102.4	13.9	102.3	NM	8.0	16.1	3.4	283.0
CT	19.9	21.8	12.8	34.5	NY	769.5	532.6	401.0	345.3
DE	4.5	12.6	1.5	11.4	NC	103.6	252.6	65.5	220.0
DC	2.3	9.3	5.8	11.2	ND	2.6	7.0	1.8	13.1
FL	227.5	417.4	125.7	286.4	OH	118.3	265.7	53.1	252.0
GA	120.6	254.4	48.7	225.6	OK	57.7	123.7	51.3	116.0
HI	(Z)	24.7	0.4	20.1	OR	37.1	62.1	12.5	74.4
ID	12.4	44.3	7.5	39.6	PA	119.7	264.8	70.7	246.3
IL	62.5	376.6	32.7	247.6	RI	11.5	19.6	10.4	19.5
IN	44.4	138.6	53.7	81.0	SC	60.4	85.0	46.6	84.2
IA	20.0	52.6	15.5	59.2	SD	5.9	15.3	3.1	16.7
KS	26.3	48.1	12.8	50.9	TN	14.9	83.3	41.7	113.7
KY	55.6	73.1	60.0	110.4	TX	131.1	869.9	41.4	702.2
LA	50.0	170.1	25.3	189.7	UT	25.3	59.8	12.8	55.6
ME	22.7	31.3	11.4	34.8	VT	4.1	7.1	1.4	6.0
MD	93.1	124.6	92.2	154.9	VA	37.7	167.6	18.6	148.4
MA	113.0	143.0	44.2	227.4	WA	2.6	27.4	0.6	33.5
MI	55.4	72.0	36.2	186.9	WV	21.7	38.2	9.7	38.2
MN	(Z)	5.5	(Z)	34.6	WI	47.1	132.9	21.4	91.0
MS	12.2	86.8	21.1	148.6	WY	2.5	8.9	1.0	9.1

Z Less than 50 or \$50,000. ¹ Number of children ever enrolled during the year in Children's Health Insurance Program. ² Expenditures for which states are entitled to federal reimbursement under Title XXI and which reconciles any advance of Title XXI federal funds made on the basis of estimates.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, *The Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), Annual Enrollment Report* and the Statement of Expenditures for the CHIP Program (CMS-21). See also <<http://www.cms.gov/NationalCHIPPolicy/>> and <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/medicaid/mbes/default.asp>>.

Table 142. Medicare Enrollees: 1990 to 2009

[In millions (34.3 represents 34,300,000). As of July 1. Includes Puerto Rico and Island Areas and enrollees in foreign countries and unknown place of residence. SMI is Supplemental Medical Insurance. See headnote, Table 145]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total	34.3	37.6	39.7	42.6	43.4	44.3	45.2	45.9
Aged	31.0	33.2	34.3	35.8	36.3	37.0	37.8	38.3
Disabled	3.3	4.4	5.4	6.8	7.1	7.3	7.4	7.6
Hospital insurance, Part A	33.7	37.2	39.3	42.2	43.1	43.9	44.9	45.6
Aged	30.5	32.7	33.8	35.4	36.0	36.6	37.5	38.0
Disabled	3.3	4.4	5.4	6.8	7.1	7.3	7.4	7.6
SMI, Part B	32.6	35.6	37.3	39.8	40.4	41.1	41.7	42.4
Aged	29.6	31.7	32.6	33.8	34.1	34.6	35.2	35.7
Disabled	2.9	3.9	4.8	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.6	6.7
SMI, Part D	(X)	(X)	(X)	1.8	30.5	31.2	32.3	33.2
Medicare Advantage ¹	1.3	2.7	6.2	5.8	7.3	8.7	10.0	10.9

X Not applicable. ¹ Prior to 2004, Medicare Advantage was referred to as Medicare + Choice.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, CMS Statistics Medicare Enrollment, "National Trends," <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicareEnrpts/>>.

Table 143. Medicare—Enrollment by State and Other Areas: 2000 to 2008

[In thousands (39,620 represents 39,620,000). Hospital (HI) and/or supplementary medical insurance (SMI) enrollment as of July 1]

State and area	2000	2005	2007	2008	State and area	2000	2005	2007	2008
All areas ¹	39,620	42,395	44,263	45,412	MT	137	146	156	160
U.S.	38,762	41,003	43,259	44,385	NE	254	259	268	271
AL	685	740	789	809	NV	240	294	318	330
AK	42	51	57	60	NH	170	185	204	212
AZ	675	777	841	870	NJ	1,203	1,215	1,257	1,283
AR	439	464	496	509	NM	234	261	285	294
CA	3,901	4,158	4,369	4,492	NY	2,715	2,758	2,841	2,891
CO	467	513	558	579	NC	1,133	1,255	1,359	1,405
CT	515	520	537	549	ND	103	103	105	107
DE	112	125	136	141	OH	1,701	1,731	1,805	1,841
DC	75	72	74	75	OK	508	531	565	578
FL	2,804	3,008	3,133	3,212	OR	489	532	567	584
GA	916	1,016	1,111	1,153	PA	2,095	2,108	2,184	2,221
HI	165	180	189	194	RI	172	171	175	178
ID	165	188	207	214	SC	568	637	697	724
IL	1,635	1,674	1,741	1,775	SD	119	123	129	132
IN	852	893	941	964	TN	829	903	975	1,004
IA	477	484	500	506	TX	2,265	2,491	2,708	2,802
KS	390	397	412	418	UT	206	231	254	264
KY	623	668	711	728	VT	89	95	102	105
LA	602	630	639	656	VA	893	981	1,045	1,079
ME	216	233	247	253	WA	736	807	873	903
MD	645	687	723	745	WV	338	351	367	373
MA	961	961	997	1,019	WI	783	818	854	874
MI	1,403	1,468	1,541	1,580	WY	65	70	74	76
MN	654	691	729	749	Outlying areas ²	537	622	(NA)	(NA)
MS	419	449	469	479	Pending state designations ³	321	769	(NA)	(NA)
MO	861	901	946	966					

NA Not available. ¹ Includes outlying areas and pending state designation. ² Includes American Samoa, Federated States of Micronesia, Guam Marshall Islands, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, and Wake Island. ³ Include foreign countries and unknown places of residence.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Data Compendium," <<http://www.cms.gov/DataCompendium/>>.

Table 144. Medicaid—Selected Characteristics of Persons Covered: 2008

[In thousands, except percent (42,411 represents 42,411,000). Represents number of persons as of March of following year who were enrolled at any time in year shown. Excludes unrelated individuals under age 15. Persons did not have to receive medical care paid for by Medicaid in order to be counted. See headnote, Table 565]

Poverty status	Poverty status								
	Total ¹	White alone ²	Black alone ³	Asian alone ⁴	Hispanic ⁵	Under 18 years	18–44 years	45–64 years	65 years and over
Persons covered, total	42,411	29,082	9,613	1,538	11,517	22,324	10,701	5,957	3,428
Below poverty level	17,716	10,979	5,141	585	5,274	9,810	4,609	2,331	965
Above poverty level	24,695	18,103	4,472	953	6,243	12,514	6,092	3,626	2,463
Percent of population covered	14.1	12.1	25.3	11.6	24.3	30.1	9.7	7.6	9.1
Below poverty level	44.5	40.7	54.8	37.1	48.0	69.7	30.9	32.4	26.4
Above poverty level	9.5	8.5	15.6	8.1	17.1	20.9	6.4	5.1	7.2

¹ Includes other races, not shown separately. ² White alone refers to people who reported White and did not report any other race category. ³ Black alone refers to people who reported Black and did not report any other race category. ⁴ Asian alone refers to people who reported Asian and did not report any other race category. ⁵ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 2008*, Current Population Reports, P60-236, 2009; Table HI02, "Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for People in the Poverty Universe: 2008" and Table HI03, "Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for Poor People in the Poverty Universe: 2008." See also <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/cpstable030210/health/toc.htm>>.

Table 145. Medicare Benefits by Type of Provider: 1990 to 2009

[In millions of dollars (65,721 represents \$65,721,000,000). For years ending Sept. 30. Distribution of benefits by type is estimated and subject to change. The Medicare program has two components: Hospital Insurance (HI) or Medicare Part A and Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) consisting of Medicare Part B and Part D. See text in this section for details. See footnote 1, Table 140, for 2008 data changes]

Type of provider	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Hospital insurance benefits								
(Part A), total	65,721	113,395	125,992	181,934	185,100	203,990	226,275	237,946
Inpatient hospital	57,012	81,095	86,561	122,656	122,101	125,918	128,754	137,477
Skilled nursing facility	2,761	8,684	10,269	18,712	19,658	22,161	23,919	25,494
Home health agency	3,295	15,715	4,880	5,885	5,864	6,233	6,570	6,844
Hospice	318	1,854	2,818	7,679	8,811	10,448	11,399	12,514
Managed care	2,335	6,047	21,463	27,001	28,667	39,230	47,150	55,617
Supplementary medical insurance benefits (Part B), total								
41,498	63,490	88,876	147,449	154,381	172,698	174,805	197,263	
Physician fee schedule	(NA)	31,110	35,958	57,211	57,923	58,832	59,762	61,665
Durable medical equipment	(NA)	3,576	4,577	7,894	8,266	8,138	8,534	9,056
Carrier lab ¹	(NA)	2,819	2,194	3,521	3,678	4,049	4,172	4,654
Other carrier ²	(NA)	4,513	7,154	15,195	15,253	15,695	16,395	17,029
Hospital ³	(NA)	8,448	8,516	18,970	20,042	22,725	23,054	24,971
Home health	(NA)	223	4,281	6,750	7,442	9,056	9,956	10,456
Intermediary lab ⁴	(NA)	1,437	1,748	2,821	2,813	3,048	2,976	3,199
Other intermediary ⁵	(NA)	5,110	6,099	11,353	11,751	13,430	13,236	14,498
Managed care	(NA)	6,253	18,348	23,735	27,213	37,724	45,203	51,735
Supplementary medical insurance benefits (Part D), total ⁶								
(X)	(X)	(X)	1,198	33,735	51,346	46,734	56,889	

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Lab services paid under the lab fee schedule performed in a physician's office lab or an independent lab. ² Includes free-standing ambulatory surgical centers facility costs, ambulance, and supplies. ³ Includes the hospital facility costs for Medicare Part B services which are predominantly in the outpatient department. The physician reimbursement associated with these services is included on the "Physician Fee Schedule" line. ⁴ Lab fee services paid under the lab fee schedule performed in a hospital outpatient department. ⁵ Includes ESRD free-standing dialysis facility payments and payments to rural health federally qualified health centers. ⁶ Starting with 2006, Part D provides subsidized access to drug insurance coverage on a voluntary basis for all beneficiaries and premium and cost-sharing subsidies for low-income enrollees. Benefits prior to 2006 were for transitional assistance to beneficiaries with low income.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, unpublished data. See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/ReportsTrustFunds/>>.

Table 146. Medicare Insurance Trust Funds: 1990 to 2008

[In billions of dollars (126.3 represents \$126,300,000,000). SMI is Supplemental Medical Insurance. See headnote, Table 145]

Type of trust fund	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
TOTAL MEDICARE									
Total income	126.3	175.3	257.1	317.7	357.5	437.0	462.1	480.8	511.4
Total expenditures	111.0	184.2	221.8	308.9	336.4	408.3	431.7	468.1	511.1
Assets, end of year	114.4	143.4	221.5	288.8	309.8	338.5	368.9	381.6	381.8
HOSPITAL INSURANCE (Part A)									
Net contribution income ¹	72.1	103.3	154.5	167.2	182.6	194.3	205.4	213.5	206.3
Interest received ²	8.5	10.8	11.7	16.0	16.1	16.4	17.4	16.3	17.0
Benefit payments ³	66.2	116.4	126.8	167.6	180.0	189.0	200.2	232.3	242.3
Assets, end of year	98.9	130.3	177.5	269.3	285.8	305.4	326.0	321.3	300.8
SMI (Part B)									
Net premium income	11.3	19.7	20.6	31.4	37.5	42.9	46.8	50.2	56.7
Transfers from general revenue	33.0	39.0	65.9	100.4	118.1	132.7	139.6	146.8	163.8
Interest received ²	1.6	1.6	3.5	1.5	1.4	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.1
Benefit payments ³	42.5	65.0	88.9	135.0	149.2	165.9	176.4	180.3	199.6
Assets, end of year	15.5	13.1	44.0	19.4	24.0	32.3	42.1	59.4	80.3
SMI (Part D)									
Net premium income	(X)	(X)	(X)	—	—	3.5	4.0	5.0	6.3
Transfers from general revenue ⁴	(X)	(X)	(X)	0.4	1.1	39.1	38.7	37.3	48.5
Interest received	(X)	(X)	(X)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Benefit payments ⁴	(X)	(X)	(X)	0.4	1.1	47.0	48.8	49.0	62.6
Assets, end of year	(X)	(X)	(X)	—	—	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.7

— Represents zero. X Not applicable. ¹ Includes income from taxation of benefits beginning in 1994. Includes premiums from aged ineligible enrolled in Hospital Insurance (HI). ² Includes recoveries of amounts reimbursed from the trust fund. ³ Beginning 1998, monies transferred to the SMI trust fund for home health agency costs, as provided for by P.L. 105-33, are included in HI benefit payments but excluded from SMI benefit payments. ⁴ These amounts for 2004 and 2005 include amounts transferred for transitional assistance for Part D of Medicare.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund and Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund. See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/ReportsTrustFunds/>>.

Table 147. Medicaid—Beneficiaries and Payments: 2000 to 2008

[For year ending September 30 (42,887 represents 42,887,000)]

Basis of eligibility and type of service	Beneficiaries (1,000) ¹				Payments (mil. dol.)			
	2000	2005	2007	2008 ²	2000	2005	2007	2008 ²
Total	42,887	57,650	56,821	58,133	168,443	274,851	276,246	296,284
Age 65 and over	3,730	4,395	4,044	4,143	44,560	63,415	57,179	60,908
Blind/Disabled	6,890	8,211	8,427	8,697	72,772	119,305	119,617	129,207
Children	19,018	341	26,585	27,068	23,490	41,863	47,731	51,152
Adults	8,671	532	12,365	12,859	17,671	32,165	33,697	37,099
Foster care children	761	875	942	959	3,309	5,286	5,985	5,927
Unknown	3,817	5,268	4,418	4,362	6,639	12,539	11,581	11,480
BCCA WOMEN ³	(NA)	29	41	44	(NA)	281	456	510
Capitated care ⁴	21,292	33,496	36,627	37,865	25,026	46,421	58,536	68,015
Clinic services	7,678	11,918	11,698	11,834	6,138	8,921	8,668	9,107
Dental services	5,922	9,317	9,533	9,788	1,413	3,040	3,244	3,803
Home health services	1,007	1,195	1,190	1,143	3,133	5,362	6,348	6,602
ICF/MR services ⁵	119	1,098	104	102	9,376	11,709	11,778	12,568
Inpatient hospital services	4,913	5,480	5,134	5,244	24,131	35,131	36,919	37,162
Lab and X-ray services	11,439	15,959	15,788	15,590	1,292	2,917	2,928	2,919
Mental health facility services ⁶	100	120	112	108	1,769	2,301	2,397	2,374
Nursing facility services	1,706	1,711	1,645	1,617	34,528	44,790	46,523	47,711
Other care ⁷	9,022	12,346	12,001	12,242	14,755	26,421	31,281	34,172
Outpatient hospital services	13,170	16,234	14,896	14,766	7,082	10,011	10,358	10,875
Other practitioner services	4,758	5,893	5,426	5,147	664	1,180	921	889
PCCM services ⁸	5,649	8,723	7,090	8,718	177	232	235	276
Prescribed drugs	20,325	28,390	23,923	24,003	19,898	42,849	22,160	23,384
Physician services	18,965	2,438	22,047	21,650	6,809	11,269	10,075	10,489
Personal support services ⁹	4,559	6,807	6,563	6,365	11,629	20,657	23,197	24,521
Sterilizations	137	176	147	138	128	211	163	143
Unknown	74	73	91	87	496	1,428	516	1,274

NA Not available. ¹ Beneficiaries data do not add due to number of beneficiaries that are reported in more than one category. ² 2008 data not available for Hawaii, North Dakota, Utah, Vermont, and Wisconsin; 2007 data is reported. ³ Women-Breast and Cervical Cancer Assistance. ⁴ HMO payments and prepaid health plans. ⁵ Intermediate care facilities and/or for mentally retarded. ⁶ Inpatient mental health-aged and inpatient mental health-under 21. ⁷ Includes beneficiaries of, and payments for, other care not shown separately. ⁸ Primary Care Case Management Services. ⁹ Includes personal care services, rehabilitative services, physical occupational targeted case management services, speech therapies, hospice services, nurse midwife services, nurse practitioner services, private duty nursing services, and religious nonmedical health care institutions.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Medicaid Program Statistics, Medicaid Statistical Information System," <http://www.cms.gov/MedicaidDataSourcesGenInfo/02_MSISData.asp>.

Table 148. Medicaid—Summary by State: 2000 and 2008

[[42,887 represents 42,887,000]. For year ending September 30]

State	Beneficiaries ¹ (1,000)		Payments ² (mil. dol.)		State	Beneficiaries ¹ (1,000)		Payments ² (mil. dol.)	
	2000	2008 ³	2000	2008 ³		2000	2008 ³	2000	2008 ³
U.S.	42,887	58,133	168,443	296,284	MO	890	1,054	3,274	5,225
AL	619	830	2,393	3,508	MT	104	113	422	655
AK	96	119	473	974	NE	229	249	960	1,536
AZ	681	1,399	2,112	6,584	NV	138	249	516	1,130
AR	489	827	1,543	3,251	NH	97	131	651	935
CA	7,918	10,515	17,105	32,245	NJ	822	1,065	4,714	7,713
CO	381	626	1,809	2,985	NM	376	507	1,249	3,058
CT	420	524	2,839	4,144	NY	3,420	4,869	26,148	43,041
DE	115	181	529	1,137	NC	1,214	1,785	4,834	8,925
DC	139	168	793	1,739	ND	63	71	358	493
FL	2,373	2,871	7,433	13,224	OH	1,305	2,062	7,115	12,062
GA	1,369	1,712	3,624	6,863	OK	507	765	1,604	3,350
HI	194	224	600	993	OR	558	487	1,714	2,460
ID	131	233	594	1,263	PA	1,492	2,134	6,366	12,501
IL	1,519	2,317	7,807	10,235	RI	179	204	1,070	1,648
IN	706	1,126	2,977	4,941	SC	689	871	2,765	4,347
IA	314	498	1,477	2,691	SD	102	137	402	673
KS	263	351	1,227	2,296	TN	1,568	1,471	3,491	6,362
KY	764	893	2,921	4,475	TX	2,633	3,993	9,277	16,657
LA	761	1,157	2,632	4,991	UT	225	243	960	1,395
ME	194	306	1,310	1,355	VT	139	157	480	812
MD	626	757	3,003	5,578	VA	627	839	2,479	4,661
MA	1,060	1,230	5,413	8,991	WA	896	1,188	2,435	5,834
MI	1,352	1,790	4,881	9,231	WV	342	378	1,394	2,402
MN	558	763	3,280	6,646	WI	577	967	2,968	4,441
MS	605	657	1,808	3,124	WY	46	69	215	503

¹ Persons who had payments made on their behalf at any time during the fiscal year. ² Payments are for fiscal year and reflect federal and state contribution payments. Data exclude disproportionate share hospital payments. Disproportionate share hospitals receive higher medicare reimbursement than other hospitals because they treat a disproportionate share of medicare patients.

³ 2008 data not available for Hawaii, North Dakota, Utah, Vermont, and Wisconsin; 2007 data are reported.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Medicaid, Program Statistics, Medicaid Statistical Information System," <http://www.cms.gov/MedicaidDataSourcesGenInfo/02_MSISData.asp>.

Table 149. Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment by State and Other Areas: 1995 to 2009

[For year ending June 30. (33,373 represents 33,373,000)]

State and other areas	Total enrollment ¹ (1,000)	Managed care enrollment ²		State and other areas	Total enrollment ¹ (1,000)	Managed care enrollment ²		State and other areas	Total enrollment ¹ (1,000)	Managed care enrollment ²	
		Number (1,000)	Percent of total			Number (1,000)	Percent of total			Number (1,000)	Percent of total
1995.....	33,373	9,800	29.4	HI.....	235	228	97.0	NY.....	4,422	2,927	66.2
2000.....	33,690	18,786	55.8	ID.....	198	167	84.1	NC.....	1,442	1,012	70.2
2004.....	44,356	28,914	65.0	IL.....	2,321	1,278	55.1	ND.....	60	41	67.6
2005.....	45,392	28,576	63.0	IN.....	962	712	74.0	OH.....	1,952	1,375	70.4
2006.....	45,653	29,830	65.3	IA.....	398	330	82.9	OK.....	626	553	88.5
2007.....	45,962	29,463	64.1	KS.....	297	257	86.6	OR.....	475	418	88.1
2008.....	47,143	33,428	70.1	KY.....	769	638	83.0	PA.....	1,920	1,577	82.1
2009,				LA.....	1,007	692	68.7	RI.....	178	111	62.1
total... 50,472	36,202	71.7	ME.....	280	178	63.7	SC.....	763	763	100.0	
U.S..... 49,451	35,225	71.2	MD.....	787	620	78.7	SD.....	107	85	79.7	
AL.....	812	540	66.5	MA.....	1,227	731	59.6	TN.....	1,231	1,231	100.0
AK.....	102	-	-	MI.....	1,630	1,447	88.8	TX.....	3,343	2,161	64.6
AZ.....	1,223	1,096	89.6	MN.....	675	426	63.1	UT.....	238	205	85.9
AR.....	645	511	79.2	MS.....	674	513	76.1	VT.....	157	137	87.8
CA.....	6,956	3,633	52.2	MO.....	895	883	98.7	VA.....	815	521	63.9
CO.....	468	445	95.1	MT.....	85	56	66.6	WA.....	1,103	949	86.0
CT.....	456	343	75.2	NE.....	215	180	83.6	WV.....	326	150	46.0
DE.....	171	126	73.9	NV.....	213	179	83.7	WI.....	1,005	607	60.4
DC.....	154	150	96.0	NH.....	124	97	77.6	WY.....	64	-	-
FL.....	2,426	1,601	92.0	NJ.....	969	726	74.9	PR.....	1,013	978	96.5
GA.....	1,386	1,275	92.0	NM.....	465	345	74.2	VI.....	8	-	-

- Represents zero. ¹ The unduplicated Medicaid enrollment figures include individuals in state health care reform programs that expand eligibility beyond traditional Medicaid eligibility standards. ² The unduplicated managed care enrollment figures include enrollees receiving comprehensive and limited benefits.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "2009 Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment Report," <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicaidDataSourcesGenInfo/04_MdManCrEnrllRep.asp>.

Table 150. Persons Enrolled in Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) by State: 2007 and 2008

[As of January 1 (74,698 represents 74,698,000). Data are based on a census of health maintenance organizations]

State	Number 2008 (1,000)	Percent of population		State	Number 2008 (1,000)	Percent of population		State	Number 2008 (1,000)	Percent of population	
		2007	2008			2007	2008			2007	2008
U.S.	74,698	24.7	24.8								
AL.....	201	3.6	4.3	KY.....	408	8.1	9.6	ND.....	10	0.2	1.5
AK.....	7	1.0	1.1	LA.....	352	8.6	8.2	OH.....	2,466	20.3	21.5
AZ.....	1,942	29.2	30.6	ME.....	152	29.4	11.5	OK.....	263	7.2	7.3
AR.....	106	3.4	3.7	MD.....	1,701	29.3	30.3	OR.....	1,007	25.3	26.9
CA.....	16,415	44.6	44.9	MA.....	2,964	48.1	46.0	PA.....	3,744	30.6	30.1
CO.....	1,053	23.8	21.7	MI.....	2,841	28.1	28.2	RI.....	223	22.6	21.0
CT.....	1,349	41.2	38.5	MN.....	939	14.1	18.1	SC.....	417	7.8	9.5
DE.....	201	26.0	23.3	MS.....	54	0.9	1.8	SD.....	148	17.7	18.5
DC.....	377	64.0	64.1	MO.....	1,164	23.0	19.8	TN.....	1,897	31.1	30.8
FL.....	4,400	24.1	24.1	MT.....	62	5.1	6.5	TX.....	3,702	12.8	15.5
GA.....	2,099	26.5	22.0	NE.....	135	6.9	7.6	UT.....	970	35.1	36.7
HI.....	650	46.7	50.6	NV.....	608	23.0	23.7	VT.....	86	19.9	13.8
ID.....	86	4.6	5.7	NH.....	219	23.2	16.7	VA.....	1,665	21.5	21.6
IL.....	1,762	13.9	13.7	NJ.....	2,284	26.5	26.3	WA.....	1,423	20.0	22.0
IN.....	1,098	24.1	17.3	NM.....	591	23.3	30.0	WV.....	277	11.3	15.3
IA.....	327	9.7	11.0	NY.....	6,500	32.3	33.7	WI.....	1,507	23.8	26.9
KS.....	471	14.9	17.0	NC.....	838	8.3	9.2	WY.....	21	2.6	4.1

Source: HealthLeaders-InterStudy, Nashville, TN, *The Competitive Edge* (copyright). See also <<http://www.interstudypublications.com/>>.

