

Table 1358. Percent of Household Final Consumption Expenditures Spent on Food, Alcohol, and Tobacco Consumed at Home by Selected Countries: 2008

Country/Territory	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco		Country/Territory	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	
	Food ¹	Food ¹		Food ¹	Food ¹
United States	6.8	1.9	Latvia	19.2	6.6
Algeria	43.8	2.0	Lithuania	22.9	6.6
Australia	10.6	4.0	Mexico	24.1	2.5
Austria	11.1	3.3	Morocco	40.3	1.3
Azerbaijan	48.5	2.4	Netherlands	11.4	2.9
Belarus	44.0	6.0	New Zealand	12.1	4.3
Belgium	13.1	3.8	Nigeria	40.1	2.5
Bolivia	28.4	2.2	Norway	13.1	4.5
Brazil	24.6	2.0	Pakistan	45.6	2.5
Bulgaria	19.0	3.7	Peru	29.1	2.0
Canada	9.1	3.9	Philippines	37.0	1.7
Chile	23.4	0.8	Poland	20.4	6.6
China ²	33.9	2.9	Portugal	15.7	3.5
Colombia	27.7	4.7	Romania	34.2	5.0
Croatia	26.1	3.3	Russia	29.1	2.7
Czech Republic	15.9	7.7	Saudi Arabia	23.7	1.3
Ecuador	19.9	1.9	Singapore	8.1	2.4
Egypt	38.3	2.3	Slovakia	17.2	4.8
Estonia	15.3	8.0	Slovenia	14.6	4.5
Finland	12.1	5.0	South Africa	20.1	4.6
France	13.4	3.1	Spain	13.4	3.1
Germany	11.4	3.6	Sweden	11.6	3.7
Hong Kong	12.3	0.8	Switzerland	10.3	3.6
Hungary	16.6	8.1	Taiwan ²	24.1	2.1
Indonesia	44.1	6.3	Thailand	24.9	5.6
Ireland	7.5	5.4	Tunisia	35.8	1.0
Israel	17.8	1.6	Turkey	24.5	4.1
Italy	14.4	2.7	Turkmenistan	28.7	3.0
Japan	14.4	3.2	Ukraine	42.2	6.4
Jordan	40.8	4.8	United Arab Emirates	9.0	0.4
Kazakhstan	35.4	3.7	United Kingdom	8.9	3.7
Korea, South	15.3	2.6	Venezuela	29.3	3.1
Kuwait	14.6	1.6	Vietnam	38.5	2.8

¹ Includes nonalcoholic beverages. ² See footnote 4, Table 1331.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service; "Food, CPI, Prices and Expenditures: Food Expenditure Tables," July 2010, <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/Briefing/CPIFoodAndExpenditures/Data/>>.

Table 1359. Gross Public Debt, Expenditures, and Receipts by Country: 1990 to 2009

[Percent of nominal gross domestic product. Gross debt includes one-off revenues from the sale of the mobile telephone licenses. Expenditures and receipts refer to the general government sector, which is a consolidation of accounts for the central, state, and local governments plus social security. Expenditures, or total outlays, are defined as current outlays plus capital outlays. Receipts cover current receipts, but exclude capital receipts. Nontax receipts consist of property income (including dividends and other transfers from public enterprises), fees, charges, sales, fines, capital transfers received by the general government, etc. Minus sign (-) indicates deficit]

Country	Gross debt			Expenditures			Receipts		
	1990	2000	2009	1990	2000	2009	1990	2000	2009
United States ¹	-4.3	1.5	-11.2	37.2	33.9	41.5	32.9	35.4	30.3
Australia	-2.0	0.9	-4.0	35.8	35.2	37.5	33.7	36.1	33.5
Austria	-2.5	-1.9	-4.3	51.5	52.2	52.7	49.0	50.3	48.4
Belgium	-6.8	-0.1	-5.7	52.3	49.2	54.0	45.5	49.1	48.2
Canada	-5.8	2.9	-4.8	48.8	41.1	43.6	43.0	44.1	38.8
Czech Republic	(X)	-3.7	-5.7	(X)	41.6	45.7	(X)	37.9	40.0
Denmark	-1.3	2.3	-2.5	55.9	53.3	57.7	54.6	55.5	55.3
Finland	5.4	6.9	-2.3	47.9	48.3	56.2	53.3	55.2	53.9
France	-2.4	-1.5	-8.2	49.4	51.6	55.5	47.0	50.1	47.3
Germany	(X)	1.3	-3.2	(X)	45.1	47.7	(X)	46.4	44.5
Greece	-14.0	-3.7	-12.7	44.9	46.7	51.3	30.8	43.0	38.7
Hungary	(NA)	-3.0	-4.3	(NA)	46.9	51.5	(NA)	43.9	47.2
Iceland	-3.3	1.7	-15.7	38.9	41.9	55.9	35.6	43.6	40.2
Ireland	-2.8	4.8	-12.2	42.8	31.3	45.0	40.0	36.1	32.8
Italy	-11.4	-0.9	-5.5	52.9	46.1	51.7	41.5	45.3	46.2
Japan ²	2.0	-7.6	-7.4	31.6	39.0	41.6	33.6	31.4	34.2
Korea, South	3.1	5.4	-1.8	19.0	22.4	33.8	22.1	27.9	31.9
Netherlands	-5.3	2.0	-4.5	54.9	44.2	50.3	49.6	46.1	45.9
New Zealand	-4.5	1.9	-1.2	53.2	39.2	42.4	48.7	41.1	41.2
Norway	2.2	15.4	9.6	53.3	42.3	44.4	55.5	57.7	54.0
Portugal	-6.1	-3.0	-6.7	40.5	43.1	51.6	34.5	40.2	44.9
Spain	-4.1	-1.0	-9.6	42.8	39.1	46.3	38.7	38.1	36.8
Sweden	3.4	3.7	-2.0	60.1	57.0	56.2	63.4	60.7	54.2
United Kingdom	-2.0	3.7	-12.6	41.5	36.6	52.1	39.4	40.3	39.5

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Receipts exclude the operating surpluses of public enterprises, while expenditures include them. ² The 2000 expenditures include capital transfers to the Deposit Insurance Company. Receipts include deferred tax payments on postal savings accounts in 2000.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), *OECD Economic Outlook*, (copyright), Vol. 2009/2, OECD Publishing. See also <http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/eco_outlook-v2009-2-en>.