Table 151. Health Insurance Coverage Status by Selected Characteristics: 2007 and 2008

[(299,106 represents 299,106,000). Persons as of following year for coverage in the year shown. Government health insurance includes Medicare, Medicaid, and military plans. Based on Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC); see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Number (1,000)							Percent			
	Total persons	Covered by private or government health insurance					Not covered by health insurance	Covered by private or government health insurance			Not covered by health insurance
		Total ¹	Private		Government			Total ¹	Private	Medicaid	
			Total	Group health ²	Medicare	Medicaid					
2007³	299,106	253,449	201,991	177,446	41,375	39,554	45,657	84.7	67.5	13.2	15.3
2008	301,483	255,143	200,992	176,332	43,029	42,641	46,340	84.6	66.7	14.1	15.4
Age:											
Under 18 years	74,510	67,161	47,282	43,874	623	22,555	7,348	90.1	63.5	30.3	9.9
Under 6 years	25,273	23,064	14,828	13,989	252	9,178	2,209	91.3	58.7	36.3	8.7
6 to 11 years	24,001	21,791	15,456	14,503	179	7,250	2,211	90.8	64.4	30.2	9.2
12 to 17 years	25,236	22,307	16,998	15,382	192	6,127	2,929	88.4	67.4	24.3	11.6
18 to 24 years	28,688	20,488	16,947	13,450	254	3,798	8,200	71.4	59.1	13.2	28.6
25 to 34 years	40,520	29,766	25,879	24,130	546	3,748	10,754	73.5	63.9	9.2	26.5
35 to 44 years	41,322	33,287	29,780	27,899	970	3,155	8,035	80.6	72.1	7.6	19.4
45 to 54 years	44,366	37,312	33,234	30,861	1,967	3,313	7,054	84.1	74.9	7.5	15.9
55 to 64 years	34,289	29,989	25,584	22,906	3,365	2,644	4,301	87.5	74.6	7.7	12.5
65 years and over	37,788	37,142	22,287	13,212	35,304	3,428	646	98.3	59.0	9.1	1.7
Sex:											
Male	148,094	122,886	98,346	87,414	18,860	19,421	25,208	83.0	66.4	13.1	17.0
Female	153,388	132,257	102,647	88,917	24,169	23,220	21,131	86.2	66.9	15.1	13.8
Race: White alone ⁴	240,852	205,962	166,916	145,183	36,469	29,224	34,890	85.5	69.3	12.1	14.5
Black alone ⁴	38,076	30,792	19,894	18,371	4,539	9,686	7,284	80.9	52.2	25.6	19.1
Asian alone ⁵	13,315	10,971	9,081	8,094	1,258	1,548	2,344	82.4	68.2	11.6	17.6
Hispanic origin ⁵	47,485	32,928	20,779	19,094	3,218	11,559	14,558	69.3	43.8	24.3	30.7
Household income:											
Less than \$25,000	55,814	42,142	16,567	10,152	15,732	19,889	13,673	75.5	29.7	35.6	24.5
\$25,000-\$49,999	69,621	54,712	38,734	31,899	13,211	12,736	14,908	78.6	55.6	18.3	21.4
\$50,000-\$74,999	57,525	49,491	43,134	38,848	6,093	5,164	8,034	86.0	75.0	9.0	14.0
\$75,000 or more	118,523	108,798	102,558	95,433	7,993	4,852	9,725	91.8	86.5	4.1	8.2
Persons below poverty	39,829	27,707	8,540	5,477	5,355	17,716	12,122	69.6	21.4	44.5	30.4

¹ Includes other government insurance not shown separately. Persons with coverage counted only once in total, even though they may have been covered by more than one type of policy. ² Related to employment of self or other family members. ³ The estimates are revised from the originally published data. ⁴ Refers to people who reported specified race and did not report any other race category. ⁵ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 2008*, Current Population Reports, P60-236, 2009, Table HI01, "Health Insurance Data, Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics: 2008" and Table HI03, "Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for Poor People in the Poverty Universe: 2008." See also <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/cpstables/032010/health/toc.htm>>.

Table 152. Persons With and Without Health Insurance Coverage by State: 2008

[255,143 represents 255,143,000. Based on the Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC), see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

State	Total persons covered (1,000)	Total persons not covered		Children not covered		State	Total persons covered (1,000)	Total persons not covered		Children not covered	
		Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total			Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
U.S.¹	255,143	46,340	15.4	7,348	9.9	MO	5,132	739	12.6	96	6.8
AL	4,159	561	11.9	41	3.6	MT	819	158	16.1	23	10.5
AK	539	133	19.8	26	14.5	NE	1,565	211	11.9	46	10.1
AZ	5,264	1,273	19.5	278	16.0	NV	2,097	487	18.8	129	19.1
AR	2,322	505	17.8	65	9.2	NH	1,168	133	10.2	11	3.6
CA	29,868	6,822	18.6	998	10.5	NJ	7,323	1,201	14.1	231	11.3
CO	4,136	780	15.9	150	12.3	NM	1,510	468	23.7	82	16.1
CT	3,094	343	10.0	44	5.4	NY	16,617	2,720	14.1	310	7.1
DE	769	94	10.8	19	9.1	NC	7,832	1,421	15.4	216	9.3
DC	533	59	10.0	7	6.3	ND	552	74	11.8	12	7.9
FL	14,430	3,619	20.0	676	16.7	OH	10,088	1,309	11.5	161	5.8
GA	7,850	1,703	17.8	266	10.5	OK	3,060	498	14.0	65	7.2
HI	1,159	98	7.8	15	5.4	OR	3,194	621	16.3	102	11.6
ID	1,282	236	15.6	37	8.9	PA	10,984	1,211	9.9	185	6.7
IL	11,065	1,638	12.9	205	6.4	RI	921	123	11.8	19	7.9
IN	5,522	772	12.3	96	6.0	SC	3,762	707	15.8	137	12.8
IA	2,707	283	9.5	38	5.3	SD	698	100	12.5	20	9.9
KY	2,394	330	12.1	78	11.0	TN	5,252	931	15.1	139	9.4
LA	3,574	682	16.0	102	10.0	TX	18,110	6,084	25.1	1,217	17.9
MA	3,465	869	20.1	127	11.3	UT	2,396	364	13.2	83	9.5
ME	1,182	137	10.4	16	5.7	VT	555	57	9.2	5	3.8
MD	4,870	669	12.1	81	6.0	VA	6,786	962	12.4	129	6.9
MA	6,069	352	5.5	49	3.4	WA	5,732	808	12.4	107	6.8
MI	8,665	1,151	11.7	113	4.7	WV	1,528	271	15.0	24	6.3
MN	4,676	444	8.7	81	6.6	WI	5,020	535	9.6	77	5.8
MS	2,388	519	17.9	105	13.4	WY	458	72	13.6	12	8.8

¹ The estimates are revised from the originally published data.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 2008*, Current Population Reports, P60-236, 2009, Table HI05, "Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by State for All People: 2008." See also <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/cpstables/032010/health/toc.htm>>.

Table 153. People Without Health Insurance for the Entire Year by Selected Characteristics: 2007 and 2008

[In thousands, except as noted (299,106 represents 299,106,000). Based on the Current Population Survey; Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC); see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	2007			2008		
	Total persons	Uninsured Persons		Total persons	Uninsured Persons	
		Number	Percent distribution		Number	Percent distribution
Total ^{1, 2}	299,106	45,657	100.0	301,483	46,340	100.0
Under 18 years	74,403	8,149	17.8	74,510	7,348	15.9
18 to 24 years	28,398	7,991	17.5	28,688	8,200	17.7
25 to 34 years	40,146	10,329	22.6	40,520	10,754	23.2
35 to 44 years	42,132	7,717	16.9	41,322	8,035	17.3
45 to 64 years	77,237	10,785	23.6	78,655	11,355	24.5
65 years and over	36,790	686	1.5	37,788	646	1.4
Male	146,855	24,546	53.8	148,094	25,208	54.4
Female	152,250	21,111	46.2	153,388	21,131	45.6
White alone ³	239,399	34,300	75.1	240,852	34,890	75.3
White alone or in combination	244,145	34,977	76.6	245,920	35,680	77.0
Black alone ³	37,775	7,372	16.1	38,076	7,284	15.7
Black alone or in combination	39,683	7,624	16.7	40,216	7,602	16.4
Asian alone ³	13,268	2,234	4.9	13,315	2,344	5.1
Asian alone or in combination	14,444	2,321	5.1	14,548	2,484	5.4
Hispanic ⁴	46,026	14,770	32.3	47,485	14,558	31.4
White alone, not Hispanic	196,768	20,548	45.0	197,159	21,322	46.0

¹ Includes other races, not shown separately. ² The estimates are revised from the originally published data. ³ Refers to people who reported specified race and did not report any other race category. ⁴ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 2008*, Current Population Reports, P60-236, 2009, and "Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics: 2008." See also <<http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/p60.html>> and <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/cpstable/032010/health/toc.htm>>.

Table 154. Percent of Workers Participating in Health Care Benefit Programs and Percent of Participants Required to Contribute: 2009

[Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 8,782 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing about 108 million workers; see Appendix III. See also Table 655. For more information, see <www.bls.gov/ncs/eps/benefits/2009/home.htm>]

Characteristic	Percent of workers participating—				Single coverage medical plans		Family coverage medical plans	
	Medical care	Dental care	Vision care	Out-patient prescription drug coverage	Employee contributions required (percent)	Average monthly contribution ¹ (dol.)	Employee contributions required (percent)	Average monthly contribution ¹ (dol.)
Total	52	36	21	51	78	92.43	88	349.36
Worker characteristics:								
Management, professional, and related	67	50	28	65	80	90.42	91	346.44
Management, business, and financial	76	57	30	74	81	87.12	91	329.63
Professional and related	63	46	27	61	80	92.29	91	355.93
Service	29	20	12	28	82	96.88	90	380.16
Sales and office	51	35	18	49	82	95.55	92	366.58
Sales and related	41	27	14	39	85	102.00	93	372.96
Office and administrative support	57	40	20	55	80	92.23	92	363.41
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	61	38	25	58	64	98.20	76	359.12
Production, transportation, and material moving	58	39	24	56	76	85.24	84	301.94
Production	66	44	25	63	78	84.55	85	293.99
Transportation, and material moving	51	33	22	49	73	86.23	83	313.06
Full-time ²	65	45	25	62	78	91.42	88	345.79
Part-time ²	13	10	6	13	78	108.02	88	406.86
Union ³	79	61	46	74	51	79.29	58	262.30
Nonunion	49	33	18	48	83	93.86	94	358.77
Average hourly wage⁴								
Less than \$7.85	13	8	(NA)	12	85	94.25	91	366.64
\$8.00 to under \$10.50	22	14	8	21	84	99.92	92	382.35
\$10.50 to under \$15.50	54	36	19	52	82	94.51	92	364.75
\$15.50 to under \$24.22	67	44	26	65	76	91.31	88	345.20
\$24.22 to under \$36.43	72	55	33	70	74	88.61	84	327.24
\$36.43 or greater	73	58	33	71	78	87.61	87	321.30

NA Not available. ¹ The average is presented for all covered workers and excludes workers without the plan provision. Averages are for plans stating a flat monthly cost. ² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. ³ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. ⁴ The National Compensation Survey—Benefits program presents wage data in percentiles rather than dollar amounts; see "Technical Note" in source.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, March 2009*, September 2009. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/ncs/eps/publications.htm>>.

Table 155. Retail Prescription Drug Sales: 1995 to 2009

[2,125 represents 2,125,000,000]

Sales outlet	Unit	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Number of prescriptions	Mil.	2,125	2,865	3,215	3,274	3,279	3,419	3,510	3,535	3,606
Traditional chain.	Mil.	908	1,335	1,483	1,500	1,518	1,605	1,660	1,682	1,727
Independent.	Mil.	672	698	736	738	714	732	744	732	732
Mass merchant	Mil.	238	293	345	353	359	375	390	400	423
Supermarkets	Mil.	221	394	462	470	465	476	478	480	487
Mail order.	Mil.	86	146	189	214	223	232	238	241	238
Percent distribution of brand/generic mix:										
Brand drugs.	Percent	59.8	57.6	55.0	54.1	50.6	44.8	40.5	35.1	32.2
Generic drugs	Percent	40.2	42.4	45.0	45.9	49.4	55.2	59.5	64.9	67.8
Retail sales										
Traditional chain.	Bil. dol.	72.2	145.6	204.2	216.7	226.1	243.2	249.2	254.1	259.6
Independent.	Bil. dol.	27.8	59.1	86.6	86.7	90.7	96.0	101.2	104.2	104.1
Mass merchant	Bil. dol.	22.0	33.4	41.2	44.2	45.4	46.7	44.6	44.0	43.5
Supermarkets	Bil. dol.	7.7	13.5	16.1	16.8	17.5	21.6	23.6	24.8	25.0
Mail order.	Bil. dol.	7.4	17.4	25.2	26.4	26.9	28.1	27.3	25.8	25.6
Average prices ¹										
All prescriptions.	Dollars	30.01	45.79	59.52	62.64	63.87	66.97	69.91	72.87	76.94
Brand drugs.	Dollars	40.22	65.29	85.57	91.80	97.65	112.24	124.16	141.80	155.45
Generic drugs	Dollars	14.84	19.33	27.69	28.23	29.21	30.17	33.02	35.62	39.73

¹ Excludes mail order.Source: National Association of Chain Drug Stores, Alexandria, VA, *NACDS Foundation Chain Pharmacy Industry Profile, 2009*, (copyright). See also <<http://www.nacds.org>>.**Table 156. Annual Revenue for Health Care Industries: 2006 to 2008**

[In millions of dollars (1,566,423 represents \$1,566,423,000,000). For taxable and tax-exempt employer firms. Estimates have been adjusted to the results of the 2002 Economic Census. Based on the Service Annual Survey and administrative data; see Appendix III. All firms in NAICS 6211, 6212, 6213, and 6215 are defined as taxable]

Kind of business	2002 NAICS code ¹	Total, all firms ²			Taxable employer firms		
		2006	2007	2008	2006	2007	2008
Health care and social assistance	62	1,556,423	1,656,825	1,751,366	775,463	831,302	889,548
Ambulatory health care services ³	621	645,308	687,640	730,300	582,292	621,010	659,933
Offices of physicians	6211	327,588	345,778	363,860	327,588	345,778	363,860
Offices of dentists	6212	87,861	93,434	98,051	87,861	93,434	98,051
Offices of other health practitioners.	6213	46,971	50,419	53,941	46,971	50,419	53,941
Offices of chiropractors	62131	10,232	10,839	10,968	10,232	10,839	10,968
Offices of optometrists.	62132	10,214	11,032	11,768	10,214	11,032	11,768
Offices of mental health practitioners	62133	4,291	4,555	4,885	4,291	4,555	4,885
Offices of PT/OT/speech therapy & audiology ⁴	62134	14,817	16,081	17,894	14,817	16,081	17,894
Outpatient care centers	6214	73,731	79,300	86,443	35,392	39,189	44,062
Medical & diagnostic laboratories	6215	37,224	38,574	42,139	37,224	38,574	42,139
Home health care services	6216	46,931	52,179	55,760	31,988	36,229	38,981
Other ambulatory health care services	6219	25,002	27,956	30,106	15,268	17,387	18,899
Hospitals ³	622	644,592	685,424	721,048	76,864	83,628	93,234
General medical & surgical hospitals	6221	603,488	641,040	673,356	62,967	68,110	75,292
Psychiatric & substance abuse hospitals	6222	14,848	15,792	16,643	2,646	3,029	3,393
Other specialty hospitals.	6223	26,256	28,592	31,049	11,251	12,489	14,549
Nursing and residential care facilities ³	623	150,398	159,987	168,106	89,069	95,251	101,558
Nursing care facilities	6231	85,707	90,934	95,822	63,494	68,138	72,319
Residential mental retardation/health facilities	6232	23,910	25,546	27,527	7,115	7,699	8,582
Residential mental retardation facilities	62321	16,416	17,701	19,210	4,981	5,337	5,830
Community care facilities for the elderly	6233	32,084	34,382	35,506	17,174	17,930	19,017
Continuing care retirement communities.	623311	18,138	19,920	20,535	5,895	6,461	6,985
Homes for the elderly	623312	13,946	14,462	14,971	11,279	11,469	12,032
Other residential care facilities	6239	8,697	9,125	9,251	1,286	1,484	1,640
Social assistance ³	624	116,125	123,774	131,912	27,238	31,413	34,823
Individual and family services	6241	56,972	61,325	64,843	8,758	10,166	11,330
Community food and housing, and emergency and other relief services	6242	18,881	18,537	20,354	(S)	172	220
Vocational rehabilitation services.	6243	13,550	13,452	14,037	2,754	2,727	2,958
Child day care services	6244	26,722	30,460	32,678	15,580	18,348	20,315

S Figure does not meet publication standards. ¹ North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2002; see text, Section 15. ² Includes taxable nonemployer firms, not shown separately. ³ Includes other kinds of business, not shown separately. ⁴ Offices of physical, occupational, and speech therapists, and audiologists.Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Service Annual Survey 2008: Health Care and Social Assistance Sector Services*, January 2010, <<http://www.census.gov/services/index.html>>.

Table 157. Revenue for Selected Health Care Industries by Source of Revenue: 2003 and 2008

[In millions of dollars (\$270,326 represents \$270,326,000,000). For taxable and tax-exempt employer firms. Estimates have been adjusted to the results of the 2002 Economic Census. Based on Service Annual Survey and administrative data; see Appendix III]

Source of revenue	Offices of physicians (NAICS 6211) ¹		Offices of dentists (NAICS 6212) ¹		Hospitals (NAICS 622) ¹		Nursing and residential care facilities (NAICS 623) ¹	
	2003	2008	2003	2008	2003	2008	2003	2008
Total	270,326	363,860	73,372	98,051	529,202	721,048	132,994	168,106
Medicare	66,396	74,821	(S)	809	165,078	184,708	17,741	28,704
Medicaid	19,181	18,306	2,565	4,055	63,589	70,192	54,407	61,455
Other government ²	2,908	5,316	(S)	611	27,898	36,894	10,377	12,160
Worker's compensation	8,659	7,389	(S)	96	5,799	7,169	(S)	(S)
Private insurance	130,920	185,656	37,450	44,149	201,605	307,576	6,453	8,437
Patient (out-of-pocket)	27,432	36,905	32,050	43,873	28,741	32,554	³ 32,656	³ 39,169
Other patient care sources, n.e.c. ⁴	9,672	19,400	(S)	3,751	10,406	23,845	3,696	7,110
Nonpatient care revenue	5,158	16,068	(S)	707	26,086	58,108	7,620	10,638

S Figure does not meet publication standards. ¹ North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2002; see text Section 15. ² Veterans, National Institute of Health, Indian Affairs, etc. ³ Represents payment from patients and their families plus patients' assigned social security benefits. ⁴ n.e.c. represents not elsewhere classified.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "Service Annual Survey 2008: Health Care and Social Assistance Sector Services," January 2010. <<http://www.census.gov/services/index.html>>.

Table 158. Employment in the Health Service Industries: 1990 to 2009

[In thousands (9,296 represents 9,296,000). See headnote, Table 631. Based on the 2007 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); see text, Section 15. For more information on the NAICS changes, please see <<http://stats.bls.gov/ces/cesnaics07.htm>>]

Industry	2007 NAICS code	1990	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
		Health care and social assistance ¹	62	9,296	12,718	14,190	14,536	14,925	15,380
Ambulatory health care services ¹	621	2,842	4,320	4,952	5,114	5,286	5,474	5,647	5,777
Offices of physicians	6211	1,278	1,840	2,048	2,094	2,148	2,202	2,253	2,280
Offices of dentists	6212	513	688	760	774	786	808	818	818
Offices of other health practitioners	6213	276	438	527	549	573	600	627	651
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	6215	129	162	190	198	204	211	217	216
Home health care services	6216	288	633	777	821	866	914	961	1,024
Hospitals ¹	622	3,513	3,954	4,285	4,345	4,423	4,515	4,627	4,677
General medical and surgical hospitals	6221	3,305	3,745	4,042	4,096	4,163	4,242	4,337	4,378
Psychiatric and substance abuse hospitals	6222	113	86	92	93	98	99	102	105
Other hospitals	6223	95	123	151	156	163	174	188	195
Nursing and residential care facilities ¹	623	1,856	2,583	2,818	2,855	2,893	2,958	3,016	3,081
Nursing care facilities	6231	1,170	1,514	1,577	1,577	1,581	1,603	1,619	1,644

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics, "Employment, Hours, and Earnings—National," <<http://www.bls.gov/ces/data.htm>>, accessed May 2010.

Table 159. Osteopathic Physicians: 2001 to 2010

[As of May 31. Osteopathic physicians are fully qualified physicians licensed to practice medicine and to perform surgery. Osteopathic medicine has a strong emphasis on the interrelationship of the body's nerves, muscles, bones and organs. Doctors of osteopathic medicine, or D.O.s, apply the philosophy of treating the whole person to the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of illness, disease, and injury]

Characteristics	2001	2005	2010	Characteristics	2001	2005	2010
Total number of DOs	46,990	56,512	70,480	Unknown	28	318	412
Female	10,875	15,147	22,537	Self-identified practice specialty ¹	31,996	38,442	50,355
Male	36,115	41,365	47,942	Family and general practice	14,102	17,800	19,720
Age				General internal Medicine	2,592	3,107	5,641
Less than 35 years old	9,866	12,983	16,277	General pediatrics/adolescent medicine	958	1,176	2,211
35 to 44 years old	14,798	16,179	20,118	Obstetrics and gynecology	1,219	1,465	2,165
45 to 54 years old	12,754	13,845	15,950	Pediatric specialties	320	348	380
55 to 64 years old	4,706	7,998	11,195	Osteopathic specialties ²	414	464	902
65 years old and over	4,838	5,189	6,528	Other specialties	12,001	13,431	18,984
				Unknown	390	651	352

¹ DOs are assumed to be in active practice if they are under age 65 and have not informed the AOA that they have retired or are inactive. DOs are assumed to be in postdoctoral training (internship, residency or fellowship) if they graduated within the last 3 years or if the AOA has received information that they are in a postdoctoral program. ² Osteopathic self-identified practice specialties include FOM (Family Practice/OMT), FPO (Family Practice/OMM), NMO (Neuromusculoskeletal Med/OMM), NMS (Neuromusculoskeletal Med/OMT), OM1 (Osteopathic Manipulative Med +1), OMM (Spec Prof in Osteo Manip Med), OMS (Sports Medicine-OMM), and OMT (Osteo Manipulative Medicine). OMT is the therapeutic application of manually guided forces by an osteopathic physician to improve physiologic function and/or support homeostasis that has been altered by somatic dysfunction. OMM is the application of osteopathic philosophy, structural diagnosis, and use of OMT in the patient's diagnosis and management.

Source: American Osteopathic Association, Chicago, IL, *AOA Annual Statistics*, annual. See also <http://www.osteopathic.org/index.cfm?PageID=aoa_annualprpt>.

Table 160. Physicians by Sex and Specialty: 1980 to 2008

[In thousands (467.7 represents 467,700). As of Dec. 31, except 1990 as of Jan. 1, and as noted. Includes Puerto Rico and Island Areas]

Activity	1980		1990		2000		2008	
	Total	Office-based	Total	Office-based	Total	Office-based	Total	Office-based
Doctors of medicine, total ¹	467.7	272.0	615.4	361.0	813.8	490.4	954.2	556.8
Place of medical education:								
U.S. medical graduates	370.0	226.2	483.7	286.2	616.8	376.5	697.1	419.9
International medical graduates ²	97.7	45.8	131.8	74.8	197.0	113.9	245.0	137.0
Sex:								
Male	413.4	251.4	511.2	311.7	618.2	382.3	677.8	399.7
Female	54.3	20.6	104.2	49.2	195.5	108.1	276.4	157.1
Allergy/immunology	1.5	1.4	3.4	2.5	4.0	3.1	4.3	3.3
Anesthesiology	16.0	11.3	26.0	17.8	35.7	27.6	42.2	31.4
Cardiovascular diseases	9.8	6.7	15.9	10.7	21.0	16.3	22.7	17.4
Child psychiatry	3.3	2.0	4.3	2.6	6.2	4.3	7.4	5.3
Dermatology	5.7	4.4	7.6	6.0	9.7	8.0	11.0	9.1
Diagnostic radiology	7.0	4.2	15.4	9.8	21.1	14.6	25.4	17.2
Emergency medicine	5.7	3.4	14.2	8.4	23.1	14.5	31.7	20.0
Family practice	27.5	18.4	47.6	37.5	71.6	54.2	85.4	67.4
Gastroenterology	4.0	2.7	7.5	5.2	10.6	8.5	12.7	10.1
General practice	32.5	29.6	22.8	20.5	15.2	13.0	9.6	8.0
General surgery	34.0	22.4	38.4	24.5	36.7	24.5	38.0	24.8
Internal medicine	71.5	40.6	98.3	58.0	134.5	89.7	160.1	107.9
Neurological surgery	3.3	2.5	4.4	3.1	5.0	3.7	5.5	4.0
Neurology	5.7	3.3	9.2	5.6	12.3	8.6	15.2	10.4
Obstetrics and gynecology	26.3	19.5	33.7	25.5	40.2	31.7	42.6	34.0
Ophthalmology	13.0	10.6	16.1	13.1	18.1	15.6	18.2	15.7
Orthopedic surgery	14.0	10.7	19.1	14.2	22.3	17.4	24.8	19.1
Otolaryngology	6.6	5.3	8.1	6.4	9.4	7.6	10.2	8.0
Pathology	13.6	6.1	16.6	7.5	18.8	10.6	19.8	11.1
Pediatrics	29.5	18.2	41.9	27.1	63.9	43.2	77.1	52.9
Physical med./rehab	2.1	1.0	4.1	2.2	6.5	4.3	8.5	6.1
Plastic surgery	3.0	2.4	4.6	3.8	6.2	5.3	7.2	6.1
Psychiatry	27.5	16.0	35.2	20.1	39.5	25.0	40.9	26.5
Pulmonary diseases	3.7	2.0	6.1	3.7	8.7	5.9	10.7	7.5
Radiology	11.7	7.8	8.5	6.1	8.7	6.7	9.1	6.8
Urological surgery	7.7	6.2	9.4	7.4	10.3	8.5	10.5	8.7
Unspecified	12.3	5.0	8.1	1.6	8.3	3.8	8.7	3.7
Not classified	20.6	(X)	12.7	(X)	45.1	(X)	50.3	(X)
Other categories ³	32.1	(X)	55.4	(X)	75.2	(X)	119.7	(X)

X Not applicable. ¹ Includes other categories not shown. ² International medical graduates received their medical education in schools outside the United States and Canada. ³ Includes inactive and address unknown.

Source: Except as noted, American Medical Association, *Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S.*, Chicago, IL, annual (copyright).

Table 161. Active Physicians and Nurses by State: 2008

[As of December 31. Excludes doctors of osteopathy, physicians with addresses unknown, and inactive status. Includes all physicians not classified according to activity status. As of May. Nurses data comes from the Bureau of Labor Statistics]

State	Physicians		Nurses		State	Physicians		Nurses	
	Total	Rate ¹	Total	Rate ¹		Total	Rate ¹	Total	Rate ¹
United States	822,016	270	2,542,760	835	Missouri	14,476	243	60,100	1,009
Alabama	10,151	217	41,560	889	Montana	2,120	219	7,480	773
Alaska	1,546	225	5,350	777	Nebraska	4,410	247	18,930	1,062
Arizona	13,586	209	37,780	581	Nevada	4,849	185	15,950	610
Arkansas	5,799	202	23,000	802	New Hampshire	3,703	280	13,110	992
California	98,457	269	240,470	657	New Jersey	27,196	314	75,590	873
Colorado	12,768	259	39,440	799	New Mexico	4,799	242	11,900	599
Connecticut	13,195	377	35,370	1,010	New York	76,022	391	168,850	867
Delaware	2,167	247	9,060	1,034	North Carolina	23,506	254	84,230	911
District of Columbia	4,799	813	9,240	1,566	North Dakota	1,573	245	6,340	988
Florida	45,707	248	146,040	793	Ohio	30,647	266	114,930	997
Georgia	20,979	216	64,920	669	Oklahoma	6,304	173	26,760	734
Hawaii	4,035	313	8,760	680	Oregon	10,513	278	29,980	792
Idaho	2,557	167	10,850	710	Pennsylvania	38,103	303	129,060	1,027
Illinois	35,964	280	108,820	847	Rhode Island	3,942	374	11,360	1,078
Indiana	13,810	216	56,500	884	South Carolina	10,225	227	36,880	819
Iowa	5,651	189	30,170	1,008	South Dakota	1,767	220	10,010	1,244
Kansas	6,298	225	25,020	894	Tennessee	16,356	262	61,570	987
Kentucky	9,859	230	41,080	958	Texas	52,070	214	164,400	676
Louisiana	11,682	262	39,610	890	Utah	5,694	209	17,230	632
Maine	3,608	273	14,050	1,065	Vermont	2,317	373	5,900	950
Maryland	23,657	418	50,780	897	Virginia	21,339	274	60,040	770
Massachusetts	30,598	468	79,670	1,218	Washington	17,711	270	52,020	932
Michigan	25,161	252	86,580	866	West Virginia	4,209	232	16,910	792
Minnesota	15,366	294	55,730	1,065	Wisconsin	14,549	259	51,700	919
Mississippi	5,221	178	27,350	930	Wyoming	995	187	4,300	807

¹ Per 100,000 resident population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimates as of July 1.

Source: Physicians: American Medical Association, *Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S.*, Chicago, IL, annual (copyright); Nurses: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Occupational Employment Statistics, Occupational Employment and Wages, "May 2008 Wage and Employment Statistics," <<http://www.bls.gov/oes/home.htm#data>>.

Table 162. Percent Distribution of Number of Visits to Health Care Professionals by Selected Characteristics: 2000 and 2008

[Covers ambulatory visits to doctor's offices and emergency departments, and home health care visits during a 12-month period. Based on the redesigned National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population]

Characteristic	None		1-3 visits		4-9 visits		10 or more visits	
	2000	2008	2000	2008	2000	2008	2000	2008
All persons ^{1, 2}	16.7	15.5	45.4	46.8	24.6	24.8	13.3	12.9
SEX ²								
Male	21.7	20.3	45.9	47.5	22.3	22.2	10.1	10.0
Female	11.9	10.8	44.8	46.2	27.0	27.3	16.3	15.8
AGE								
Under 18 years old	12.3	10.1	53.8	56.6	26.2	26.1	7.6	7.3
18 to 44 years old	23.5	22.7	45.2	46.3	19.1	19.4	12.2	11.7
45 to 64 years old	15.0	14.4	43.4	44.5	25.7	25.7	15.9	15.5
65 to 74 years old	9.0	7.0	34.5	35.7	34.5	36.4	22.1	20.9
75 years old and over	5.8	3.9	29.3	29.4	39.3	39.1	25.6	27.6
RACE ^{2, 3}								
Race alone:								
White	16.1	15.4	45.1	46.2	25.2	25.1	13.6	13.3
Black or African American	17.2	15.4	46.7	48.3	23.4	24.2	12.6	12.2
American Indian or Alaska Native	21.3	15.4	43.0	42.8	20.0	29.1	15.7	12.7
Asian	20.3	18.2	49.2	53.7	20.8	20.9	9.7	7.2
Two or more races	12.1	11.9	41.7	44.9	28.2	25.2	18.0	18.0
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE ^{2, 3, 4}								
Hispanic or Latino	26.8	24.3	41.8	44.0	19.8	20.6	11.6	11.1
Mexican	31.0	26.6	40.8	43.4	17.8	19.1	10.3	11.0
Not Hispanic or Latino	15.2	13.7	45.9	47.3	25.3	25.6	13.6	13.4
White, non-Hispanic	14.5	13.1	45.4	46.7	25.9	26.2	14.1	14.0
Black, non-Hispanic	17.1	15.2	46.8	48.7	23.5	23.9	12.6	12.1

¹ Includes other categories not shown separately. ² Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using six age groups: Under 18 years, 18-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, 65-74 years, and 75 years and over. ³ Estimates by race and Hispanic origin are tabulated using the 1997 standards for federal data on race and ethnicity. Estimates for specific race groups are shown when they meet requirements for statistical reliability and confidentiality. The categories "White only," "Black or African American only," "American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) only," and "Asian only" include persons who reported only one racial group; and the category "2 or more races" includes persons who reported more than one of the five racial groups in the 1997 standards or one of the five racial groups and "Some other race." ⁴ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2010*. See also <www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>.

Table 163. Adults 18 Years and Over Who Used Complementary and Alternative Medicine (CAM) in the Past Twelve Months by Type of Therapy: 2002 and 2007

[The denominators for statistics shown exclude persons with unknown CAM information. Estimates were age adjusted to the year 2000 U.S. standard population using four age groups: 18 to 24 years, 25 to 44 years, 45 to 64 years, and 65 years and over]

Therapy	2002		2007	
	Number (1,000)	Percent	Number (1,000)	Percent
Alternative medical systems:				
Acupuncture	2,136	1.1	3,141	1.4
Homeopathic treatment	3,433	1.7	3,909	1.8
Biologically based therapies:				
Nonvitamin, nonmineral, natural products ¹	38,183	18.9	38,797	17.7
Diet-based therapies ^{2, 3}	7,099	3.5	7,893	3.6
Vegetarian diet	3,184	1.6	3,351	1.5
Atkins diet	3,417	1.7	2,673	1.2
South Beach	(X)	(X)	2,334	1.1
Megavitamin therapy	5,739	2.8	(X)	(X)
Manipulative and body-based therapies:				
Chiropractic care ⁴	15,226	7.5	(X)	(X)
Chiropractic or osteopathic manipulation ⁴	(X)	(X)	18,740	8.6
Massage	10,052	5.0	18,068	8.3
Movement therapies	(X)	(X)	3,146	1.5
Pilates	(X)	(X)	3,015	1.4
Mind-body therapies:				
Meditation	15,336	7.6	20,541	9.4
Guided imagery	4,194	2.1	4,866	2.2
Progressive relaxation	6,185	3.0	6,454	2.9
Deep breathing exercises	23,457	11.6	27,794	12.7
Yoga	10,386	5.1	13,172	6.1
Tai chi	2,565	1.3	2,267	1.0
Energy healing therapy/Reiki	1,080	0.5	1,216	0.5

X Not applicable. ¹ While questions were asked about nonvitamin, nonmineral, natural products in both 2002 and 2007, the data are not comparable due primarily to question order and the specific nonvitamin, nonmineral, natural product covered.

² The totals of the numbers and percents of the categories listed under "Diet-based therapies" are greater than the number and percent of their respective category heading because respondents could choose more than one of the categories. ³ While questions were asked about Diet-based therapies in both 2002 and 2007, the data are not comparable because respondents were asked about the South Beach Diet in 2007, but not in 2002. ⁴ While questions were asked about chiropractic therapy in both 2002 and 2007, the data are not comparable because respondents were asked about chiropractic care in 2002 and chiropractic or osteopathic manipulation in 2007.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Complementary and Alternative Medicine Use Among Adults and Children: United States, 2007*, National Health Statistics Reports, Number 12, 2008. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nhsr/nhsr012.pdf>>.

Table 164. Ambulatory Care Visits to Physicians' Offices and Hospital Outpatient and Emergency Departments: 2008

[(1,189.6 represents 1,189,600,000). Based on the annual National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey and National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey and subject to sampling error; see source for details]

Characteristic	Number of visits (mil.)				Visits per 100 persons			
	Total	Physician offices	Out-patient dept.	Emergency dept.	Total	Physician offices	Out-patient dept.	Emergency dept.
Total	1,189.6	956.0	109.9	123.8	398.3	320.1	36.8	41.4
Age:								
Under 15 years old	192.7	147.2	22.3	23.2	315.5	241.0	36.6	37.9
15 to 24 years old	105.3	73.9	11.6	19.8	253.3	177.8	27.8	47.7
25 to 44 years old	256.0	194.6	26.2	35.2	314.8	239.4	32.2	43.3
45 to 64 years old	341.6	284.1	31.1	26.3	440.7	366.5	40.2	34.0
65 to 74 years old	144.9	127.1	10.3	7.5	728.8	639.5	51.7	37.6
75 years old and over	149.2	129.0	8.4	11.8	859.7	743.5	48.3	67.9
Sex:								
Male	482.5	383.3	42.5	56.7	329.9	262.1	29.1	38.8
Female	707.1	572.7	67.4	67.0	463.9	375.7	44.2	44.0
Race: ²								
White	970.9	802.4	79.2	89.4	406.5	335.9	33.1	37.4
Black/African American	158.4	104.0	25.4	29.0	420.9	276.4	67.5	77.0
Asian	43.9	38.4	2.9	2.6	325.7	285.1	21.6	19.0
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	1.5	1.5	0.3	0.8	1,019.4	820.7	160.3	138.4
American Indian/Alaska Native	4.4	3.0	1.0	1.1	145.1	98.9	13.3	32.9
More than one race reported	6.4	3.6	1.7	1.1	124.3	71.1	32.5	20.6
Expected sources of payment: ³								
Private insurance	729.3	631.6	45.8	51.9	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Medicare	275.1	231.4	20.9	22.8	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Medicaid/SCHIP ⁴	175.9	111.6	34.6	29.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Worker's compensation	13.1	10.5	1.0	1.6	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No insurance: ⁵								
Self pay	64.0	40.1	6.1	17.9	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No charge	7.7	3.6	1.2	1.5	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Other	39.7	27.5	6.5	5.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Unknown	39.1	28.7	2.9	7.5	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

X Not applicable. ¹ Figure does not meet standards of reliability or precision. ² Race data were missing for 30.2 percent of ambulatory care visits, including 33.0 percent of visits to physician offices, 21.1 percent of visits to hospital outpatient departments, and 16.0 percent of visits to emergency departments. Missing data were imputed, and readers are advised to treat the resulting estimates with caution. More information is available at the Web site below. ³ Estimates include all expected sources of payment reported at the visit. ⁴ SCHIP is State Children's Health Insurance Program. ⁵ "No insurance" is defined as having only "self-pay" or "no charge/charity" as payment sources.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *National Health Statistics Reports*, <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/ahcd.htm>>.

Table 165. Visits to Office-Based Physicians and Hospital Outpatient Departments by Diagnosis: 2003 and 2008

[405.5 represents 405,500,000). Based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification, (ICD-9-CM). See headnote, Table 164]

Leading diagnosis	Number (mil.)		Rate per 1,000 persons ¹		Leading diagnosis	Number (mil.)		Rate per 1,000 persons ¹	
	2003	2008	2003	2008		2003	2008	2003	2008
Male, all ages	405.5	425.8	2,908	2,911	Female, all ages	595.1	640.1	4,074	4,199
Under 15 years old ²	89.1	89.6	2,870	2,869	Under 15 years old ²	78.0	79.9	2,630	2,679
Routine infant or child health check	16.8	23.1	541	740	Routine infant or child health check	14.0	21.9	472	733
Acute upper respiratory infections ³	7.8	8.1	250	259	Acute upper respiratory infections ³	7.8	7.1	262	239
Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	8.4	7.4	269	236	Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	6.4	6.2	217	209
Acute pharyngitis	2.1	3.4	66	107	Acute pharyngitis	3.3	3.1	110	105
15 to 44 years old ²	104.0	93.4	1,710	1,524	15 to 44 years old ²	208.3	212.8	3,386	3,458
General medical examination	4.4	4.8	72	78	Normal pregnancy	25.6	24.7	415	401
Acute upper respiratory infections ³	4.0	3.2	65	53	Gynecological examination	9.8	10.1	160	165
Spinal disorders	3.4	3.2	56	52	Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium	7.4	7.7	121	124
Essential hypertension	2.1	2.8	35	46					
45 to 64 years old ²	112.6	127.2	3,404	3,376	45 to 64 years old ²	167.9	188.1	4,781	4,720
Essential hypertension	7.6	8.6	231	227	Essential hypertension	8.2	12.0	234	302
Diabetes mellitus	5.2	6.4	156	171	Arthropathies and related disorders	8.1	7.9	231	198
Spinal disorders	4.7	5.4	143	144	Rheumatism, excluding back	6.0	6.4	170	161
Arthropathies and related disorders	4.5	4.1	135	110					
65 years old and over ²	99.8	115.5	6,881	7,211	65 years old and over ²	140.9	159.3	7,123	7,509
Essential hypertension	7.2	8.8	496	546	Essential hypertension	11.1	15.4	563	728
Heart disease ⁴	3.7	6.7	256	416	Arthropathies and related disorders	8.1	7.7	408	364
Malignant neoplasms	6.3	6.3	434	392	Heart disease ⁴	4.3	6.9	218	328
Ischemic heart disease	3.6	6.0	250	376					

¹ Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. ² Includes other first-listed diagnoses, not shown separately. ³ Excluding pharyngitis. ⁴ Excluding ischemic.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *National Health Statistics Reports*, <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/ahcd.htm>>.

Table 166. Visits to Hospital Emergency Departments by Diagnosis: 2008

[56,742 represents 56,742,000. See headnote, Tables 164 and 165]

Leading diagnosis	Number (1,000)	Rate per 1,000 persons ¹	Leading diagnosis	Number (1,000)	Rate per 1,000 persons ¹
MALE			FEMALE		
All ages	56,742	388	All ages	67,020	440
Under 15 years old ²	12,762	409	Under 15 years old ²	10,395	348
Acute upper respiratory infections ³	1,129	36	Acute respiratory infections ³	916	31
Otitis media and eustachian tube disorders.....	826	26	Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders.....	696	23
Open wound of head.....	742	24	Pyrexia of unknown origin.....	650	22
Pyrexia of unknown origin.....	718	23	Contusion with intact skin surface.....	363	12
Contusion with intact skin surface.....	577	18	Acute pharyngitis.....	308	10
15 to 44 years old ²	23,246	379	15 to 44 years old ²	31,763	516
Open wound, excluding head.....	1,264	21	Abdominal pain.....	2,103	34
Contusion with intact skin surfaces.....	1,186	19	Complications of pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium.....	1,394	23
Cellulitis and abscess.....	921	15	Contusion with intact skin surface.....	1,121	18
Chest pain.....	869	14	Chest pain.....	1,121	18
Sprains and strains, excluding ankle and back.....	765	12	Spinal disorders.....	1,048	17
45 to 64 years old ²	12,542	333	45 to 64 years old ²	13,793	346
Chest pain.....	786	21	Chest pain.....	850	21
Open wound, excluding head.....	565	15	Abdominal pain.....	701	18
Spinal disorders.....	512	14	Spinal disorders.....	512	13
Abdominal pain.....	452	12	Contusion with intact skin surface.....	433	11
Cellulitis and abscess.....	373	10	Cellulitis and abscess.....	389	10
65 years old and over ²	8,192	511	65 years old and over ²	11,069	522
Chest pain.....	456	28	Chest pain.....	628	30
Heart disease, excluding ischemic.....	442	28	Contusion with intact skin surface.....	541	25
Pneumonia.....	356	22	Heart disease, excluding ischemic.....	537	25
Contusion with intact skin surface.....	254	16	Abdominal pain.....	459	22
Chronic and unspecified bronchitis.....	241	15	Urinary tract infection site not specified.....	316	15

¹ Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian noninstitutional population as of July 1. ² Includes other first-listed diagnosis, not shown separately. ³ Excluding pharyngitis.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *National Health Statistics Reports*, <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/ahcd.htm>>.

Table 167. Procedures for Inpatients Discharged From Short-Stay Hospitals: 1990 to 2007

[[23,051 represents 23,051,000]. Procedure categories are based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification. See headnote, Table 172]

Sex and type of procedure	Number of procedures (1,000)				Rate per 1,000 population ¹			
	1990	1995	2000	2007	1990	1995	2000	2007
Surgical procedures, total ²	23,051	22,530	23,244	27,111	92.4	86.2	83.6	90.2
Cesarean section.....	945	785	855	1,339	3.8	3.0	3.1	4.5
Repair of current obstetric laceration.....	795	964	1,136	1,261	3.2	3.7	4.1	4.2
Cardiac catheterization.....	995	1,068	1,221	1,061	4.0	4.1	4.4	3.5
Reduction of fracture ³	609	577	628	677	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.3
Male, total ²	8,538	8,388	8,689	10,679	70.6	65.9	63.9	72.3
Cardiac catheterization.....	620	660	732	639	5.1	5.2	5.4	4.3
Coronary artery bypass graft ⁴	286	423	371	291	2.4	3.3	2.7	2.0
Reduction of fracture ³	300	251	285	325	2.5	2.0	2.1	2.2
Female, total ²	14,513	14,142	14,556	16,432	113.0	105.3	102.4	107.5
Cesarean section.....	945	785	855	1,339	7.4	5.8	6.0	8.8
Repair of current obstetric laceration.....	795	964	1,136	1,261	6.2	7.2	8.0	8.3
Hysterectomy.....	591	583	633	517	4.6	4.3	4.5	3.4
Diagnostic and other nonsurgical procedures ⁵	17,455	17,278	16,737	17,882	70.0	66.1	60.2	59.5
Angiocardiology and arteriography ⁶	1,735	1,834	2,005	1,861	7.0	7.0	7.2	6.2
Respiratory therapy.....	1,164	1,127	991	1,093	4.7	4.3	3.6	3.6
Manual assisted delivery.....	750	866	898	1,224	3.0	3.3	3.2	4.1
Diagnostic ultrasound.....	1,608	1,181	886	866	6.4	4.5	3.2	2.9
Fetal electrocardiogram and fetal monitoring.....	1,377	935	750	765	5.6	3.6	2.7	2.5
Male, total ⁵	7,378	7,261	6,965	7,284	61.0	57.1	51.2	49.3
Angiocardiology and arteriography ⁶	1,051	1,076	1,157	1,034	8.7	8.5	8.5	7.0
Respiratory therapy.....	586	572	507	553	4.9	4.5	3.7	3.7
Computerized Axial Tomographic scan ⁷	736	473	345	297	6.1	3.7	2.5	2.0
Female, total ⁵	10,077	10,016	9,772	10,598	78.5	74.6	68.8	69.4
Manual assisted delivery.....	750	866	898	1,224	5.9	6.5	6.3	8.0
Fetal EKG and fetal monitoring.....	1,377	935	750	765	10.8	7.0	5.5	5.0
Respiratory therapy.....	578	555	484	540	4.5	4.1	3.4	3.5
Diagnostic ultrasound.....	941	682	501	482	7.3	5.1	3.5	3.2

¹ Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Population estimates based on the 1990 census were used to calculate rates for 1990 through 2000. Population estimates based on the 2000 census were used to calculate rates for 2001 through 2007. ² Includes other types of surgical procedures, not shown separately. ³ Excluding skull, nose, and jaw. ⁴ It is possible for a discharge to have more than one of these recorded. ⁵ Includes other nonsurgical procedures, not shown separately. ⁶ Using contrast material. ⁷ Also known as CAT scan.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13, and unpublished data, <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/series.htm>>.

Table 168. Hospitals—Summary Characteristics: 1990 to 2008

[For beds, (1,213 represents 1,213,000). Covers hospitals accepted for registration by the American Hospital Association; see text, this section. Short-term hospitals have an average patient stay of less than 30 days; long-term, an average stay of longer duration. Special hospitals include obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose, and throat; rehabilitation; orthopedic; and chronic and other special hospitals except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism, and chemical dependency hospitals]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Number:									
All hospitals	6,649	6,291	5,810	5,764	5,759	5,756	5,747	5,708	5,815
With 100 beds or more	3,620	3,376	3,102	3,007	2,972	2,942	2,928	2,901	2,884
Nonfederal ¹	6,312	5,992	5,565	5,525	5,520	5,530	5,526	5,495	5,602
Community hospitals ²	5,384	5,194	4,915	4,895	4,919	4,936	4,927	4,897	5,010
Nongovernmental nonprofit	3,191	3,092	3,003	2,984	2,967	2,958	2,919	2,913	2,923
For profit	749	752	749	790	835	868	889	873	982
State and local government	1,444	1,350	1,163	1,121	1,117	1,110	1,119	1,111	1,105
Long term general and special	131	112	131	126	108	115	127	135	128
Psychiatric	757	657	496	477	466	456	462	444	447
Tuberculosis	4	3	4	4	4	3	2	1	1
Federal	337	299	245	239	239	226	221	213	213
Beds (1,000):³									
All hospitals	1,213	1,081	984	965	956	947	947	945	951
Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	4.9	4.1	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1
Beds per hospital	182	172	169	167	166	165	165	166	164
Nonfederal ¹	1,113	1,004	931	917	908	901	901	899	905
Community hospitals ²	927	873	824	813	808	802	802	801	808
Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	3.7	3.3	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7
Nongovernmental nonprofit	657	610	583	575	567	561	559	554	557
For profit	102	106	110	110	112	114	115	116	121
State and local government	169	157	131	120	127	128	128	131	131
Long term general and special	25	19	18	18	15	15	16	17	16
Psychiatric	158	110	87	85	86	82	84	79	79
Tuberculosis	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Federal	98	78	53	47	47	46	46	46	46
Average daily census (1,000):⁵									
All hospitals	844	710	650	657	658	656	653	645	649
Community hospitals ²	619	548	526	539	541	540	538	533	536
Nongovernmental nonprofit	455	393	382	389	388	388	384	380	380
For profit	54	55	61	65	68	68	67	66	70
State and local government	111	100	83	84	84	85	86	87	86
Expenses (bil. dol.):⁶									
All hospitals	234.9	320.3	395.4	498.1	533.8	570.5	607.3	638.5	690.0
Nonfederal ¹	219.6	300.0	371.5	467.2	499.0	533.7	569.8	599.7	646.1
Community hospitals ²	203.7	285.6	356.6	450.1	481.2	515.7	551.8	581.0	626.6
Nongovernmental nonprofit	150.7	209.6	267.1	337.7	359.4	386.0	412.8	435.5	468.1
For profit	18.8	26.7	35.0	44.0	48.9	51.8	54.9	55.8	61.8
State and local government	34.2	49.3	54.5	68.4	72.8	77.9	83.9	89.8	96.7
Long term general and special	2.7	2.2	2.8	3.6	3.6	3.6	4.0	3.9	4.5
Psychiatric	12.9	11.7	11.9	13.1	13.8	13.9	15.0	14.5	14.7
Tuberculosis	0.1	0.4	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Federal	15.2	20.2	23.9	30.9	34.8	36.8	37.5	38.8	44.0
Personnel (1,000):⁷									
All hospitals	4,063	4,273	4,454	4,650	4,695	4,790	4,907	5,024	5,116
Nonfederal ¹	3,760	3,971	4,157	4,350	4,379	4,479	4,569	4,699	4,775
Community hospitals ²	3,420	3,714	3,911	4,108	4,147	4,260	4,343	4,465	4,550
Nongovernmental nonprofit	2,533	2,702	2,919	3,058	3,076	3,154	3,207	3,286	3,340
For profit	273	343	378	391	405	421	423	432	450
State and local government	614	670	614	658	665	681	713	747	760
Long term general and special	55	38	41	45	42	38	43	44	41
Psychiatric	280	215	200	194	185	182	180	187	182
Tuberculosis	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(Z)
Federal	303	301	297	300	315	311	339	325	341
Outpatient visits (mil.)									
Emergency	92.8	99.9	106.9	115.1	116.9	118.9	122.6	124.7	126.7

Z Less than 500 or \$50 million. ¹ Includes hospital units of institutions. ² Short-term (average length of stay less than 30 days) general and special (e.g., obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose and throat; rehabilitation, etc. except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism, and chemical dependency). Excludes hospital units of institutions. ³ Number of beds at end of reporting period. ⁴ Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1, 1990, and 2000 based on enumerated resident population as of April 1. Estimates reflect revisions based on the 2000 Census of Population. Estimates reflect revisions based on the 2000 Census of Population. ⁵ The average number of people served on an inpatient basis on a single day during the reporting period. ⁶ Excludes new construction. ⁷ Includes full-time equivalents of part-time personnel.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *AHA Hospital Statistics 2010 Edition*, and prior years (copyright). See also <www.ahadata.com>.

Table 169. Average Cost to Community Hospitals Per Patient: 1990 to 2008

[In dollars, except percent. Covers non-federal short-term general or special hospitals (excluding psychiatric or tuberculosis hospitals and hospital units of institutions). Total cost per patient based on total hospital expenses (payroll, employee benefits, professional fees, supplies, etc.). Data have been adjusted for outpatient visits]

Type of expense and hospital	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Average cost per day, total	687	968	1,149	1,290	1,379	1,450	1,522	1,612	1,690	1,782
Annual percent change	7.8	4.0	4.2	6.0	6.9	5.1	5.0	5.9	4.8	5.4
Nongovernmental nonprofit	692	994	1,182	1,329	1,429	1,501	1,585	1,686	1,772	1,876
For-profit	752	947	1,057	1,181	1,264	1,362	1,412	1,472	1,519	1,556
State and local government	635	878	1,064	1,188	1,238	1,291	1,329	1,400	1,460	1,552
Average cost per stay, total	4,947	6,216	6,649	7,346	7,796	8,166	8,793	8,970	9,342	9,788
Nongovernmental nonprofit	5,001	6,279	6,717	7,458	7,905	8,266	8,670	9,190	9,574	10,081
For-profit	4,727	5,425	5,642	6,161	6,590	7,139	7,351	7,422	7,740	7,985
State and local government	4,838	6,445	7,106	7,773	8,205	8,473	8,793	9,147	9,446	9,827

¹ Change from immediate prior year.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *AHA Hospital Statistics 2010 Edition*, and prior years (copyright). See also <www.ahadata.com>.

Table 170. Community Hospitals—States: 2000 and 2008

[In thousands, (823.6 represents 823,600). For definition of community hospitals see footnote 2, Table 168]

State	Number of hospitals		Beds (1,000)		Patients admitted (1,000)		Average daily census ¹ (1,000)		Outpatient visits (mil.)		Average cost per day (dol.)	
	2000	2008	2000	2008	2000	2008	2000	2008	2000	2008	2000	2008
United States	4,915	5,010	823.6	808.1	33,089	35,761	525.7	536.2	521.4	624.1	1,149	1,782
Alabama	108	109	16.4	15.3	680	687	9.8	9.6	8.0	9.0	980	1,352
Alaska	18	22	1.4	1.6	47	58	0.8	0.9	1.3	1.7	1,495	2,231
Arizona	61	71	10.9	13.1	539	716	6.8	8.8	5.3	7.7	1,311	2,082
Arkansas	83	86	9.8	9.7	368	376	5.7	5.4	4.4	5.0	908	1,381
California	389	352	72.7	69.6	3,315	3,461	47.8	49.2	44.9	48.9	1,438	2,279
Colorado	69	78	9.4	10.1	397	442	5.4	6.0	6.7	8.4	1,280	2,143
Connecticut	35	35	7.7	7.9	349	401	5.8	6.3	6.7	8.1	1,373	2,026
Delaware	5	7	1.8	2.1	83	104	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.7	1,311	2,043
District of Columbia	11	10	3.3	3.4	129	137	2.5	2.6	1.3	2.4	1,512	2,352
Florida	202	211	51.2	52.8	2,119	2,397	31.0	33.6	21.8	24.4	1,161	1,722
Georgia	151	153	23.9	25.6	863	959	15.0	16.9	11.2	14.2	978	1,313
Hawaii	21	25	3.1	3.1	100	111	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.0	1,088	1,510
Idaho	42	39	3.5	3.3	123	136	1.8	1.8	2.2	2.9	1,003	1,757
Illinois	196	191	37.3	34.5	1,531	1,611	22.4	22.1	25.1	31.0	1,278	1,856
Indiana	109	123	19.2	17.6	700	733	10.8	10.5	14.1	17.0	1,132	1,950
Iowa	115	118	11.8	10.5	360	373	6.8	6.1	9.2	10.4	740	1,190
Kansas	129	132	10.8	10.3	310	328	5.7	5.7	5.3	6.5	837	1,234
Kentucky	105	105	14.8	14.2	582	610	9.1	8.8	8.7	9.7	929	1,427
Louisiana	123	130	17.5	16.0	654	637	9.8	9.2	10.0	11.2	1,075	1,484
Maine	37	37	3.7	3.5	147	149	2.4	2.3	3.2	5.1	1,148	1,828
Maryland	49	50	11.2	12.0	587	711	8.2	9.0	6.0	8.1	1,315	2,183
Massachusetts	80	75	16.6	15.7	740	808	11.7	11.4	16.7	20.5	1,467	2,293
Michigan	146	153	26.1	25.3	1,106	1,222	16.9	17.4	24.9	28.0	1,211	1,841
Minnesota	135	130	16.7	15.6	571	641	11.2	10.6	7.3	10.0	932	1,601
Mississippi	95	98	13.6	13.1	425	431	8.0	7.7	3.7	5.0	719	1,148
Missouri	119	123	20.1	19.0	773	841	11.7	12.0	14.8	18.8	1,185	1,887
Montana	52	48	4.3	3.8	99	104	2.9	2.5	2.6	3.2	579	1,078
Nebraska	85	86	8.2	7.3	209	215	4.8	4.3	3.4	4.6	743	1,398
Nevada	22	35	3.8	5.1	199	247	2.7	3.6	2.2	2.9	1,285	1,990
New Hampshire	28	28	2.9	2.9	111	124	1.7	1.8	2.8	4.5	1,201	1,923
New Jersey	80	73	25.3	20.9	1,074	1,086	17.3	15.3	16.3	18.1	1,299	2,150
New Mexico	35	36	3.5	3.9	174	174	2.0	2.2	3.1	4.3	1,388	1,932
New York	215	194	66.4	61.2	2,416	2,528	52.1	49.1	46.4	52.6	1,118	1,770
North Carolina	113	116	23.1	23.1	971	1,042	16.0	16.4	12.4	17.7	1,061	1,515
North Dakota	42	41	3.9	3.4	89	89	2.3	2.0	1.7	1.7	747	1,038
Ohio	163	181	33.8	33.9	1,404	1,548	20.6	21.4	26.9	32.9	1,198	1,942
Oklahoma	108	115	11.1	11.0	429	463	6.2	6.7	4.7	5.4	1,031	1,491
Oregon	59	58	6.6	6.8	330	349	3.9	4.2	7.3	8.6	1,461	2,512
Pennsylvania	207	201	42.3	40.4	1,796	1,901	28.8	28.3	31.8	38.5	1,080	1,714
Rhode Island	11	11	2.4	2.5	119	127	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.6	1,313	2,061
South Carolina	63	69	11.5	12.5	495	529	8.0	8.1	7.8	5.9	1,101	1,764
South Dakota	48	53	4.3	4.1	99	102	2.8	2.7	1.7	1.9	476	929
Tennessee	121	137	20.6	21.1	737	859	11.5	13.4	10.3	11.2	1,078	1,359
Texas	403	426	55.9	61.0	2,367	2,586	33.1	36.7	29.4	34.8	1,274	1,859
Utah	42	43	4.3	4.9	194	226	2.4	2.8	4.5	5.3	1,375	2,031
Vermont	14	14	1.7	1.3	52	51	1.1	0.9	1.2	3.3	888	1,453
Virginia	88	90	16.9	17.6	727	796	11.4	12.2	9.5	13.3	1,057	1,698
Washington	84	86	11.1	11.3	505	579	6.6	7.3	9.6	11.4	1,511	2,490
West Virginia	57	56	8.0	7.5	288	284	4.8	4.5	5.2	6.6	844	1,235
Wisconsin	118	126	15.3	13.7	558	617	9.1	8.7	10.9	14.2	1,055	1,754
Wyoming	24	24	1.9	2.1	48	53	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.0	677	1,047

¹ The average number of people served on an inpatient basis on a single day during the reporting period.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *AHA Hospital Statistics 2010 Edition*, and prior years (copyright). See also <www.ahadata.com>.

Table 171. Hospital Use Rates by Type of Hospital: 1990 to 2008

Type of Hospital	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Community hospitals: ¹								
Admissions per 1,000 population ²	125	116	117	119	119	118	117	118
Admissions per bed	34	35	40	43	44	44	43	44
Average length of stay (days) ³	7.2	6.5	5.8	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.5
Outpatient visits per admission	9.7	13.4	15.8	16.3	16.5	16.9	17.1	17.5
Outpatient visits per 1,000 population ²	1,207	1,556	1,852	1,946	1,976	2,002	2,000	2,053
Surgical operations (million ⁴)	21.9	23.2	26.1	27.4	27.5	28.1	28.1	27.5
Number per admission	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8
Nonfederal psychiatric:								
Admissions per 1,000 population ²	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.4
Days in hospital per 1,000 population ²	190	122	93	88	89	83	82	80

¹ Short term (average length of stay less than 30 days) general and special (e.g., obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose and throat; rehabilitation, etc. except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism and chemical dependency). Excludes hospital units of institutions. ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. Estimates reflect revisions based on the 2000 census of population. 1990 and 2000 based on enumerated resident population as of April 1. ³ Number of inpatient days divided by number of admissions. ⁴ 21.9 represents 21,900,000.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, *AHA Hospital Statistics 2010 Edition*, Chicago, IL, and prior years (copyright). See also <www.ahadata.com>.

Table 172. Hospital Utilization Rates by Sex: 1990 to 2007

[(30,788 represents 30,788,000). Represents estimates of inpatients discharged from noninstitutional, short-stay hospitals, exclusive of federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants. Based on sample data collected from the National Hospital Discharge Survey, a sample survey of hospital records of patients discharged in year shown; subject to sampling variability]

Item and sex	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Patients discharged (1,000)	30,788	30,722	31,706	33,727	34,738	34,864	34,667	34,854	34,369
Patients discharged per 1,000 persons, total ¹	122	116	113	118	120	119	117	117	114
Male	100	94	91	95	98	97	96	95	94
Female	143	136	134	139	141	141	138	138	134
Days of care per 1,000 persons, total ¹	784	620	555	572	578	574	562	558	554
Male	694	551	486	506	507	505	498	495	494
Female	869	686	620	635	646	641	624	619	612
Average stay (days)	6.4	5.4	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8
Male	6.9	5.8	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.3
Female	6.1	5.0	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.6

¹ Rates are computed using Census Bureau estimates of the civilian population as of July 1. Rates for 1990 and 1995 were based on population estimates adjusted for the net underenumeration in the 1990 census. Rates for 2000 and later were calculated using 2000-based postcensal estimates.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13 and unpublished data. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/series.htm#sr13>>.

Table 173. Hospital Utilization Measures for HIV Patients: 1990 to 2007

[HIV represents human immunodeficiency virus. See headnote, Table 172]

Measure of utilization	Unit	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007
Number of patients discharged	1,000	146	249	173	204	185	223	221
Male	1,000	114	183	115	132	113	145	146
Female	1,000	32	66	58	73	72	78	75
Rate of patient discharges ¹	Rate	5.8	9.4	6.2	7.0	6.3	7.5	7.4
Number of days of care	1,000	2,188	2,326	1,257	1,477	1,244	1,418	1,483
Male	1,000	1,777	1,649	895	876	751	907	1,009
Female	1,000	411	677	362	601	493	511	474
Rate of days of care ¹	Rate	86.9	87.6	45.2	50.5	42.2	47.6	49.3
Average length of stay	Days	14.9	9.3	7.3	7.2	6.7	6.3	6.7
Male	Days	15.5	9.0	7.8	6.7	6.7	6.2	6.9
Female	Days	12.9	10.3	6.3	8.3	6.8	6.5	6.3

¹ Per 10,000 population. Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Populations for 1990 and 1995 were adjusted for the net underenumeration in the 1990 census. Populations for 2000 and later were 2000-based postcensal estimates.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13 and unpublished data. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/series.htm#sr13>>.

Table 174. Hospital Discharges and Days of Care: 2002 and 2007

[(33,727 represents 33,727,000). See headnote, Table 172. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Age, race, and region	Discharges				Days of care per 1,000 persons ¹		Average stay (days)	
	Number (1,000)		Per 1,000 persons ¹		2002	2007	2002	2007
	2002	2007	2002	2007				
Total²	33,727	34,369	118	114	572	554	4.9	4.8
Age:								
Under 1 year old	810	698	201	164	1,134	847	5.6	5.2
1 to 4 years old	713	642	46	39	159	128	3.5	3.3
5 to 14 years old	1,016	841	25	21	109	114	4.4	5.4
15 to 24 years old	3,083	3,062	77	73	266	258	3.5	3.5
25 to 34 years old	3,897	4,032	99	100	328	342	3.3	3.4
35 to 44 years old	3,757	3,477	84	81	368	346	4.4	4.3
45 to 64 years old	7,723	8,753	116	114	575	587	5.0	5.1
65 to 74 years old	4,642	4,722	254	244	1,412	1,328	5.6	5.4
75 years old and over	8,085	8,142	467	439	2,795	2,488	6.0	5.7
Race:								
White	20,806	20,483	90	85	436	415	4.9	4.9
Black	3,995	4,321	109	112	584	608	5.3	5.4
Asian/Pacific Islander	538	497	45	36	243	165	5.4	4.6
American Indian/Eskimo/Aleut	173	³ 113	63	³ 39	330	³ 185	5.2	4.8
Region:								
Northeast	6,990	7,361	129	135	727	779	5.6	5.8
Midwest	7,503	7,706	115	116	512	499	4.4	4.3
South	12,994	12,689	127	116	618	567	4.9	4.9
West	6,239	6,612	96	95	430	409	4.5	4.3

¹ Rates were calculated using U.S. Census Bureau 2000-based postcensal estimates of the civilian population as of July 1.² Includes other races not shown separately. ³ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 13 and unpublished data. See also <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/series.htm#sr13>.

Table 175. Hospital Discharges and Days of Care by Selected Diagnosis: 2007

[(13,834 represents 13,834,000). Represents estimates of inpatients discharged from noninstitutional, short-stay hospitals, exclusive of federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants. Diagnostic categories are based on the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification. See headnote, Table 172]

Sex, age, and selected first-listed diagnosis ¹	Discharges		Average stay (days) ²	Sex, age, and selected first-listed diagnosis ¹	Discharges		Average stay (days) ²
	Number (1,000) ²	Per 1,000 persons ²			Number (1,000) ²	Per 1,000 persons ²	
Male				Female			
All ages ³	13,834	93.7	5.2	All ages, ³	20,535	134.4	4.5
Under 18 years ³	1,458	38.6	4.8	Under 18 years ³	1,325	36.7	4.6
Injury	145	3.8	3.1	Injury	80	2.2	⁴ 3.9
Asthma	⁴ 94	⁴ 2.5	⁴ 2.3	Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	58	1.6	2.8
18-44 years ³	2,607	46.1	4.8	18-44 years ³	7,362	132.4	3.2
Injury	370	6.5	4.4	Childbirth	3,986	71.4	2.6
Schizophrenia, mood disorders, delusional disorders, nonorganic psychoses ⁵	325	5.8	7.2	Schizophrenia, mood disorders, delusional disorders, nonorganic psychoses ⁵	325	5.9	6.4
Alcohol and drug ⁶	183	3.2	4.4	Injury	162	2.9	3.6
Heart disease	144	2.5	(NA)	Uterine fibroids	85	1.5	2.4
45-64 years ³	4,316	115.7	5.3	45-64 years ³	4,437	113.2	4.9
Heart disease	753	20.2	3.8	Heart disease	452	11.5	4.0
Injury	239	6.4	5.4	Cancer, all	252	6.4	5.8
Cancer, all	231	6.2	6.6	Osteoarthritis	179	4.6	3.5
65-74 years ³	2,274	255.9	5.3	65-74 years ³	2,447	233.8	5.5
Heart disease	513	57.8	4.4	Heart disease	367	35.1	4.8
Cancer, all	149	16.8	7.2	Osteoarthritis	149	14.3	3.6
Stroke	100	11.2	5.2	Cancer, all	144	13.8	6.2
Pneumonia	82	9.2	5.0	Pneumonia	87	8.3	5.3
75-84 years ³	2,211	416.3	5.7	75-84 years ³	2,976	386.0	5.6
Heart disease	502	94.5	4.7	Heart disease	550	71.3	4.7
Pneumonia	123	23.1	5.3	Injury	195	25.3	5.5
Cancer, all	102	19.2	7.1	Pneumonia	125	16.2	5.4
Stroke	95	17.8	4.8	Stroke	132	17.2	4.8
85 years and over ³	967	544.1	5.8	85 years and over ³	1,987	532.0	5.5
Heart disease	194	109.3	5.0	Heart disease	367	98.2	4.7
Pneumonia	70	39.4	5.6	Injury	209	56.0	5.3
Injury	64	36.1	6.1	Pneumonia	129	34.5	5.9

¹ The first-listed diagnosis is the one specified as the principal diagnosis or the first diagnosis listed on the face sheet or discharge summary of the medical record. It is usually the main cause of the hospitalization. The number of first-listed diagnoses is the same as the number of discharges. ² Crude estimates. ³ Includes discharges with first-listed diagnoses not shown in table.⁴ Estimates are considered unreliable. ⁵ These estimates are for nonfederal short-stay hospitals only and do not include mental illness discharges from other types of facilities such as Veterans Affairs hospitals. ⁶ Includes abuse, dependence, and withdrawal. These estimates are for non-federal short-stay hospitals only and do not include alcohol and drug discharges from other types of facilities or programs such as the Department of Veterans Affairs or day treatment programs.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, National Hospital Discharge Survey, <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhds.htm>.

Table 176. Selected Cosmetic Plastic Surgical and Nonsurgical Procedures: 2003 to 2009

[In thousands (8,252.0 represents 8,252,000). As of December 31. The final data are projected to reflect nationwide statistics and are based on a survey of doctors who have been certified by the American Board of Medical Specialties recognized boards, including but not limited to the American Board of Plastic Surgery. Data for the procedures include but are not limited to those performed by American Society for Aesthetic Plastic Surgery (ASAPS) members. ASAPS members are plastic surgeons certified by the American Board of Plastic Surgery who specialize in cosmetic surgery of the face and the entire body. Procedures are ranked by total number in the most current year]

Procedure	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total all procedures	8,252.0	11,855.0	11,428.8	11,456.8	11,701.0	10,258.6	9,993.7
Total surgical procedures	1,819.5	2,120.0	2,131.0	1,922.8	2,079.0	1,766.7	1,471.6
Breast augmentation	280.4	334.1	364.6	383.9	399.4	355.7	312.0
Lipoplasty (Liposuction)	384.6	478.3	455.5	403.7	456.8	341.1	283.7
Blepharoplasty (eyelid surgery)	267.6	290.3	231.5	210.0	240.8	195.1	149.9
Rhinoplasty (nose reshaping)	172.4	166.2	200.9	141.9	151.8	152.4	138.3
Abdominoplasty (tummy tuck)	117.7	151.0	169.3	172.5	185.3	147.4	127.9
Total nonsurgical procedures	6,432.5	9,735.0	9,297.7	9,534.0	9,622.0	8,491.9	8,522.1
Botox injection ¹	2,272.1	2,837.3	3,294.8	3,181.6	2,775.2	2,464.1	2,557.1
Hyaluronic acid ²	116.2	882.5	1,194.2	1,593.6	1,448.7	1,262.8	1,313.0
Laser hair removal	923.2	1,411.9	1,566.9	1,475.3	1,412.7	1,281.0	1,280.0
Microdermabrasion ³	858.3	1,098.3	1,023.9	993.1	829.7	557.1	621.9
Chemical peel	722.2	1,110.4	556.2	558.4	575.1	591.8	529.3
Total female procedures	7,177.9	10,681.4	10,443.8	10,516.7	10,602.5	9,394.8	9,058.5
Total surgical procedures	1,559.4	1,887.3	1,918.1	1,730.5	1,877.1	1,600.7	1,310.7
Breast augmentation	280.4	334.1	364.6	383.9	399.4	355.7	312.0
Lipoplasty (Liposuction)	323.0	416.6	402.9	350.4	398.8	309.7	243.2
Blepharoplasty (eyelid surgery)	216.8	249.3	198.1	182.4	208.2	166.4	124.9
Abdominoplasty (tummy tuck)	112.7	145.3	164.1	184.8	180.5	143.0	123.0
Breast reduction	147.2	144.4	160.5	145.8	153.1	139.9	113.5
Total nonsurgical procedures	5,618.6	8,794.1	8,525.7	8,786.2	8,725.4	7,794.1	7,747.8
Botox injection ¹	1,963.0	2,525.4	2,990.7	2,881.1	2,445.7	2,239.0	2,299.3
Hyaluronic acid ²	104.7	838.9	1,149.2	1,519.9	1,364.5	1,200.4	1,221.8
Laser hair removal	695.2	1,215.1	1,334.7	1,308.7	1,227.0	1,101.3	1,114.0
Microdermabrasion ³	774.3	999.1	939.5	922.0	743.7	517.3	565.0
Chemical peel	640.1	977.3	533.0	530.1	536.0	554.5	492.3
Laser skin resurfacing	116.5	520.3	432.6	528.1	479.8	532.0	463.3
Sclerotherapy (Spider veins)	431.3	479.2	548.0	541.3	467.8	417.5	442.0
IPL laser treatment ⁴	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	584.5	479.9	404.5
Total male procedures	1,074.1	1,173.6	984.9	940.0	1,098.6	863.7	935.2
Total surgical procedures	260.1	232.7	212.9	192.3	202.0	166.0	160.9
Lipoplasty (Liposuction)	61.6	61.6	52.5	53.3	58.0	31.5	40.5
Rhinoplasty (nose reshaping)	53.4	39.0	45.9	33.1	31.7	30.2	32.7
Blepharoplasty (eyelid surgery)	50.8	41.1	33.4	27.6	32.6	28.7	25.0
Gynecomastia (male breast reduction)	22.0	19.6	17.7	23.7	20.3	19.1	16.8
Hair transplantation	14.9	19.5	11.2	11.2	16.5	18.1	13.1
Facelift	13.6	11.8	13.0	14.1	12.4	13.4	10.5
Total nonsurgical procedures	814.0	932.6	772.0	747.7	896.6	697.8	774.4
Botox injection ¹	309.1	311.9	304.1	300.5	329.5	225.1	257.8
Laser hair removal	228.0	196.8	232.2	166.6	185.7	179.7	166.0
Hyaluronic acid ²	11.5	43.6	45.0	73.6	84.2	62.4	91.2
Microdermabrasion ³	84.0	99.2	84.4	71.1	85.9	39.8	56.9
Laser skin resurfacing	11.0	69.4	43.1	48.5	30.1	38.9	49.0
IPL laser treatment ⁴	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	63.2	46.9	47.7

X Not applicable. ¹ As of 2009, includes Dysport. ² In 2003, the FDA has approved hyaluronan injections for filling soft tissue defects such as facial wrinkles. ³ Procedure for reducing fine lines, "crow's feet," age spots, and acne scars. ⁴ IPL is intense pulse light. One of the procedures available for facial rejuvenation.

Source: The American Society for Aesthetic Plastic Surgery, *Statistics*, annual (copyright), <<http://www.surgery.org/media/statistics>>.

Table 177. Organ Transplants: 1990 to 2009

[As of end of year. Based on reports of procurement programs and transplant centers in the United States, except as noted]

Procedure	Number of procedures						Number of centers		Number of people waiting, 2009	1-year patient survival rates, 2008 (percent)
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	1990	2009		
Transplant: ¹										
Heart	2,095	2,342	2,172	2,125	2,163	2,212	148	126	3,149	88.4
Heart-lung	52	69	47	35	27	29	79	50	76	66.2
Lung	203	869	955	1,406	1,478	1,661	70	67	1,771	83.5
Liver	2,631	3,818	4,816	6,443	6,318	6,320	85	132	16,106	87.7
Kidney	9,358	10,957	13,258	16,481	16,517	16,829	232	240	85,668	98.4
Kidney-pancreas	459	915	910	903	837	854	(NA)	(NA)	2,187	94.7
Pancreas	60	103	420	541	436	379	84	144	1,453	90.5
Intestine	1	21	29	178	185	180	(NA)	44	255	79.1
Multi-organ	71	124	213	518	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Kidney-pancreas and heart-lung transplants are each counted as one procedure. All other multiorgan transplants, excluding kidney-pancreas and heart-lung, are included in the multiorgan row. Based on the Organ Procurement and Transplant Network (OPTN) as of July 2, 2010. The data have been supplied by United Network for Organ Sharing (UNOS) under contract with Health and Human Services (HHS). This work was supported in part by Health Resources and Services Administration, contract 231-00-0015. The authors alone are responsible for the reporting and interpretation of these data. Data subject to change based on future data submission or correction.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Office of Special Programs, Division of Transplantation, Rockville, MD; United Network for Organ Sharing, Richmond, VA; University Renal Research and Education Association, Ann Arbor, MI; and unpublished data. See also <<http://optn.transplant.hrsa.gov/>>.

Table 178. Cancer—Estimated New Cases, 2010, and Survival Rates: 1990–1992 to 1999–2006

[1,530 represents 1,530,000. The 5-year relative survival rate, which is derived by adjusting the observed survival rate for expected mortality, represents the likelihood that a person will not die from causes directly related to their cancer within 5 years. Survival data shown are based on those patients diagnosed while residents of an area listed below during the time periods shown. Data are based on information collected as part of the National Cancer Institute's Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER) program, a collection of 9 population-based registries in five states (Connecticut, Hawaii, Iowa, New Mexico, Utah) and four metropolitan areas (Atlanta, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland, and Seattle-Puget Sound)]

Site	Estimated new cases, ¹ 2010 (1,000)			5-year relative survival rates (percent)							
	Total	Male	Female	White				Black			
				1990–1992	1993–1995	1996–1998	1999–2006	1990–1992	1993–1995	1996–1998	1999–2006
All sites ²	1,530	790	740	62.4	63.5	65.6	69.5	48.3	53.0	55.6	59.8
Lung	223	117	106	14.5	15.1	15.4	17.0	10.8	13.1	12.7	13.3
Breast ³	209	2	207	86.7	88.0	89.6	91.5	71.8	72.9	76.5	79.0
Colon and rectum	143	72	70	63.2	61.5	64.1	68.3	53.8	52.9	55.1	57.4
Colon	103	49	53	64.0	61.4	63.8	67.6	54.3	52.4	54.7	56.1
Rectum	40	23	17	61.3	61.7	64.7	69.9	52.2	54.5	56.3	61.0
Prostate	218	218	(X)	95.3	96.2	98.1	99.9	85.5	91.6	94.3	98.1
Bladder	71	53	18	81.9	82.3	80.8	82.7	64.8	61.8	62.6	66.9
Corpus uteri	43	(X)	43	87.3	86.6	86.9	87.3	57.0	61.7	64.2	63.5
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma ⁴	66	35	30	53.0	54.5	61.0	70.8	42.1	42.1	54.4	60.5
Oral cavity and pharynx	37	25	11	58.7	60.9	61.0	65.1	33.4	38.4	36.6	45.7
Leukemia ⁴	43	25	18	48.2	49.9	51.1	56.5	37.3	42.3	39.3	47.6
Melanoma of skin	68	39	29	89.7	89.7	91.1	93.3	60.3	67.4	74.9	74.7
Pancreas	43	21	22	4.7	4.2	4.4	5.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	5.0
Kidney	58	35	23	62.1	63.2	63.4	70.3	57.8	58.6	67.5	67.6
Stomach	21	13	8	19.4	20.6	21.0	25.8	23.8	20.3	23.6	26.5
Ovary	22	(X)	22	42.5	42.7	45.1	45.2	38.1	43.3	41.2	37.1
Cervix uteri ⁵	12	(X)	12	72.0	74.8	74.6	72.6	58.9	64.2	65.3	63.8

X Not applicable. ¹ Estimates provided by American Cancer Society, <www.cancer.org>, are based on rates from the National Cancer Institute's SEER program. ² Includes other sites, not shown separately. ³ Survival rates for female only. ⁴ All types combined. ⁵ Invasive cancer only.

Source: U.S. National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, <http://seer.cancer.gov/csr/1975_2006/>.

Table 179. Cancer—Estimated New Cases and Deaths by State: 2010

[In thousands (1,529.6 represents 1,529,600). Excludes basal and squamous cell skin cancers and in situ carcinomas except urinary bladder]

State	New cases ¹			Deaths			State	New cases ¹			Deaths		
	Total ²	Female breast	Lung & bronchus	Total ²	Female breast	Lung & bronchus		Total ²	Female breast	Lung & bronchus	Total ²	Female breast	Lung & bronchus
AL	23.6	3.5	4.2	10.2	0.7	3.2	MT	5.6	0.7	0.7	2.0	0.1	0.6
AK	2.9	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.1	0.3	NE	9.2	1.2	1.2	3.5	0.2	0.9
AZ	29.8	4.0	4.0	10.6	0.7	2.7	NV	12.2	1.4	1.9	4.6	0.3	1.3
AR	15.3	1.8	2.6	6.5	0.4	1.9	NH	7.8	1.0	1.1	2.7	0.2	0.8
CA	157.3	21.1	18.5	55.7	4.2		NJ	48.1	6.8	6.3	16.5	1.4	4.2
CO	21.3	3.1	2.3	6.9	0.5	1.7	NM	9.2	1.2	0.9	3.4	0.2	0.8
CT	20.8	3.0	2.6	6.9	0.5	1.8	NY	103.3	14.6	13.7	34.5	2.5	8.7
DE	4.9	0.7	0.8	1.9	0.1	0.6	NC	45.1	6.5	7.5	19.1	1.3	5.7
DC	2.8	0.4	0.4	1.0	0.1	0.2	ND	3.3	0.4	0.4	1.3	0.1	0.3
FL	107.0	14.1	18.4	40.9	2.7	11.6	OH	64.5	8.3	10.7	25.0	1.7	7.3
GA	40.5	6.1	6.3	15.6	1.1	4.6	OK	18.7	2.3	3.3	7.7	0.5	2.4
HI	6.7	0.9	0.8	2.3	0.1	0.6	OR	20.8	2.9	2.8	7.5	0.5	2.1
ID	7.2	0.9	0.9	2.5	0.2	0.6	PA	75.3	10.0	10.5	28.7	2.0	8.0
IL	63.9	8.8	9.2	23.4	1.8	6.5	RI	6.0	0.8	0.8	2.2	0.1	0.6
IN	33.0	4.4	5.4	12.9	0.9	4.0	SC	29.2	3.3	4.0	9.2	0.6	2.9
IA	17.3	2.0	2.5	6.4	0.4	1.8	SD	4.2	0.5	0.5	1.7	0.1	0.5
KS	13.6	1.8	2.0	5.4	0.4	1.6	TN	33.1	4.7	6.0	13.6	0.9	4.5
KY	24.2	3.3	4.8	9.7	0.6	3.4	TX	101.1	12.9	14.0	36.5	2.8	9.6
LA	21.0	2.5	3.3	8.5	0.6	2.6	UT	10.0	1.3	0.6	2.8	0.3	0.5
ME	8.7	1.2	1.4	3.2	0.2	1.0	VT	3.7	0.5	0.5	1.3	0.1	0.4
MD	27.7	4.2	4.2	10.3	0.8	2.8	VA	36.4	5.5	5.5	14.2	1.1	4.1
MA	36.0	5.3	5.0	13.0	0.8	3.5	WA	34.5	4.9	4.3	11.6	0.8	3.1
MI	55.7	7.3	8.2	20.7	1.3	5.8	WV	10.6	1.3	2.1	4.7	0.3	1.5
MN	25.1	3.3	3.2	9.2	0.6	2.5	WI	29.6	4.1	4.0	11.3	0.7	2.9
MS	14.3	2.0	2.4	6.1	0.4	2.0	WY	2.5	0.3	0.3	1.0	0.1	0.3

¹ Estimates are offered as a rough guide and should be interpreted with caution. ² Includes other types of cancer, not shown separately.

Source: American Cancer Society, Inc., *Cancer Facts and Figures—2010*, Atlanta, GA, (copyright). See also <http://www.cancer.org/docroot/STT/st_0.asp>.

Table 180. Selected Notifiable Diseases—Cases Reported: 1980 to 2008

[190.9 represents 190,900. As of June 30, 2009. Figures should be interpreted with caution. Although reporting of some of these diseases is incomplete, the figures are of value in indicating trends of disease incidence. Includes cases imported from outside the United States]

Disease	1980	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
AIDS ¹	(²)	41,595	71,547	40,758	44,108	41,120	38,423	37,503	39,202
Botulism ³	89	92	97	138	133	135	165	144	145
Brucellosis (undulant fever)	183	85	98	87	114	120	121	131	80
Chickenpox (Varicella) ⁴ (1,000)	190.9	173.1	120.6	27.4	32.9	32.2	48.4	40.1	30.4
Coccidioidomycosis	(²)	(²)	(²)	2,867	6,449	6,542	8,917	8,121	7,523
Cryptosporidiosis	(²)	(²)	(²)	3,128	3,577	5,659	6,071	11,170	9,113
Domestic arboviral diseases: ⁵									
West Nile: neuroinvasive	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	1,309	1,495	1,227	689
nonneuroinvasive	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	1,691	2,774	2,403	667
Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli O157:H7	(²)	(²)	2,139	4,528	2,544	2,621	(²)	(²)	(²)
Giardiasis	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	20,636	19,733	18,953	19,417	18,908
Haemophilus influenza	(²)	(²)	1,180	1,398	2,085	2,304	2,436	2,541	2,886
Hansen disease (Leprosy)	223	198	144	91	105	87	66	101	80
Hepatitis: A (infectious) (1,000) ⁶	29.1	31.4	31.6	13.4	5.7	4.5	3.6	3.0	2.6
B (serum) (1,000)	19.0	21.1	10.8	8.0	6.2	5.1	4.7	4.5	4.0
C/Non-A, non-B	(²)	2,600	4,576	3,197	720	652	766	845	877
Legionellosis	(²)	1,370	1,241	1,127	2,093	2,301	2,834	2,716	3,181
Lyme disease	(²)	(²)	11,700	17,730	19,804	23,305	19,931	27,444	35,198
Malaria	2,062	1,292	1,419	1,560	1,458	1,494	1,474	1,408	1,255
Meningococcal infections	2,840	2,451	3,243	2,256	1,361	1,245	1,194	1,077	1,172
Mumps (1,000)	8.6	5.3	0.9	0.3	0.3	0.3	6.6	0.8	0.5
Pertussis ⁷ (1,000)	1.7	4.6	5.1	7.9	25.8	25.6	15.6	10.5	13.3
Psittacosis	124	113	64	17	12	16	21	12	8
Rabies, animal	6,421	4,826	7,811	6,934	6,345	5,915	5,534	5,862	4,196
Rocky Mountain spotted fever	1,163	651	590	495	1,713	1,936	2,288	2,221	2,563
Rubella ⁸	3,904	1,125	128	176	10	11	11	12	16
Salmonellosis ⁹ (1,000)	33.7	48.6	46.0	39.6	42.2	45.3	45.8	48.0	51.0
Shigellosis ¹⁰ (1,000)	19.0	27.1	32.1	22.9	14.6	16.2	15.5	19.8	22.6
Streptococcal disease, invasive, Group A	(²)	(²)	(²)	3,144	4,395	4,715	5,407	5,294	5,674
Streptococcus pneumoniae, invasive:									
Drug-resistant	(²)	(²)	(²)	4,533	2,590	2,996	3,308	3,329	3,448
Age less than 5 years	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	1,162	1,495	1,861	563	532
Tetanus	95	64	41	35	34	27	41	28	19
Toxic-shock syndrome	(²)	322	191	135	95	90	101	92	71
Trichinosis	131	129	29	16	5	16	15	5	39
Tuberculosis ¹¹ (1,000)	27.7	25.7	22.9	16.4	14.5	14.1	13.8	13.3	12.9
Typhoid fever	510	552	369	377	322	324	353	434	449
Sexually transmitted diseases:									
Chlamydia (1,000)	(²)	(²)	478	702	929	976	1,031	1,108	1,211
Gonorrhea (1,000)	1,004	690	393	359	330	340	358	356	337
Syphilis (1,000)	69	134	69	32	33	33	37	41	46

¹ Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome was not a notifiable disease until 1984. Includes all cases reported to the Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention. ² Disease was not notifiable.

³ Includes foodborne, infant, wound, and unspecified cases. ⁴ Chickenpox was taken off the nationally notifiable list in 1991 but many states continue to report. ⁵ The national surveillance case definitions for the arboviral diseases was revised in 2005, and nonneuroinvasive arboviral diseases were added to the list of nationally notifiable infectious diseases. ⁶ Data on chronic hepatitis B and hepatitis C virus infection (past or present) are not included because they are undergoing data quality review. ⁷ Whooping cough. ⁸ German measles. Excludes congenital syndrome. ⁹ Excludes typhoid fever. ¹⁰ Bacillary dysentery. ¹¹ Newly reported active cases.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States, 2008, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 57, No. 54, 2010. See also <http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/mmwr_nd/index.html>.

Table 181. AIDS, Chlamydia, and Lyme Disease, 2008, Cases Reported by State

State	AIDS ¹	Chla- mydia	Lyme disease	State	AIDS ¹	Chla- mydia	Lyme disease	State	AIDS ¹	Chla- mydia	Lyme disease
U.S. ...	39,202	1,210,523	28,921								
AL	402	24,760	6	KY	293	12,163	5	ND	12	1,921	8
AK	27	4,861	6	LA	903	22,659	3	OH	701	47,117	40
AZ	570	24,769	2	ME	30	2,608	780	OK	137	14,803	1
AR	100	14,136	—	MD	2,389	24,669	1,746	OR	207	10,744	18
CA	4,818	148,798	74	MA	622	17,503	3,960	PA	1,244	42,233	3,818
CO	343	19,180	2	MI	651	44,923	76	RI	88	3,317	186
CT	408	12,519	2,738	MN	207	14,351	1,046	SC	723	26,323	14
DE	166	3,868	772	MS	356	21,253	1	SD	11	2,956	3
DC	767	6,924	71	MO	417	24,817	6	TN	589	28,038	7
FL	5,064	71,017	72	MT	48	3,101	6	TX	2,861	100,870	105
GA	2,153	42,629	35	NE	73	5,573	8	UT	65	6,021	3
HI	97	5,982	—	NV	307	9,670	9	VT	10	1,190	330
ID	31	4,194	5	NH	30	2,109	1,211	VA	698	31,218	886
IL	1,360	59,169	108	NJ	1,627	22,405	3,214	WA	390	21,402	22
IN	424	22,154	42	NM	109	9,262	4	WV	67	3,316	120
IA	71	9,372	85	NY	4,171	88,359	5,741	WI	174	20,996	1,493
KS	122	9,208	16	NC	1,384	37,516	16	WY	13	1,577	1

— Represents zero. ¹ Includes 672 cases of AIDS in persons with unknown state or area of residence that were reported in 2008.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States, 2008, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 57, No. 54, 2010. See also <http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/mmwr_nd/index.html>.

Table 182. Reported AIDS Cases for Adults and Adolescents by Transmission Category and Sex: 2007

[Provisional. For cases reported in the year shown. Includes Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, and U.S. Pacific Islands. Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) is a specific group of diseases or conditions which are indicative of severe immunosuppression related to infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). Data are subject to retrospective changes and may differ from those data in Table 180. For information on HIV death rates, go to Table 126]

Transmission category	2007			Cumulative through 2007 ¹		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Persons 13 years old and over, total	38,297	28,320	9,977	1,021,242	820,037	201,205
Male-to-male sexual contact	14,383	14,383	(X)	445,645	445,645	(X)
Injection drug use	4,736	3,103	1,633	235,842	166,251	69,591
Male-to-male sexual contact and injection drug use	1,514	1,514	(X)	67,797	67,797	(X)
Hemophilia/coagulation disorder	46	37	9	5,567	5,212	355
High-risk heterosexual contact	7,504	2,791	4,713	142,852	52,623	90,229
Sex with injection drug user	985	281	704	38,766	11,941	26,825
Sex with bisexual male	233	(X)	233	5,415	(X)	5,415
Sex with person with hemophilia	14	4	10	603	90	513
Sex with HIV-infected person, transfusion recipient	56	31	25	1,403	584	819
Sex with HIV-infected person, risk factor not specified	6,216	2,475	3,741	96,665	40,008	56,657
Receipt of blood transfusion, blood components, or tissue	109	50	59	9,315	5,181	4,134
Other/risk not reported or identified	10,005	6,442	3,563	114,224	77,328	36,896

X Not applicable. ¹ Includes persons with a diagnosis of AIDS, reported from the beginning of the epidemic through 2007. Cumulative total includes persons with characteristics unknown. The first AIDS cases were reported in the United States in June 1981.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, 2007*, Volume 19, <<http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/surveillance/resources/reports/2007report/>> (revised February 2009).

Table 183. Estimated Numbers of Persons Living With Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS) by Year, Age, and Selected Characteristics: 2000 to 2007

[Includes Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, and U.S. Pacific Islands. These numbers do not represent reported case counts. Rather, these numbers are point estimates, which result from adjustments of reported case counts. The reported case counts are adjusted for reporting delays and for redistribution of cases in persons initially reported without an identified risk factor. The estimates do not include adjustment for incomplete reporting. See the Commentary section in the report]

Age and characteristic	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total ^{1, 2}	322,242	411,089	432,029	451,837	470,902
AGE AS OF END OF YEAR					
Less than 13 years old	2,916	1,797	1,485	1,193	929
13 and 14 years old	518	802	801	757	680
15 to 24 years old	5,086	7,013	7,700	8,184	8,821
25 to 34 years old	55,678	47,368	45,623	44,829	44,729
35 to 44 years old	145,524	164,185	163,885	161,009	155,702
45 to 54 years old	85,268	136,084	149,317	162,562	175,604
55 to 64 years old	21,701	42,954	50,485	58,464	67,101
65 years old and over	5,550	10,886	12,733	14,839	17,336
RACE/ETHNICITY					
White, not Hispanic	119,172	143,338	149,107	154,770	160,010
Black, not Hispanic	132,104	174,479	183,930	192,793	201,404
Asian/Pacific Islander	2,498	3,834	4,191	4,564	5,011
American Indian/Alaska Native	1,073	1,462	1,563	1,632	1,698
Hispanic ³	64,833	84,427	89,415	94,100	98,726
TRANSMISSION CATEGORY					
MALE ADULT/ADOLESCENT					
Males 13 years old and over, total	250,315	314,618	329,884	344,370	358,332
Male-to-male sexual contact	143,390	186,036	196,868	207,551	218,136
Injection drug use	58,238	64,651	65,716	66,509	67,121
Male-to-male sexual contact and injection drug use	24,968	28,510	29,248	29,771	30,196
High-risk heterosexual contact ⁴	20,839	32,153	34,671	37,065	39,353
Other ⁵	2,880	3,267	3,381	3,474	3,527
FEMALE ADULT/ADOLESCENT					
Females 13 years old and over, total	68,015	92,443	98,101	103,447	108,576
Injection drug use	28,212	32,824	33,684	34,314	34,845
Heterosexual contact ⁴	38,131	57,368	62,037	66,626	71,088
Other ⁵	1,671	2,250	2,380	2,506	2,643
CHILD (LESS THAN 13 YEARS OLD AT DIAGNOSIS)					
Total	3,912	4,028	4,044	4,021	3,992
Perinatal	3,709	3,828	3,841	3,822	3,800
Other ⁶	202	201	203	198	192

¹ Includes persons of unknown or multiple race and of unknown sex. Because column totals were calculated independently of the values for the subpopulations, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. ² Persons who reported multiple racial categories or whose race was unknown are included in the total numbers. ³ Hispanics can be of any race. ⁴ Heterosexual contact with a person known to have, or to be at high risk for, HIV infection. ⁵ Includes hemophilia, blood transfusion, perinatal and risk not reported or not identified. ⁶ Includes hemophilia, blood transfusion, and risk not reported or not identified.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, 2008*, Volume 20, <<http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/surveillance/resources/reports/2008report/>>.

Table 184. Learning Disability or Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder for Children 3 to 17 Years of Age by Selected Characteristics: 2008

[In thousands, except percent (61,907 represents 61,907,000). Learning disability is based on the question, "Has a representative from a school or a health professional ever told you that (child's name) has a learning disability?" Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder is based on the question, "Has a doctor or health professional ever told you that (child's name) had Attention Deficit Disorder or Attention Deficit Disorder?"]

Selected characteristic	Total	Ever told had—			
		Learning disability		Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder	
		Number ¹	Percent ²	Number ¹	Percent ²
Total ³	61,907	5,012	8.2	4,968	8.1
SEX ⁴					
Male	31,724	3,174	10.1	3,508	11.2
Female	30,183	1,839	6.2	1,459	4.9
AGE					
3 to 4 years old	8,848	206	2.3	171	1.9
5 to 11 years old	28,250	2,485	8.8	2,059	7.3
12 to 17 years old	24,809	2,321	9.4	2,738	11.1
RACE					
Race Alone ^{4, 5}	59,721	4,841	8.2	4,807	8.1
White	46,514	3,853	8.3	3,922	8.5
Black or African American	9,596	860	9.2	792	8.3
American Indian or Alaska Native	983	⁶ 91	⁶ 9.1	(B)	(B)
Asian	2,491	⁶ 30	⁶ 1.2	(B)	(B)
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	137	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Two or more races ^{4, 7}	2,186	171	⁶ 8.7	161	8.1
Black or African American and White	777	⁶ 61	⁶ 8.7	⁶ 75	⁶ 11.0
American Indian or Alaska Native and White	475	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE: ^{4, 8}					
Hispanic or Latino	12,922	750	5.9	535	4.2
Mexican or Mexican American	8,729	482	5.6	276	3.3
Not Hispanic or Latino	48,985	4,262	8.8	4,433	9.1
White, single race	34,836	3,158	9.1	3,425	9.8
Black or African American, single race	9,209	844	9.4	774	8.5

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Unknowns for the columns are not included in the frequencies, but they are included in the "Total" column. ² Unknowns for the column variables are not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. ³ Includes other races not shown separately. ⁴ Percents are age-adjusted to the 2000 projected U.S. standard population using age groups 3–4 years, 5–11 years, and 12–17 years. ⁵ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁶ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁷ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁸ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Children: National Health Interview Survey, 2008*, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 244, 2009. See also <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_244.pdf>.

Table 185. Children and Youth With Disabilities Served by Selected Programs: 1995 to 2008

[In thousands (5,078.8 represents 5,078,800). As of fall. For children and youth aged 6 to 21 served under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Part B. Includes outlying areas]

Disability	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total	5,078.8	5,773.9	6,045.4	6,116.4	6,113.5	6,085.6	5,999.2	5,889.8
Specific learning disabilities	2,601.8	2,881.6	2,867.1	2,839.3	2,782.8	2,711.8	2,616.3	2,525.9
Speech or language impairments	1,026.9	1,093.4	1,128.1	1,149.6	1,156.9	1,162.1	1,151.9	1,122.0
Mental retardation	585.6	613.4	582.6	567.6	546.0	523.5	497.5	476.1
Emotional disturbance	439.2	474.3	484.5	484.5	472.5	458.8	439.7	418.1
Multiple disabilities	94.5	122.9	132.7	133.4	134.0	133.8	132.5	124.1
Hearing impairments	68.0	70.8	72.0	72.6	72.4	72.8	72.0	70.8
Orthopedic impairments	63.2	73.0	68.2	65.4	63.1	62.0	60.5	62.4
Other health impairments	134.2	294.0	452.7	512.2	561.6	600.4	630.7	648.4
Visual impairments	25.5	26.0	25.9	26.1	26.0	26.5	26.4	25.8
Autism	29.1	79.6	141.1	166.5	193.8	224.6	258.0	292.8
Deaf-blind	1.4	1.3	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.7
Traumatic brain injury	9.6	14.9	22.5	23.3	23.5	23.8	23.9	24.9
Developmental delay ¹	(X)	28.6	66.3	74.4	79.1	84.0	88.6	96.9

X Not applicable. ¹ States had the option of reporting children aged 3 to 9 under developmental delay beginning 1997.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education, <<http://www.ideadata.org/index.html>>.

Table 186. Children Under 18 Years of Age Receiving Special Education or Early Intervention Services: 2008

[In thousands, except percent (73,858 represents 73,858,000). Receiving special education or early intervention services is based on the question, "Do any of the following (family members under 18 years of age) receive special education or early intervention services?"]

Selected Characteristic	Total	Persons under 18 years who were receiving special education early intervention services	
		Number ¹	Percent ²
Total ³	73,858	4,672	6.3
SEX ⁴			
Male	37,749	3,133	8.3
Female	36,108	1,539	4.3
AGE			
Under 12 years	49,087	2,810	5.7
12 to 17 years	24,771	1,863	7.5
RACE			
Race Alone ^{4,5}	71,310	4,498	6.3
White	55,603	3,634	6.5
Black or African American	11,415	707	6.2
American Indian or Alaska Native	1,154	96	8.1
Asian	2,979	58	1.9
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	159	(B)	(B)
Two or more races ^{4,6}	2,547	174	6.9
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE: ^{4,7}			
Hispanic or Latino	15,802	669	4.3
Mexican or Mexican American	10,765	396	3.7
Not Hispanic or Latino	58,055	4,004	6.9
White, single race	41,323	3,029	7.3
Black or African American, single race	10,929	682	6.3

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Unknowns for the columns are not included in the frequencies, but they are included in the "Total" column. ² Unknowns for the column variables are not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. ³ Includes other races not shown separately. ⁴ Percents are age-adjusted to the 2000 projected U.S. standard population using two age groups 0–11 years, and 12–17 years. ⁵ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁶ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁷ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: National Health Interview Survey, 2008*. Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 243, 2009. See also <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_243.pdf>.

Table 187. Disabilities Tallied by Age Group and by State: 2008

[In thousands (35,916 represents 35,916,000). Based on data from the American Community Survey (ACS). People aged 5 to 14 were classified as having a disability if they were reported to have any one of the five limitations: hearing difficulty, vision difficulty, cognitive difficulty, ambulatory difficulty, or self-care difficulty. People aged 15 and over were classified as having a disability if they reported any one of the five limitations listed above or independent living difficulty. See text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

State	5 to 17 years				State	18 to 64 years			
	Total	5 to 17 years	18 to 64 years	65 years and over		Total	5 to 17 years	18 to 64 years	65 years and over
U.S.	35,916	2,741	18,995	14,180	MO	804	64	441	299
AL	742	50	416	276	MT	128	8	69	51
AK	78	7	53	19	NE	189	14	94	81
AZ	769	58	402	309	NV	257	19	135	103
AR	485	41	272	172	NH	141	14	75	52
CA	3,677	259	1,873	1,545	NJ	838	62	405	370
CO	456	28	256	173	NM	268	17	144	107
CT	356	28	180	149	NY	2,150	155	1,085	910
DE	112	10	58	44	NC	1,169	88	648	433
DC	64	5	36	23	ND	68	3	33	31
FL	2,315	146	1,061	1,108	OH	1,479	125	798	556
GA	1,106	95	618	393	OK	580	46	326	209
HI	131	7	56	67	OR	495	36	264	194
ID	177	14	93	71	PA	1,612	122	827	663
IL	1,303	95	661	547	RI	132	11	69	51
IN	787	66	431	291	SC	609	39	336	234
IA	345	30	170	145	SD	84	5	42	37
KS	334	29	175	131	TN	903	67	506	330
KY	710	54	418	238	TX	2,755	248	1,506	1,000
LA	639	50	356	233	UT	239	24	127	88
ME	206	16	113	77	VT	84	7	45	31
MD	557	44	294	219	VA	812	64	428	320
MA	728	63	383	282	WA	779	57	430	292
MI	1,299	110	711	478	WV	338	17	201	119
MN	494	42	254	198	WI	591	48	307	236
MS	483	34	280	169	WY	62	4	34	24

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008 American Community Survey, B18101, "Sex by Age by Disability Status," <<http://www.factfinder.census.gov/>>, accessed February 2010.

Table 188. Children Immunized Against Specified Diseases: 1995 to 2008

[In percent. Covers civilian noninstitutionalized population aged 19 months to 35 months. Based on estimates from the National Immunization Survey. The health care providers of the children are contacted to verify and/or complete vaccination information. Results are based on race/ethnic status of the child]

Vaccination	1995, total	2000, total	2008 ¹					
			Total	White ²	Black ²	Hispanic ³	American Indian/ Alaska Native only ²	Asian ²
Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (DTP)								
diphtheria-tetanus:								
3+ doses.....	95.0	94.0	96.2	96.2	94.6	96.6	93.0	98.6
4+ doses.....	79.0	82.0	84.6	85.0	80.1	84.9	82.0	92.3
Polio: 3+ doses.....	88.0	90.0	93.6	93.6	91.5	94.3	90.6	96.5
Measles, mumps, rubella vaccine	90.0	91.0	92.1	91.3	92.0	92.8	95.8	94.7
Hib: 3+ doses ⁴	92.0	93.0	90.9	90.8	88.6	91.9	88.9	92.6
Hepatitis B: 3+ doses.....	68.0	90.0	93.5	93.4	92.1	93.7	91.5	97.5
Varicella ⁵	(NA)	68.0	90.7	89.8	90.4	91.8	93.8	94.2
PCV: 3+ doses ⁶	(X)	(X)	92.8	92.8	90.9	94.1	86.7	91.2
4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MMR/3+ Hib ⁷	74.0	76.0	79.6	79.3	75.8	80.7	79.3	84.8
4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MMR/3+ Hib/3+ HepB ⁸	55.1	72.8	78.2	77.8	74.2	79.4	78.7	84.2

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Children in the Q1²008–Q4²008 National Immunization Survey were born between January 2005 and June 2007. ² Non-Hispanic. ³ Children of Hispanic ethnicity may be any race. ⁴ Haemophilus influenzae type B. ⁵ Data collection for varicella (chicken pox) began in July 1996. ⁶ PCV = Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine. ⁷ MMR = Measles, mumps, and rubella. ⁸ Children are considered immunized with this series.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, National Immunization Program, Data and Statistics, *Immunization Coverage in the U.S.* See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/stats-surv/imz-coverage.htm#nis>>.

Table 189. Asthma Incidence Among Children Under 18 Years of Age by Selected Characteristics: 2008

[In thousands, except percent (73,859 represents 73,859,000). Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Selected characteristic	Total	Ever told had asthma		Still have asthma	
		Number ¹	Percent ²	Number ¹	Percent ²
Total ³	73,859	10,190	13.9	6,953	9.5
SEX ⁴					
Male.....	37,750	6,184	16.5	4,293	11.5
Female.....	36,109	4,006	11.2	2,660	7.4
AGE					
0 to 4 years old.....	20,800	1,499	7.2	1,276	6.2
5 to 11 years old.....	28,250	4,573	16.2	3,159	11.2
12 to 17 years old.....	24,809	4,118	16.6	2,518	10.2
RACE					
Race Alone ^{4, 5}	71,151	9,702	13.7	6,608	9.4
White.....	55,555	6,837	12.4	4,544	8.2
Black or African American.....	11,337	2,384	21.2	1,753	15.6
American Indian or Alaska Native.....	1,178	⁶ 218	18.2	⁶ 193	15.8
Asian.....	2,911	191	6.5	107	3.6
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander.....	170	(B)	42.6	(B)	(B)
Two or more races ^{4, 7}	2,708	488	19.7	345	13.7
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE: ^{4, 8}					
Hispanic or Latino.....	15,803	1,725	11.2	1,055	6.8
Mexican or Mexican American.....	10,766	1,044	9.9	638	6.0
Not Hispanic or Latino.....	58,056	8,465	14.6	5,898	10.2
White, single race.....	41,294	5,356	13.0	3,638	8.8
Black or African American, single race.....	10,837	2,283	21.2	1,698	15.7

B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Unknowns for the columns are not included in the frequencies, but they are included in the "Total" column. ² Unknowns for the column variables are not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. ³ Includes other races not shown separately. ⁴ Estimates are age-adjusted to the 2000 projected U.S. standard population using age groups 0–4 years, 5–11 years, and 12–17 years. ⁵ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁶ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁷ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁸ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Children: *National Health Interview Survey, 2008*, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 244, 2009. See also <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_244.pdf>.

Table 190. Nursing Homes, Beds, Residents, and Occupancy Rate by State: 2008

[Based on a census of certified nursing facilities]

State	Nursing homes	Beds	Residents	Occupancy rate ¹	State	Nursing homes	Beds	Residents	Occupancy rate ¹
U.S.	15,730	1,703,846	1,412,540	82.9	MO	516	55,028	37,510	68.2
AL	232	26,824	23,205	86.5	MT	91	7,081	5,137	72.5
AK	15	725	616	85.0	NE	224	16,198	12,899	79.6
AZ	133	16,033	12,201	76.1	NV	48	5,675	4,724	83.2
AR	232	24,477	17,753	72.5	NH	80	7,718	6,953	90.1
CA	1,255	122,554	103,487	84.4	NJ	361	51,132	45,946	89.9
CO	212	19,956	16,464	82.5	NM	70	6,780	5,695	84.0
CT	241	29,678	26,819	90.4	NY	652	120,336	110,940	92.2
DE	45	4,870	3,999	82.1	NC	422	43,770	38,025	86.9
DC	18	2,645	2,437	92.1	ND	83	6,395	5,847	91.4
FL	676	82,067	71,833	87.5	OH	955	93,039	81,395	87.5
GA	359	39,762	35,276	88.7	OK	323	29,786	19,518	65.5
HI	48	4,256	3,840	90.2	OR	138	12,473	8,113	65.0
ID	78	6,034	4,522	74.9	PA	711	87,878	79,710	90.7
IL	791	101,790	76,282	74.9	RI	86	8,868	7,955	89.7
IN	510	57,107	39,536	69.2	SC	175	18,798	17,004	90.5
IA	451	33,658	26,292	78.1	SD	110	6,591	6,528	99.0
KS	346	26,011	19,301	74.2	TN	319	36,943	32,288	87.4
KY	287	25,769	23,233	90.2	TX	1,145	126,732	90,385	71.3
LA	285	36,096	25,875	71.7	UT	93	7,967	5,456	68.5
ME	112	7,243	6,591	91.0	VT	40	3,268	2,992	91.6
MD	230	29,231	25,243	86.4	VA	281	31,908	28,279	88.6
MA	433	49,323	43,684	88.6	WA	238	22,314	18,760	84.1
MI	425	47,323	40,224	85.0	WV	130	10,895	9,710	89.1
MN	390	34,117	31,056	91.0	WI	393	37,385	32,325	86.5
MS	203	18,346	16,246	88.6	WY	39	2,993	2,431	81.2

¹ Percentage of beds occupied (number of nursing home residents per 100 nursing home beds).

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2009*. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>.

Table 191. Insufficient Rest or Sleep by Number of Days and Selected Characteristics: 2008

[In percent. Age-adjusted to 2000 projected U.S. population. Respondents were asked, "During the past 30 days, for about how many days have you felt you did not get enough sleep?"]

Characteristic	Number ¹	Days without enough rest or sleep			
		0 days	1–13 days	14–29 days	30 days
Total	403,981	30.7	41.3	16.8	11.1
Sex:					
Male	152,513	33.6	40.9	15.6	9.9
Female	251,468	28.1	41.5	18	12.4
Age:					
18 to 24 years old	13,881	23.2	45.5	19.7	11.6
25 to 34 years old	38,978	21.8	44.1	20.4	13.8
35 to 44 years old	61,350	22.8	45.2	20.1	12.0
45 to 64 years old	169,906	30.5	42.4	16.3	10.9
65 years old or over	119,866	56.7	28.3	7.6	7.4
Race/ethnicity:					
White, non-Hispanic	318,694	27.9	42.7	18.2	11.2
Black, non-Hispanic	31,513	30.4	40.4	16.0	13.3
Other, non-Hispanic ²	22,108	35.4	37.2	15.8	11.6
Hispanic ³	28,045	38.8	37.7	13.0	10.5
Employment status:					
Employed	215,127	28.7	44.2	17.1	9.9
Unemployed	16,797	32.5	36.7	16.9	13.9
Retired	106,325	43.8	33.2	13.4	9.5
Unable to work	25,956	24.3	28.4	21.6	25.8
Homemaker or student	38,395	31.3	41.7	15.9	11.1
Education:					
Less than high school	39,395	37.9	33.6	14.2	14.3
High school or GED ⁴	121,346	33.8	37.3	15.7	13.2
Some college or college graduate	242,194	28.0	44.5	17.9	9.6
Marital status:					
Married	226,418	30.9	42.1	15.9	11.1
Divorced, widowed, or separated	119,372	30.4	35.1	18.6	16.0
Member of unmarried couple	8,945	28.4	42.8	16.7	12.1
Never married	48,016	31.6	41.0	16.7	10.6

¹ Unweighted sample. Categories may not sum to total due to missing responses. ² Asian, Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, American Indian/Alaska Native, or multiracial. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race. ⁴ General Education Development certificate.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 58, No. 42, 2009. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/index2009.html>>.

Table 192. Persons 18 Years and Over With Selected Diseases and Conditions by Selected Characteristics: 2008

[In thousands (225,227 represents 225,227,000). Based on National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Selected characteristics	Total persons	Persons with selected diseases and conditions					
		Diabetes ^{1,2}	Ulcers ¹	Kidney dis-ease ^{3,4}	Liver dis-ease ³	Arthritis diagnosis ⁵	Chronic joint symptoms ⁵
Total⁶	225,227	18,651	19,321	3,731	3,262	51,233	61,656
SEX							
Male	108,755	8,934	8,481	1,769	1,591	20,136	27,733
Female	116,472	9,717	10,840	1,962	1,671	31,097	33,922
AGE							
18 to 44 years	110,615	2,553	6,065	795	1,060	8,306	18,481
45 to 64 years	77,335	9,223	8,045	1,372	1,680	23,900	27,067
65 to 74 years	19,869	3,940	2,719	601	330	9,574	8,533
75 years and over	17,409	2,935	2,493	963	192	9,454	7,573
RACE							
Race alone ⁷	222,430	18,344	19,042	3,688	3,210	50,550	60,657
White	182,651	14,537	16,424	3,002	2,750	43,617	52,421
Black or African American	26,765	2,756	1,866	501	253	5,370	6,365
American Indian or Alaska Native	2,178	262	213	(B)	⁸ 52	378	494
Asian	10,501	741	523	153	156	1,132	1,358
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	334	(B)	(B)	—	—	(B)	(B)
Two or more races ⁹	2,798	307	280	⁸ 43	⁸ 52	683	999
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE¹⁰							
Hispanic or Latino	30,583	2,524	1,857	483	531	3,726	5,483
Mexican or Mexican American	19,089	1,629	1,191	257	350	2,138	3,291

— Represents zero. B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a health professional that they had an ulcer or diabetes. A person may be represented in more than one column. ² Excludes borderline diabetes. ³ Respondents were asked if they had been told in the last 12 months by a health professional that they had weak or failing kidneys or any kind of liver condition. ⁴ Excludes kidney stones, bladder infections, or incontinence. ⁵ Respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a health professional that they had some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus or fibromyalgia. Those that answered "yes" were classified as having an arthritis diagnosis. Respondents with joint symptoms (excluding back and neck) that began more than 3 months prior to interview were classified as having chronic joint symptoms. ⁶ Total includes other races not shown separately. ⁷ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁸ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁹ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ¹⁰ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: National Health Interview Survey, 2008*, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 242, 2009, <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_242.pdf>.

Table 193. Persons 18 Years of Age and Over With Selected Circulatory Diseases by Selected Characteristics: 2008

[In thousands (225,227 represents 225,227,000). In separate questions, respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a doctor or other health professional that they had: hypertension (or high blood pressure); coronary heart disease, angina (or angina pectoris); heart attack (or myocardial infarction); any other heart condition or disease not already mentioned; or a stroke. A person may be represented in more than one column. Based on National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Characteristic	Total persons	Selected circulatory diseases			
		Heart disease		Hypertension ³	Stroke
		All types ¹	Coronary ²		
Total⁴	225,227	26,628	14,428	56,159	6,460
SEX					
Male	108,755	13,170	8,439	26,031	2,965
Female	116,472	13,457	5,989	30,128	3,495
AGE					
18 to 44 years	110,615	5,067	1,258	9,643	714
45 to 64 years	77,335	9,469	5,205	25,126	2,260
65 to 74 years	19,869	5,287	3,337	10,774	1,248
75 years and over	17,409	6,805	4,628	10,616	2,238
RACE					
Race alone ⁵	222,430	26,233	14,210	55,482	6,360
White	182,651	23,082	12,511	45,054	5,286
Black or African American	26,765	2,436	1,307	7,900	832
American Indian or Alaska Native	2,178	230	⁶ 119	478	⁶ 80
Asian	10,501	472	261	1,985	153
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	334	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Two or more races ⁷	2,798	395	218	677	⁶ 100
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE⁸					
Hispanic or Latino	30,583	1,817	1,217	4,913	562
Mexican or Mexican American	19,089	1,032	668	2,838	341

B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Heart disease includes coronary heart disease, angina pectoris, heart attack, or any other heart condition or disease. ² Coronary heart disease includes coronary heart disease, angina pectoris, or heart attack. ³ Persons had to have been told on two or more different visits that they had hypertension, or high blood pressure, to be classified as hypertensive. ⁴ Includes other races not shown separately. ⁵ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁶ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁷ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁸ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: National Health Interview Survey, 2008*, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 242, 2009. See also <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_242.pdf>.

Table 194. Selected Respiratory Diseases Among Persons 18 Years of Age and Over by Selected Characteristics: 2008

[In thousands (225,227 represents 225,227,000). Respondents were asked in two separate questions if they had ever been told by a doctor or other health professional that they had emphysema or asthma. Respondents who had been told they had asthma were asked if they still had asthma. Respondents were asked in three separate questions if they had been told by a doctor or other health professional in the past 12 months that they had hay fever, sinusitis, or bronchitis. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Selected characteristic	Total persons	Selected respiratory conditions ¹					
		Emphysema	Asthma		Hay fever	Sinusitis	Chronic bronchitis
			Ever	Still			
Total ²	225,227	3,789	28,260	16,380	18,022	30,621	9,832
SEX							
Male	108,755	1,769	11,705	6,136	7,463	10,080	3,121
Female	116,472	2,020	16,555	10,244	10,559	20,541	6,711
AGE							
18 to 44 years	110,615	222	14,888	7,949	7,379	12,850	3,486
45 to 64 years	77,335	1,573	9,265	5,768	7,823	12,072	4,251
65 to 74 years	19,869	1,124	2,376	1,548	1,537	3,362	1,172
75 years and over	17,409	870	1,731	1,116	1,283	2,337	922
RACE							
Race alone: ³	222,430	3,708	27,538	15,881	17,709	30,237	9,649
White	182,651	3,443	22,650	13,032	15,130	25,593	8,442
Black or African American	26,765	217	3,627	2,163	1,699	3,645	1,020
American Indian or Alaska Native	2,178	(B)	263	148	⁴ 132	227	⁴ 52
Asian	10,501	(B)	966	506	723	740	⁴ 124
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	334	—	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Two or more races ⁵	2,798	⁴ 81	722	499	313	384	183
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE ⁶							
Hispanic or Latino	30,583	191	2,950	1,639	1,554	2,693	631
Mexican or Mexican American	19,089	⁴ 93	1,546	825	872	1,526	304
Not Hispanic or Latino	194,645	3,598	25,310	14,741	16,468	27,928	9,201
White, single race	154,483	3,258	19,951	11,542	13,647	23,112	7,834
Black or African American, single race	26,051	214	3,525	2,107	1,666	3,582	1,011

— Represents zero. B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ A person may be represented in more than one column. ² Total includes other races not shown separately. ³ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁴ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁵ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: National Health Interview Survey, 2008*, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 242, 2009. See also <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_242.pdf>.

Table 195. Persons 18 Years of Age and Over With Migraines and Pains in the Neck, Lower Back, Face, or Jaw by Selected Characteristics: 2008

[In thousands (225,227 represents 225,227,000). Based on National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population, Appendix III]

Selected characteristic	Total persons	Migraine and pain ¹			
		Migraine or severe headache ²	Pain in neck ³	Pain in lower back ³	Pain in face or jaw ³
Total ⁴	225,227	30,262	31,447	61,719	9,753
SEX					
Male	108,755	8,886	12,385	27,342	3,051
Female	116,472	21,376	19,062	34,377	6,701
AGE					
18 to 44 years	110,615	18,352	14,017	27,136	5,092
45 to 64 years	77,335	10,260	12,744	22,778	3,523
65 to 74 years	19,869	1,121	2,618	6,359	649
75 years and over	17,409	529	2,068	5,447	489
RACE					
Race alone ⁵	222,430	29,671	30,791	60,637	9,569
White	182,651	24,921	26,709	51,792	8,399
Black or African American	26,765	3,524	2,789	6,272	904
American Indian or Alaska Native	2,178	342	351	663	⁶ 63
Asian	10,501	844	929	1,822	⁶ 196
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	334	(B)	(B)	⁶ 88	(B)
Two or more races ⁷	2,798	591	655	1,082	183
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE ⁸					
Hispanic or Latino	30,583	4,050	4,082	7,453	1,033
Mexican or Mexican American	19,089	2,501	2,255	4,167	637
Not Hispanic or Latino	194,645	26,212	27,365	54,266	8,719
White, single race	154,483	21,309	23,025	45,183	7,494
Black or African American, single race	26,051	3,319	2,668	6,032	853

B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ A person may be represented in more than one column. ² Respondents were asked, "During the past 3 months, did you have a severe headache or migraine?" Respondents were instructed to report pain that had lasted a whole day or more and, conversely, not to report fleeting or minor aches or pains. ³ Respondents were asked, "During the past 3 months, did you have a neck pain; or low back pain; or facial ache or pain in the jaw muscles or the joint in front of the ear?" Respondents were instructed to report pain that had lasted a whole day or more and, conversely, not to report fleeting or minor aches or pains. ⁴ Total includes other races not shown separately. ⁵ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁶ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁷ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁸ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: National Health Interview Survey, 2008*, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 242, 2009. See also <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_242.pdf>.

130 Health and Nutrition

Table 196. Injury and Poisoning Episodes and Conditions by Age and Sex: 2008

[33,255 represents 33,255,000. Covers all medically attended injuries and poisonings occurring during the 5-week period prior to the survey interview. Age adjustment is used to adjust for differences in the age distribution of populations being compared. There may be more than one condition per episode. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

External cause and nature of injury	Both sexes							Male	Female
	Total	Total, age-adjusted ¹	Under 12 years	12 to 21 years	22 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over		
EPISODES									
Number (1,000)	33,255	(X)	4,573	6,497	10,653	7,370	4,161	16,692	16,563
Annual rate per 1,000 population, total ²	111.2	111.9	93.2	156.9	113.4	95.1	112.1	113.9	108.6
Fall	42.8	42.7	52.9	41.0	31.4	41.8	62.7	34.9	50.4
Struck by or against a person or an object	12.3	12.4	14.1	22.0	10.4	9.8	⁴ 9.2	13.4	11.3
Transportation ³	14.1	14.4	⁴ 2.7	21.3	21.4	8.2	⁴ 15.2	15.3	13.0
Overexertion	13.5	13.5	⁴ 5	21.8	15.4	13.9	⁴ 10.0	14.3	12.8
Cutting, piercing instruments	7.2	7.3	⁴ 3.2	⁴ 11.7	11.0	⁴ 5.1	⁴ 2.0	8.8	5.6
Poisoning ⁵	⁴ 2.1	2.0	⁴ 1.4	⁴ 1.8	⁴ 1.7	⁴ 3.9	—	⁴ 3.0	⁴ 1.2
CONDITIONS									
Annual rate per 1,000 population, total ²	155.6	155.9	107.9	207.9	151.7	143.1	196.1	148.3	162.6
Sprains/strains	50.5	50.6	16.6	98.5	52.8	49.3	38.7	46.9	54.0
Open wounds	18.3	18.7	30.2	12.5	18.8	9.5	⁴ 26.1	21.2	15.6
Fractures	20.9	20.9	22.6	23.1	15.2	19.2	34.5	20.8	21.0
Contusions	29.4	29.3	⁴ 13.0	29.6	28.8	30.2	50.8	19.7	38.8

— Represents or rounds to zero. X Not applicable. ¹ Data were age-adjusted using the 2000 standard population using age groups: under 12 years, 12–21 years, 22–44 years, 45–64 years, and 65 years and over. ² Includes other items not shown separately. ³ Includes the categories "Motor vehicle traffic"; "Pedal cycle, other"; "Pedestrian, other"; and "Transport, other." ⁴ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁵ Poisoning episodes are assumed to have a single condition resulting from the episode.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, unpublished data.

Table 197. Injuries Associated With Selected Consumer Products: 2008

[Estimates calculated from a representative sample of hospitals with emergency treatment departments in the United States. Data are estimates of the number of emergency room treated cases nationwide associated with various products. Product involvement does not necessarily mean the product caused the accident. Products were selected from the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission's National Electronic Injury Surveillance System (NEISS)]

Product	Number	Product	Number
Home workshop equipment:		Floors or flooring materials	1,209,603
Saws (hand or power)	91,701	Other doors ²	313,122
Hammers	33,053	Home entertainment equipment:	
Household packaging and containers:		Televisions	57,612
Household containers and packaging	217,943	Computers (equip. & electronic games)	24,721
Bottles and jars	79,406	Personal use items:	
Housewares:		Footwear	154,981
Knives	415,539	Wheelchairs	126,958
Tableware and flatware	98,456	Crutches, canes, walkers	100,414
Drinking glasses	77,287	Jewelry	83,571
Home furnishing:		Yard and garden equipment:	
Beds	563,922	Lawn mowers	80,188
Chairs	338,948	Sports and recreation equipment:	
Tables ¹	317,856	Bicycles	516,261
Household cabinets, racks, and shelves	276,285	Skateboards	149,577
Bathbats and showers	260,635	Trampolines	104,752
Home structures, construction:		Minibikes or trail bikes	75,589
Stairs or steps	1,213,555	Swings or swing sets	60,884

¹ Excludes baby-changing and television tables or stands. ² Excludes glass doors and garage doors.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, *Injury Facts*, annual (copyright). See also <<http://www.nsc.org/lrs/statstop.htm>>.

Table 198. Costs of Unintentional Injuries: 2008

[701.9 represents \$701,900,000,000. Covers costs of deaths or disabling injuries together with vehicle accidents and fires]

Cost	Amount (bil. dol.)					Percent distribution				
	Total ¹	Motor vehicle	Work	Home	Other	Total ¹	Motor vehicle	Work	Home	Other
Total	701.9	255.7	183.0	182.3	103.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Wage and productivity losses ²	354.9	88.7	88.4	116.9	65.3	50.6	34.7	48.3	64.1	63.4
Medical expense	145.1	41.8	38.3	41.2	26.1	20.7	16.3	20.9	22.6	25.3
Administrative expenses ³	122.4	81.2	37.7	9.8	6.6	17.4	31.8	20.6	5.4	6.4
Motor vehicle damage	41.7	41.7	2.1	(NA)	(NA)	5.9	16.3	1.1	(NA)	(NA)
Employer uninsured cost ⁴	22.3	2.3	12.7	4.9	2.8	3.2	0.9	6.9	2.7	2.7
Fire loss	15.5	(NA)	3.8	9.5	2.2	2.2	(NA)	2.1	5.2	2.1

NA Not available. ¹ Excludes duplication between work and motor vehicle: \$22.1 billion in 2008. ² Actual loss of wages and household production, and the present value of future earnings lost. ³ Home and other costs may include costs of administering medical treatment claims for some motor vehicle injuries filed through health insurance plans. ⁴ Estimate of the uninsured costs incurred by employers, representing the money value of time lost by noninjured workers.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, *Injury Facts*, annual (copyright). See also <<http://www.nsc.org/Pages/Home.aspx>>.

Table 199. Use of Mammography for Women 40 Years Old and Over by Patient Characteristics: 2000 to 2008

[Percent of women having a mammogram within the past 2 years. Covers civilian noninstitutional population. Based on National Health Interview Survey; see Appendix III]

Characteristic	2000 ¹	2005 ¹	2008 ¹	Characteristic	2000 ¹	2005 ¹	2008 ¹
Total²	70.4	66.8	67.6	Years of school completed:			
40 to 49 years old	64.3	63.5	61.5	No high school diploma or GED	57.7	52.8	53.8
50 years old and over	73.6	68.4	70.5	High school diploma or GED	69.7	64.9	65.2
50 to 64 years old	78.7	71.8	74.2	Some college or more	76.2	72.7	73.4
65 years old and over	67.9	63.8	65.5	Poverty status: ⁴			
White, non-Hispanic	72.2	68.4	68.7	Below poverty	54.8	48.5	51.4
Black, non-Hispanic	67.9	65.2	68.3	At or above poverty	72.1	68.8	(NA)
Hispanic origin ³	61.2	58.8	61.2				

NA Not available. ¹ Adjusted data—data have been reweighted using the 2000 Census population controls. ² Includes other races not shown separately and unknown education level and poverty status. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race or combination of races. ⁴ For explanation of poverty level, see text, Section 13.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2010*. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>.

Table 200. Current Cigarette Smoking: 1990 to 2008

[In percent. Prior to 1992, a current smoker is a person who has smoked at least 100 cigarettes and who now smokes. Beginning 1992, definition includes persons who smoke only "some days." Excludes unknown smoking status. For definition of age adjustment, see text, Section 2. Based on National Health Interview Survey; for details, see Appendix III]

Sex, age, and race	1990 ¹	2000	2005	2008	Sex, age, and race	1990 ¹	2000	2005	2008
Total smokers, age-adjusted²	25.3	23.1	20.8	20.6	Black, total	32.5	26.2	26.5	25.3
Male	28.0	25.2	23.4	22.8	18 to 24 years	21.3	20.9	21.6	⁴ 17.0
Female	22.9	21.1	18.3	18.5	25 to 34 years	33.8	23.2	29.8	25.9
White male	27.6	25.4	23.3	23.0	35 to 44 years	42.0	30.7	23.3	21.8
Black male	32.8	25.7	25.9	24.7	45 to 64 years	36.7	32.2	32.4	33.6
White female	23.5	22.0	19.1	19.5	65 years and over	21.5	14.2	16.8	17.5
Black female	20.8	20.7	17.1	17.4	Female, total	22.8	20.9	18.1	18.3
Total smokers³	25.5	23.2	20.9	20.6	18 to 24 years	22.5	24.9	20.7	19.0
Male, total	28.4	25.6	23.9	23.1	25 to 34 years	28.2	22.3	21.5	21.4
18 to 24 years	26.6	28.1	28.0	23.6	35 to 44 years	24.8	26.2	21.3	20.9
25 to 34 years	31.6	28.9	27.7	28.5	45 to 64 years	24.8	21.7	18.8	20.5
35 to 44 years	34.5	30.2	26.0	24.3	65 years and over	11.5	9.3	8.3	8.3
45 to 64 years	29.3	26.4	25.2	24.8	White, total	23.4	21.4	18.7	19.1
65 years and over	14.6	10.2	8.9	10.5	18 to 24 years	25.4	28.5	22.6	20.1
White, total	28.0	25.7	23.6	23.1	25 to 34 years	28.5	24.9	23.1	23.1
18 to 24 years	27.4	30.4	29.7	25.2	35 to 44 years	25.0	26.6	22.2	22.6
25 to 34 years	31.6	29.7	27.7	29.5	45 to 64 years	25.4	21.4	18.9	20.9
35 to 44 years	33.5	30.6	26.3	24.9	65 years and over	11.5	9.1	8.4	8.6
45 to 64 years	28.7	25.8	24.5	24.0	Black, total	21.2	20.8	17.3	17.8
65 years and over	13.7	9.8	7.9	9.9	18 to 24 years	⁴ 10.0	14.2	14.2	16.6
					25 to 34 years	29.1	15.5	16.9	17.6
					35 to 44 years	25.5	30.2	19.0	19.6
					45 to 64 years	22.6	25.6	21.0	21.3
					65 years and over	11.1	10.2	10.0	8.1

¹ Data prior to 2000 are not strictly comparable with data for later years due to the 1997 questionnaire redesign. ² Data are age-adjusted to the year 2000 standard using five age groups: 18–24 years, 25–34 years, 35–44 years, 45–64 years, 65 years and over. ³ Crude, not age-adjusted. ⁴ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2010*. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>.

Table 201. Current Cigarette Smoking by Sex and State: 2008

[In percent. Current cigarette smoking is defined as persons 18 years and older who reported having smoked 100 or more cigarettes during their lifetime and who currently smoke every day or some days. Based on the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, a telephone survey of health behaviors of the civilian, noninstitutionalized U.S. population, 18 years old and over; for details, see source]

State	Total	Male	Female	State	Total	Male	Female	State	Total	Male	Female
U.S.¹	18.4	20.4	16.7								
AL	22.2	25.2	19.4	KY	25.3	26.3	24.3	ND	18.2	20.4	15.9
AK	21.7	23.9	19.3	LA	20.5	23.4	17.7	OH	20.2	21.5	19.0
AZ	15.9	18.2	13.7	ME	18.2	21.6	15.0	OK	24.8	26.5	23.1
AR	22.4	24.4	20.4	MD	14.9	16.1	13.9	OR	16.3	17.4	15.3
CA	14.0	17.8	10.3	MA	16.1	16.9	15.4	PA	21.4	23.4	19.6
CO	17.6	19.8	15.5	MI	20.4	22.5	18.4	RI	17.4	17.9	16.9
CT	16.0	17.3	14.8	MN	17.6	19.3	15.8	SC	20.1	21.6	18.7
DE	17.8	20.4	15.4	MS	22.7	25.4	20.3	SD	17.6	19.0	16.2
DC	16.4	19.4	13.8	MO	25.0	27.3	22.9	TN	23.2	26.7	20.0
FL	17.5	18.7	16.4	MT	18.5	18.7	18.4	TX	18.6	22.5	14.9
GA	19.5	21.7	17.4	NE	18.4	20.1	16.8	UT	9.2	10.6	7.9
HI	15.4	18.2	12.7	NV	22.3	24.5	20.0	VT	16.8	18.4	15.2
ID	16.9	18.4	15.4	NH	17.0	18.1	16.0	VA	16.5	17.1	15.9
IL	21.3	25.4	17.5	NJ	14.8	17.4	12.4	WA	15.7	17.0	14.4
IN	26.1	28.5	23.9	NM	19.4	22.0	16.9	WV	26.6	26.1	27.1
IA	18.8	21.0	16.7	NY	16.8	17.9	15.8	WI	19.9	21.7	18.2
KS	17.9	19.8	16.1	NC	20.9	23.7	18.3	WY	19.4	20.0	18.9

¹ Represents median value among the states and DC. For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentations.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 58, No. 44, Atlanta, GA, 2009. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr>>.

Table 202. Substance Abuse Treatment Facilities and Clients: 1995 to 2009

[As of October 2 (1995); as of October 1 (1997–2000), as of March 29 (2002), and as of March 31 (2003–2006), and March 30, 2007. Based on the Uniform Facility Data Set (UFDS)/National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS) survey, a census of all known facilities that provide substance abuse treatment in the United States and associated jurisdictions. Selected missing data for responding facilities were imputed]

Primary focus	Number	Primary focus	Number	Type of care and type of problem	Number of clients
FACILITIES		CLIENTS		2009, total ^{1, 2}	1,182,077
1995	10,746	1995	1,009,127		
2000	13,428	2000	1,000,896	Outpatient rehabilitation	1,053,776
2003	13,623	2003	1,092,546	Outpatient detoxification	10,786
2004	13,454	2004	1,072,251	24-hour rehabilitation	105,021
2005	13,371	2005	1,081,049	24-hour detoxification	12,494
2006	13,771	2006	1,130,881		
2007	13,648	2007	1,135,425	2009, total ^{1, 2}	1,179,387
2008	13,688	2008	1,192,490	Drug only	441,128
2009, total ²	13,513	2009, total ²	1,182,077	Alcohol only	220,373
Substance abuse treatment services	8,257	Substance abuse treatment services	792,815	Both alcohol & drug	517,887
Mental health services	878	Mental health services	43,137	Total with a drug problem ³	959,015
General health care	169	General health care	13,933	Total with an alcohol problem ⁴	738,260
Both substance abuse and mental health	4,091	Both substance abuse and mental health	327,166		
Other	118	Other	5,026		

¹ Excludes clients at facilities that did not provide data on type of substance abuse problem treated. ² Data for 2009 is based on preliminary data and is subject to change. ³ The sum of clients with a drug problem and clients with both diagnoses. ⁴ The sum of clients with an alcohol problem and clients with both diagnoses.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *Uniform Facility Data Set (UFDS): Annual surveys for 1995–1999*, and Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS), 2000–2009*, <<http://oas.samhsa.gov/oasftp.cfm#Data>>.

Table 203. Drug Use by Type of Drug and Age Group: 2003 and 2008

[In percent. Data comes from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH). Current users are those who used drugs at least once within month prior to this study. Based on a representative sample of the U.S. population 12 years old and over, including persons living in households and in some group quarters such as dormitories and homeless shelters. Estimates are based on computer-assisted interviews of about 68,000 respondents. Subject to sampling variability; see source.]

Age and type of drug	Ever used		Current user		Age and type of drug	Ever used		Current user	
	2003	2008	2003	2008		2003	2008	2003	2008
12 YEARS OLD AND OVER					18 TO 25 YEARS OLD				
Any illicit drug ¹	46.4	47.0	8.2	8.0	Any illicit drug ¹	60.5	56.6	20.3	19.6
Marijuana and hashish	40.6	41.0	6.2	6.1	Marijuana and hashish	53.9	50.4	17.0	16.5
Cocaine	14.7	14.7	1.0	0.7	Cocaine	15.0	14.4	2.2	1.5
Crack	3.3	3.4	0.3	0.1	Hallucinogens	23.3	17.7	1.7	1.7
Heroin	1.6	1.5	0.1	0.1	Inhalants	14.9	10.4	0.4	0.3
Hallucinogens	14.5	14.4	0.4	0.4	Any psychotherapeutic ^{2, 3}	29.0	29.2	6.0	5.9
LSD	10.3	9.4	(NA)	0.1	Alcohol	87.1	85.6	61.4	61.2
Ecstasy	4.6	5.2	0.2	0.2	"Binge" alcohol use ⁴	(NA)	(NA)	41.6	41.8
Inhalants	9.7	8.9	0.2	0.3	Cigarettes	70.2	64.2	40.2	35.7
Any psychotherapeutic ^{2, 3}	20.1	20.8	2.7	2.5	Smokeless tobacco	22.0	20.3	4.7	5.4
Pain relievers	13.1	14.0	2.0	1.9	Cigars	45.2	41.4	11.4	11.3
Tranquilizers	8.5	8.6	0.8	0.7	26 TO 34 YEARS OLD				
Stimulants ³	8.8	8.5	0.5	0.4	Any illicit drug ¹	57.3	58.2	10.7	11.2
Methamphetamine ³	6.4	5.0	0.3	0.1	Marijuana and hashish	51.0	51.3	8.4	8.8
Sedatives	4.0	3.6	0.1	0.1	Cocaine	18.1	16.7	1.5	1.5
Alcohol	83.1	82.2	50.1	51.6	Hallucinogens	20.3	22.2	0.5	0.6
"Binge" alcohol use ⁴	(NA)	(NA)	22.6	23.3	Inhalants	13.6	12.8	–	0.1
Cigarettes	68.7	65.1	25.4	23.9	Any psychotherapeutic ^{2, 3}	24.7	28.0	3.4	3.2
Smokeless tobacco	19.4	18.4	3.3	3.5	35 YEARS OLD AND OVER				
Cigars	37.1	35.8	5.4	5.3	Any illicit drug ¹	43.4	45.7	4.4	4.7
Pipe tobacco	16.9	14.6	0.7	0.8	Marijuana and hashish	38.9	40.6	3.0	3.2
12 TO 17 YEARS OLD					Cocaine	15.9	16.4	0.6	0.4
Any illicit drug ¹	30.5	26.2	11.2	9.3	Hallucinogens	12.8	13.6	0.1	0.0
Marijuana and hashish	19.6	16.5	7.9	6.7	Inhalants	7.4	7.7	0.1	0.1
Cocaine	2.6	1.9	0.6	0.4	Any psychotherapeutic ^{2, 3}	18.3	18.9	1.5	1.6
Hallucinogens	5.0	3.9	1.0	1.0	26 YEARS OLD AND OVER				
Inhalants	10.7	9.3	1.3	1.1	Alcohol	88.0	87.3	52.5	54.8
Any psychotherapeutic ^{2, 3}	13.4	11.1	4.0	2.9	"Binge" alcohol use ⁴	(NA)	(NA)	21.0	22.1
Alcohol	42.9	38.3	17.7	14.6	Cigarettes	73.6	70.7	24.7	23.8
"Binge" alcohol use ⁴	(NA)	(NA)	10.6	8.8	Smokeless tobacco	20.6	19.5	3.2	3.3
Cigarettes	31.0	22.9	12.2	9.1	Cigars	38.7	37.8	4.5	4.4
Smokeless tobacco	7.6	7.2	2.0	2.2					
Cigars	15.1	12.4	4.5	3.8					

NA Not available. – Represents or rounds to zero. ¹ Illicit drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. ² Nonmedical use of prescription-type psychotherapeutics includes the nonmedical use of pain relievers, tranquilizers, stimulants, or sedatives and does not include over-the-counter drugs. ³ Includes data from new methamphetamine items added in 2006 and 2007. Previous estimates have been adjusted to be comparable with new data and differ from those in reports prior to the 2007 data year. ⁴ Binge alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2008, <<http://oas.samhsa.gov/nhsda.htm>>.

Table 204. Estimated Use of Selected Drugs by State: 2007 to 2008

[19,966 represents 19,966,000. Data in this table cover a 2-year period. Data is based on the National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH). Current users are those persons 12 years old and over who used drugs at least once within month prior to this study. Based on national sample of respondents (see also headnote, Table 203). The state estimates were produced by combining the prevalence rate based on the state sample data and the prevalence rate based on a national regression model applied to local-area county and census block group/tract-level estimates from the state (i.e., a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach). The parameters of the regression model are estimated from the entire national sample. For comparison purposes, the data shown here display estimates for all 50 states and the District of Columbia utilizing the modeled estimates for all 51 areas]

State	Estimated current users (1,000)					Current users as percent of population				
	Any illicit drug ¹	Marijuana	Any illicit drug other than marijuana ¹	Cigarettes	Binge alcohol ²	Any illicit drug ¹	Marijuana	Any illicit drug other than marijuana ¹	Cigarettes	Binge alcohol ²
U.S. . . .	19,966	14,825	8,917	59,918	57,938	8.0	6.0	3.6	24.1	23.3
AL	258	175	146	1,040	733	6.7	4.6	3.8	27.2	19.2
AK	64	50	21	131	131	11.8	9.2	3.9	24.2	24.2
AZ	463	300	230	1,240	1,202	9.0	5.8	4.5	23.9	23.2
AR	185	127	100	723	503	8.0	5.5	4.3	31.1	21.6
CA	2,715	1,998	1,179	5,794	6,466	9.1	6.7	3.9	19.4	21.6
CO	470	370	183	1,007	1,072	11.7	9.2	4.6	25.1	26.7
CT	240	189	95	638	760	8.2	6.5	3.3	21.9	26.1
DE	66	51	30	189	176	9.1	7.1	4.2	26.4	24.5
DC	61	48	23	136	151	12.1	9.6	4.5	27.0	29.9
FL	1,193	853	535	3,677	3,500	7.8	5.6	3.5	24.0	22.9
GA	560	415	236	2,001	1,671	7.3	5.4	3.1	26.0	21.7
HI	104	71	44	227	241	9.9	6.7	4.2	21.6	23.0
ID	97	69	43	262	228	8.0	5.7	3.5	21.7	18.8
IL	758	574	311	2,667	2,824	7.2	5.4	3.0	25.2	26.7
IN	458	326	219	1,437	1,201	8.8	6.3	4.2	27.6	23.0
IA	102	80	45	588	674	4.1	3.2	1.8	23.7	27.2
KS	153	115	80	572	563	6.8	5.1	3.6	25.3	24.9
KY	295	196	154	1,129	696	8.4	5.6	4.4	32.2	19.9
LA	253	177	139	936	840	7.2	5.0	3.9	26.5	23.8
ME	102	92	34	297	244	9.1	8.2	3.0	26.4	21.7
MD	339	249	150	998	1,030	7.3	5.4	3.2	21.5	22.1
MA	484	388	184	1,087	1,404	8.9	7.1	3.4	19.9	25.7
MI	748	587	298	2,130	2,040	9.0	7.0	3.6	25.5	24.4
MN	356	307	133	1,087	1,297	8.2	7.1	3.1	25.2	30.1
MS	151	103	73	595	467	6.4	4.4	3.1	25.3	19.9
MO	358	264	188	1,321	1,154	7.4	5.4	3.9	27.2	23.8
MT	81	67	31	188	215	10.0	8.3	3.9	23.3	26.8
NE	93	72	42	357	367	6.4	5.0	2.9	24.7	25.3
NV	196	130	93	560	508	9.4	6.2	4.5	26.6	24.2
NH	119	100	40	249	289	10.7	9.0	3.6	22.3	25.9
NJ	464	350	197	1,614	1,645	6.4	4.8	2.7	22.4	22.8
NM	141	99	57	365	353	8.7	6.2	3.6	22.7	21.9
NY	1,469	1,130	576	3,463	3,784	9.0	6.9	3.5	21.3	23.3
NC	576	446	261	1,976	1,593	7.8	6.0	3.5	26.6	21.4
ND	31	27	12	133	173	5.9	5.0	2.3	25.1	32.6
OH	724	557	314	2,678	2,430	7.6	5.9	3.3	28.1	25.5
OK	237	140	142	802	633	8.1	4.8	4.9	27.3	21.6
OR	385	271	174	769	739	12.2	8.6	5.5	24.4	23.4
PA	685	499	325	2,592	2,539	6.6	4.8	3.1	24.8	24.3
RI	119	97	52	220	247	13.3	10.9	5.9	24.7	27.7
SC	244	181	113	992	782	6.7	5.0	3.1	27.3	21.5
SD	41	34	15	160	186	6.3	5.2	2.3	24.6	28.5
TN	421	298	219	1,448	958	8.2	5.8	4.3	28.3	18.7
TX	1,194	845	629	4,465	4,427	6.3	4.4	3.3	23.4	23.2
UT	130	89	65	320	315	6.2	4.3	3.1	15.3	15.1
VT	62	54	21	120	135	11.6	10.2	4.0	22.5	25.3
VA	462	365	197	1,465	1,492	7.3	5.8	3.1	23.2	23.7
WA	518	399	202	1,224	1,140	9.6	7.4	3.7	22.7	21.1
WV	104	73	58	447	296	6.8	4.8	3.8	29.1	19.3
WI	406	302	194	1,281	1,317	8.7	6.5	4.2	27.4	28.2
WY	30	24	13	119	107	6.8	5.6	3.0	27.3	24.7

¹ Illicit drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit drugs other than marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. ² Binge alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2007 and 2008*. See also <<http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/nhsda.htm>>.

Table 205. Cumulative Percent Distribution of Population by Height and Sex: 2007 to 2008

[Data are based on National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES), a sample of the civilian noninstitutional population. For this survey, the respondent participates in an interview and a physical examination. For persons 20 years old and over. Height was measured without shoes. Based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see source]

Height	Males						Females					
	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years
Percent under—												
4'10"	—	—	—	(B)	—	—	—	¹ 1.7	—	¹ 1.0	—	¹ 3.3
4'11"	—	—	—	(B)	(B)	—	¹ 2.6	3.1	¹ 1.6	2.1	¹ 3.6	8.7
5'	(B)	—	—	(B)	(B)	—	5.7	6.0	5.0	8.0	9.0	16.0
5'1"	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	¹ 0.4	(B)	12.3	11.6	10.8	16.7	14.7	26.0
5'2"	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	20.8	19.7	19.8	23.3	23.4	36.9
5'3"	(B)	¹ 3.1	¹ 1.9	(B)	¹ 2.3	(B)	30.4	31.3	30.8	36.3	38.4	51.9
5'4"	3.7	¹ 4.4	3.8	¹ 4.3	4.4	5.8	43.5	46.6	46.0	50.7	52.8	69.9
5'5"	7.2	6.7	5.6	7.6	7.8	12.8	54.1	61.2	58.0	68.4	66.6	82.8
5'6"	11.6	13.1	9.8	12.2	14.7	23.0	72.4	74.0	72.2	79.7	83.3	89.3
5'7"	20.6	19.6	19.4	18.6	23.7	35.1	82.3	84.9	83.0	88.4	93.3	95.4
5'8"	33.1	32.2	30.3	30.3	37.7	47.7	90.3	91.8	91.2	95.2	97.0	98.4
5'9"	42.2	45.4	40.4	41.2	50.2	60.3	94.1	96.1	94.7	97.3	97.8	99.6
5'10"	58.6	58.1	54.4	54.3	65.2	75.2	97.6	98.9	97.8	98.9	99.6	99.6
5'11"	70.7	69.4	69.6	70.0	75.0	85.8	99.6	98.9	99.4	100.0	99.8	100.0
6'	79.9	78.5	79.1	81.2	84.3	91.0	100.0	99.4	99.5	100.0	99.9	100.0
6'1"	89.0	89.0	87.4	91.6	93.6	94.9	100.0	99.9	99.5	100.0	99.9	100.0
6'2"	94.1	94.0	92.5	93.7	97.8	98.6	100.0	100.0	99.5	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'3"	98.3	95.8	97.7	96.6	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.5	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'4"	100.0	97.6	99.0	99.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.5	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'5"	100.0	99.4	99.4	99.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'6"	100.0	99.5	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

— Represents zero. B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards of reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Figure does not meet standard for reliability or precision.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data, <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes.htm>>.

Table 206. Cumulative Percent Distribution of Population by Weight and Sex: 2007 to 2008

[See headnote, Table 205. Data are based on National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES). Weight was measured without shoes. Pregnant females were excluded from the analyses. Based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see source]

Weight	Males						Females					
	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years
Percent under—												
100 lbs.	—	—	(B)	(B)	—	—	¹ 2.0	1.3	(B)	¹ 0.4	0.2	(B)
110 lbs.	(B)	—	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	4.9	4.7	3.7	¹ 4.0	(B)	6.1
120 lbs.	(B)	(B)	(B)	¹ 1.1	(B)	1.5	16.3	10.5	7.8	7.9	7.2	12.4
130 lbs.	4.3	¹ 2.1	¹ 2.5	¹ 2.3	2.8	3.5	27.8	18.9	16.0	17.1	13.5	22.5
140 lbs.	11.1	6.4	4.7	5.6	5.3	5.2	39.4	29.8	26.4	27.3	27.4	30.1
150 lbs.	20.9	11.5	7.6	8.6	10.0	9.7	49.7	40.6	37.5	38.7	37.4	43.1
160 lbs.	31.3	20.4	15.1	13.9	16.5	17.7	57.5	51.1	49.8	49.7	46.1	53.7
170 lbs.	43.6	30.5	21.3	22.0	24.9	27.4	63.2	59.8	59.3	56.9	58.9	65.6
180 lbs.	55.7	40.9	33.6	33.2	33.4	40.1	72.6	68.7	65.6	63.7	72.4	74.0
190 lbs.	65.0	50.6	43.7	44.5	42.6	50.1	76.3	73.6	75.0	70.3	79.4	81.2
200 lbs.	73.5	59.3	58.0	55.7	55.5	65.7	80.0	79.4	80.0	75.3	84.6	87.3
210 lbs.	79.4	70.0	66.2	64.6	64.4	71.6	82.8	83.7	82.8	81.9	88.4	90.5
220 lbs.	83.8	76.1	75.6	74.0	73.4	80.0	84.9	89.0	87.2	85.9	91.1	93.4
230 lbs.	86.5	81.7	84.6	78.8	81.2	83.5	88.6	91.3	90.6	89.5	93.7	96.4
240 lbs.	89.7	85.5	88.1	85.6	85.1	87.3	90.0	94.1	93.0	91.4	95.6	97.0
250 lbs.	93.2	89.6	89.7	88.0	88.2	90.6	92.3	95.2	95.5	92.9	96.7	98.4
260 lbs.	94.7	92.0	92.8	91.3	90.7	93.1	93.3	95.8	96.7	96.5	97.6	98.6
270 lbs.	95.1	93.3	94.6	93.5	93.0	96.4	95.7	96.4	97.5	97.2	98.0	98.6
280 lbs.	96.1	95.1	95.4	94.2	94.8	97.5	97.0	97.2	97.8	98.2	99.0	99.4
290 lbs.	96.8	96.4	96.4	95.8	97.2	98.5	97.2	97.5	98.2	98.9	99.0	99.6
300 lbs.	97.5	96.9	98.1	98.1	97.8	99.4	97.7	98.4	98.3	99.4	99.3	100.0
320 lbs.	98.1	98.2	98.8	99.0	98.5	99.4	98.9	99.1	98.7	99.7	99.9	100.0
340 lbs.	99.5	98.8	98.8	99.1	99.0	100.0	99.6	99.5	99.4	99.8	99.9	100.0
360 lbs.	99.5	99.4	99.3	99.8	99.0	100.0	99.6	99.7	99.8	99.9	99.9	100.0
380 lbs.	99.7	99.7	99.5	99.8	99.1	100.0	99.6	99.9	99.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
400 lbs.	99.7	99.7	99.5	99.9	99.5	100.0	99.6	100.0	99.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
420 lbs.	99.7	99.7	99.5	100.0	99.5	100.0	99.6	100.0	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
440 lbs.	99.8	99.9	99.5	100.0	99.5	100.0	99.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

— Represents zero. B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards of reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data, <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes.htm>>.

Table 207. Age-Adjusted Percent Distributions of Body Mass Index (BMI) Among Persons 18 Years Old and Over by Selected Characteristics: 2007 to 2008

[See headnote, Table 205. Body Mass Index (BMI) is a measure that adjusts body weight for height. It is calculated as weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared. For both men and women, underweight is indicated by a BMI under 18.5; healthy weight is indicated by a BMI greater than or equal to 18.5 and less than 25.0; overweight is greater than or equal to 25.0 and less than 30.0; obesity is indicated by a BMI greater than or equal to 30.0. BMI is calculated from the measurement of the participants' weight and height during the examination. For definition of age adjustment, see text, Section 2. Based on the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES)]

Selected characteristic	Underweight	Healthy weight	Above healthy weight		
			Total	Overweight	Obese
Total¹ (age-adjusted)	1.8	31.6	66.6	33.9	32.6
Total¹ (crude)	1.8	31.2	67.0	34.0	33.0
Age: ²					
18 to 44 years old	2.1	35.5	62.4	32.2	30.3
45 to 64 years old	³ 1.6	26.9	71.5	34.2	37.3
65 to 74 years old	(B)	25.7	73.3	36.5	36.8
75 years old and over	1.7	30.3	68.0	41.7	26.2
Sex:					
Male	1.1	28.2	70.7	39.9	30.8
Female	2.5	34.8	62.7	28.2	34.5
Race/ethnicity and sex:					
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, male	³ 1.2	27.8	71.1	40.5	30.5
White, female	2.6	37.3	60.0	27.7	32.3
Black alone or African American, male	³ 1.6	31.4	67.0	31.1	36.0
Black alone or African American, female	2.8	21.1	76.0	27.9	48.1
Mexican or Mexican American, male	(B)	20.9	78.6	44.0	34.6
Mexican or Mexican American, female	(B)	25.2	73.6	31.0	42.6
Education: ⁴					
Less than a high school diploma	2.2	25.1	72.6	34.4	38.3
High school diploma or GED	1.5	27.6	70.9	36.1	34.8
Some college, bachelor's degree, or higher	1.0	31.6	67.4	35.1	32.3

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Total includes other race/ethnicities not shown separately and persons with unknown race/ethnicity. ² Estimates for age groups are not age adjusted. ³ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁴ Education is shown only for persons 25 years old and over.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data, <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes.htm>>.

Table 208. Age-Adjusted Percentage of Persons Engaging in Physical Activity and Fitness by Selected Characteristics: 2008

[In percent. Covers persons 18 years old and over. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Leisure-time physical activity is assessed by asking respondents a series of questions about participation in moderate and vigorous-intensity physical activities. For definition of age adjustment, see text, Section 2. To assess muscle-strengthening activities, respondents were asked about leisure-time physical activities specifically designed to strengthen their muscles]

Characteristic	No leisure-time physical activity ¹	Regular physical activity: moderate or vigorous ²	Muscular strength and endurance ³	Characteristic	No leisure-time physical activity ¹	Regular physical activity: moderate or vigorous ²	Muscular strength and endurance ³
Total	36.2	32.5	21.9	Two or more races	32.3	29.2	23.0
SEX				HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Male	33.9	34.7	25.7	Hispanic or Latino	47.4	25.1	15.0
Female	38.2	30.5	18.3	Not Hispanic or Latino	34.3	33.8	23.2
AGE				White, non-Hispanic	31.9	35.8	24.2
18 to 29 years old	28.7	38.4	29.3	Black, non-Hispanic	47.9	24.8	19.2
30 to 44 years old	31.7	35.5	24.6	Education level (persons aged 25 years and over):			
45 to 64 years old	37.2	31.7	19.9	Less than 9th grade	64.3	14.6	6.3
65 to 74 years old	45.8	26.1	16.3	Grades 9 thru 11	56.3	18.0	9.2
75 years old and over	55.9	18.4	11.5	High School graduate	47.0	25.0	14.4
RACE				Some college or AA degree	33.0	31.8	22.4
Race alone				College graduate or above	20.7	45.2	31.8
White	34.6	33.8	22.6				
Black or African American	47.3	25.0	19.4				
American Indian or Alaska Native	49.2	25.0	11.2				
Asian or Pacific Islander	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)				

¹ Persons with no moderate- or vigorous-intensity activity for at least 10 minutes at a time. ² Regular physical activity is moderate-intensity physical activity at least 5 times a week for 30 minutes at a time or vigorous-intensity physical activity for at least 3 times a week for 20 minutes at a time. ³ Persons who participated in muscle strengthening activities at least 2 times a week. ⁴ Age data are not age-adjusted.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Interview Survey—United States, 2008, Hyattsville, MD. See also <<http://wonder.cdc.gov/data2010/>>.

Table 209. High School Students Engaged in Physical Activity by Sex: 2007

[In percent. For students in grades 9 to 12. Based on the Youth Risk Behavior Survey, a school-based survey and subject to sampling error; for details, see source]

Characteristic	Met currently recommended levels of physical activity ¹	Did not participate in 60+ min. of physical activity on any day ²	Attended physical education class		Played on at least one sports team ⁵	Injured while exercising or playing sports ⁶	Used computers 3 or more hours/day ⁷	Watched 3 or more hours/day of TV ⁸
			Total ³	Attended daily ⁴				
All students	34.7	24.9	53.6	30.3	56.3	21.9	24.9	35.4
Male	43.7	18.0	57.7	33.2	62.1	24.1	29.1	37.5
Grade 9	44.4	17.1	68.3	39.7	63.4	26.0	30.5	42.0
Grade 10	45.1	16.3	62.3	35.7	64.7	24.5	30.0	38.1
Grade 11	45.2	18.0	51.4	27.9	63.0	23.8	29.5	35.4
Grade 12	38.7	21.5	44.6	27.5	56.2	20.9	25.6	32.8
Female	25.6	31.8	49.4	27.3	50.4	19.3	20.6	33.2
Grade 9	31.5	26.1	65.1	40.4	54.7	21.7	24.9	37.2
Grade 10	24.4	31.7	51.2	26.1	50.8	20.8	22.6	35.9
Grade 11	24.6	34.3	38.8	19.8	52.5	18.2	17.9	29.6
Grade 12	20.6	36.2	38.5	20.2	41.9	14.8	14.8	28.9

¹ Were physically active doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time for a total of at least 60 minutes/day for at least 5 or more days out of the 7 days preceding the survey. ² Did not participate in 60 or more minutes of any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time on at least 1 day during the 7 days before the survey. ³ On one or more days in an average week when they were in school. ⁴ 5 days in an average week when they were in school. ⁵ Run by their school or community groups during the 12 months before the survey. ⁶ Students who saw a doctor or nurse for an injury that happened while exercising or playing sports during the 30 days before the survey, among 79.6% of students nationwide who exercised or played sports. ⁷ For something that was not schoolwork. ⁸ On an average school day.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, "Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance—United States, 2007," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 57, No. SS-4, June 2008. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/ss5704a1.htm>>.

Table 210. Households and Persons Having Problems With Access to Food: 2004 to 2008

[112,967 represents 112,967,000. Food-secure means that a household had access at all times to enough food for an active healthy life for all household members, with no need for recourse to socially unacceptable food sources or extraordinary coping behaviors to meet their basic food needs. Food-insecure households had limited or uncertain ability to acquire acceptable foods in socially acceptable ways. Households with very low food security (a subset of food-insecure households) were those in which food intake of one or more household members was reduced and normal eating patterns disrupted due to inadequate resources for food. The severity of food insecurity in households is measured through a series of questions about experiences and behaviors known to characterize households that are having difficulty meeting basic food needs. These experiences and behaviors generally occur in an ordered sequence as the severity of food insecurity increases. As resources become more constrained, adults in typical households first worry about having enough food, then they stretch household resources and juggle other necessities, then decrease the quality and variety of household members' diets, then decrease the frequency and quantity of adults' food intake, and finally decrease the frequency and quantity of children's food intake. All questions refer to the previous 12 months and include a qualifying phrase reminding respondents to report only those occurrences that resulted from inadequate financial resources. Restrictions to food intake due to dieting or busy schedules are excluded. The omission of homeless persons may be a cause of underreporting. Data are from the Food Security Supplement to the Current Population Survey (CPS); for details about the CPS, see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Household food	Number (1,000)					Percent distribution				
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Households, total	112,967	114,437	115,609	117,100	117,565	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Food-secure	99,473	101,851	102,961	104,089	100,416	88.1	89.0	89.1	88.9	85.4
Food-insecure	13,494	12,586	12,648	13,011	17,149	11.9	11.0	10.9	11.1	14.6
With low food security ¹	9,045	8,158	8,031	8,262	10,426	8.0	7.1	6.9	7.0	8.9
With very low food security ²	4,449	4,428	4,617	4,749	6,723	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.1	5.7
With very low food security among children ³	274	270	221	323	506	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.8	1.3
Adult members	215,564	217,897	220,423	223,467	225,461	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In food-secure households	191,236	195,172	197,536	199,672	193,026	88.7	89.6	89.6	89.4	85.6
In food-insecure households	24,328	22,725	22,887	23,795	32,435	11.3	10.4	10.4	10.6	14.4
With low food security	16,946	15,146	15,193	15,602	20,320	7.9	7.0	6.9	7.0	9.0
With very low food security ²	7,382	7,579	7,694	8,193	12,115	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.7	5.4
Child members	73,039	73,604	73,587	73,575	74,106	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In food-secure households	59,171	61,201	60,959	61,140	57,433	81.0	83.1	82.8	83.1	77.5
In food-insecure households	13,868	12,403	12,628	12,435	16,673	19.0	16.9	17.2	16.9	22.5
With very low food security among children ³	545	606	430	691	1,077	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.9	1.5

¹ Prior to 2006, USDA described these households as food insecure without hunger. ² Food intake of one or more members in these households was reduced and normal eating patterns disrupted at some time during the year because of the household's food insecurity. Prior to 2006, USDA described these households as food insecure with hunger. ³ Percentages omit households with no children. The food security survey measures food security status at the household level. Not all children residing in food-insecure households were directly affected by the households' food insecurity. Similarly, not all children in households classified as having very low food security among children were subject to the reductions in food intake and disruptions in eating patterns that characterize this condition. Young children, in particular, are often protected from effects of the households' food insecurity.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Household Food Security in the United States, 2008*, Economic Research Report Number 83, 2009. See also <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/publications/err83/>>.

Table 211. Per Capita Consumption of Selected Beverages by Type: 1980 to 2008

[In gallons. See headnote, Table 213. Per capita consumption uses U.S. resident population, July 1, for all beverages except coffee, tea, and fruit juices which use U.S. total population (Resident plus Armed Forces overseas), July 1]

Beverages	1980 ¹	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Nonalcoholic	132.5	140.2	132.4	139.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Milk (plain and flavored)	27.5	25.7	23.9	22.5	21.3	21.0	21.0	20.6	20.8
Whole	17.0	10.5	8.6	8.1	7.3	7.0	6.7	6.4	6.1
Reduced-fat, light, and skim	10.5	15.2	15.3	14.4	14.0	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.6
Tea	7.3	6.9	7.9	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.4	8.4	8.0
Coffee	26.7	26.8	20.2	26.3	24.7	24.3	24.4	24.6	24.2
Bottled water	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Carbonated soft drinks	35.1	46.2	47.4	49.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Diet	5.1	10.7	10.9	11.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Regular	29.9	35.6	36.5	37.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Fruit juices	7.4	7.0	8.1	8.9	8.5	8.1	8.0	7.9	6.9
Alcoholic	28.5	27.6	24.9	25.0	25.3	25.2	25.6	25.7	25.7
Beer	24.4	24.1	21.9	21.7	21.7	21.5	21.8	21.8	21.7
Wine	2.1	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5
Distilled spirits	2.0	1.5	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4

NA Not available. ¹ Excludes wine coolers.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures*, 1970–1997; Food Consumption (Per Capita) Data System, <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>>.

Table 212. Nutrition—Nutrients in Foods Available for Civilian Consumption Per Capita Per Day: 1970 to 2006

[Computed by the Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP). Based on Economic Research Service (ERS) estimates of per capita quantities of food available for consumption from “Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures,” on imputed consumption data for foods no longer reported by ERS, and on CNPP estimates of quantities of produce from home gardens. Food supply estimates do not reflect loss of food or nutrients from further marketing or home processing. Enrichment and fortification levels of iron, zinc, thiamin, riboflavin, niacin, folate, vitamin A, vitamin B₆, vitamin B₁₂, and Vitamin C are included]

Nutrient	Unit	1970–79	1980–89	1990–99	2000	2006
Food energy	Kilocalories	3,200	3,400	3,600	3,900	3,900
Carbohydrate	Grams	395	421	478	495	474
Fiber	Grams	20	22	24	24	25
Protein	Grams	96	100	108	111	111
Total fat ¹	Grams	143	151	150	169	178
Saturated	Grams	49	50	48	52	54
Monounsaturated	Grams	57	61	64	75	77
Polyunsaturated	Grams	27	30	31	35	39
Cholesterol	Milligrams	430	420	400	410	420
Vitamin A	Micrograms RAE ²	1,050	1,050	1,100	1,090	940
Carotene	Micrograms	560	600	710	690	690
Vitamin E	Milligrams a-TE ³	14	16	17	20	21
Vitamin C	Milligrams	109	115	118	121	106
Thiamin	Milligrams	2	3	3	3	3
Riboflavin	Milligrams	3	3	3	3	3
Niacin	Milligrams	25	29	31	32	32
Vitamin B ₆	Milligrams	2	2	2	2	2
Folate ⁴	Micrograms DFE ⁵	341	383	504	902	874
Vitamin B ₁₂	Micrograms	9	8	8	8	8
Calcium	Milligrams	930	930	980	980	960
Phosphorus	Milligrams	1,540	1,590	1,690	1,720	1,700
Magnesium	Milligrams	340	360	390	400	400
Iron	Milligrams	17	20	23	23	23
Zinc	Milligrams	13	14	15	15	16
Copper	Milligrams	2	2	2	2	2
Potassium	Milligrams	3,510	3,550	3,720	3,780	3,620
Sodium ⁶	Milligrams	1,210	1,210	1,240	1,230	1,150
Selenium	Micrograms	133	143	163	179	181

¹ Includes other types of fat not shown separately. ² Retinol activity equivalents. ³ Alpha-Tocopherol equivalents. ⁴ Reflects new terminology from Institute of Medicine’s Dietary Reference Intakes reports. ⁵ Dietary Folate Equivalents (DFE). ⁶ Does not include amount from processed foods; underestimates actual availability.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion, *Nutrient Content of the U.S. Food Supply, 1909–2006*. Data also published by Economic Research Service, *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures*, annual. See also <<http://www.usda.gov/cnpp/>>.

Table 213. Per Capita Consumption of Major Food Commodities: 1980 to 2008

[In pounds, retail weight, except as indicated. Consumption represents the residual after exports, nonfood use and ending stocks are subtracted from the sum of beginning stocks, domestic production, and imports. Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of April 1; 2005, 2007, 2008 as of July 1]

Commodity	Unit	1980	1990	1995	2000	2005	2007	2008
Red meat, total (boneless, trimmed weight) ^{1, 2}	Pounds	126.4	112.2	113.6	113.7	110.3	110.7	108.3
Beef	Pounds	72.1	63.9	63.5	64.5	62.5	62.2	61.2
Veal	Pounds	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3
Lamb and mutton	Pounds	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7
Pork	Pounds	52.1	46.4	48.4	47.8	46.6	47.3	46.0
Poultry (boneless, trimmed weight) ²	Pounds	40.8	56.2	62.1	67.9	73.7	73.7	72.6
Chicken	Pounds	32.7	42.4	48.2	54.2	60.6	59.9	58.8
Turkey	Pounds	8.1	13.8	13.9	13.7	13.2	13.8	13.9
Fish and shellfish (boneless, trimmed weight)	Pounds	12.4	14.9	14.8	15.2	16.2	16.3	16.0
Eggs	Number	271	234	232	251	255	249	247
Shell	Number	236	186	172	172	172	170	170
Processed	Number	35	48	60	79	83	79	77
Dairy products, total ³	Pounds	543.1	568.0	576.2	591.1	597.9	603.8	600.5
Fluid milk products ⁴	Gallons	27.9	26.2	24.6	23.2	22.2	22.0	22.1
Beverage milks	Gallons	27.6	25.7	23.9	22.5	21.0	20.6	20.8
Plain whole milk	Gallons	16.5	10.2	8.3	7.7	6.7	6.1	5.9
Plain reduced-fat milk (2%)	Gallons	6.3	9.1	8.0	7.1	6.9	6.9	7.3
Reduced fat milk (1%) and skim milk	Gallons	3.1	4.9	6.1	6.1	5.6	5.7	5.7
Flavored whole milk	Gallons	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2
Flavored milks other than whole	Gallons	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.4
Buttermilk	Gallons	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
Yogurt (excl. frozen)	1/2 pints	4.6	7.8	11.4	12.0	19.1	21.3	21.9
Fluid cream products ⁵	1/2 pints	10.5	14.3	15.6	18.3	24.1	24.7	23.9
Cream ⁶	1/2 pints	6.3	8.7	9.4	11.6	14.9	15.7	15.3
Sour cream and dips	1/2 pints	3.4	4.7	5.4	6.1	8.3	8.2	7.9
Condensed and evaporated milks	Pounds	7.0	7.9	6.8	5.8	5.9	7.6	7.5
Whole milk	Pounds	3.8	3.1	2.3	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.4
Skim milk	Pounds	3.3	4.8	4.5	3.8	3.7	5.6	5.1
Cheese ⁷	Pounds	17.5	24.6	26.9	29.8	31.6	33.1	32.4
American ⁸	Pounds	9.6	11.1	11.7	12.7	12.7	12.8	13.0
Cheddar	Pounds	6.8	9.0	9.0	9.7	10.3	10.0	9.9
Italian ⁸	Pounds	4.4	9.0	10.3	12.1	13.3	14.5	14.0
Mozzarella	Pounds	3.0	6.9	8.0	9.3	10.2	11.0	10.6
Other ⁸	Pounds	3.3	4.3	5.0	5.0	5.6	6.1	5.4
Swiss	Pounds	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.2
Cream and Neufchatel	Pounds	0.9	1.6	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.5
Cottage cheese, total	Pounds	4.5	3.4	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.3
Lowfat	Pounds	0.8	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3
Frozen dairy products	Pounds	26.4	28.5	29.0	30.0	25.8	25.5	25.0
Ice cream	Pounds	17.5	15.8	15.5	16.7	14.6	14.2	13.9
Lowfat ice cream	Pounds	7.1	7.7	7.4	7.3	6.7	7.0	6.8
Sherbet	Pounds	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2
Frozen yogurt	Pounds	(NA)	2.8	3.4	2.0	1.3	1.1	1.1
Fats and oils:								
Total, fat content only	Pounds	56.9	62.3	64.2	81.7	85.5	84.9	85.2
Butter (product weight)	Pounds	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.7	5.0
Margarine (product weight)	Pounds	11.3	10.9	9.1	8.2	4.0	4.5	4.2
Lard (direct use)	Pounds	2.3	0.9	0.4	0.8	1.6	1.6	1.0
Edible beef tallow (direct use)	Pounds	1.1	0.6	2.7	4.0	3.8	2.9	2.9
Shortening	Pounds	18.2	22.2	22.2	31.5	29.0	21.0	18.0
Salad and cooking oils	Pounds	21.2	25.2	26.5	33.7	42.8	50.2	54.3
Other edible fats and oils	Pounds	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7
Flour and cereal products ⁹	Pounds	144.9	181.0	188.7	199.3	192.3	197.3	196.5
Wheat flour	Pounds	116.9	135.9	140.0	146.3	134.4	138.3	136.6
Rice, milled	Pounds	9.5	15.8	17.1	19.1	20.8	20.8	21.0
Corn products	Pounds	12.9	21.4	24.9	28.4	31.4	32.4	33.0
Oat products	Pounds	3.9	6.5	5.5	4.3	4.6	4.7	4.8
Caloric sweeteners, total ¹⁰	Pounds	120.2	132.4	144.1	148.9	142.3	136.2	136.3
Sugar, refined cane and beet	Pounds	83.6	64.4	64.9	65.5	63.2	62.0	65.7
Corn sweeteners ¹¹	Pounds	35.3	66.8	77.9	81.8	77.7	72.9	69.2
High-fructose corn syrup	Pounds	19.0	49.6	57.6	62.6	59.2	56.2	53.1
Other:								
Cocoa beans	Pounds	3.4	5.4	4.5	5.9	6.5	6.0	5.6
Coffee (green beans)	Pounds	10.3	10.3	7.9	10.3	9.5	9.6	9.5
Peanuts (shelled)	Pounds	5.1	6.1	5.7	5.8	6.7	6.3	6.4
Tree nuts (shelled)	Pounds	1.8	2.5	1.9	2.6	2.6	3.5	3.5

NA Not available. ¹ Excludes edible offals. ² Excludes shipments to Puerto Rico and the other U.S. possessions.

³ Milk-equivalent, milk-fat basis. Includes butter. ⁴ Fluid milk figures are aggregates of commercial sales and milk produced and consumed on farms. ⁵ Includes eggnog, not shown separately. ⁶ Heavy cream, light cream, and half-and-half. ⁷ Excludes full-skin American, cottage, pot, and baker's cheese. ⁸ Includes other cheeses, not shown separately. ⁹ Includes rye flour and barley products, not shown separately. Excludes quantities used in alcoholic beverages. ¹⁰ Dry weight. Includes edible syrups (maple, molasses, etc.) and honey, not shown separately. ¹¹ Includes glucose and dextrose, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, "Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, Food Availability (Per Capita) Data System," <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>>.

Table 214. Per Capita Utilization of Selected Commercially Produced Fruits and Vegetables: 1980 to 2008

[In pounds, farm weight. Domestic food use of fresh fruits and vegetables reflects the fresh-market share of commodity production plus imports and minus exports. Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of April 1; 2004 to 2008 as of July 1]

Commodity	1980	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Fruits and vegetables, total ¹	603.4	648.4	688.2	710.9	703.1	685.4	672.5	670.1	643.6
Fruits, total	264.9	256.8	273.7	286.0	278.3	270.1	268.8	261.7	250.9
Fresh fruits	106.2	116.5	123.1	128.5	127.7	125.3	127.9	123.6	126.8
Noncitrus	80.1	95.2	99.3	105.0	105.0	103.7	106.3	105.6	106.1
Apples	19.2	19.6	18.7	17.5	18.8	16.7	17.7	16.4	16.2
Bananas	20.8	24.3	27.1	28.4	25.8	25.2	25.1	26.0	25.1
Cantaloupes	5.8	9.2	9.0	11.1	9.8	9.6	9.3	9.6	8.9
Grapes	4.0	7.8	7.4	7.4	7.8	8.6	7.6	8.0	8.5
Peaches and nectarines	7.1	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.1	4.8	4.6	4.5	5.1
Pears	2.6	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.0	2.9	3.2	3.1	3.1
Pineapples	1.5	2.0	1.9	3.2	4.4	4.9	5.2	5.0	5.1
Plums and prunes	1.5	1.5	0.9	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9
Strawberries	2.0	3.2	4.1	4.9	5.5	5.8	6.1	6.3	6.5
Watermelons	10.7	13.3	15.2	13.8	13.0	13.6	15.1	14.4	15.4
Other ²	5.1	5.4	6.3	8.7	10.7	10.5	11.3	11.4	11.4
Fresh citrus	26.1	21.4	23.8	23.5	22.7	21.6	21.7	17.9	20.6
Oranges	14.3	12.4	11.8	11.7	10.8	11.4	10.3	7.5	9.9
Grapefruit	7.3	4.4	6.0	5.1	4.1	2.7	2.3	2.8	3.2
Other ³	4.5	4.6	6.0	6.7	7.7	7.5	9.1	7.6	7.5
Processed fruits	158.7	140.3	150.7	157.5	150.6	144.7	140.8	138.1	124.1
Frozen fruits ⁴	3.3	4.3	4.3	4.6	4.3	5.2	5.0	5.3	4.9
Dried fruits ⁵	11.2	12.1	12.7	10.4	9.3	10.1	10.4	10.0	10.1
Canned fruits ⁶	24.4	20.8	17.2	17.5	16.9	16.5	15.4	16.0	15.3
Fruit juices ⁷	119.0	102.7	116.2	124.6	119.7	112.4	109.3	106.4	93.0
Vegetables, total	338.6	391.6	414.5	424.9	424.8	415.4	403.7	408.4	392.7
Fresh vegetables	151.6	176.4	188.1	200.7	204.8	196.8	194.1	194.7	187.7
Asparagus (all uses)	0.3	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2
Broccoli	1.4	3.4	4.3	5.9	5.3	5.3	5.8	5.6	5.9
Cabbage	8.0	8.3	8.1	8.9	8.0	7.8	7.8	8.0	8.2
Carrots	6.2	8.3	11.2	9.2	8.7	8.7	8.1	8.1	8.1
Cauliflower	1.1	2.2	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6
Celery (all uses)	7.4	7.2	6.9	6.3	6.2	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.2
Corn	6.5	6.7	7.8	9.0	9.0	8.7	8.3	9.2	9.2
Cucumbers	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.1	6.4	6.7
Head lettuce	25.6	27.7	22.2	23.5	21.3	20.9	20.1	18.4	16.9
Mushrooms	1.2	2.0	2.0	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.4
Onions	11.4	15.1	17.8	18.9	21.9	20.9	19.9	21.6	19.2
Snap beans	1.3	1.1	1.6	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.2	2.1
Bell peppers (all uses)	2.9	5.9	7.0	8.2	8.6	9.2	9.5	9.4	9.8
Potatoes	51.1	46.7	49.2	47.1	45.9	41.4	38.6	39.1	36.7
Sweet potatoes (all uses)	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.6	4.5	4.6	5.1	5.0
Tomatoes	12.8	15.5	16.8	19.0	20.0	20.2	19.8	19.2	18.5
Other fresh vegetables ⁸	6.1	16.6	21.1	27.0	31.6	29.9	32.1	30.9	29.9
Processed vegetables	187.0	215.2	226.4	224.1	220.0	218.6	209.6	213.8	205.0
Selected vegetables for freezing ⁹	51.5	66.8	78.8	79.3	78.9	76.6	74.6	76.2	73.1
Selected vegetables for canning ¹⁰	102.5	110.3	108.2	103.2	102.6	105.0	94.5	97.2	95.2
Vegetables for dehydrating ¹¹	10.5	14.6	14.5	17.3	15.3	13.9	14.2	14.1	13.9
Potatoes for chips	16.5	16.4	16.4	15.9	16.6	16.2	18.8	18.7	15.9
Pulses ¹²	5.9	7.2	8.4	8.5	6.7	6.9	7.5	7.6	7.0

¹ Excludes wine grapes. ² Apricots, avocados, cherries, cranberries, kiwifruit, mangoes, papayas, and honeydew melons.

³ Lemons, limes, tangerines, and tangelos. ⁴ Apples, apricots, blackberries, blueberries, boysenberries, cherries, loganberries, peaches, plums, prunes, raspberries, and strawberries. ⁵ Apples, apricots, dates, figs, peaches, pears, prunes, and raisins.

⁶ Apples, apricots, cherries, olives, peaches, pears, pineapples, plums, and prunes. ⁷ Apple, cranberry, grape, grapefruit, lemon, lime, orange, pineapple, and prunes. ⁸ Artichokes, brussels sprouts, eggplant, escarole, endive, garlic, romaine, leaf lettuce, radishes, spinach, and squash. Beginning 2000, includes collard greens, kale, mustard greens, okra, pumpkin, and turnip greens.

⁹ Asparagus, snap beans, lima beans, broccoli, carrots, cauliflower, sweet corn, green peas, potatoes, spinach, and miscellaneous vegetables. ¹⁰ Asparagus, snap beans, beets, cabbage, carrots, chili peppers, sweet corn, cucumbers for pickling, green peas, lima beans, mushrooms, spinach, and tomatoes. ¹¹ Onions and potatoes. ¹² Dry peas, lentils, and dry edible beans.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, "Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, Food Availability (Per Capita) Data System," <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>>.